Load Flow Analysis



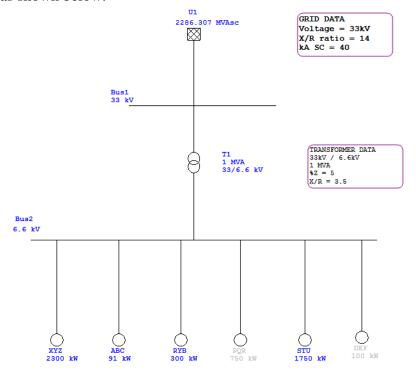
Transformer MVA sizing

Purpose and Description

The purpose of this section is to introduce the transformer sizing calculation.

Procedure

1. Drag and place grid, transformer and induction machine on OLV, connect them & enter the data as shown below.



Use below table to input Induction Motor Parameters.

Motor ID	kW Rating	C/I/S	% Load Factor	No of Poles	% Efficiency			%FL Slip	% PF			LRC %	LRC PF %
					100	75	50		100 %	75	50		
XYZ	2300	С	90	2	95	93	91	0.87	90	88	87	420	20
ABC	91	С	70	4	95	93	91	0.87	88	86	84	550	21
RYB	300	I	85	6	93	90	87	0.87	83	81	79	650	22
PQR	750	S	90	4	93	90	87	0.87	86	83	80	650	22
STU	1750	I	85	2	95	93	91	0.87	90	88	87	550	21
DEF	100	S	80	4	95	93	91	0.87	88	86	84	550	21

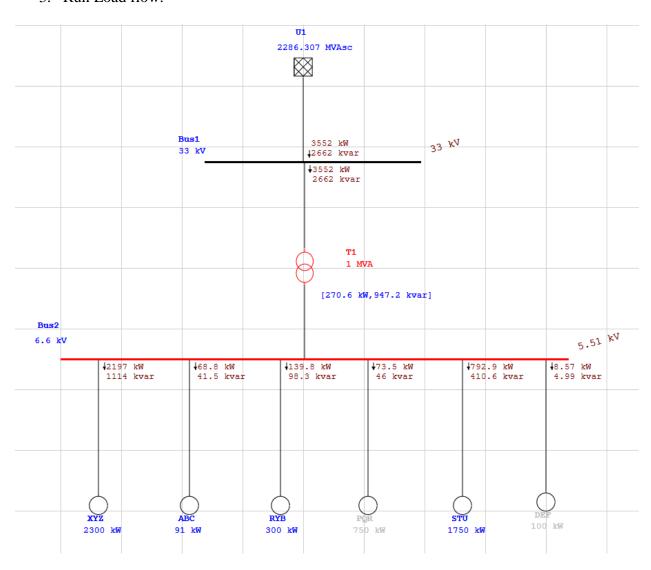


Load Flow Analysis

2. Enter the % demand factor in the Info page of Induction machine.

	Operating Status	Demand Factor in %
C	Continuous	100
Ι	Intermittent	50
S	Standby or Spare	10

3. Run Load flow.



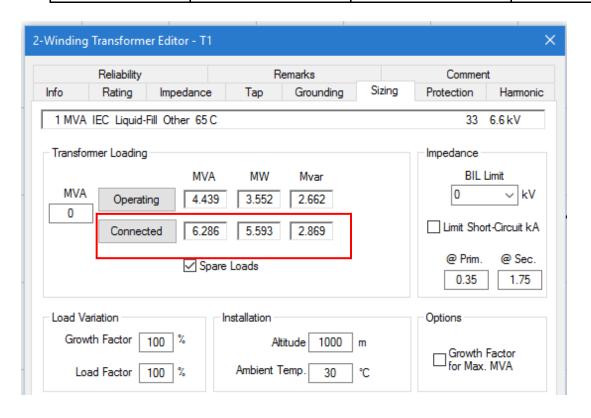
4. Double click on T1, go to Sizing page. Check the load connected to transformer.



