

Assignment 17.1

Scala Basics 4

Task 1 :

Write a simple program to show inheritance in scala.

Here **vehicle** is parent class (Base class) and **car** is child class (Derived class). So we have inherited properties from vehicle class into car class.

Here you could see that we have used **override** keyword to override members of Parent class Vehicle.

Parent class vehicle has **parameter** with value 5. This gets overridden in car class with value 10. Similarly vehicle has **details** method. This gets overridden with details method in car class.

```
object Simple_Inheritance {  
  class vehicle {  
    val parameter: Int = 5  
  
    def details: Unit = {  
      println("Vehicle gets called")  
    }  
  }  
  
  class car extends vehicle {  
    override val parameter: Int = 10  
  
    override def details {  
      println("Car method gets called")  
    }  
  }  
  
  def main(args: Array[String]): Unit = {  
    val obj = new car()  
    println("parameter value is "+ obj.parameter)  
    obj.details  
  }  
}
```

Output :

parameter value is 10

Car method gets called

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Scala Program :

The screenshot displays an IDE window for a Scala project named "Assignment_17.1_Scala_Basics_4". The project structure on the left includes a "src" directory with "main" and "scala" subdirectories. The "scala" directory contains two files: "Multiple_Inheritance.scala" and "Simple_Inheritance.scala". The "Simple_Inheritance.scala" file is open in the editor, showing the following code:

```
1 object Simple_Inheritance {  
2  
3   class vehicle {  
4  
5     val parameter: Int = 5  
6  
7     def details: Unit = {  
8       println("Vehicle gets called")  
9     }  
10  }  
11  
12  class car extends vehicle {  
13  
14    override val parameter: Int = 10  
15  
16    override def details : Unit {  
17      println("Car method gets called")  
18    }  
19  }  
20  
21  def main(args: Array[String]): Unit = {  
22  
23    val obj = new car()  
24    println("parameter value is " + obj.parameter)  
25    obj.details  
26  }  
27 }
```

The code defines a base class `vehicle` with a `parameter` of 5 and a `details` method that prints "Vehicle gets called". A subclass `car` extends `vehicle`, overriding `parameter` to 10 and `details` to print "Car method gets called". The `main` method creates a `car` object and prints its `parameter` value.

The "Run" output at the bottom shows the execution of the program:

```
Run: Simple_Inheritance x  
"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_181\bin\java.exe" ...  
parameter value is 10  
Car method gets called
```

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Task 2 :

Write a simple program to show multiple inheritance in scala

Here we are making use of two Traits to achieve Multiple Inheritance. We will inherit properties from both Traits A and B. **Show** method from trait A and **see** method from trait B.

```
package Assignment_17_Scala_Basics_4

object Multiple_Inheritance {

  trait A {
    def show: Unit
  }

  trait B{
    def see: Unit
  }

  class C extends A with B{
    override def show : Unit = {println("show method gets called from trait A")}

    override def see : Unit = {println("see method gets called from trait B")}
  }

  def main(args: Array[String]) : Unit = {
    val obj = new C
    obj.show
    obj.see
  }
}
```

Output :

