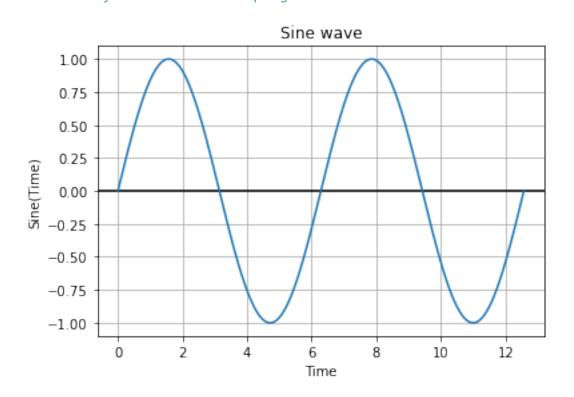
#Q1 (a) Odd Signal - Sine Wave

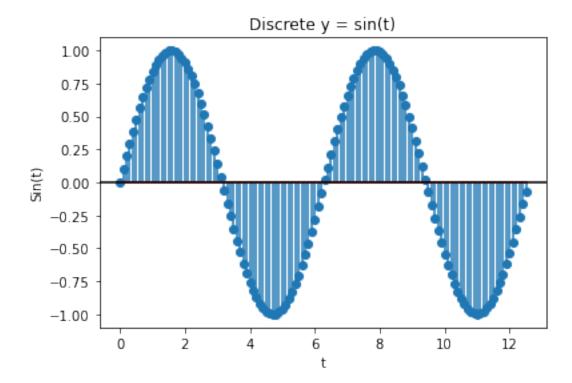
```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
                                  #importing matplotlib library
import numpy as np
                                  #importing numpy library
                                  #this line makes an array from 0 to
x = np.arange(0,4*np.pi,0.001)
4pi, with a step of 0.001
y = np.sin(x)
                                 #this calculates sin of all values
in our array
plt.title('Sine wave')
                                 #this line gives the plot a title
plt.xlabel('Time')
                                 #this line gives a name for the x
axis and its variables
plt.ylabel('Sine(Time)')
                                 #this line gives a name for the y
axis and its variables
plt.axhline(y=0,color = 'k') #this line generates a horizontal
line at y=0, with color code as black
                                  #this line generates gridlines,
plt.grid()
which adds more detail to the graph
                                 #this line plots the graph
plt.plot(x,y)
                                 #this line shows the graph and
plt.show()
successfully terminates the program
```



#Q1 (a) Odd Signal - DISCRETE

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np

x = np.arange(0,4*np.pi,0.1)
y = np.sin(x)
plt.stem(x,y,use_line_collection='true' )
plt.title('Discrete y = sin(t)')
plt.xlabel('t')
plt.ylabel('Sin(t)')
plt.axhline(y=0,color='k')
plt.show()
```



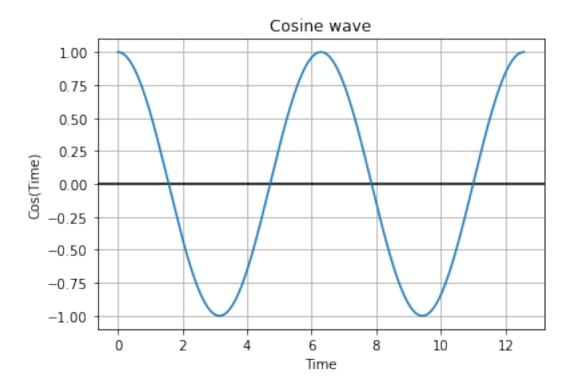
#Q1 (b) Even Signal - Cosine Wave

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
                                  #importing matplotlib library
import numpy as np
                                  #importing numpy library
                                  #this line makes an array from 0 to
x = np.arange(0,4*np.pi,0.001)
4pi, with a step of 0.001
y = np.cos(x)
                                  #this calculates cos of all values
in our array
plt.title('Cosine wave')
                                  #this line gives the plot a title
plt.xlabel('Time')
                                  #this line gives a name for the x
axis and its variables
plt.ylabel('Cos(Time)')
                                  #this line gives a name for the y
axis and its variables
plt.axhline(y=0,color = 'k') #this line generates a horizontal
```

