

Mutability killed me, Immutability saved me

La mutabilité m'a tué, l'immuabilité m'a sauvé



Who I am?

Sadetdin EYILI

- <https://github.com/sad270>
- <https://twitter.com/SadEYILI>

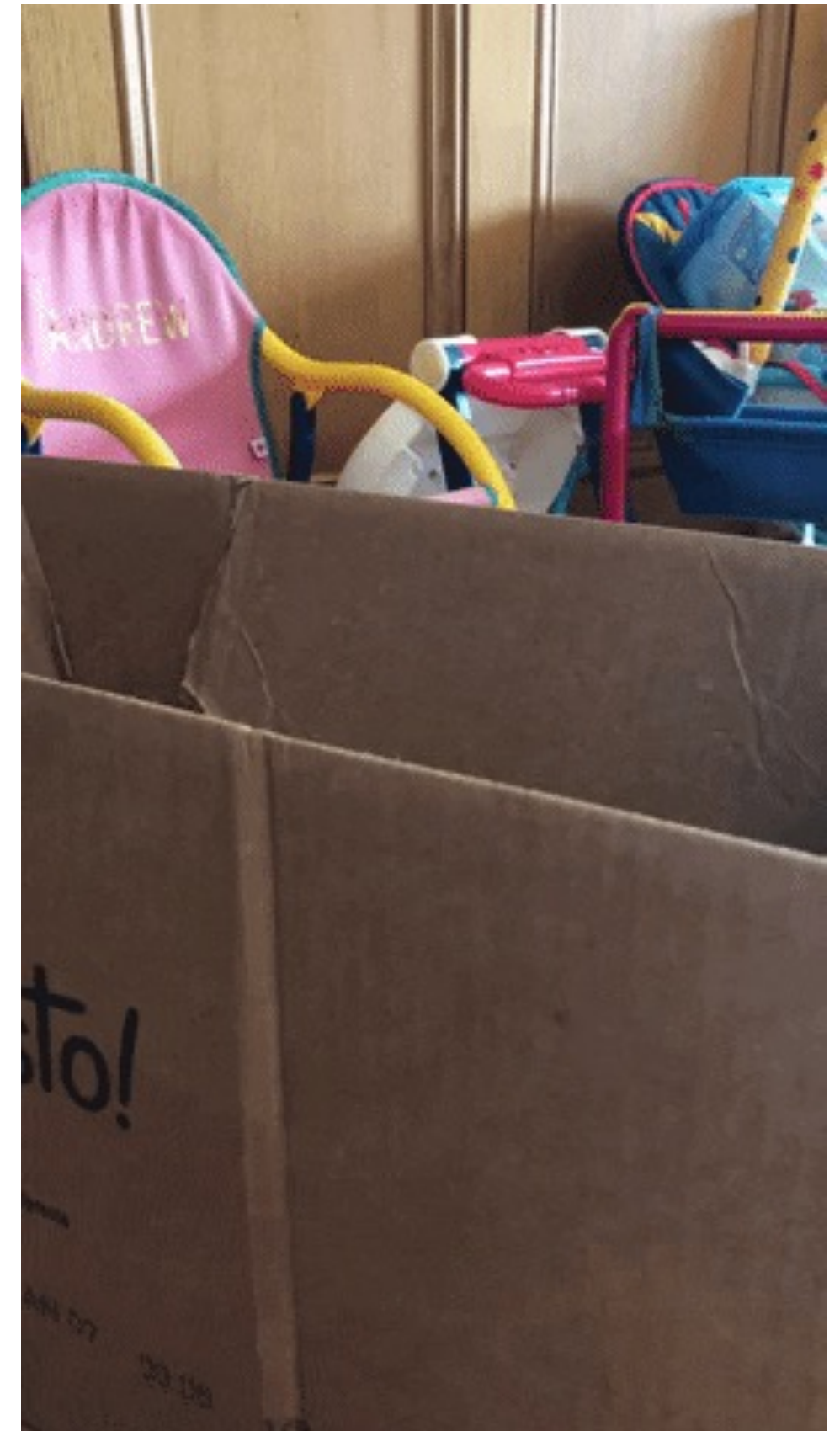
Initial commit

- Learned web development with my cousin
- Our first project: a website

Last commit

- PHP engineer at ekino
- I have 2 ducks
- I'm presenting my first conference

Join ekino if you want to listen stories about my family, my ducks or Yvan (my car)





Why am I here?

Why am I here?

To share with you my experience with immutable objects.





Immuwhat?

Immutable object

In object-oriented and functional programming, an immutable object (unchangeable object) is an object whose state cannot be modified after it is created. This is in contrast to a mutable object (changeable object), which can be modified after it is created.

Wikipedia

*« cannot be modified
after it is created »*



What is the goal of this?

Why would we want to have an object that can't be modified?

Is it a constant?

WTF?

Why?

Gne...

I don't understand...




Why am I here?

Why am I here?

To share with you my experience **WITHOUT** immutable objects.

DISCLAIMER

- This conference is a reconstruction of facts that happened in a real project
- Confidentiality is preserved 
- Creativity and imagination!



**Imagine a ~~world~~
feature without
immutability**

Let's code together a simple feature

We want **Events** with:

Start date

Duration

Recurrence

Parent event (optional)

11

We want a **cronjob** to renew these events

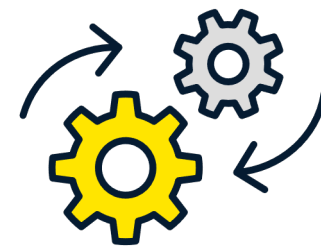
We want to **renew** them without knowing when we renew them.



