

# IT250 – AUTOMATA & COMPILER DESIGN

## ASSIGNMENT 9

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**Note:** Since my roll number is 58, the production rules given to me were:

$P \rightarrow QR;$   
 $R \rightarrow \text{int}$   
 $R \rightarrow \text{float}$   
 $S \rightarrow R, \text{id}$   
 $S \rightarrow \text{id}$   
 $S \rightarrow (P)$

Hence, I have used these production rules in my code to parse the inputted string.

**Convention:** I have taken the **P** non terminal as the start symbol because by convention, the non-terminal on the left side of the first production rule is taken as the start symbol.

## Code Written:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

typedef struct Production {
    int size;
    char endChar;
    char arr[20];
} Production;

typedef struct Productions {
    int size;
    Production array[20];
    char termStart;
} Productions;

void newProductionSet(Productions *p){
    p->size = 0;
}

void addProduction(Productions *p, char endChar, char *buffer){
    int i;
    p->size++;

    for (i = 0; buffer[i] != '\0' && buffer[i] != '\n'; i++) {
        p->array[p->size - 1].arr[i] = buffer[i];
    }

    p->array[p->size - 1].size = i;
    p->array[p->size - 1].endChar = endChar;
}

void printProductions(Production *p){
    for (int i = 0; i < p->size; i++) {
        printf("%c", p->arr[i]);
    }
}

void shift(int *top, char *st, char *buffer, int *ctr, char ch){
```

```

    printf("shift\n");
    st[*top] = ch;
    st[( *top )++ + 1] = '\0';
    (*ctr)++;

    if (buffer[*ctr] == '\n' || buffer[*ctr] == '\0') ch = '$';
    else ch = buffer[*ctr];
}

void reduce(Productions *set, char *buffer, char *st, int *top, int *ctr) {
    int prod;
    int flag = 1;

    while (flag) {
        for (prod = 0; prod < set->size; prod++) {
            flag = 1;
            int k = set->array[prod].size - 1;

            for (int j = *top - 1; j >= 0 && k >= 0; j--, k--) {
                if (set->array[prod].arr[k] != st[j]) {
                    flag = 0;
                    break;
                }
            }
            if (k != -1) flag = 0;
            if (flag) break;
        }

        if (flag) {
            st[*top] = '\0';
            printf("%s\t\t\t%s\t\t\t", st, buffer + *ctr);
            printf("reduce by ");
            printf(" %c -> ", set->array[prod].endChar);
            printProductions(&set->array[prod]);
            printf("\n");

            for (int i = 0; i < set->array[prod].size; i++) {
                (*top)--;
            }

            st[*top] = set->array[prod].endChar;
            st[*top + 1] = '\0';
            (*top)++;
        } else break;
    }
}

```

```

    }
}

bool shiftReduceParser(Productions *set, char *buffer){

    char st[1000];
    int top = 0, ctr = 0;
    char ch;

    st[top++] = '$';

    printf("Stack\t\t\tInput\t\t\tAction\n\n");

    while (true) {

        if (buffer[ctr] == '\n' || buffer[ctr] == '\0') ch = '$';
        else ch = buffer[ctr];
        st[top] = '\0';

        printf("%s\t\t\t%s\t\t\t", st, buffer + ctr);

        if (ch == '$'){
            if(top == 2 && st[1] == set->termStart) {
                printf("accepted\n");
                return true;
            }
            else if (top != 1 || st[0] != set->termStart) {
                printf("top = %d\n", top);
                printf("st[0] = %c\n", st[0]);
                printf("reject\n");
                return false;
            }
            else {
                printf("accepted\n");
                return true;
            }
        }

        shift(&top, st, buffer, &ctr, ch);
        //If possible, then reduce
        reduce(set, buffer, st, &top, &ctr);
    }
    return false;
}

```

```

void removeSpaces(char* str){
    int i, j;
    for (i = 0, j = 0; str[i] != '\0'; i++)
    {
        if (!isspace(str[i]))
            str[j++] = str[i];
    }
    str[j] = '\0';
}

int main()
{
    char ch;
    char temp[1000], show[1000];

    // Inserting Productions given in the question
    Productions g;
    newProductionSet(&g);

    char prod1[5] = {'Q', 'R', ';', '\0'};
    char prod2[5] = {'i', 'n', 't', '\0'};
    char prod3[8] = {'f', 'l', 'o', 'a', 't', '\0'};
    char prod4[5] = {'R', ',', 'i', 'd', '\0'};
    char prod5[5] = {'i', 'd', '\0'};
    char prod6[5] = {'(', 'P', ')', '\0'};

    addProduction(&g, 'P', prod1);
    addProduction(&g, 'R', prod2);
    addProduction(&g, 'R', prod3);
    addProduction(&g, 'S', prod4);
    addProduction(&g, 'S', prod5);
    addProduction(&g, 'S', prod6);

    g.termStart = 'P';

    printf("\n");

    printf("Enter the string to parse: ");

    scanf("%[^\\n]", temp);

    strcpy(show, temp);

```

```

removeSpaces(temp);

int len = strlen(temp);

printf("len = %d\n", len);

printf("temp = %s\n", temp);

if (len > 0 && temp[len - 1] != '$') {
    temp[len] = '$';
    temp[len + 1] = '\0';
} else {
    strcat(temp, "$");
}

printf("temp = %s\n", temp);

printf("\nGrammar Productions:\n\n");

for (int i = 0; i < g.size; i++) {
    printf("%c -> ", g.array[i].endChar);
    printProductions(&g.array[i]);
    printf("\n");
}

printf("\n\n");

if (shiftReduceParser(&g, temp)) printf("\nString %s is accepted\n", show);
else printf("\nString %s is rejected\n\n", show);

return 0;
}

```

# Outputs:

## 1) Input: int id , id ;