line at y=0, with color code as black

```
plt.grid()  #this line generates gridlines,
which adds more detail to the graph
plt.plot(x,y)  #this line plots the graph

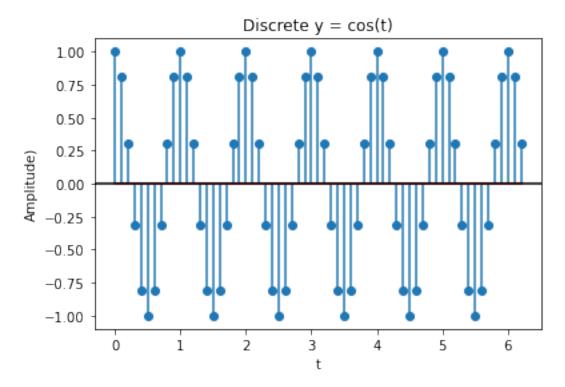
plt.show()  #this line shows the graph and
successfully terminates the program
```



#Q1 (b) Even Signal - DISCRETE

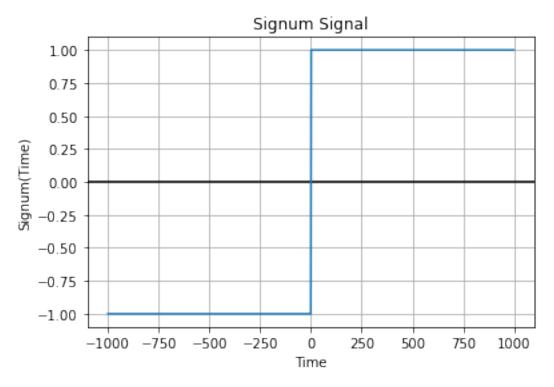
```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np

x = np.arange(0,2*np.pi,0.1)
y = np.cos(2*np.pi*x)
plt.stem(x,y,use_line_collection='true' )
plt.title('Discrete y = cos(t)')
plt.xlabel('t')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude)')
plt.axhline(y=0,color='k')
plt.show()
```



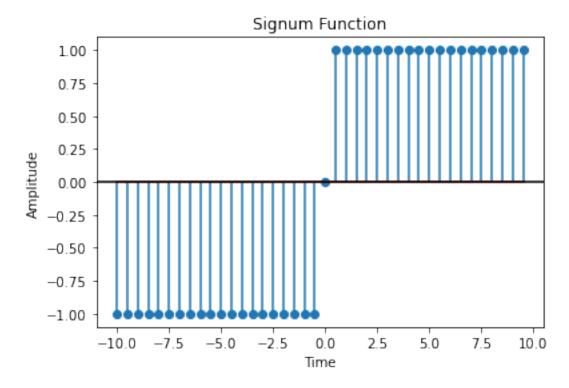
#Q1 (c) Signum Signal

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
                                  #importing matplotlib library
import numpy as np
                                  #importing numpy library
x=np.arange(-1000,1000)
y=[]
for i in x:
  if (i<0):
    y.append(-1)
 elif(i==0):
    y.append(0)
  elif (i>0):
    y.append(1)
plt.title('Signum Signal')
                                      #this line gives the plot a
title
plt.xlabel('Time')
                                 #this line gives a name for the x
axis and its variables
                                   #this line gives a name for the y
plt.ylabel('Signum(Time)')
axis and its variables
plt.axhline(y=0,color = 'k')
                                  #this line generates a horizontal
line at y=0, with color code as black
plt.grid()
                                  #this line generates gridlines,
which adds more detail to the graph
                                  #this line plots the graph
plt.plot(x,y)
```