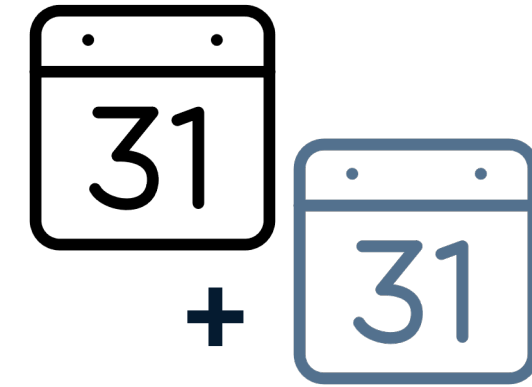
Let's code together a simple feature



Original event

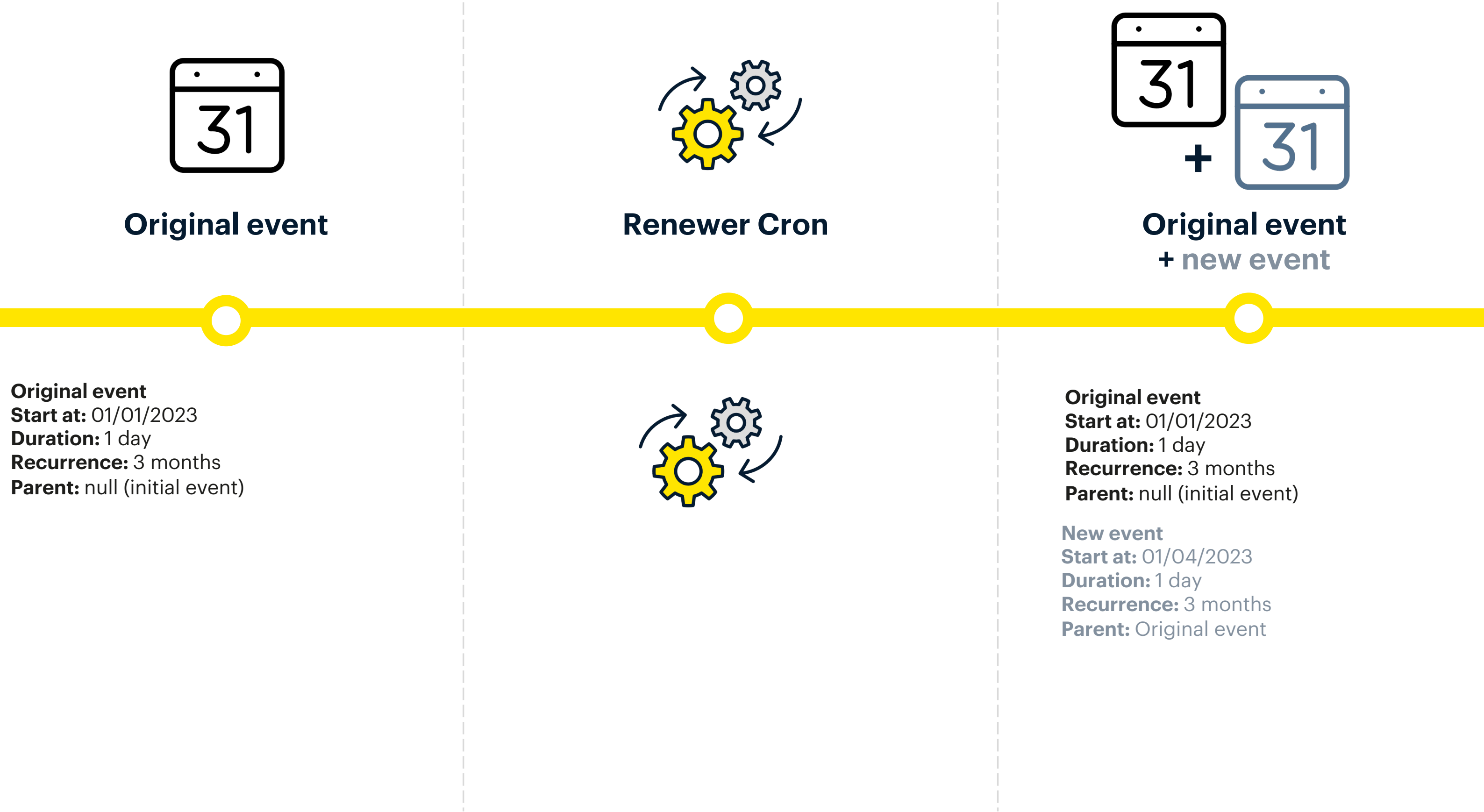


Renewer Cron



Original event
+ new event

Let's code together a simple feature



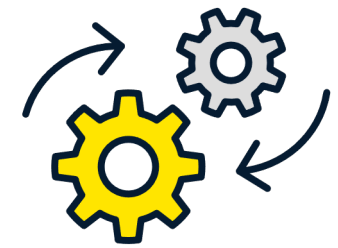
```
class RecurrentEvent
{
    public function __construct(
        public \DateTime $startAt,
        public \DateInterval $duration,
        public \DateInterval $recurrenceInterval,
        public ?RecurrentEvent $parentEvent = null,
    ) {
    }
}
```

```
$event = new RecurrentEvent(
    new \DateTime(),
    new \DateInterval('P1D'),
    new \DateInterval('P3M'),
);
```



Constructor property promotion – php.net

```
class CronCommand {  
    public function renewEvents(array $events) {  
        foreach ($events as $parentEvent) {  
            $newEvent = $this->renew($parentEvent);  
            $this->save($newEvent);  
        }  
    }  
  
    private function renew(RecurrentEvent $parentEvent): RecurrentEvent {  
        return new RecurrentEvent(  
            $parentEvent->startAt->add($parentEvent->recurrenceInterval),  
            $parentEvent->duration,  
            $parentEvent->recurrenceInterval,  
            $parentEvent,  
        );  
    }  
}
```



- ☑ Check the new event dates are OK!
- ☑ Deploy!
- ☑ Client said it works
- ☑ Client is happy
- ☑ I am happy
- ☑ We are happy!



- ☑ Check the new event dates are OK!
- ☑ Deploy!
- ☑ Client said it works
- ☑ Client is happy
- ☑ I am happy
- ☑ We are happy!

... Few days later ...

