

# Importing Required libraries

```
In [21]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
import statsmodels.formula.api as smf
```

## Importing Data

```
In [2]: calories = pd.read_csv("calories_consumed.csv")
calories
```

```
Out[2]:
```

	Weight gained (grams)	Calories Consumed
0	108	1500
1	200	2300
2	900	3400
3	200	2200
4	300	2500
5	110	1600
6	128	1400
7	62	1900
8	600	2800
9	1100	3900
10	100	1670
11	150	1900
12	350	2700
13	700	3000

## Data understanding

```
In [3]: calories.head()
```

```
Out[3]:
```

	Weight gained (grams)	Calories Consumed
0	108	1500
1	200	2300
2	900	3400
3	200	2200
4	300	2500

In [5]: `calories.shape`

Out[5]: (14, 2)

In [6]: `calories.info()`

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 14 entries, 0 to 13
Data columns (total 2 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  ---                ---
0   Weight gained (grams)  14 non-null    int64
1   Calories Consumed      14 non-null    int64
dtypes: int64(2)
memory usage: 352.0 bytes
```

In [7]: `calories.isna().sum()`

Out[7]: Weight gained (grams) 0  
Calories Consumed 0  
dtype: int64

In [8]: `calories.dtypes`

Out[8]: Weight gained (grams) int64  
Calories Consumed int64  
dtype: object

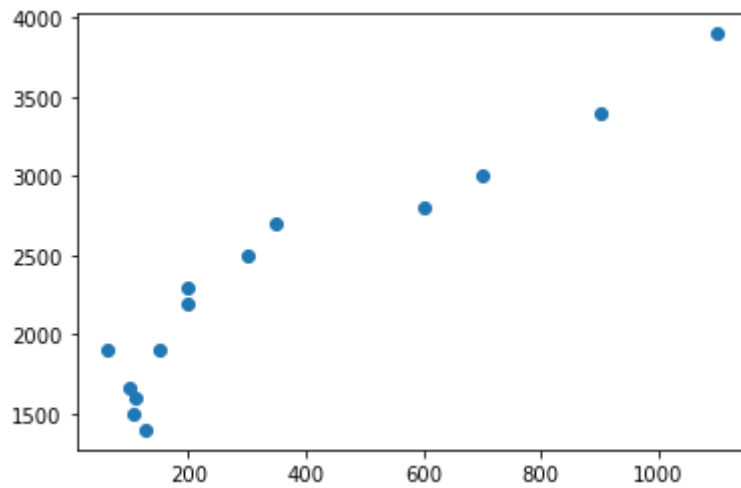
In [10]: `calories.describe()`

Out[10]:

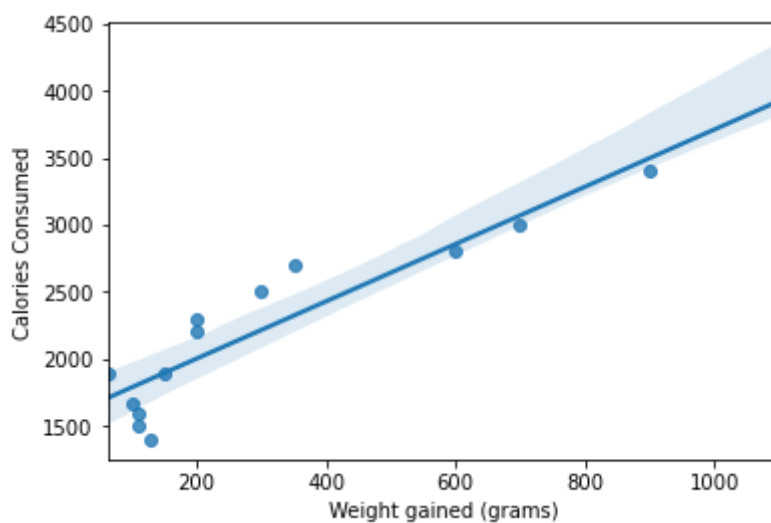
	Weight gained (grams)	Calories Consumed
<b>count</b>	14.000000	14.000000
<b>mean</b>	357.714286	2340.714286
<b>std</b>	333.692495	752.109488
<b>min</b>	62.000000	1400.000000
<b>25%</b>	114.500000	1727.500000
<b>50%</b>	200.000000	2250.000000
<b>75%</b>	537.500000	2775.000000
<b>max</b>	1100.000000	3900.000000

## Checking Weater the assumptions are matching or not

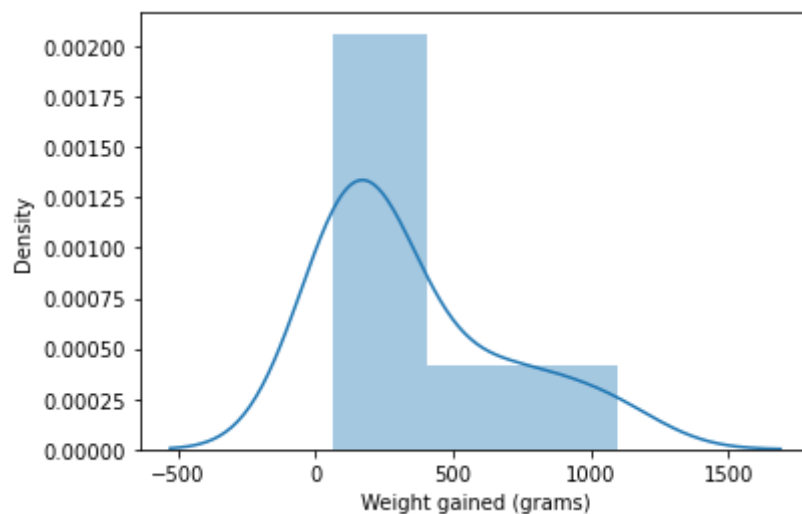
In [12]: `plt.scatter(x = 'Weight gained (grams)', y = 'Calories Consumed', data = calories)`  
`plt.show()`



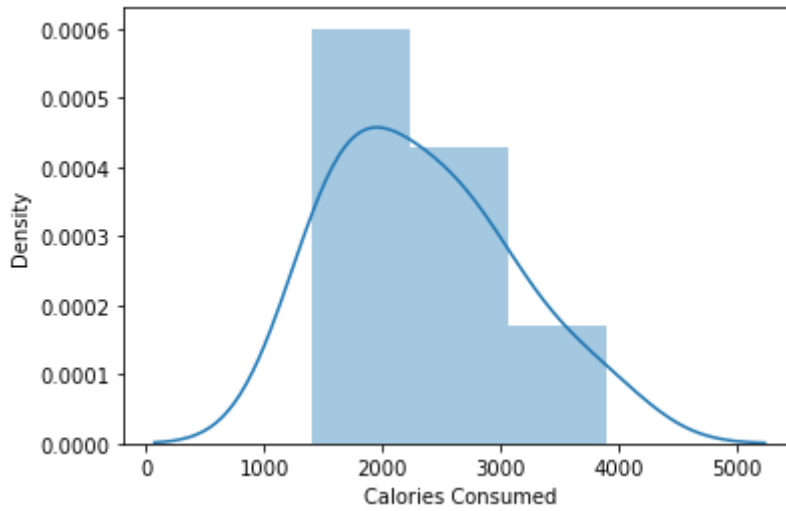
```
In [13]: sns.regplot(x = 'Weight gained (grams)' , y = 'Calories Consumed' , data = calories
plt.show())
```