```
#Q1 (c)
            Signum Signal - DISCRETE
#defining time for discrete signum signal
x=np.arange(-10,10,0.5)
y=[]
for i in x:
  if (i<0):
    y.append(-1)
  elif(i==0):
    y.append(0)
  elif (i>0):
    y.append(1)
plt.stem(x,y,use line collection="True")
#add a horizontal line across the axis.
plt.axhline(y=0, color="black")
# Give title, x, y axis label
plt.title("Signum Function")
plt.xlabel("Time")
plt.ylabel("Amplitude")
```

#display the graph plt.show()

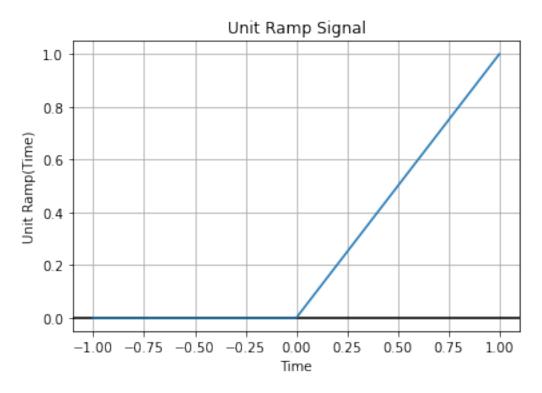


#Q1 (d) Unit Ramp Signal

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
                                 #importing matplotlib library
import numpy as np
                                 #importing numpy library
x=np.linspace(-1,1,1000,endpoint=True)
y=[]
for i in x:
                                          #Code to get Unit Ramp
Signal, by using a for loop
  if (i<=0):
   y.append(0)
 elif (i>0):
   y.append(i)
plt.title('Unit Ramp Signal')
                                        #this line gives the plot a
title
plt.xlabel('Time')
                                #this line gives a name for the x
axis and its variables
plt.ylabel('Unit Ramp(Time)')
                                      #this line gives a name for the
y axis and its variables
                            #this line generates a horizontal
plt.axhline(y=0,color = 'k')
line at y=0, with color code as black
plt.grid()
                                 #this line generates gridlines,
```

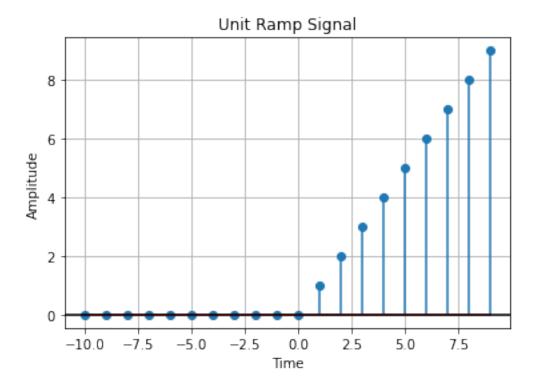
```
which adds more detail to the graph
plt.plot(x,y)  #this line plots the graph

plt.show()  #this line shows the graph and
successfully terminates the program
```



#Q1 (d) Unit Ramp Signal - DISCRETE

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
x=np.arange(-10,10)
v=[]
                                            #logic to get the values of
for i in x:
dependant variables for plotting Ramp signal
  if (i<=0):
    y.append(0)
  elif (i>0):
    y.append(i)
plt.stem(x,y,use_line_collection="True")
plt.grid()
plt.axhline(y=0, color="black")
plt.title("Unit Ramp Signal")
plt.ylabel("Amplitude")
plt.xlabel("Time")
plt.show()
```



import matplotlib.pyplot as plt #importing matplotlib library

#importing numpy library

#this line generates gridlines,

#Q1 (e) Parabolic Signal

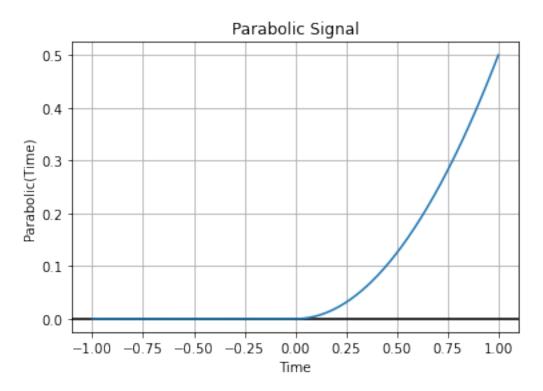
import numpy as np

plt.grid()