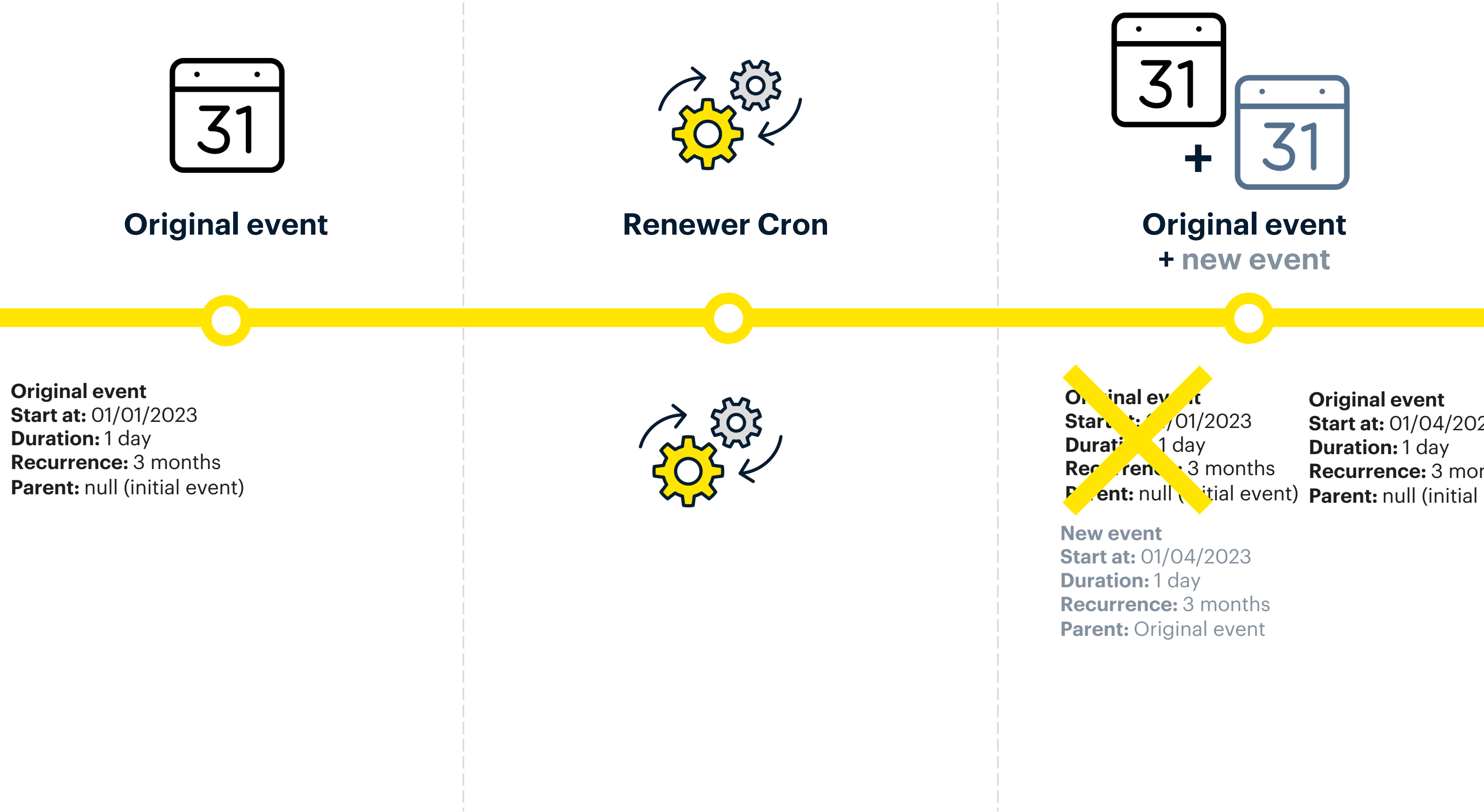
Client is not happy!

Client's old events dates have changed!

WHAT? But how?



Let's debug a simple feature



***« Objects are passed
by reference by default » ****



* It's not completely true! But it's not the subject! [php.net](https://www.php.net)

```
class CronCommand {  
    public function renewEvents(array $events) {  
        foreach ($events as $parentEvent) {  
            $newEvent = $this->renew($parentEvent);  
            $this->save($newEvent);  
        }  
    }  
}
```

1

Send parent event to
"renew" method

```
private function renew(RecurrentEvent $parentEvent): RecurrentEvent {  
    return new RecurrentEvent(  
        $parentEvent->startAt->add($parentEvent->recurrenceInterval),  
        $parentEvent->duration,  
        $parentEvent->recurrenceInterval,  
        $parentEvent,  
    );  
}
```

2

Parent event is "passed
by reference"

DateTime::add

date_add

(PHP 5 >= 5.3.0, PHP 7, PHP 8)

DateTime::add -- date_add — Modifies a DateTime object, with added amount of days, months, years, hours, minutes and seconds

Return Values

Returns the modified [DateTime](#) object for method chaining.

[php.net](https://www.php.net)

```
class CronCommand {  
    public function renewEvents(array $events) {  
        foreach ($events as $parentEvent) {  
            $newEvent = $this->renew($parentEvent);  
            $this->save($newEvent);  
        }  
    }  
}
```

1

Send parent event to
"renew" method

```
private function renew(RecurrentEvent $parentEvent): RecurrentEvent {  
    return new RecurrentEvent(  
        $parentEvent->startAt->add($parentEvent->recurrenceInterval),  
        $parentEvent->duration,  
        $parentEvent->recurrenceInterval,  
        $parentEvent,  
    );  
}
```

2

Parent event is "passed
by reference"

3

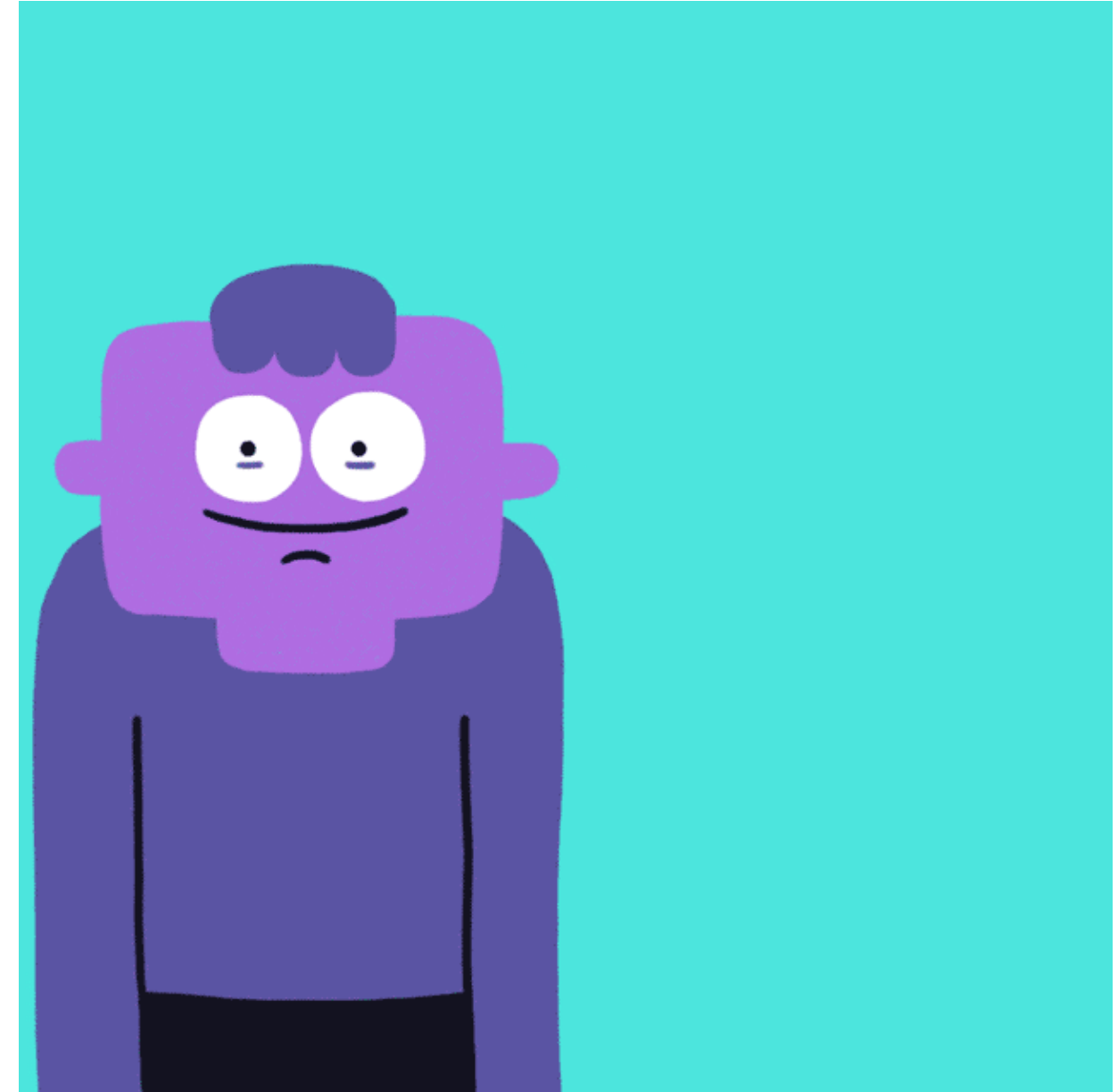
We modify the parent
event startAt and set the
new event startAt, at the
same time.