Load Flow Analysis

Connected Load Calculation:

Input Data				%PF & % EFF considered for 100% LF			Continuous Load		Intermittent Load		Standby (Spare Load)	
Motor ID	kW Rated	C/I/S		LF	%PF @LF	%EFF @LF	kW=(kW _{rated} *LF) / %EFF	kvar= kW*tan(Ø)	kW=(kW _{rated} *LF) / %EFF	kvar= kW*tan(Ø)	kW=(kW _{rated} *LF) / %EFF	kvar= kW*tan(Ø)
			%	%	%	%						
XYZ	2300	С	100	100	90	95	2421.05	1172.57				
ABC	91	С	100	100	88	95	95.79	51.70				
RYB	300	I	50	100	83	93			322.58	216.78		
PQR	750	S	10	100	86	93					806.45	478.52
STU	1750	I	50	100	90	95			1842.11	892.17		
DEF	100	S	10	100	88	95					105.26	56.82
					Total Lo	oad	2516.84	1224.27	2164.69	1108.95	911.71	535.34
					iversity F	actor	1.00		1.00		1.00	
					otal Load Diversi		2516.84	1224.27	2164.69	1108.95	911.71	535.34
				NET CONNECTED			kVA		\mathbf{kW}		kvar	
			LOAD		6285.93		5593.24		2868.55			





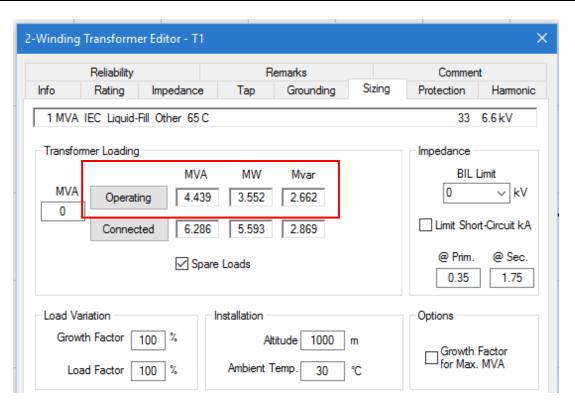


Operating Load Calculation:

%PF @LF= Forecasted value of power factor at the required LF by using appropriate tool and formulae.

%EFF @LF= Forecasted value of efficiency at the required LF by using appropriate tool and formulae.

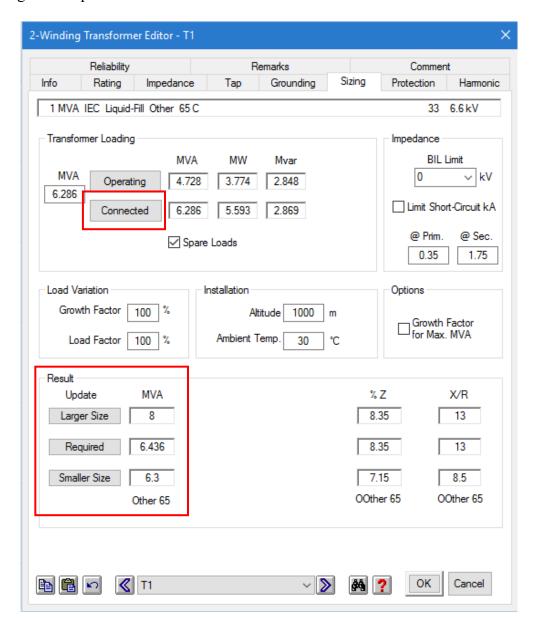
%PF & % EFF considered at given LF			Continuous 1	Load	Intermittent	Load	Standby (Spare Load)		
LF	%PF @LF	%EFF @LF	kW=(kWrated*LF) / %EFF@LF	kvar= kW*tan(Ø)	kW=(kWrated*LF) / %EFF@LF	kvar= kW*tan(Ø)	kW=(kWrated*LF) / %EFF@LF	kvar= kW*tan(Ø)	
%	%	%							
90	89.23	94.20	2197.45	1111.56					
70	85.60	92.60	68.79	41.55					
85	81.80	91.20			279.61	196.62			
90	84.80	91.80					735.29	459.56	
85	88.93	93.80			1585.82	815.37			
80	86.40	93.40					85.65	49.91	
	Total Load		2266.24	1153.10	1865.43	1011.98	820.95	509.47	
D	iversity Fac	tor	1.00		0.50		0.10		
Total L	oad After D	iversity	2266.24	1153.10	932.71	505.99	82.09	50.95	
NET CO	NNECTE	DIOAD	kVA		kW		kvar		
NET CONNECTED LOAD			3699.9	4	3281.0	5	1710.04		







5. Check the results for Required, Larger Size and Smaller Size for connected load by cliking on the option 'connected' as shown below.



6. Check the results for Required, Larger Size and Smaller Size for operating load by cliking on the option 'operating' as shown below.



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