```
x=np.linspace(-1,1,1000,endpoint=True)
y=[]
for i in x:
                                          #Code to get parabolic
Signal, by using a for loop
  if (i<=0):
    y.append(0)
  elif (i>0):
    y.append(i*i/2)
plt.title('Parabolic Signal')
                                        #this line gives the plot a
title
plt.xlabel('Time')
                                 #this line gives a name for the x
axis and its variables
plt.ylabel('Parabolic(Time)')
                                      #this line gives a name for the
y axis and its variables
plt.axhline(y=0,color = 'k')
                                 #this line generates a horizontal
line at y=0, with color code as black
```

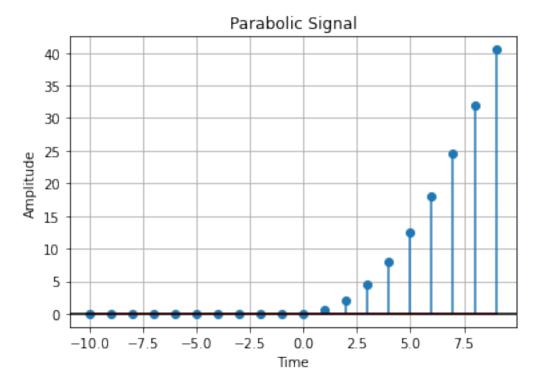
```
which adds more detail to the graph
plt.plot(x,y)  #this line plots the graph

plt.show()  #this line shows the graph and
successfully terminates the program
```



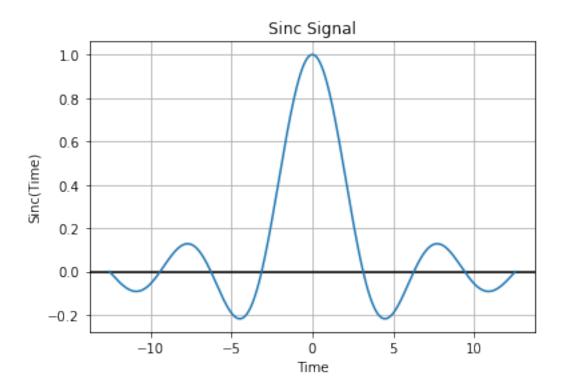
#Q1 (d) Parabolic Signal - DISCRETE

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
x=np.arange(-10,10)
v=[]
for i in x:
                                            #logic to get the values of
dependant variables for plotting parabolic signal
  if (i<=0):
    y.append(0)
  elif (i>0):
    y.append(i*i/2)
plt.stem(x,y,use_line_collection="True")
plt.grid()
plt.axhline(y=0, color="black")
plt.title("Parabolic Signal")
plt.ylabel("Amplitude")
plt.xlabel("Time")
plt.show()
```

