```
1
    2
    3
 4
    //Heap sort
 5
    #include<bits/stdc++.h>
6
    using namespace std;
 7
    void build max heap(int [],int,int);
8
    void heap_sort(int[],int);
9
    void print array(int[],int);
    int main()
10
11
    {
12
        int total_size;
13
        cout<<"Enter the size of array \n";</pre>
14
        cin>>total size;
15
        cout<<"Enter the elements of array\n";</pre>
        int arr[total size];
16
17
        for(int i=0;i<total_size;i++)</pre>
18
        {
19
            cin>>arr[i];
20
        }
21
        cout<<"Array before \n";</pre>
22
        print_array(arr,total_size);
23
        heap_sort(arr,total_size);
24
        cout<<"Array after \n";</pre>
25
        print_array(arr,total_size);
26
     return 0;
27
    }
28
    void build_max_heap(int arr[],int total_size,int parent)//building max heap
29
30
        int largest = parent; //take parent as largest
        int left_child = 2*parent+1;// left child will be at (2*i+1)th position
31
        int right child = 2*parent+2;//right child will be at (2*i+2)th position
32
33
        //Note:: comparison is only for non leaf nodes because leaf nodes are already max heaps
34
35
        if(left_child<total_size && arr[largest]<arr[left_child])//First compare parent with its
        left child
36
        {
37
            largest = left_child;
        }
38
39
        if(right child<total size && arr[largest]<arr[right_child])//Second comparison for Largest</pre>
40
        to right child
41
        {
42
            largest = right_child;
43
44
        if(largest!=parent)//if current node is not max heap then swap with largest of its
        left/right children
45
        {
            swap(arr[parent],arr[largest]);
46
            build_max_heap(arr,total_size,largest);//call again for checking , current swapped node
47
            is following max heap condition or not
48
        }
49
50
    void heap_sort(int arr[],int total_size)
51
52
        for(int i=(total_size/2)-1;i>=0;i--)//leaf nodes are already sorted then comparison will be
        cone only for non leaf nodes
            //and for complete binary tree or heap tree there are total half of elements are non
53
            leaf nodes so comparison is going from size/2 to 1st element back
54
        {
55
            build_max_heap(arr,total_size,i);
56
57
        //now extract element one by one from heap
58
        for(int i=total_size-1;i>=0;i--)
59
```

```
60
              //move root to the end
61
              swap(arr[0],arr[i]);
62
63
              //call build_max_function on reduced heap
              build_max_heap(arr,i,0);
64
         }
65
66
     void print_array(int arr[],int total_size)
67
68
         for(int i=0;i<total_size;i++)</pre>
69
70
              cout<<arr[i]<<" ";</pre>
71
72
73
         cout<<endl;</pre>
74
     }
75
```