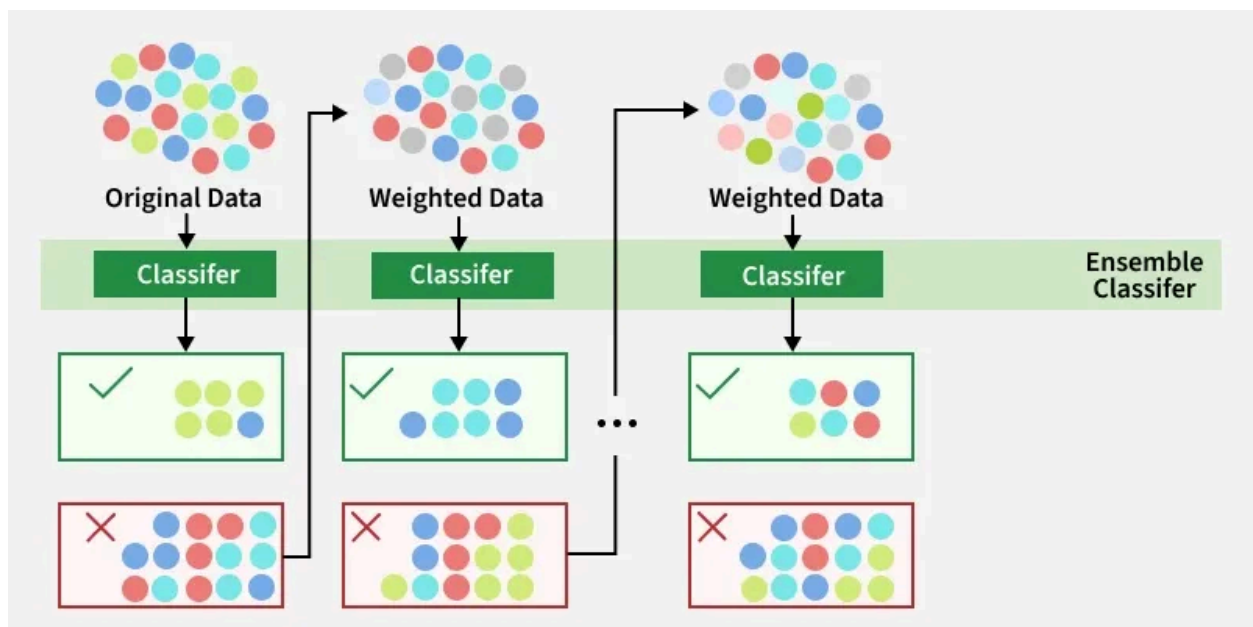


AdaBoost:-

AdaBoost is a boosting technique that combines several weak classifiers in sequence to build a strong one. Each new model focuses on correcting the mistakes of the previous one until all data is correctly classified or a set number of iterations is reached.

Think of it like in a class, a teacher focuses more on weak learners to improve its academic performance, similarly boosting work.



Important warning

If a data point is:

- Noisy

- Wrongly labeled

Its circle keeps growing → AdaBoost overfits

That's why AdaBoost:

- Works great on **clean data**
- Struggles with **noise**

Real life eg for AdaBoost:-

Real-world example: Spam Email Detection

Goal

Classify emails as:

- Spam
- Not Spam

What is a “weak classifier” here?

A weak classifier is a **very simple rule**, like:

- **Rule 1:**
“If email contains the word *FREE*, mark as spam”
- **Rule 2:**
“If email has more than 3 links, mark as spam”

- **Rule 3:**
“If sender is unknown, mark as spam”

Each rule:

- Works sometimes
- Fails often
- But better than random guessing

👉 These are **weak classifiers**

Dataset (simplified)

Email	Contains “FREE”	Many links	Unknown sender	True label
E1	Yes	No	No	Spam
E2	No	Yes	Yes	Spam
E3	No	No	No	Not spam
E4	Yes	No	No	Not spam
E5	No	Yes	No	Spam

2.Rule:

“If email contains ‘FREE’, mark as spam”

Results:

Email	Correct?
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E1	✓
----	---

E2	✗
----	---

E3	✓
----	---

E4	✗
----	---

E5	✗
----	---

Mistakes: **E2, E4, E5**

Step 3: Update weights (THIS is key)

AdaBoost says:

“These emails fooled me. Pay **MORE** attention to them next time.”

So:

- Increase weight of E2, E4, E5
- Decrease weight of E1, E3

Now:

- E2, E4, E5 shout louder
- Next classifier *cannot ignore them*

Train Weak Classifier #2 (with new weights)

Rule:

“If email has many links → spam”

This rule is chosen because it performs well on high-weight emails.

Results:

- Corrects E2 and E5
- Might still fail on E4

Update weights again

Now:

- Weight of E4 increases more
- Others decrease

AdaBoost is basically saying:

“Everyone is doing fine except E4. Focus on E4 now.”

Train Weak Classifier #3

Rule:

“If sender is unknown → spam”

This rule finally gets E4 right.

Final decision (strong classifier)

AdaBoost does not take simple majority voting.

Instead:

- Each weak classifier gets a vote strength
- Better classifiers get louder votes

Final decision:

“If the weighted vote says spam → spam”

What “weight” means in ONE LINE

Weight = how important a data point is when training the next weak classifier

OR

Weight = penalty for misclassifying that example