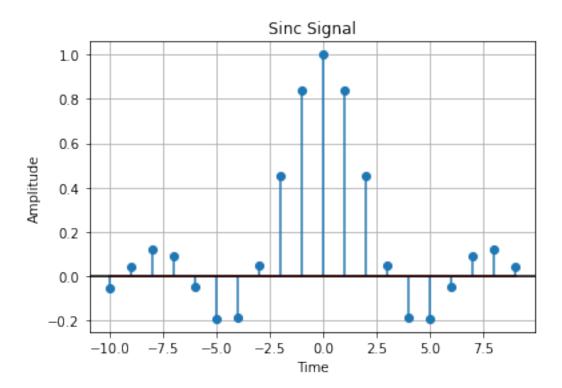


#Q1 (f) Sinc Signal

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
                                  #importing matplotlib library
import numpy as np
                                  #importing numpy library
x = np.arange(-4*np.pi, 4*np.pi, 0.001) #this line makes an array
from -4pi to 4pi, with a step of 0.001
                                    #this calculates sin of all values
y = (np.sin(x))/x
in our array
plt.title('Sinc Signal')
                                    #this line gives the plot a title
plt.xlabel('Time')
                                  #this line gives a name for the x
axis and its variables
plt.ylabel('Sinc(Time)')
                                 #this line gives a name for the y
axis and its variables
plt.axhline(y=0,color = 'k')
                                  #this line generates a horizontal
line at y=0, with color code as black
plt.grid()
                                  #this line generates gridlines,
which adds more detail to the graph
plt.plot(x,y)
                                  #this line plots the graph
plt.show()
                                 #this line shows the graph and
successfully terminates the program
```

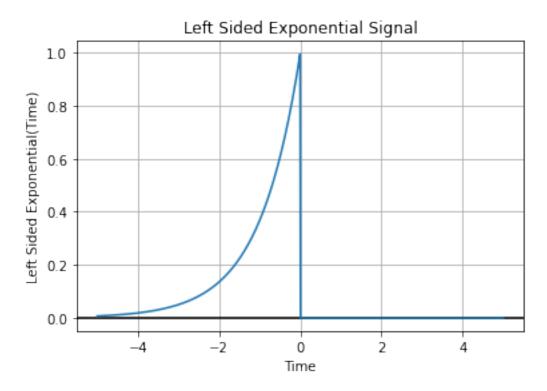


```
Sinc Signal
#Q1 (f)
                              - DISCRETE
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
x=np.arange(-10,10)
y=[]
for i in x:
     if i == 0:
         y.append(1)
     else:
          y.append((np.sin(i))/i)
plt.stem(x,y,use_line_collection="True")
plt.grid()
plt.g.la()
plt.axhline(y=0, color="black")
plt.title("Sinc Signal")
plt.ylabel("Amplitude")
plt.xlabel("Time")
plt.show()
```



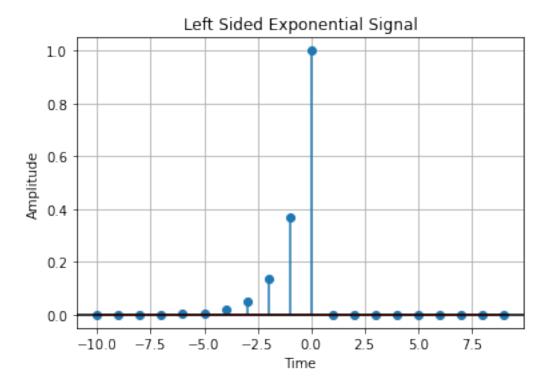
#Q1 (g) Left Sided Exponential Signal

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
                                #importing matplotlib library
import numpy as np
                                 #importing numpy library
x=np.linspace(-5,5,1000)
v=[]
for i in x:
 if (i<=0):
                                           #Generating the signal
using an array which uses the exp function
   y.append(np.exp(i))
 elif (i>0):
   y.append(0)
plt.title('Left Sided Exponential Signal')
                                                   #this line gives
the plot a title
plt.xlabel('Time')
                             #this line gives a name for the x
axis and its variables
plt.ylabel('Left Sided Exponential(Time)') #this line gives a
name for the y axis and its variables
plt.axhline(y=0,color = 'k') #this line generates a horizontal
line at y=0, with color code as black
plt.grid()
                                 #this line generates gridlines,
which adds more detail to the graph
plt.plot(x,y)
                                 #this line plots the graph
```



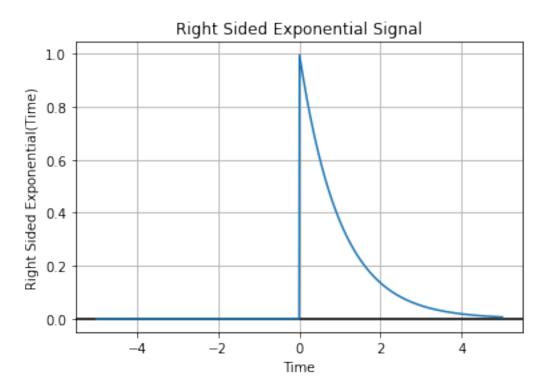
#Q1 (g) Left Sided Exponential Signal - DISCRETE