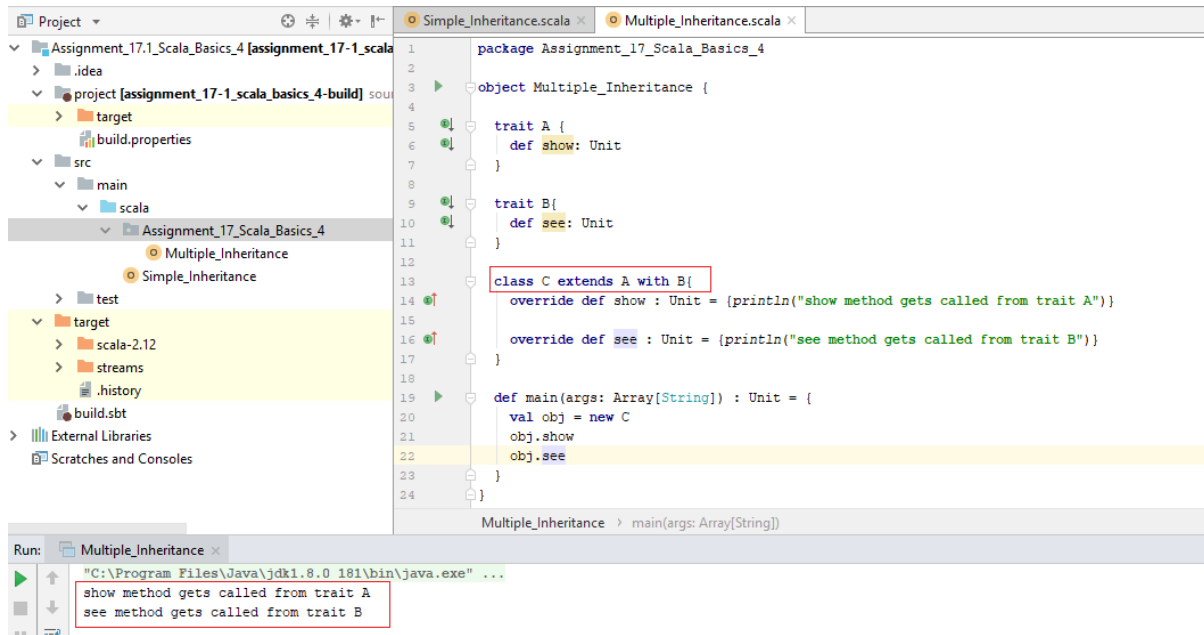
show method gets called from trait A

see method gets called from trait B

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Scala Output :



The screenshot shows an IDE with two tabs: `Simple_Inheritance.scala` and `Multiple_Inheritance.scala`. The `Multiple_Inheritance.scala` tab is active, displaying the following code:

```
1 package Assignment_17_Scala_Basics_4
2
3 object Multiple_Inheritance {
4
5   trait A {
6     def show: Unit
7   }
8
9   trait B {
10    def see: Unit
11  }
12
13  class C extends A with B {
14    override def show : Unit = {println("show method gets called from trait A")}
15
16    override def see : Unit = {println("see method gets called from trait B")}
17  }
18
19  def main(args: Array[String]) : Unit = {
20    val obj = new C
21    obj.show
22    obj.see
23  }
24 }
```

The output window at the bottom shows the execution of the `Multiple_Inheritance` object's `main` method, resulting in the following output:

```
Run: Multiple_Inheritance x
"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_181\bin\java.exe" ...
show method gets called from trait A
see method gets called from trait B
```

Task 3 :

Write a partial function to add three numbers in which one number is constant and two numbers can be passed as inputs and define another method which can take the partial function as input and squares the result.

Here we have created Partial Function with one constant **yourConstant** and two input parameters and returns the addition of these numbers as output.

Then we have created **Square** function which returns square of input parameter.

Scala Program :

```
object Partial_Function extends App{

  val yourConstant = 3

  val partial_fn: PartialFunction[(Int, Int), Int] = {
    case (x, y) => x + y + yourConstant
  }
  println("Output of Partial Function is "+partial_fn((5, 4)))

  def Square(x : Int) : Int =
  {
    x*x
  }

  println("Square of "+partial_fn((5, 4))+ " is "+Square(partial_fn((5, 4))))
}
```