```
PS C:\Users\91900\Desktop\Computer\Semester 4\IT250 - Automata and Compiler Design\Labs\Assignment 9> cd "c:\Users\91900\Desktop\Computer\Semester 4\IT250 - Automata and Compiler Design\Labs\Assignment 9\" ; if ($?) { gcc ssfinal.c -o ssfinal } ; if ($?) { .\ssfinal }

Enter the string to parse: int id, id ;

Grammar Productions:

P -> QR;
R -> int
R -> float
S -> R,id
S -> id
S -> (P)

Stack      Input      Action
$          intid,id;$      shift
$i         ntid,id;$      shift
$ln        tid,id;$      shift
$int       id,id;$      reduce by R -> int
$R         id,id;$      shift
$Ri        d,id;$      shift
$Rid       ,id;$      reduce by S -> id
$RS        ,id;$      shift
$RS,       id;$      shift
$RS,i      d;$      shift
$RS,id     ;$      reduce by S -> id
$RS,S      ;$      shift
$RS,S;     $      reject

String int id, id ; is rejected
PS C:\Users\91900\Desktop\Computer\Semester 4\IT250 - Automata and Compiler Design\Labs\Assignment 9>
```

## 2) Input: float id R , id ;

```
PS C:\Users\91900\Desktop\Computer\Semester 4\IT250 - Automata and Compiler Design\Labs\Assignment 9> cd "c:\Users\91900\Desktop\Computer\Semester 4\IT250 - Automata and Compiler Design\Labs\Assignment 9\" ; if ($?) { gcc ssfinal.c -o ssfinal } ; if ($?) { .\ssfinal }

Enter the string to parse: float id R, id ;

Grammar Productions:

P -> QR;
R -> int
R -> float
S -> R,id
S -> id
S -> (P)

Stack      Input      Action
$          floatidR,id;$      shift
$f         loatidR,id;$      shift
$fl        oatidR,id;$      shift
$flo       atidR,id;$      shift
$flor      tidR,id;$      shift
$float     idR,id;$      reduce by R -> float
$R         idR,id;$      shift
$Ri        dR,id;$      shift
$Rid       R,id;$      reduce by S -> id
$RS        R,id;$      shift
$RSR       ,id;$      shift
$RSR,i     id;$      shift
$RSR,i     d;$      shift
$RSR,id    ;$      reduce by S -> R,id
$RSS       ;$      shift
$RSS;      $      reject

String float id R, id ; is rejected
PS C:\Users\91900\Desktop\Computer\Semester 4\IT250 - Automata and Compiler Design\Labs\Assignment 9>
```

### 3) Input: int id id int;

```
PS C:\Users\91900\Desktop\Computer\Semester 4\IT250 - Automata and Compiler Design\Labs\Assignment 9> cd "c:\Users\91900\Desktop\Computer\Semester 4\IT250 - Automata and Compiler Design\Labs\Assignment 9\" ; if ($?) { gcc ssfinal.c -o ssfinal } ; if ($?) { .\ssfinal }

Enter the string to parse: int id id int;

Grammar Productions:

P -> QR;
R -> int
R -> float
S -> R,id
S -> id
S -> (P)

Stack      Input      Action
$          intididint;$      shift
$i         ntididint;$      shift
$in        tididint;$      shift
$int       ididint;$      reduce by R -> int
$R         ididint;$      shift
$Ri        didint;$      shift
$Rid       idint;$      reduce by S -> id
$RS        idint;$      shift
$RSi       dint;$      shift
$RSid      int;$      reduce by S -> id
$RSS       int;$      shift
$RSSi      nt;$      shift
$RSSin     t;$      shift
$RSSint    ;$      reduce by R -> int
$RSSR      ;$      shift
$RSSR;     $      reject

String int id id int; is rejected

PS C:\Users\91900\Desktop\Computer\Semester 4\IT250 - Automata and Compiler Design\Labs\Assignment 9> |
```

### 4) Input: float R S;

```
PS C:\Users\91900\Desktop\Computer\Semester 4\IT250 - Automata and Compiler Design\Labs\Assignment 9> cd "c:\Users\91900\Desktop\Computer\Semester 4\IT250 - Automata and Compiler Design\Labs\Assignment 9\" ; if ($?) { gcc ssfinal.c -o ssfinal } ; if ($?) { .\ssfinal }

Enter the string to parse: float R S;

Grammar Productions:

P -> QR;
R -> int
R -> float
S -> R,id
S -> id
S -> (P)

Stack      Input      Action
$          floatRS;$      shift
$f         loatRS;$      shift
$f1        oatRS;$      shift
$flo       atRS;$      shift
$flor     tRS;$      shift
$float     RS;$      reduce by R -> float
$R         RS;$      shift
$RR        S;$      shift
$RRS       ;$      shift
$RRS;      $      reject

String float R S; is rejected

PS C:\Users\91900\Desktop\Computer\Semester 4\IT250 - Automata and Compiler Design\Labs\Assignment 9> |
```

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