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
x=np.arange(-10,10)
y=[]
for i in x:
  if (i<=0):
    y.append(np.exp(i))
  elif (i>0):
    y.append(0)
plt.stem(x,y,use_line_collection="True")
plt.grid()
plt.axhline(y=0, color="black")
plt.title("Left Sided Exponential Signal")
plt.ylabel("Amplitude")
plt.xlabel("Time")
plt.show()
```



#Q1 (g) Right Sided Exponential Signal

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
                                 #importing matplotlib library
import numpy as np
                                 #importing numpy library
x=np.linspace(-5,5,1000)
V=[]
for i in x:
  if (i>0):
                                           #Generating the signal
using an array which uses the exp function
   y.append(np.exp(-i))
 elif (i<=0):
   y.append(0)
plt.title('Right Sided Exponential Signal')
                                                      #this line
gives the plot a title
plt.xlabel('Time')
                                 #this line gives a name for the x
axis and its variables
plt.ylabel('Right Sided Exponential(Time)') #this line gives
a name for the y axis and its variables
plt.axhline(y=0,color = 'k')
                                 #this line generates a horizontal
line at y=0, with color code as black
plt.grid()
                                 #this line generates gridlines,
which adds more detail to the graph
plt.plot(x,y)
                                 #this line plots the graph
```



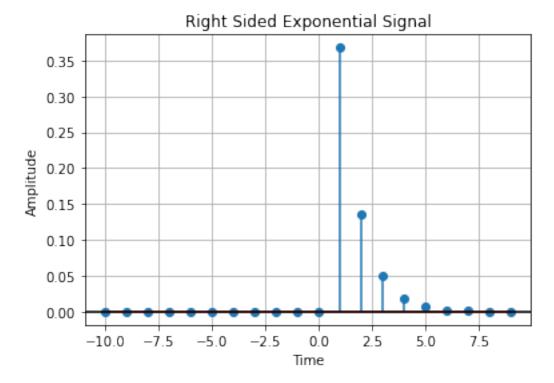
#Q1 (g) Right Sided Exponential Signal - DISCRETE

```
import numpy as np

x=np.arange(-10,10)
y=[]
for i in x:
    if (i>0):
        y.append(np.exp(-i))
    elif (i<=0):
        y.append(0)

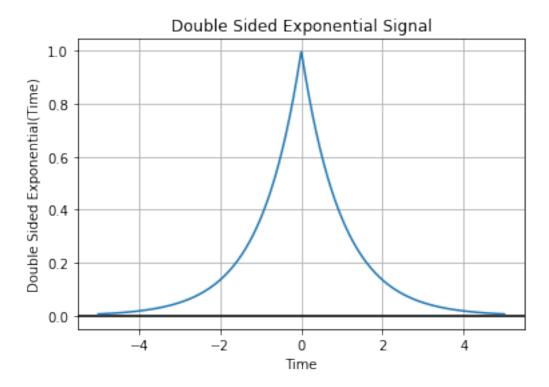
plt.stem(x,y,use_line_collection="True")
plt.grid()
plt.axhline(y=0, color="black")
plt.title("Right Sided Exponential Signal")
plt.ylabel("Amplitude")
plt.xlabel("Time")
plt.show()</pre>
```

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt



#Q1 (g) Double Sided Exponential Signal

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
                                 #importing matplotlib library
import numpy as np
                                 #importing numpy library
x=np.linspace(-5,5,1000)
V=[]
for i in x:
  if (i<=0):
                                            #Generating the signal
using an array which uses the exp function
   y.append(np.exp(i))
 elif (i>0):
   y.append(np.exp(-i))
plt.title('Double Sided Exponential Signal')
                                                       #this line
gives the plot a title
plt.xlabel('Time')
                                 #this line gives a name for the x
axis and its variables
plt.ylabel('Double Sided Exponential(Time)') #this line gives
a name for the y axis and its variables
plt.axhline(y=0,color = 'k')
                                 #this line generates a horizontal
line at y=0, with color code as black
plt.grid()
                                 #this line generates gridlines,
which adds more detail to the graph
plt.plot(x,y)
                                 #this line plots the graph
```



#Q1 (g) Double Sided Exponential Signal - DISCRETE

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
x=np.arange(-10,10)
y=[]
for i in x:
  if (i<=0):
    y.append(np.exp(i))
  elif (i>0):
    y.append(np.exp(-i))
plt.stem(x,y,use_line_collection="True")
plt.grid()
plt.axhline(y=0, color="black")
plt title("Double Sided Exponential Signal")
plt.ylabel("Amplitude")
plt.xlabel("Time")
plt.show()
```