**Imagine a world
bugfix without
immutability**

How to fix it fastly?

One word “clone”




```
class CronCommand {  
    public function renewEvents(array $events) {  
        foreach ($events as $parentEvent) {  
            $newEvent = $this->renew($parentEvent);  
            $this->save($newEvent);  
        }  
    }  
}
```

1

Send parent event to
"renew" method

```
private function renew(RecurrentEvent $parentEvent): RecurrentEvent {
```

2

Parent event is "passed
by reference"

```
    $clonedParentStartAt = clone $parentEvent->startAt;
```

3

Clone

```
    return new RecurrentEvent(  
        $clonedParentStartAt->add($parentEvent->recurrenceInterval),  
        $parentEvent->duration,  
        $parentEvent->recurrenceInterval,  
        $parentEvent,  
    );  
}
```

4

Modify the clone

How to fix it fastly?

One word “clone”

- Easy and fast
- But not the real solution



Why it's not the real solution?

- Display event's end date?

Why it's not the real solution?

- Display event's end date?

```
echo $event->startAt->add($event->duration)->format("Y-m-d H:i:s");
```

Why it's not the real solution?

- Display event's end date? Clone

```
echo $event->startAt->add($event->duration)->format("Y-m-d H:i:s");
```

```
$clonedStartAt = clone $event->startAt;  
echo $clonedStartAt->add($event->recurrenceInterval)->format("Y-m-d H:i:s");
```

Why it's not the real solution?

- Display event's end date? Clone
- Display next event end date, without renewing it? **Clone**
- Check if event A start in following 3 days after event B? **CLONE**



Why it's not the real solution?

- Display event's end date? Clone
- Display next event end date, without renewing it? **Clone**
- Check if event A start in following 3 days after event B? **CLONE**
- *Lorem?* CLONE
- *Ipsum?* CLONE
- *Foo?* CLONE
- *Bar?* CLONE

Side effects ~~CLONE!~~



What is the real solution?

What is the real issue?

When I renew my events, it modifies the start date of the original event



What is the real solution?

What is the real issue?

~~When I renew my events, it modifies the start date of the original event~~

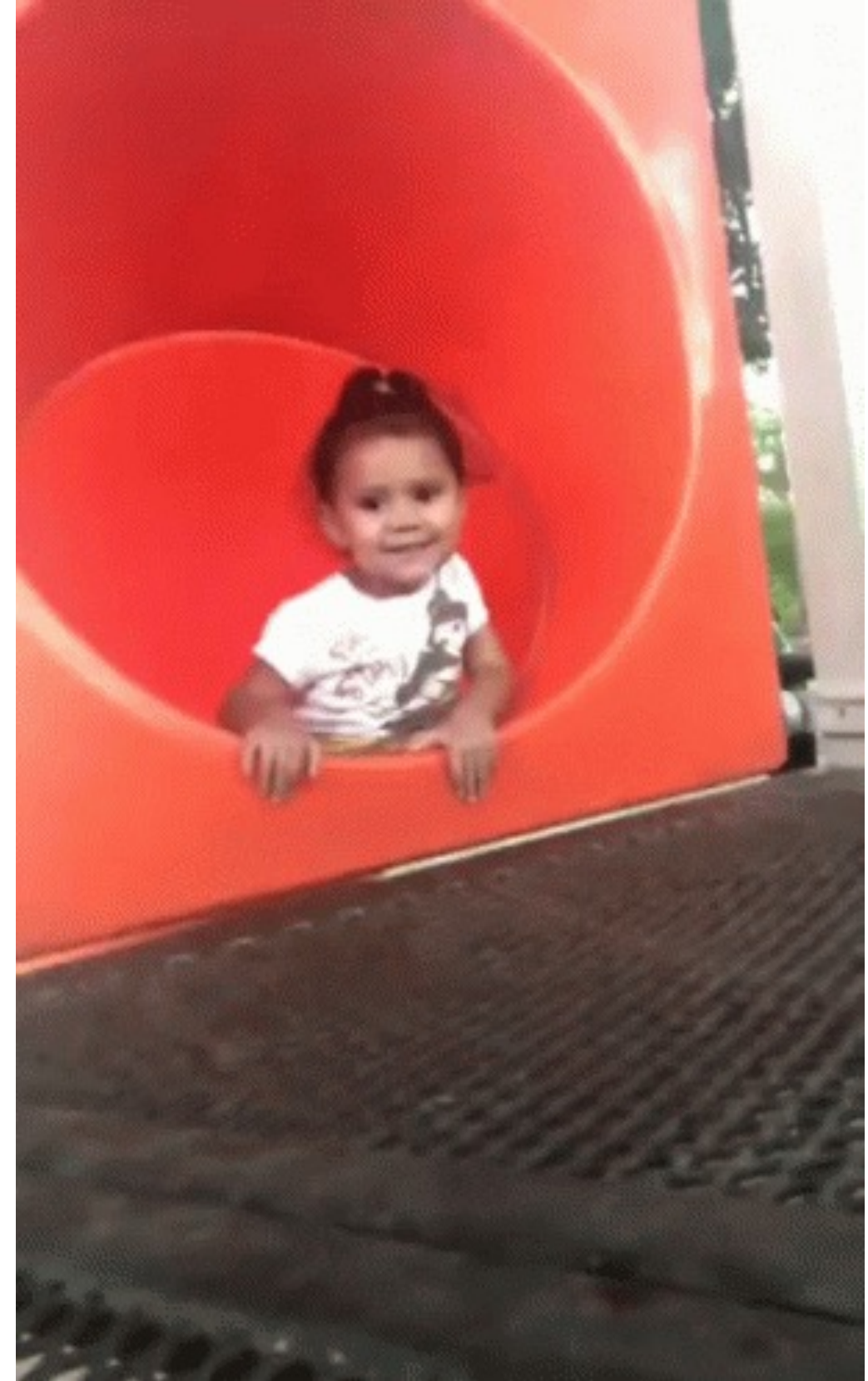
When I do some operations on my start date, it modifies my date



What is the real solution ?
One word “Immutability”



But... I left the project 😞





How I met ~~your mother~~ immutability

ekino - 2021

- Internal talks
 - Learn new subject
 - Increase teammates knowledge
 - Learn to be a speaker
- List of interesting subjects
 - “Immutable object”

How I learn immutability?

