

Shahjalal University of Science and Technology, Sylhet

Department of Physics

2nd Year 1<sup>st</sup> Semester Examination-2014

Course: PHY 205B, Credits: 2.0

Course Title: Physics for Biologists-11

Total Marks: 60, Time: 2 Hours



## Answer any four (4) questions from the following

	i difference and nath difference of waves.	2 8
	What is interference of light? Describe the contained by the solution of light of wavelength 5500Å from a narrow slit is incident on a double slit in the Young's experiment. The overall separation of 5 fringes on a screen 200 cm away is 1 cm, calculate (i) the slit separation (ii) the fringes width.	5
2. () (b)	What is meant by diffraction phenomena?  Discuss Fraunhofer diffraction at a single slit and give the conditions of maximum and	3 6
(c)	minimum intensity with diagram.  In Fraunhofer diffraction due to a marrow slit, a screen is placed 2 m away from the lens to obtain the pattern. If the slit width is 0.2 mm and the first minima lie 5 mm on either side of the central maxima, find the wavelength of light.	6
	Button plane diffraction grating. Find an expression for the maximum intensity and	8
3. (A) (b)	dispersive power the to plane diffraction grating.  A diffraction grating of 4000 lines/cm is used at normal incidence. Calculate the diffraction grating in the third order dispersive power of the grating in the third order	4
	spectrum in the wavelength region 3000 A.  Define polarization of light. How can you prove that the light is a transverse wave?	3
X	Define lines of force. Establish a relationship between the lines of force and the electric	5
4. (5)	field strongth.	2
(b) (ċ)	Define electric flux and state Gauss's law.  Describe how you can set up a uniform electric field. Derive an expression for the electric field due to a point charge.	2+6
		4
8. (a)	Define Electric field strength and electric potential.  Calculate the electric potential at the center of the square of length $a = 2.0$ meter.  Calculate the electric potential at the center of the square of length $a = 2.0 \times 10^{-8}$ C. $a_1 = +3.0 \times 10^{-8}$ C and $a_2 = +2.0 \times 10^{-8}$ C.	4
(c;	Calculate the electric potential at the center of the square of length $q_1 = +2.0 \times 10^8 \text{ C}$ . Assume that $q_1 = +1.0 \times 10^8 \text{ C}$ , $q_2 = -2.0 \times 10^8 \text{ C}$ , $q_3 = +3.0 \times 10^8 \text{ C}$ and $q_4 = +2.0 \times 10^8 \text{ C}$ . Assume that $q_1 = +1.0 \times 10^8 \text{ C}$ , $q_2 = -2.0 \times 10^8 \text{ C}$ , $q_3 = +3.0 \times 10^8 \text{ C}$ and $q_4 = +2.0 \times 10^8 \text{ C}$ . Calculate the electric potential due to a uniform circular disk at a point $r$ on the central axis. Assuming that the charge density of the circular disk is $\sigma$ and the radius is $\gamma$ .	7
	and the second s	5
6. 6	State and explain Coulomb's law of electrostatics.  Migt is an electric dipole? Calculate the electric field due to an electric dipole at a point which is an electric dipole what is electric dipole moment?	6
Jo.	on the perpendicular bisector of the dipole. When two protons in a nucleus of iron? Assume	4
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