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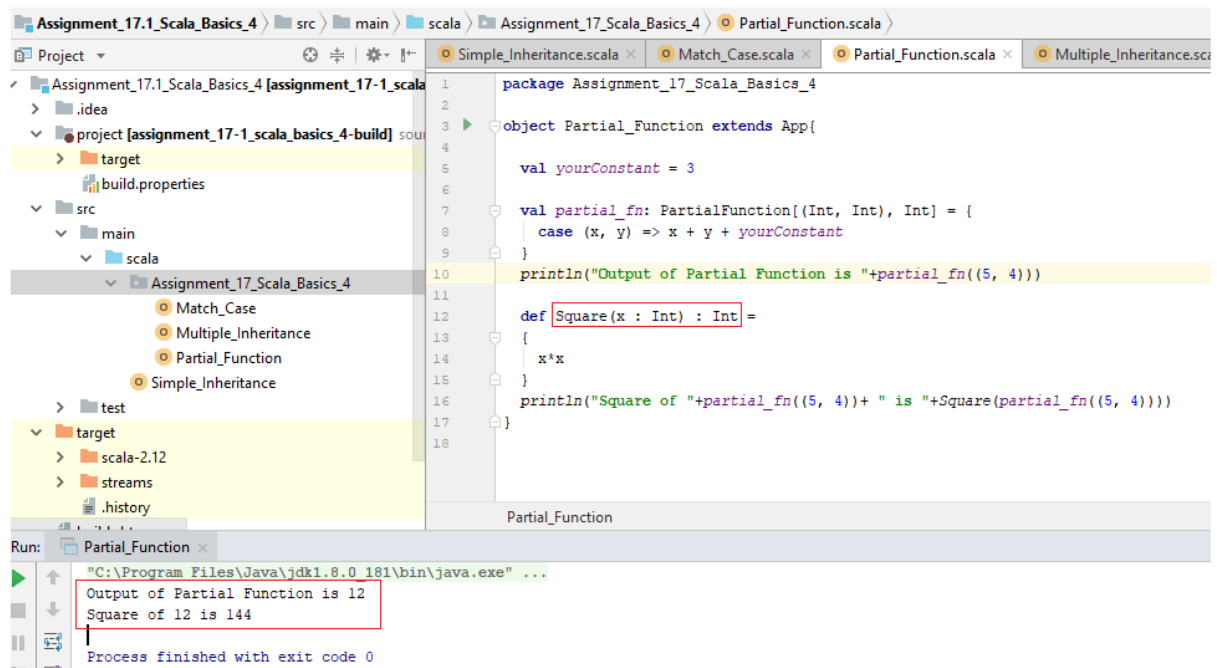
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Output :

Output of Partial Function is 12

Square of 12 is 144

Scala Program :



The screenshot shows an IDE with a project named 'Assignment_17_Scala_Basics_4'. The project structure includes a 'src' directory with 'main' and 'test' subdirectories. The 'main' directory contains a 'scala' subdirectory with a file named 'Partial_Function.scala'. The code in 'Partial_Function.scala' is as follows:

```
1 package Assignment_17_Scala_Basics_4
2
3 object Partial_Function extends App{
4
5     val yourConstant = 3
6
7     val partial_fn: PartialFunction[(Int, Int), Int] = {
8         case (x, y) => x + y + yourConstant
9     }
10    println("Output of Partial Function is "+partial_fn((5, 4)))
11
12    def Square(x : Int) : Int =
13    {
14        x*x
15    }
16    println("Square of "+partial_fn((5, 4))+ " is "+Square(partial_fn((5, 4))))
17 }
18
```

The output of the program is displayed in the 'Run' console:

```
Output of Partial Function is 12
Square of 12 is 144
Process finished with exit code 0
```

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Task 4 :

Write a program to print the prices of 4 courses of Acadgild:

Android App Development -14,999 INR

Data Science - 49,999 INR

Big Data Hadoop & Spark Developer – 24,999 INR

Blockchain Certification – 49,999 INR

using match and add a default condition if the user enters any other course.

We have used **Pattern Matching** here. This includes a sequence of alternatives, each starting with the keyword **case**. Each alternative includes a pattern and expressions, which will be evaluated if the pattern matches. An arrow symbol => separates the pattern from the expressions.

If course_name matches with one of these cases then its corresponding expression would be printed. Else it will print **"Not Applicable, Please enter correct course"**.