- Wikipedia... I didn't understand
- Listen other talks, conferences... partially understand, but "WHY" we need it?

My immutability talk = Background task with low priority

- Immutability is complex
- Need to focus on my project





How I met ~~your mother~~ immutability

Season 2

ekino - 2021

- Internal talks
 - Learn new subject
 - Increase teammates knowledge
 - Learn to be a speaker
- List of interesting subject
 - “Immutable object”

40

ekino - 2022

- Looking for a subject for an article
 - *“You can write on Immutability for example”*
 - What? How did they know? Why is this subject haunting me?
 - Immutability is too complex!

ekino - 2021

- Internal talks
 - Learn new subject
 - Increase teammate knowledge
 - Learn to be a speaker
- List of interesting subject
 - “Immutable object”
- Listen to talks, watch conferences, read articles
- Talking with colleagues (they are really cool !)
- Following ekino’s best practices
- And practice a lot
- I learned immutability, but I didn’t know I learned

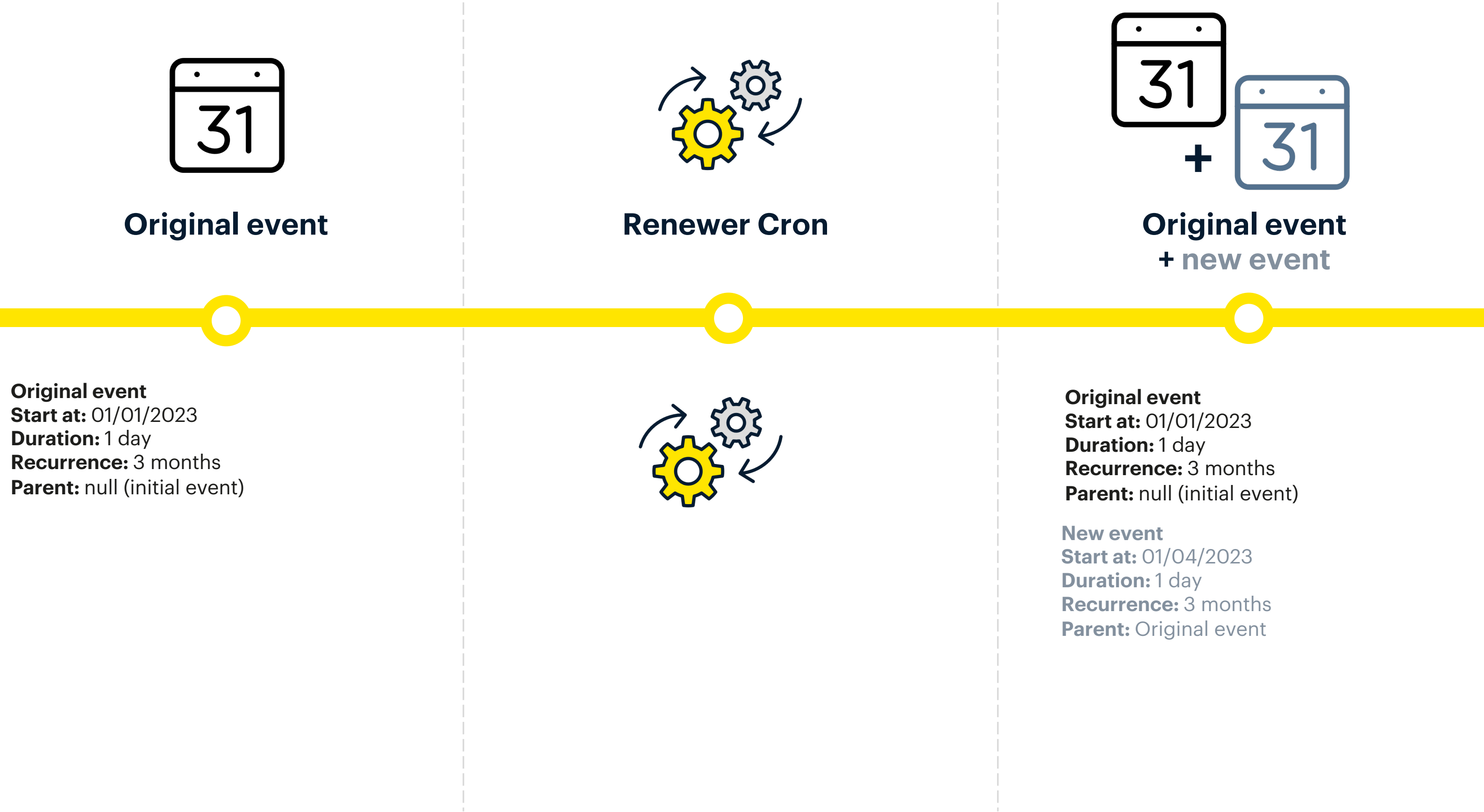
ekino - 2022

- Looking for a subject for an article



**Imagine a ~~world~~
feature with
immutable data**

Let's code together a simple feature



Same code, only one change

Replace DateTime by DateTimeImmutable



The DateTimeImmutable class

(PHP 5 >= 5.5.0, PHP 7, PHP 8)

Introduction

Representation of date and time.

This class behaves the same as [DateTime](#) except new objects are returned when modification methods such as [DateTime::modify\(\)](#) are called.

php.net

DateTimeImmutable::add

(PHP 5 >= 5.5.0, PHP 7, PHP 8)

`DateTimeImmutable::add` — Returns a new object, with added amount of days, months, years, hours, minutes and seconds

php.net

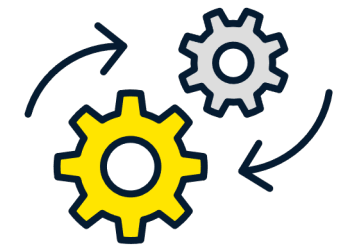


```
class RecurrentEvent
{
    public function __construct(
        public \DateTimeImmutable $startAt,
        public \DateInterval $duration,
        public \DateInterval $recurrenceInterval,
        public ?RecurrentEvent $parentEvent = null,
    ) {
    }
}
```

```
$event = new RecurrentEvent(
    new \DateTimeImmutable(),
    new \DateInterval('P1D'),
    new \DateInterval('P3M'),
);
```



```
class CronCommand {  
    public function renewEvents(array $events) {  
        foreach ($events as $parentEvent) {  
            $newEvent = $this->renew($parentEvent);  
            $this->save($newEvent);  
        }  
    }  
  
    private function renew(RecurrentEvent $parentEvent): RecurrentEvent {  
        return new RecurrentEvent(  
            $parentEvent->startAt->add($parentEvent->recurrenceInterval),  
            $parentEvent->duration,  
            $parentEvent->recurrenceInterval,  
            $parentEvent,  
        );  
    }  
}
```



Is it the real solution?

