Code Similarity Analysis Report

Analysis Summary

Comparison between: non_plagiarized1.py and non_plagiarized2.py

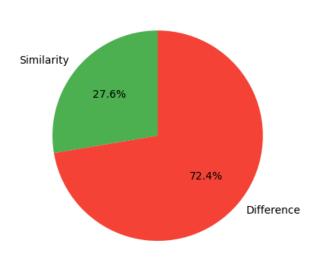
Selected Method: JACCARD

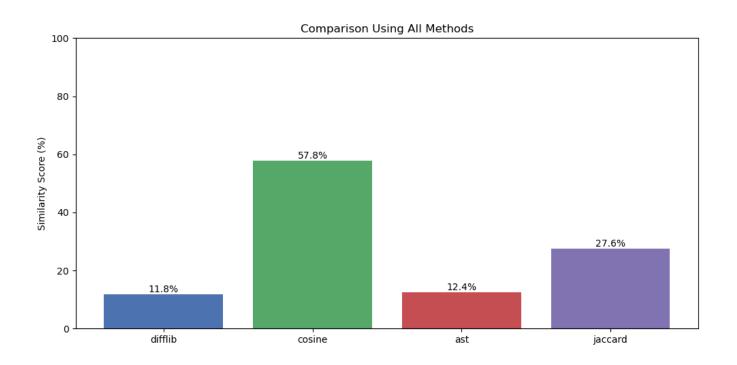
Similarity Score: 27.64%

Plagiarism Threshold (70%) Exceeded: No

Similarity Visualizations







Preprocessing Details

Before comparison, the following preprocessing steps were applied:

- 1. All comments were removed
- 2. All identifiers were normalized (variables ? vN, functions ? fN, etc.)

Original vs Preprocessed Code

Original non_plagiarized1.py:

```
def sieve(limit):
   primes = [True] * (limit + 1)
   primes[0:2] = [False, False]
   for i in range(2, int(limit ** 0.5) + 1):
       if primes[i]:
            for j in range(i * i, limit + 1, i):
                primes[j] = False
    return primes
def is_prime_basic(n):
   if n <= 1:
       return False
    for i in range(2, int(n ** 0.5) + 1):
        if n % i == 0:
            return False
   return True
def next_k_sieve(start, k):
   upper = start + 1000
    sieve_list = sieve(upper)
   result = []
    for i in range(start + 1, upper):
        if sieve_list[i]:
           result.append(i)
            if len(result) == k:
                break
    return result
def main():
    num = int(input("Start number: "))
   k = int(input("Number of next primes to display: "))
    if is_prime_basic(num):
        print(f"{num} is prime.")
       print(f"{num} is not prime.")
    primes = next_k_sieve(num, k)
    print(f"Next {k} prime numbers are: {' '.join(map(str, ...
```

```
Preprocessed non_plagiarized1.py:
def f0(p0):
  v0 = [True] * (limit + 1)
  primes[0:2] = [False, False]
  for v1 in range(2, int(limit ** 0.5) + 1):
     if primes[i]:
        for v2 in range(i * i, limit + 1, i):
          primes[j] = False
  return primes
def f1(p1):
  if n <= 1:
     return False
  for v1 in range(2, int(n ** 0.5) + 1):
     if n % i == 0:
        return False
  return True
def f2(p2, p3):
  v3 = start + 1000
  v4 = sieve(upper)
  v5 = []
  for v1 in range(start + 1, upper):
     if sieve list[i]:
        result.append(i)
        if len(result) == k:
          break
  return result
def f3():
  v6 = int(input('Start number: '))
  v7 = int(input('Number of next primes to display: '))
  if is_prime_basic(num):
     print(f'{num} is prime.')
  else:
     print(f'{num} is not prime.')
  v0 = next_k_sieve(num, k)
  print(f"Next {k} prime numbers are: {' '.join(map(str, primes))}")
if __name__ == '__main__':
  main()
Original non_plagiarized2.py:
def is_prime_recursive(n, divisor=2):
  if n <= 2:
     return True if n == 2 else False
  if n % divisor == 0:
     return False
  if divisor * divisor > n:
     return True
  return is_prime_recursive(n, divisor + 1)
```

```
def get_next_primes_recursive(start, count):
  result = []
  candidate = start + 1
  while len(result) < count:
     if is_prime_recursive(candidate):
        result.append(candidate)
     candidate += 1
  return result
def main():
  n = int(input("Enter number to check: "))
  total = int(input("How many primes to print after it: "))
  if is_prime_recursive(n):
     print(f"{n} is prime.")
  else:
     print(f"{n} is not prime.")
  print(f"Next {total} primes are:")
  print(" ".join(map(str, get_next_primes_recursive(n, total))))
if name == " main ":
  main()
Preprocessed non_plagiarized2.py:
def f0(p0, p1=2):
  if n <= 2:
     return True if n == 2 else False
  if n % divisor == 0:
     return False
  if divisor * divisor > n:
     return True
  return is_prime_recursive(n, divisor + 1)
def f1(p2, p3):
  V = 0
  v1 = start + 1
  while len(result) < count:
     if is_prime_recursive(candidate):
        result.append(candidate)
     v1 += 1
  return result
def f2():
  v2 = int(input('Enter number to check: '))
  v3 = int(input('How many primes to print after it: '))
  if is_prime_recursive(n):
     print(f'{n} is prime.')
     print(f'{n} is not prime.')
```

```
print(f'Next {total} primes are:')
print(' '.join(map(str, get_next_primes_recursive(n, total))))
if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()
```

Detailed Differences (Preprocessed Code)

```
--- file1
+++ file2
@@ -1,39 +1,29 @@
-def f0(p0):
   v0 = [True] * (limit + 1)
   primes[0:2] = [False, False]
   for v1 in range(2, int(limit ** 0.5) + 1):
       if primes[i]:
           for v2 in range(i * i, limit + 1, i):
              primes[j] = False
    return primes
+def f0(p0, p1=2):
  if n <= 2:
       return True if n == 2 else False
   if n % divisor == 0:
       return False
   if divisor * divisor > n:
       return True
    return is_prime_recursive(n, divisor + 1)
-def f1(p1):
- if n <= 1:
       return False
   for v1 in range(2, int(n ** 0.5) + 1):
       if n % i == 0:
          return False
   return True
-def f2(p2, p3):
   v3 = start + 1000
   v4 = sieve(upper)
   v5 = []
   for v1 in range(start + 1, upper):
      if sieve_list[i]:
           result.append(i)
            if len(result) == k:
               break
+def f1(p2, p3):
+ v0 = []
    v1 = start + 1
   while len(result) < count:</pre>
       if is_prime_recursive(candidate):
            result.append(candidate)
```

```
v1 += 1
    return result
-def f3():
    v6 = int(input('Start number: '))
   v7 = int(input('Number of next primes to display: '))
    if is_prime_basic(num):
       print(f'{num} is prime.')
+def f2():
  v2 = int(input('Enter number to check: '))
    v3 = int(input('How many primes to print after it: '))
   if is_prime_recursive(n):
       print(f'{n} is prime.')
    else:
       print(f'{num} is not prime.')
   v0 = next_k_sieve(num, k)
    print(f"Next {k} prime numbers are: {' '.join(map(str, primes))}")
       print(f'{n} is not prime.')
  print(f'Next {total} primes are:')
    print(' '.join(map(str, get_next_primes_recursive(n, total))))
if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()
```