

# GATE ASSIGNMENT 3

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Download all latex codes from

<https://github.com/sachinkarumanchi/EE3900/tree/main/Gateassignment3/Gateassignment3.tex>

## GATE EC 2005 Q.61

A signal  $x(n) = \sin(\omega_0 n + \phi)$  is the input to a linear time- invariant system having a frequency response  $H(e^{j\omega})$ . If the output of the system  $Ax(n - n_0)$  then the most general form of  $\angle H(e^{j\omega})$  will be

- (a)  $-n_0\omega_0 + \beta$  for any arbitrary real  $\beta$
- (b)  $-n_0\omega_0 + 2\pi k$  for any arbitrary integer  $k$
- (c)  $n_0\omega_0 + 2\pi k$  for any arbitrary integer  $k$
- (d)  $-n_0\omega_0 + \phi$

## SOLUTION

From the given question

$$y(n) = Ax(n - n_0) \quad (0.0.1)$$

Now Taking the Fourier Transfrom

$$Y(e^{j\omega}) = Ae^{-j\omega_0 n_0} X(e^{j\omega}) \quad (0.0.2)$$

$$H(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{Y(e^{j\omega})}{X(e^{j\omega})} \quad (0.0.3)$$

$$\Rightarrow H(e^{j\omega}) = Ae^{-j\omega_0 n_0} \quad (0.0.4)$$

Therefore,  $\angle H(e^{j\omega}) = -\omega_0 n_0$

For LTI discrete time system phase and frequency of  $H(e^{j\omega})$  are periodic with period  $2\pi$

So in general form would be

$$\theta(\omega) = -n_0\omega_0 + 2\pi k \quad (0.0.5)$$

Hence, Option (B) is correct