NYPD

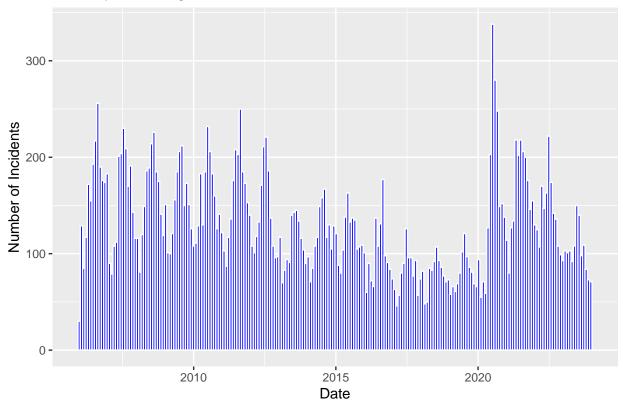
2024-04-30

```
url in <- "https://data.cityofnewyork.us/api/views/833y-fsy8/rows.csv?accessType=DOWNLOAD"
shooting_data <- read_csv(url_in)</pre>
## Rows: 28562 Columns: 21
## -- Column specification -
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (12): OCCUR DATE, BORO, LOC OF OCCUR DESC, LOC CLASSFCTN DESC, LOCATION...
        (7): INCIDENT_KEY, PRECINCT, JURISDICTION_CODE, X_COORD_CD, Y_COORD_CD...
## dbl
## lgl
        (1): STATISTICAL MURDER FLAG
## time (1): OCCUR_TIME
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.
## Cleaning Data
shooting_data <- shooting_data %>%
 rename_all(tolower) %>%
 rename(date_of_incident = occur_date, time_of_incident = occur_time) %>%
 mutate(date_of_incident = mdy(date_of_incident),
        time_of_incident = hms(time_of_incident),
        latitude = as.numeric(latitude),
        longitude = as.numeric(longitude)) %>%
 filter(!is.na(date_of_incident))
glimpse(shooting_data)
## Rows: 28,562
## Columns: 21
## $ incident_key
                            <dbl> 244608249, 247542571, 84967535, 202853370, 270~
## $ date_of_incident
                            <date> 2022-05-05, 2022-07-04, 2012-05-27, 2019-09-2~
## $ time_of_incident
                            <Period> 10M OS, 22H 20M OS, 19H 35M OS, 21H OM OS, ~
## $ boro
                            <chr> "MANHATTAN", "BRONX", "QUEENS", "BRONX", "BROO~
## $ loc_of_occur_desc
                            <chr> "INSIDE", "OUTSIDE", NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA
## $ precinct
                            <dbl> 14, 48, 103, 42, 83, 23, 113, 77, 48, 49, 73, ~
## $ jurisdiction_code
                            <dbl> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0~
                            <chr> "COMMERCIAL", "STREET", NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA~
## $ loc_classfctn_desc
## $ location desc
                            <chr> "VIDEO STORE", "(null)", NA, NA, NA, "MULTI DW~
## $ statistical_murder_flag <1gl> TRUE, TRUE, FALSE, FALSE, FALSE, FALSE, TRUE, ~
                            <chr> "25-44", "(null)", NA, "25-44", "25-44", NA, N~
## $ perp_age_group
                            <chr> "M", "(null)", NA, "M", "M", NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, "~
## $ perp_sex
                            <chr> "BLACK", "(null)", NA, "UNKNOWN", "BLACK", NA,~
## $ perp_race
                            <chr> "25-44", "18-24", "18-24", "25-44", "25-44", "~
## $ vic_age_group
```

