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25-10-2021
                  COMPILER DESIGN
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                                           2019103573
                   OBSERVATION - 07
To conver an if statement multiple conditions to an
 nested-if statement using pattern-action.
 code:
 % option noyywrap
0/08
   #include <stdio.h>
   Pn+ 1, n=0, j;
% 3
%%
"f((.+1) {
   1:0:
   while (yytex+ti] != '8' => ixyyleng > 2
     Print (1%c", yytexttis);
    Print ( - ) (n");
    n++ ;
    While (i < yyleng) &
      1+= 2;
      if (i > yyleng)
        break:
      tor(j=0; j<n;j++)
        Print( ");
       printf (");
       while (yytext [1] ] = '2'88 P Lyyreng 29 Yytex+[i] ] = ')')}
         PRINT (= % c", yytex+Tis);
       3 9++;
       h++;
       Print(-)(n');
3
```

```
for(3=1; j<n; j++)
     Print (1 ");
    Prints (1%s", yytext);
3
1110
010%
void mais ()
3
  yyin = topen (1 input 71. +x+11, 2+1);
  gylex();
Z
Input. +x+
If( x == 5 22 y== 10 22 2== 15)
    Statement;
Output
îf(x==5)
  "17 y==10)
     if (Z==15)
         Statement;
```

```
2. convert nested if else to nested do while syntax
   Using LEX.
   Code !-
  % option noyywrap
  % &
    #include < string. h>
    9nt n=0,1,j, m;
     Char stack[10][1024];
  % 2
  0/0%
  if ((+1) &
    Print+ (- while (");
    )=0;
    for(1=3; 12yyleng-1;1+1){
      printf(1%c", yytextEis);
       『f(yytex+で『コュニ '=1 && yytextではリュニ"ニ")
        Stack[n][j++]: '!';
       elge
        Stack Enjej++j= yytex+tij;
     20
      print (1) {");
      744;
   3
     for (1=0; 12 yyleng 22 yytex+[1] == 1; 1++);
     m=1/4;
      Printf (1 % s \n', yytex+);
     for (1:0;9 Lm; 1++)
       Print (2 11);
     Print+ ( break. In");
      tor(1=0; 1 cm-1; ++)
       PANH(" ");
```

```
Print+ ( 2 3 " );
 *else q
   forci = 0; yyleng =2 yylexttig == ''; i++);
   m=914;
   tor (1 = m; 12n; 1++) {
    tor( ) = 0; } < n_ 1; j++) printf( ");
    for ( = 1 ; ) < n - 1; j++ ) printf ( ");
     Printy (1 3(n");
   3
   n= m;
   for ( = 0; ? Lm; 1++) printf( ");
   printf ( = while 29,5) &", stack Eng);
   n++;
3
0/00%
Void main ()
8
  FILE *fd = topen ("ip72-+x+", 2+");
  yyin = td;
  yylex();
   Printf (1 /n");
   for (120; 12n; 14+) &
     for (1=0; 1 < n-1; 1++) &
        PM n# (2 11);
     4
     Printf( break; \n');
     for()=1; j2n-1; j++){
     2 printf (1 11);
     printly 310")
   4
```

3

```
if (x==1)
  if (y==2)
     Statement 1;
   else
     statement 2;
else
 18(Z==3)
     statement 3;
  else
     Statement 4;
output:
while (x == 1) &
  while ( H==2) {
    Statement 1;
    break;
  3
  while (y!=2) {
    Statement 2;
     break;
  break;
while (x b=1){
  while ( z == 3){
   Statement 3;
    break;
  while (21:3) }
    Statement 1;
     break:
  break;
```

```
convert a nosted if-else if considering of multiple
expressions into a single it-else if.
Code: -
% option noyywrap
% &
  #include < stdio.h>
  int i, n=0, j;
0/2
% %
13 \ ( , + \ ) {
  (f(n==0) {
     for (i= 0; i Lyyleng ~1; i++)
        Printf (1%c", yytext [i]);
    018e 8
     print+ ( 1 22 ");
     tor (1=3;1 Lyyleng-1;1++)
        printt (1 %c", yytexttis);
3
else. if 1 (+1) {
    n = 1;
    Printf (1 m/);
    for (1:0;1 < yyleng -1; 1++)
       printf(1% c", yytex+Eis);
z
```

```
print ( ) ) \n");
  1=0:
   while (yytex+till == \ 192 i kyyleng)
     1++;
    Printf (1 11);
    While (i Lyyleng) ?
       Printy (19, c", yytext[1]);
     3
3
 ,11n
9,%
void main ()
   44 n = topen (- inp+x+1, - x");
   yylex ();
 3
input. txt
if (a == 5 11 e == 5)
  îf(b== 2)
     Statement 1;
else "1 (c == 8)
  if (d = = 4)
     Statement 2:
output:
Îf (a == 1 11 e == 5 28 b == 2)
  statement 1;
elge if (c== 3 & 2 d== 4)
  statement 2;
```