

Queue Solutions

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Solution 1:
Time Complexity: o(n)
Space Complexity: o(n)
import java.util.LinkedList;
import java.util.Queue;
public class Solution {
       static void generatePrintBinary(int n){
               Queue<String> q = new LinkedList<String>();
               q.add("1");
               while (n-->0) {
                      String s1 = q.peek();
                      q.remove();
                      System.out.println(s1);
                      String s2 = s1;
                      q.add(s1 + "0");
                      q.add(s2 + "1");
               }
       }
       public static void main(String[] args){
               int n = 10;
               generatePrintBinary(n);
       }
}
Solution 2:
Time Complexity: o(n)
Space Complexity: o(n)
import java.util.*;
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class Solution{
       static int minCost(int arr[], int n){
               PriorityQueue<Integer> pq
                       = new PriorityQueue<Integer>();
               for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                       pq.add(arr[i]);
               }
               int res = 0;
               while (pq.size() > 1) {
                       int first = pq.poll();
                       int second = pq.poll();
                       res += first + second;
                       pq.add(first + second);
               }
               return res;
       }
       public static void main(String args[]){
               int len[] = {4, 3, 2, 6};
               int size = len.length;
               System.out.println("Total cost for connecting"
                                               + "ropes is "
                                               + minCost(len, size));
       }
}
Solution 3:
Time Complexity: o(nlogn)
Space Complexity: o(n)
import java.util.*;
class Solution {
       static class Job {
               char job_id;
               int deadline;
               int profit;
```



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Job(char job_id, int deadline, int profit){
                this.deadline = deadline;
                this.job_id = job_id;
                this.profit = profit;
        }
}
static void printJobScheduling(ArrayList<Job> arr){
        int n = arr.size();
        Collections.sort(arr, (a, b) -> {
                return a.deadline - b.deadline;
        });
        ArrayList<Job> result = new ArrayList<>();
        PriorityQueue<Job> maxHeap = new PriorityQueue<>(
                (a, b) -> { return b.profit - a.profit; });
        for (int i = n - 1; i > -1; i--) {
                int slot_available;
                if (i == 0) {
                        slot_available = arr.get(i).deadline;
                else {
                        slot_available = arr.get(i).deadline
                                                        - arr.get(i - 1).deadline;
                maxHeap.add(arr.get(i));
                while (slot_available > 0
                        && maxHeap.size() > 0) {
                        Job job = maxHeap.remove();
                        slot_available--;
                        result.add(job);
                }
        }
        Collections.sort(result, (a, b) -> {
                return a.deadline - b.deadline;
        });
        for (Job job : result) {
                System.out.print(job.job_id + " ");
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}



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System.out.println();
       }
        public static void main(String[] args){
               ArrayList<Job> arr = new ArrayList<Job>();
               arr.add(new Job('a', 2, 100));
               arr.add(new Job('b', 1, 19));
               arr.add(new Job('c', 2, 27));
               arr.add(new Job('d', 1, 25));
               arr.add(new Job('e', 3, 15));
               System.out.println("Following is maximum "
                                               + "profit sequence of jobs");
               printJobScheduling(arr);
       }
}
Solution 4:
Time Complexity: o(n+k)
Space Complexity: o(k)
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
import java.util.*;
class Solution {
        static class cell {
               int x, y;
               int dis;
               public cell(int x, int y, int dis){
                       this.x = x;
                       this.y = y;
                       this.dis = dis;
```



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}
}
static boolean isInside(int x, int y, int N){
        if (x \ge 1 \&\& x \le N \&\& y \ge 1 \&\& y \le N)
                 return true;
        return false;
}
static int minStepToReachTarget(
        int knightPos[], int targetPos[],
        int N){
        int dx[] = \{ -2, -1, 1, 2, -2, -1, 1, 2 \};
        int dy[] = \{ -1, -2, -2, -1, 1, 2, 2, 1 \};
        Vector<cell> q = new Vector<>();
        q.add(new cell(knightPos[0], knightPos[1], 0));
        cell t;
        int x, y;
        boolean visit[][] = new boolean[N + 1][N + 1];
        visit[knightPos[0]][knightPos[1]] = true;
        while (!q.isEmpty()) {
                t = q.firstElement();
                q.remove(0);
                if (t.x == targetPos[0] \&\& t.y == targetPos[1])
                         return t.dis;
                for (int i = 0; i < 8; i++) {
                         x = t.x + dx[i];
                         y = t.y + dy[i];
                         if (isInside(x, y, N) && !visit[x][y]) {
                                 visit[x][y] = true;
                                 q.add(new cell(x, y, t.dis + 1));
                         }
                }
        return Integer.MAX_VALUE;
}
public static void main(String[] args){
        int N = 30;
```



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int knightPos[] = { 1, 1 };
               int targetPos[] = { 30, 30 };
               System.out.println(
                       minStepToReachTarget(
                               knightPos, targetPos, N));
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       }
Solution 5:
Time Complexity: o(n)
Space Complexity: o(k)
import java.util.Deque;
import java.util.LinkedList;
public class Solution {
  static void printMax(int arr[], int n, int k){
    Deque<Integer> Qi = new LinkedList<Integer>();
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < k; ++i) {
       while (!Qi.isEmpty() && arr[i] >=
                arr[Qi.peekLast()])
         Qi.removeLast();
       Qi.addLast(i);
    for (; i < n; ++i) {
       System.out.print(arr[Qi.peek()] + " ");
       while ((!Qi.isEmpty()) && Qi.peek() <=
                          i - k)
         Qi.removeFirst();
       while ((!Qi.isEmpty()) && arr[i] >=
                 arr[Qi.peekLast()])
         Qi.removeLast();
       Qi.addLast(i);
```

}

System.out.print(arr[Qi.peek()]);

}



```
public static void main(String[] args){
   int arr[] = { 12, 1, 78, 90, 57, 89, 56 };
   int k = 3;
   printMax(arr, arr.length, k);
}
```