\$ vic_sex

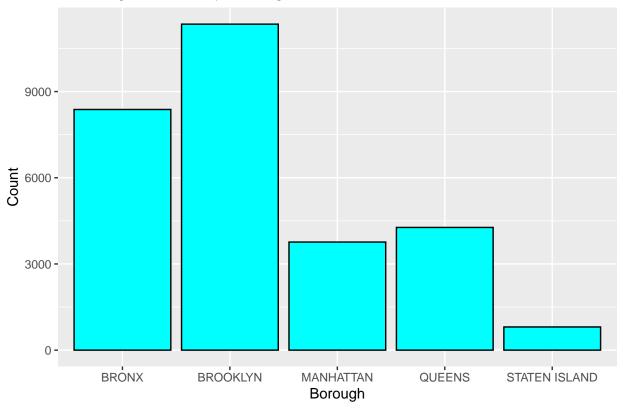
```
<chr> "BLACK", "BLACK", "BLACK", "BLACK", "BLACK", "~
## $ vic race
                          <dbl> 986050, 1016802, 1048632, 1014493, 1009149, 99~
## $ x_coord_cd
                          <dbl> 214231.0, 250581.0, 198262.0, 242565.0, 190104~
## $ y coord cd
                          <dbl> 40.75469, 40.85440, 40.71063, 40.83242, 40.688~
## $ latitude
## $ longitude
                          <dbl> -73.99350, -73.88233, -73.76777, -73.89071, -7~
## $ lon lat
                           <chr> "POINT (-73.9935 40.754692)", "POINT (-73.8823~
## Data Analysis
summary_stats <- shooting_data %>%
 group_by(boro) %>%
 summarise(total_incidents = n(),
           murders = sum(statistical_murder_flag, na.rm = TRUE))
summary_stats
## # A tibble: 5 x 3
##
    boro
          total_incidents murders
##
   <chr>
                           <int>
                                   <int>
## 1 BRONX
                             8376
                                     1634
## 2 BROOKLYN
                                   2210
                           11346
## 3 MANHATTAN
                             3762
                                      672
## 4 QUEENS
                             4271
                                      840
## 5 STATEN ISLAND
                              807
                                      170
shooting_data_summary <- shooting_data %>%
  group_by(date_of_incident) %>%
 summarise(total_incidents = n(), .groups = 'drop')
shooting_data_summary
## # A tibble: 6,095 x 2
##
     date_of_incident total_incidents
##
      <date>
                                <int>
## 1 2006-01-01
                                    8
## 2 2006-01-02
                                    4
## 3 2006-01-03
                                    4
## 4 2006-01-04
## 5 2006-01-05
## 6 2006-01-06
## 7 2006-01-07
                                   2
## 8 2006-01-08
## 9 2006-01-09
                                    9
## 10 2006-01-10
## # i 6,085 more rows
## Time series of incidents
shooting_data %>%
 ggplot(aes(x = date_of_incident)) +
  geom_histogram(binwidth = 30, fill = "blue", color = "white") +
 labs(title = "Monthly Shooting Incidents", x = "Date", y = "Number of Incidents")
```

Monthly Shooting Incidents



```
## Incidents by borough
shooting_data %>%
    ggplot(aes(x = factor(boro))) +
    geom_bar(fill = "cyan", color = "black") +
    labs(title = "Shooting Incidents by Borough", x = "Borough", y = "Count")
```

Shooting Incidents by Borough



```
## Linear model predicting incidents based on time
model <- lm(total_incidents ~ month(date_of_incident) + year(date_of_incident), data = shooting_data_sus
summary(model)</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = total_incidents ~ month(date_of_incident) + year(date_of_incident),
##
      data = shooting_data_summary)
##
## Residuals:
##
     Min
             1Q Median
                           3Q
## -4.909 -2.473 -0.883 1.514 42.751
##
## Coefficients:
##
                            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                          175.869995 17.320042 10.154 < 2e-16 ***
## month(date_of_incident) 0.093292
                                       0.013200
                                                 7.068 1.75e-12 ***
## year(date_of_incident) -0.085284
                                       0.008598 -9.919 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
\#\# Residual standard error: 3.512 on 6092 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.02375,
                                   Adjusted R-squared: 0.02343
## F-statistic: 74.11 on 2 and 6092 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

Bias Discussion

- #-Reporting Bias: Differences in reporting due to location, time, and victim/witness reluctance.
- # Selection Bias: Over / under representation of certain incident types.
- # Geographical Bias: Variance in reporting intensity across different areas.
- # Outcome Bias: More complete data for cases with severe outcomes.
- # Perpetrator and Victim Bias: Categorization biases based on race, age, or gender.
- # Data Entry and Classification Bias: Errors in documentation affecting data accuracy.