- Display event's end date?

```
echo $event->startAt->add($event->duration)->format("Y-m-d H:i:s");
```





**Imagine a ~~world~~
feature with
immutable object**

DateTime === object

DateTime Behaviour === object behaviour

Side effects on DateTime === side effects with objects

We need immutable DateTime === we need immutable objects



Lets upgrade our project and add more features



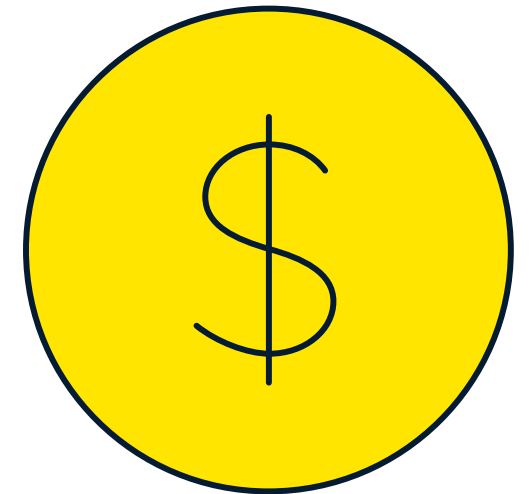
Lets upgrade our project and add more features

- We need paid events!
- Events are international, we need to manage different currencies

We will use a value object



```
class Price {  
    public function __construct(  
        public int $value,  
        public Currency $currency, // enum  
        public int $precision = 6,  
    ) {  
    }  
}
```

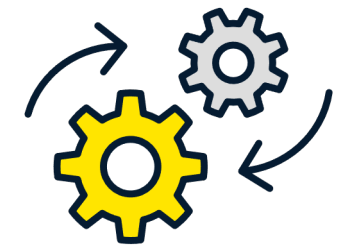


```
class RecurrentEvent
{
    public function __construct(
        public \DateTimeImmutable $startAt,
        public \DateInterval $duration,
        public \DateInterval $recurrenceInterval,
        public Price $price,
        public ?RecurrentEvent $parentEvent = null,
    ) {
    }
}
```

```
$event = new RecurrentEvent(
    new \DateTimeImmutable(),
    new \DateInterval('P1D'),
    new \DateInterval('P3M'),
    new Price(12, Currency::Euro),
);
```




```
class CronCommand {  
    public function renewEvents(array $events) {  
        foreach ($events as $parentEvent) {  
            $newEvent = $this->renew($parentEvent);  
            $this->save($newEvent);  
        }  
    }  
  
    private function renew(RecurrentEvent $parentEvent): RecurrentEvent {  
        return new RecurrentEvent(  
            $parentEvent->startAt->add($parentEvent->recurrenceInterval),  
            $parentEvent->duration,  
            $parentEvent->recurrenceInterval,  
            $parentEvent->price,  
            $parentEvent,  
        );  
    }  
}
```



I said MORE money!

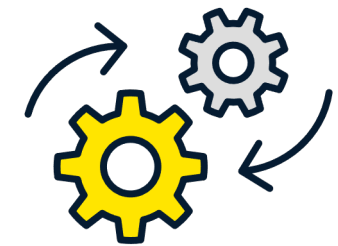


Lets upgrade our project and add **MORE** money!

- We need paid events!
- Events are international, we need to manage different currencies
- Increase prices when renewing an event



```
class CronCommand {  
    public function renewEvents(array $events) {  
        foreach ($events as $parentEvent) {  
            $newEvent = $this->renew($parentEvent);  
            $newEvent->price->value++;  
            $this->save($newEvent);  
        }  
    }  
  
    private function renew(RecurrentEvent $parentEvent): RecurrentEvent {  
        return new RecurrentEvent(  
            $parentEvent->startAt->add($parentEvent->recurrenceInterval),  
            $parentEvent->duration,  
            $parentEvent->recurrenceInterval,  
            $parentEvent->price,  
            $parentEvent,  
        );  
    }  
}
```

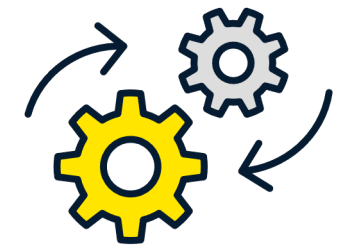


Wasted

```
class CronCommand {  
    public function renewEvents(array $events) {  
        foreach ($events as $parentEvent) {  
            $newEvent = $this->renew($parentEvent);  
            $newEvent->price->value++;  
            $this->save($newEvent);  
        }  
    }  
  
    private function renew(RecurrentEvent $parentEvent): RecurrentEvent {  
        return new RecurrentEvent(  
            $parentEvent->startAt->add($parentEvent->recurrenceInterval),  
            $parentEvent->duration,  
            $parentEvent->recurrenceInterval,  
            $parentEvent->price,  
            $parentEvent,  
        );  
    }  
}
```

