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Assignment 1

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Download all python codes from

https://github.com/sachinkarumanchi/ probability_and_random_variables/blob/ assignment2/assignment2.py

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/sachinkarumanchi/ probability_and_random_variables/blob/ assignment2/Assignment2.tex

1 Problem

Two Players, A and B, alternately keep rolling a fair dice. The person gets a six first wins the game. Given the Player A starts the game, the probability that A wins the game.

2 Solution

In order for a player to win eventually the player must get a six.

Therefore, Probability of getting a six on a fair dice $=\frac{1}{6}$

Probability of not getting a six on a fair dice= $\frac{5}{6}$ The probability of some one wining in their n^{th} trail is

$$\Pr(X_n = 6 | X_k \neq 6, k = 1, 2, 3..., n - 1)$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^{n-1} \quad (2.0.1)$$

Let the probability of a wining the game is Pr(A) Inorder for A to win B must lose the game so and since A start the game from the equation (2.0.1) n = 1, n = 3, n = 5, ... have the chances of A wining and n = 2, n = 4, n = 6, ... have the chances of B wining

So,n = 2m + 1 having the chances of A wining and n = 2m have the chances of B wining,where $m \in N$ Given, that A starts the game and the probability that

A wins is summing over the probabilities that A wins in odd number of trails

$$\Pr(A) = \left(\frac{1}{6}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{6}\left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^2\right) + \left(\frac{1}{6}\left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^4\right) \dots \tag{2.0.2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^{2m}$$
 (2.0.3)

(2.0.4)

Here it became the sum of infinite terms in Geometric Progression.

$$=\frac{\frac{1}{6}}{1-\left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^2}\tag{2.0.5}$$

$$=\frac{6}{11}$$
 (2.0.6)

Therefore, The probability that A wins the game $Pr(A) = \frac{6}{11}$