

## Taylor's & Maclaurin's

$$f(a+b) = f(a) + hf'(a) + \frac{h^2}{2!} f''(a) + \dots + \frac{h^n}{n!} f^n(a)$$

## Maclaurins Series

$$f(x) = f(0) + xf'(0) + \frac{x^2}{2!} f''(0) + \dots + \frac{x^n}{n!} f^n(0)$$

$$1) e^x = 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \dots$$

$$2) e^{-x} = 1 - x + \frac{x^2}{2!} - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \dots$$

$$3) \sin x = x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} - \frac{x^7}{7!} + \dots$$

$$4) \cos x = 1 - \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} - \frac{x^6}{6!} + \dots$$

$$5) \tan x = x + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{2x^5}{15} + \frac{17x^7}{315} + \dots$$

$$6) \sinh x = x + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} + \frac{x^7}{7!} + \dots$$

$$7) \cos(x) = 1 - \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} - \frac{x^6}{6!} + \dots$$

$$8) \tanh x = x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{2x^5}{15} - \frac{17x^7}{315} + \dots$$

$$9) \log(1+x) = x - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{x^5}{5} - \dots$$

$$10) \log(1-x) = -x - \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{x^4}{4} - \frac{x^5}{5} - \dots$$

$$11) \frac{1}{(1+x)} = 1 - x + x^2 - x^3 + x^4 - \dots$$

$$12) \frac{1}{(1-x)} = 1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + x^4 + \dots$$

$$13) (1+x)^n = 1 + nx + \frac{n(n-1)x^2}{2!} + \frac{n(n-1)(n-3)x^3}{3!} + \dots$$

## Indeterminate Form's

Limit of form  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$  as  $\frac{0}{0}$  which cannot be determined such limits are called as indeterminate form's.

### 1)L 'Hospital Rule

$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f'(x)}{g'(x)}$  convert the given eq'n in  $\frac{0}{0}$  form

& then use L Hospital Rule

### Limits Formula

$$1) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 1$$

$$2) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan x}{x} = 1$$

$$3) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin^{-1} x}{x} = 1$$

$$4) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x - 1}{x} = 1$$

$$5) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{a^x - 1}{x} = \log a$$

$$6) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 + x)^{1/x} = e$$

$$7) \log 0 = \infty$$

$$8) \log \infty = \infty$$

$$9) \log 1 = 0$$

$$10) d(x^x) = x^x(1 + \log x)$$