2

Increment new event
price AND parent price

**1**

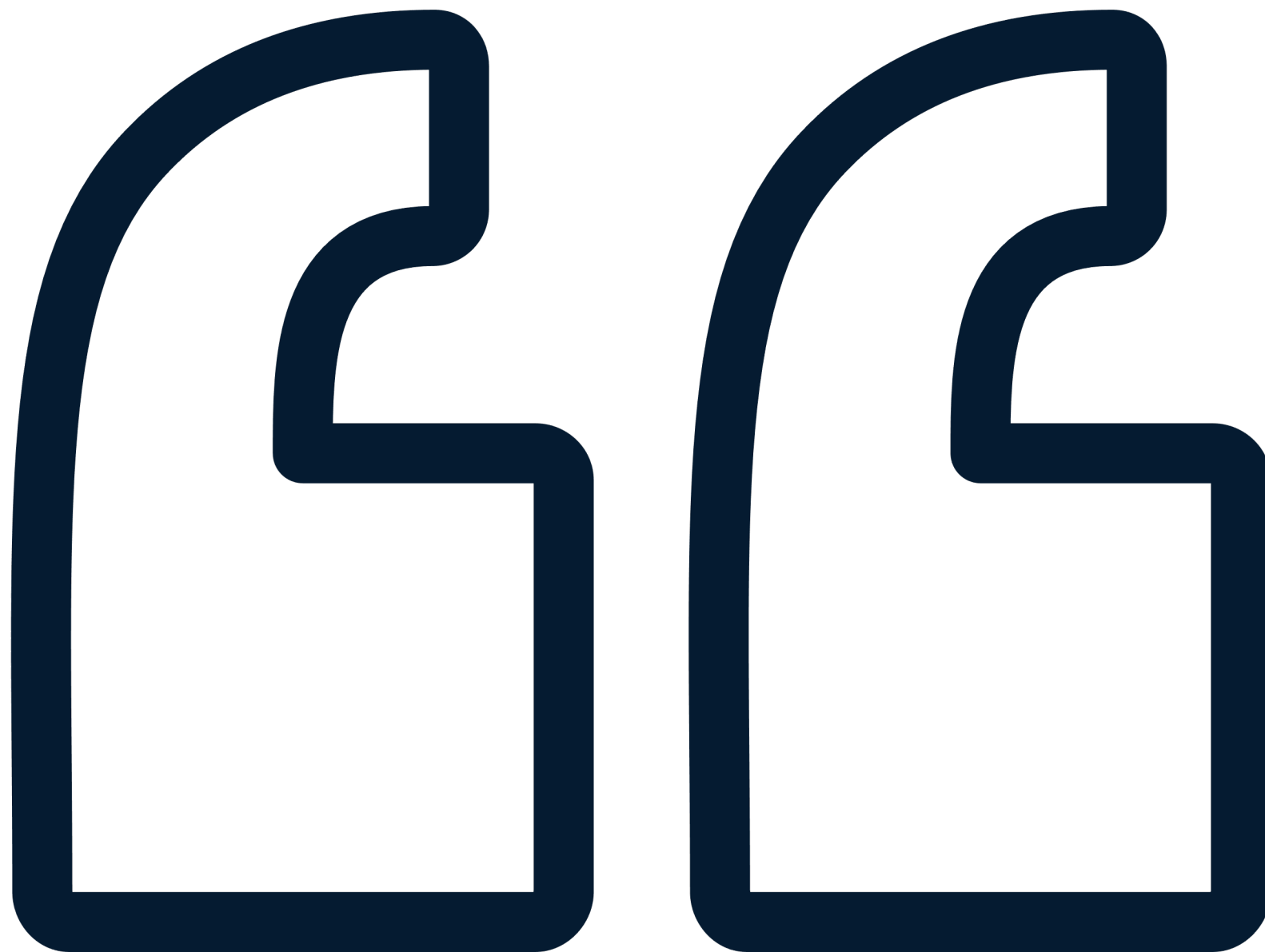
Send parent price to
_construct method "by
reference"

How to fix it?

- Clone? (X)
- Immutability? (✓)



**Imagine a ~~world~~
bugfix with
immutability**



Immuwhat?

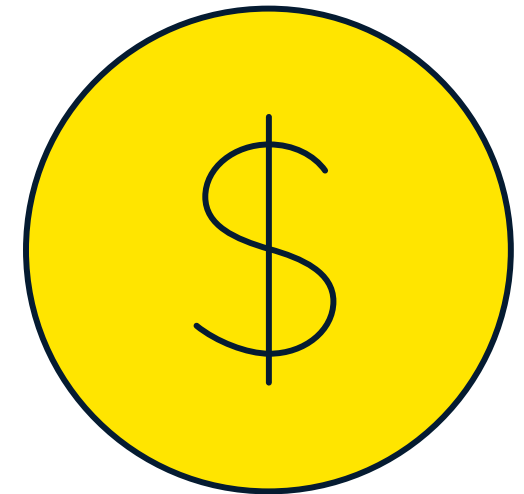
Immutable object

In object-oriented and functional programming, an immutable object (unchangeable object) is an object whose state cannot be modified after it is created. This is in contrast to a mutable object (changeable object), which can be modified after it is created.

Wikipedia

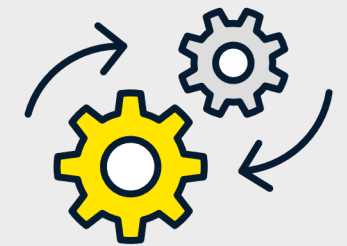

```
readonly class Price {  
    public function __construct(  
        public int $value,  
        public Currency $currency, // enum  
        public int $precision = 6,  
    ) {  
    }  
}
```

Readonly !== immutable




```
class CronCommand {
    public function renewEvents(array $events) {
        foreach ($events as $parentEvent) {
            $newEvent = $this->renew($parentEvent);
            $newEvent->price = new Price($newEvent->price->value + 1, $newEvent->price->currency, $newEvent->price->precision);
            $this->save($newEvent);
        }
    }

    private function renew(RecurrentEvent $parentEvent): RecurrentEvent {
        return new RecurrentEvent(
            $parentEvent->startAt->add($parentEvent->recurrenceInterval),
            $parentEvent->duration,
            $parentEvent->recurrenceInterval,
            $parentEvent->price,
            $parentEvent,
        );
    }
}
```

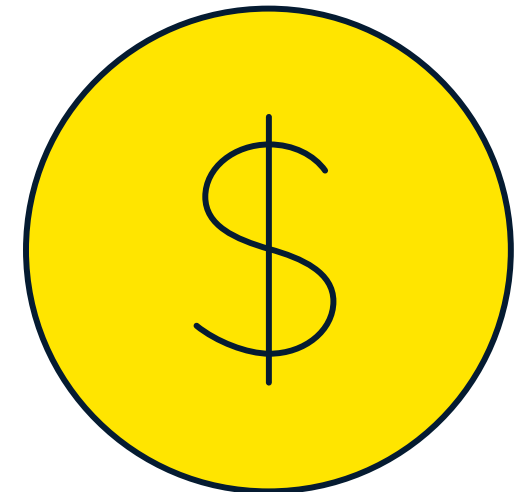


Your solution is UGLY, where is the DX?

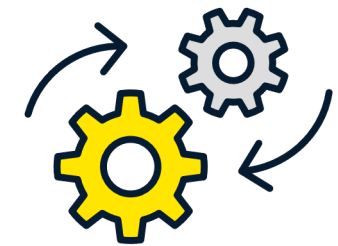
- “Getters”, “Setters” and now “Withers”



```
readonly class Price {  
    public function __construct(  
        public int $value,  
        public Currency $currency, // enum  
        public int $precision = 6,  
    ) {  
    }  
  
    public function withValue(int $value): self {  
        return new self($value, $this->currency, $this->precision);  
    }  
  
    public function withCurrency(Currency $currency): self {  
        return new self($this->value, $currency, $this->precision);  
    }  
  
    public function withPrecision(int $precision): self {  
        return new self($this->value, $this->currency, $precision);  
    }  
}
```

