

# Assignment 1

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Download all python codes from

<https://github.com/srikaran-p/AI1103/tree/main/Assignment4/codes>

and latex codes from

<https://github.com/srikaran-p/AI1103/tree/main/ChallengingProblem20/codes>

let the Maximum value of  $R$  be  $R_{max}$

$R_{max}$  is achieved when  $\sin 2\theta = 1$ , given  $u$  constant from (0.0.3) and (0.0.5)

$$\Rightarrow R_{max} = \frac{u^2}{g} \quad (0.0.6)$$

$$R_{max} = 2\sqrt{3} \quad (0.0.7)$$

$$R_{max} \approx 3.464 \text{ km} \quad (0.0.8)$$

The Maximum Range the bullet can reach is close to 3.464 km, So it cannot hit a target 5.0 km away

## PROBLEM

(Vectors 2.15) A bullet fired at an angle of  $30^\circ$  with the horizontal hits the ground 3.0 km away. By adjusting its angle of projection, can one hope to hit a target 5.0 km away? Assume the muzzle speed to be fixed, and neglect air resistance.

## SOLUTION

Let's assume the speed of the bullet be ' $u$ ', and given range( $R$ ) is 3.0 km

The angle of elevation ( $\theta$ ) =  $30^\circ$

Time taken by bullet to reach the ground ( $T$ )

$$T = \frac{2u \sin \theta}{g} \quad (0.0.1)$$

where ' $g$ ' is the acceleration due to gravity. Therefore,

$$u \cos \theta \times T = R \quad (0.0.2)$$

$$\frac{u^2 \sin 2\theta}{g} = R \quad (0.0.3)$$

from the above data we can say that

$$\frac{u^2}{g} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = 3 \quad (0.0.4)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{u^2}{g} = 2\sqrt{3} \quad (0.0.5)$$