For below code, for course **"Blockchain Certification"**, it shows course price is **"49,999 INR"**

and for course **"DotNet"**, it shows course price as **"Not Applicable, Please enter correct course"**

Scala Program :

```
package Assignment_17_Scala_Basics_4
```

```
object Match_Case {
```

```
  def course_price(course_name: String) : Unit = {
    course_name match {
      case "Android App Development"      => println("14,999 INR")
      case "Data Science"                 => println("49,999 INR")
      case "Big Data Hadoop & Spark Developer" => println("24,999 INR")
      case "Blockchain Certification"      => println("49,999 INR")
      case _                              => println("Not Applicable, Please
enter correct course")
    }
  }

  def main(args : Array[String]) : Unit = {
    course_price("Blockchain Certification")
    course_price("DotNet")
  }
}
```

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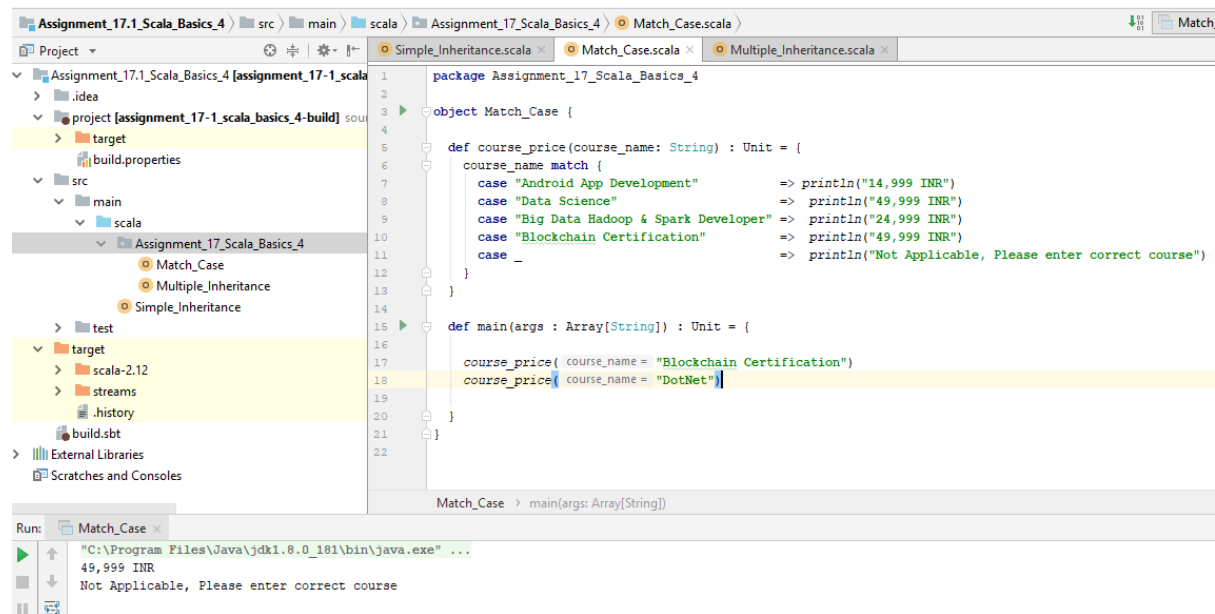
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Output :

49,999 INR

Not Applicable, Please enter correct course

Scala Program :



```
1 package Assignment_17_Scala_Basics_4
2
3 object Match_Case {
4
5   def course_price(course_name: String) : Unit = {
6     course_name match {
7       case "Android App Development" => println("14,999 INR")
8       case "Data Science"            => println("49,999 INR")
9       case "Big Data Hadoop & Spark Developer" => println("24,999 INR")
10      case "Blockchain Certification"  => println("49,999 INR")
11      case _                          => println("Not Applicable, Please enter correct course")
12    }
13  }
14
15  def main(args : Array[String]) : Unit = {
16
17    course_price( course_name = "Blockchain Certification")
18    course_price( course_name = "DotNet")
19  }
20
21 }
22
```

Run: Match_Case

```
"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_181\bin\java.exe" ...
49,999 INR
Not Applicable, Please enter correct course
```