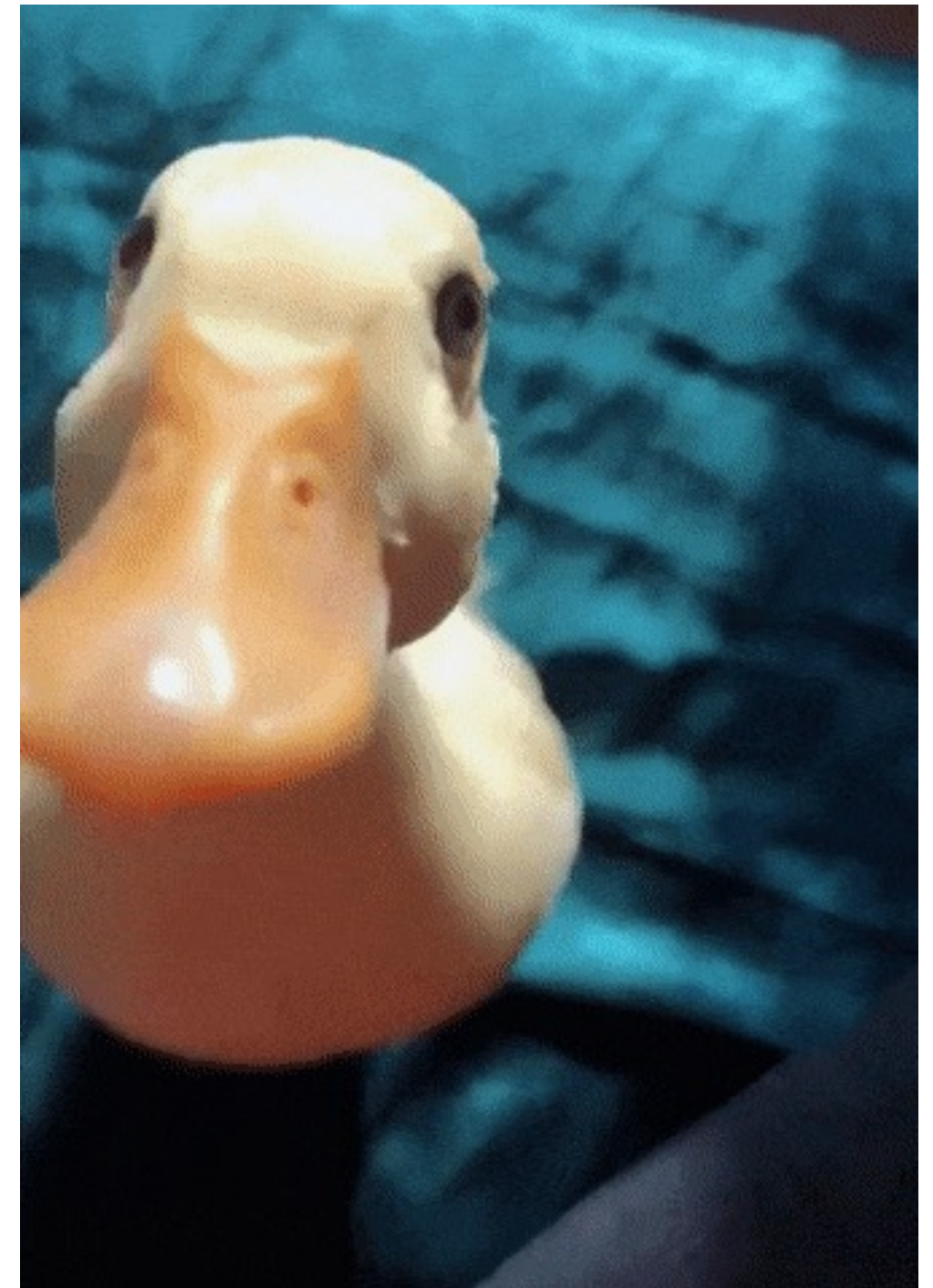


```
class CronCommand {  
    public function renewEvents(array $events) {  
        foreach ($events as $parentEvent) {  
            $newEvent = $this->renew($parentEvent);  
            $newEvent->price = $newEvent->price->withValue($newEvent->price->value + 1);  
            $this->save($newEvent);  
        }  
    }  
  
    private function renew(RecurrentEvent $parentEvent): RecurrentEvent {  
        return new RecurrentEvent(  
            $parentEvent->startAt->add($parentEvent->recurrenceInterval),  
            $parentEvent->duration,  
            $parentEvent->recurrenceInterval,  
            $parentEvent->price,  
            $parentEvent,  
        );  
    }  
}
```



Important things to know about immutable objects

- Immutable objects must have immutable properties
- DateTimeImmutable is not Immutable



Immutable objects must have immutable properties

```
readonly class User{
    public function __construct(
        public string $email,
        public \DateTime $createdAt,
    ){
    }
}

$user = new User('user@ekino.com', new \DateTime());
$user->email = 'hacker@ekino.com'; // <= this will not work
$user->createdAt = (new \DateTime())->modify('+1 day'); // <= this will not work
$user->createdAt->modify('+1 day'); // <= this will work
```

Immutable objects must have immutable properties

```
readonly class UserImmutable{
    public function __construct(
        public string $email,
        public \DateTimeImmutable $createdAt,
    ){
    }
}

$user = new UserImmutable('user@ekino.com', new \DateTimeImmutable ());
$user->email = 'hacker@ekino.com'; // <= this will not work
$user->createdAt = (new \DateTimeImmutable ())->modify('+1 day'); // <= this will not work
$user->createdAt->modify('+1 day'); // <= this will work, but it will not modify user's createdAt
```

DateTimeImmutable is not Immutable

```
$date = new \DateTimeImmutable('2022-01-01');  
$date->__construct('2023-01-01');  
echo $date->format('Y-m-d H:i:s'); // 2023-01-01 00:00:00
```


DateTimeImmutable is not Immutable

```
$date = new \DateTimeImmutable('2022-01-01');  
$date->__construct('2023-01-01');  
echo $date->format('Y-m-d H:i:s'); // 2023-01-01 00:00:00
```

```
class UserImmutable{  
    private string $email;  
    private function __construct(string $email) {  
        $this->email = $email;  
    }  
    public static function create(string $email): self {  
        return new self($email);  
    }  
    // public function getEmail(): string  
    // public function withEmail(string $email): self  
}
```

```
$user = new UserImmutable('user@ekino.com');  
$user = UserImmutable::create('user@ekino.com');
```

When should I convert an object to an immutable object?



~~When should I convert an object to an immutable object?~~

When should I convert an immutable object to a mutable object?

- Defensive programming!



When should I convert an immutable object to a mutable object?

Most of time, our code tries to “modelize” real life

In real life:

When a user “John Doe” changes his email

=> He is still “John Doe”

=> User must mutate

When you change the value of a price

=> It's not the same price

=> Price must be immutable

Look at “Domain Driven Design”



End of my conference?

- The beginning of your curiosity!



Thank you. Merci. 謝謝. dhany

Go further 🍍

- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Immutable_object
- « Objects are passed by references by default »
<https://www.php.net/manual/en/language.oop5.references.php>
- [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Side_effect_\(computer_science\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Side_effect_(computer_science))
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Value_object
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Defensive_programming
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Domain-driven_design
- My article <https://medium.com/ekino-france/introduction-aux-objets-immutables-f7b7d0b00f36> [FRENCH]

