Big data analytics tools

1. Discovery Phase:

- Tools:
 - **Tableau:** Enables exploration and visualization of data for initial insights.
 - **QlikView:** Allows interactive data discovery and visualization.
 - Google Analytics: Provides insights into website and app usage.

2. Data Preparation Phase:

- Tools:
 - **Trifacta:** Assists in cleaning and preparing raw data for analysis.
 - Pandas (Python library): Used for data manipulation and cleaning.
 - **OpenRefine:** Helps clean and transform messy data.

3. Model Planning Phase:

- Tools:
 - **KNIME:** Supports the creation of data science workflows for model planning.
 - Alteryx: Provides a platform for data blending and advanced analytics.

4. Model Building Phase:

- Machine Learning Frameworks:
 - Scikit-learn (Python): Offers a variety of machine learning algorithms.
 - **TensorFlow and PyTorch:** Deep learning frameworks for neural network-based models.
 - **RapidMiner:** An open-source platform for data science and machine learning.
- AutoML Tools:
 - **H2O.ai:** Automates machine learning model selection and tuning.
 - **DataRobot:** Provides automated machine learning for model building.
- Big Data Tools:

- **MLlib** (**Spark**): Part of Apache Spark, it offers scalable machine learning algorithms.
- **MLflow:** An open-source platform to manage the end-to-end machine learning lifecycle.

5. Communication of Results Phase:

- Tools:
 - **Tableau:** Used for creating interactive and shareable dashboards.
 - **Microsoft Power BI:** Allows creating reports and dashboards for effective communication.
- Presentation Tools:
 - Microsoft PowerPoint: Used for presenting findings and insights.
 - **Google Slides:** A cloud-based alternative for creating and sharing presentations.

6. **Operationalization Phase:**

- Tools:
 - Apache Airflow: Automates and orchestrates complex data workflows, including model deployment.
 - Docker and Kubernetes: Used for containerization and orchestration of deployed models.
 - **AWS SageMaker or Azure ML:** Cloud-based platforms for deploying and managing machine learning models.

Tools Used Across Multiple Phases:

- **Python:** Used in various phases for data preparation, model planning, and building.
- **Jupyter Notebooks:** Provides an interactive environment for writing code, making it versatile across different phases.
- **SQL:** Used for data preparation and exploration, especially in the initial stages of discovery.

Explanation of a Tool: Tableau (Discovery and Communication of Results Phases):

- **Description:** Tableau is a powerful data visualization and business intelligence tool.
- Discovery Phase:

• *Working:* Analysts connect to various data sources, explore data using drag-and-drop features, and create interactive dashboards for initial insights. Tableau allows users to quickly visualize patterns and trends in the data.

• Communication of Results Phase:

• Working: After the analysis, Tableau is used to create visually appealing and interactive dashboards, reports, and presentations. The tool facilitates effective communication of the findings to both technical and non-technical stakeholders, aiding in decision-making