```
S= "Spam"
S.isalpha()

True

S.isnumeric()

False
```

Getting Help

help(S.replace)

Help on built-in function replace:

```
replace(old, new, count=-1, /) method of builtins.str instance

Return a copy with all occurrences of substring old replaced by new.
```

count

Maximum number of occurrences to replace.

-1 (the default value) means replace all occurrences.

If the optional argument count is given, only the first count occurrences are replaced.

dir(S)

```
['__add__',
    _class___',
    _contains__
    _delattr___'
    _dir__',
    _doc___
    _eq___'
    _format___',
    _ge__',
    _getattribute___',
    _getitem__',
    _getnewargs_
    _gt__',
_hash__',
    _init__',
    _init_subclass___',
    _iter__',
    _le__',
    _len__
    lt
    mod '
    mul
    ne
    _new_
     reduce_
```

```
line = 'aaa,bbb,ccccc,dd\n\n' #adding space in a string
print(line)
→ aaa,bbb,cccc,dd
line = line.rstrip() # Remove whitespace characters on the right side
print(line)
→ aaa,bbb,cccc,dd
line = 'aaa,bbb,cccc,dd ' #adding space in a string
print(line)
→ aaa,bbb,cccc,dd
line = 'aaa,bbb,ccccc,dd\n\n' #adding space in a string
print(line)
    aaa,bbb,cccc,dd
S = 'A\nB\tC' # \n is end-of-line, \t is tab
print(S)
print(len(S)) # Each stands for just one character
            C
     5
ord('\t')
→ 9
S = 'A\0B\0C' # \0, a binary zero byte, does not terminate string
print(S)
print(len(S))
```

3. Lists

positionally ordered collections of arbitrarily typed objects

```
L
→ [123, 'spam', 1.23]
len(L)
→ 3
L[0] # Indexing by position
→ 123
L[:-1] # Slicing a list returns a new list
→ [123, 'spam']
                                   + Code
                                               + Text
L + [4, 5, 6] # Concatenation makes a new list too
\rightarrow [123, 'spam', 1.23, 4, 5, 6]
L # We're not changing the original list
→ [123, 'spam', 1.23]
L.append('NI') # Growing: add object at end of list
L
→ [123, 'spam', 1.23, 'NI']
L = [123, 'spam', 1.23]
L.pop('spam') # Shrinking: delete an item in the middle
\rightarrow
     TypeError
                                                Traceback (most recent call last)
     <ipython-input-27-d8808010d678> in <cell line: 2>()
           1 L = [123, 'spam', 1.23]
     ----> 2 L.pop('spam') # Shrinking: delete an item in the middle
     TypeError: 'str' object cannot be interpreted as an integer
L
    [123, 'spam', 1.23]
M = ['bb', 'aa', 'Aa', 'cc']
```

L[99]=1

```
L
→ [123, 'spam', 1.23, 'NI']
L = [123, 'spam', 1.23]
L.pop('spam') # Shrinking: delete an item in the middle
     TypeError
                                               Traceback (most recent call last)
     <ipython-input-27-d8808010d678> in <cell line: 2>()
           1 L = [123, 'spam', 1.23]
     ----> 2 L.pop('spam') # Shrinking: delete an item in the middle
     TypeError: 'str' object cannot be interpreted as an integer
L
→ [123, 'spam', 1.23]
M = ['bb', 'aa', 'Aa', 'cc']
M.sort()
print(M)
→ ['Aa', 'aa', 'bb', 'cc']
M.reverse()
Μ
→ ['Aa', 'aa', 'bb', 'cc']
→ [123, 'spam', 1.23]
L[99] #Checking bounds
     IndexError
                                               Traceback (most recent call last)
     <ipython-input-39-356ad8e766c0> in <cell line: 1>()
     ----> 1 L[99] #Checking bounds
     IndexError: list index out of range
```

https://colab.research.google.com/drive/11q0QW0wkfEzHS-Lp5HUhh7tXYqF5uE-S#scrollTo=QHAxiDG24_sP&printMode=true

L[99]=1

→

IndexError: list assignment index out of range

#Nesting

$$M = [[1, 2, 3], \# A 3 \times 3 \text{ matrix, as nested lists} [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 9]]$$

Μ

M[1]

M[1][2]

→ 6