```
In [18]: sns.distplot(calories['Weight gained (grams)'])
plt.show()
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```



```
In [17]: sns.distplot(calories['Calories Consumed'])
plt.show()
```



In [28]: `calories.corr()`

Out[28]:

	Weight_gained_grams	Calories_Consumed
Weight_gained_grams	1.000000	0.946991
Calories_Consumed	0.946991	1.000000

## Model Bulding

In [24]:

```
#Renaming columns names
calories = calories.rename({'Calories Consumed':'Calories_Consumed','Weight gained (
calories.head()
```

Out[24]:

	Weight_gained_grams	Calories_Consumed
0	108	1500
1	200	2300
2	900	3400
3	200	2200
4	300	2500

In [25]:

```
linear_model = smf.ols(formula = 'Calories_Consumed~Weight_gained_grams' , data = c
linear_model
```

Out[25]: <statsmodels.regression.linear\_model.RegressionResultsWrapper at 0x209637a6640>

## Model Testing

In [26]: `linear_model.params`

Out[26]:

Intercept	1577.200702
Weight_gained_grams	2.134423
dtype:	float64

```
In [27]: linear_model.tvalues, linear_model.pvalues
```

```
Out[27]: (Intercept          15.687195
          Weight_gained_grams 10.211269
          dtype: float64,
          Intercept          2.326102e-09
          Weight_gained_grams 2.855864e-07
          dtype: float64)
```

```
In [29]: linear_model.rsquared, linear_model.rsquared_adj
```

```
Out[29]: (0.8967919708530552, 0.8881913017574764)
```

## Model Prediction

## Sample Calculation

```
In [31]: ### y = mx+c
          calories = (1577.200702+2.134423)*(5)
          calories
```

```
Out[31]: 7896.675625
```

```
In [35]: #machine prediction
          pred_data = {'Weight_gained_grams':[100,200,300,400]}
          pred_data
```

```
Out[35]: {'Weight_gained_grams': [100, 200, 300, 400]}
```

```
In [36]: new_data = pd.DataFrame(pred_data)
          new_data
```

```
Out[36]:
```

	Weight_gained_grams
0	100
1	200
2	300
3	400

```
In [37]: linear_model.predict(new_data)
```

```
Out[37]: 0    1790.642998
          1    2004.085294
          2    2217.527589
          3    2430.969885
          dtype: float64
```

```
In [ ]:
```