0.0.1Root Cause

- Thus was heard by me. 1. At one time the Auspicious One was dwelling in the Subhaga Grove at the root of a royal sal tree. At that place, the Auspicious One addressed the bhikkhus: "Bhikkhus." "Bhante," those bhikkhus replied to the Auspicious One. The Auspicious One said this.
- "The root cause of all dhammas, O bhikkhus, I will expound for you. Listen to that and do mind it well, I will speak." "Yes Bhante." Those bhikkhus replied to the Auspicious One. The Auspicious One said this.
- 3. deaf puthujjana; the one who does not possess the vision of the noble ones, not an ex-

mūlapariyāyasuttam

evam me sutam ekam samayam bhaqavā ukkaţţhāyam viharati subhagavane sālarājamūle. tatra kho bhagavā bhikkhū āmantesi bhikkhavo'ti, bhadante'ti te bhikkhū bhagavato paccassosum. bhagavā etadavoca.

sabbadhammamūlapariyāyam vo bhikkhave desessāmi tam sunātha sādhukam manasi karotha bhāsissāmī'ti evam bhante'ti kho te bhikkhū bhagavato paccassosum. bhagavā etadavoca.

Here, O bhikkhus, Dhammaidha bhikkhave assutavā puthujjano ariyānam adassāvī ariyadhammassa akovido ariyadhamme

pert, not trained in the noble ones' Dhamma; the one who does not possess the vision of true men, not an expert, not trained in true men's Dhamma. He perceives earth from earth. Having perceived earth from earth, he conceives earth, he conceives at earth, he conceives from earth, he conceives "earth by me," he delights in earth. What is the reason for that? He does not have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

- 4. He perceives water from water. Having perceived water from water, he conceives water, he conceives from water, he conceives from water, he conceives "water by me," he delights in water. What is the reason for that? He does not have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.
- **5.** He perceives fire from

avinīto sappurisānam adassāvī sappurisadhammassa akovido sappurisadhamme avinīto pathavim pathavito sañjānāti, pathavim pathavito saññatvā pathavim maññati pathavivā maññati pathavito maññati pathavim me'ti maññati. pathavim abhinandati. tam kissa hetu? apariññātam tassā'ti vadāmi.

āpam āpato sanjānāti. āpam āpato sannātvā āpam mannati āpasmim mannati āpato mannati āpam me'ti mannati. āpam abhinandati. tam kissa hetu? aparinnātam tassā'ti vadāmi.

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fire. Having perceived fire from fire, he conceives fire, he conceives at fire, he conceives from fire, he conceives "fire is by me," he delights in fire. What is the reason for that? He does not have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

- 6. He perceives air from air. Having perceived air from air, he conceives air, he conceives at air, he conceives from air, he conceives "air by me," he delights in air. What is the reason for that? He does not have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.
- 7. He perceives [earth bound] devas from [earth bound] devas. Having perceived [earth bound] devas from [earth bound] devas, he conceives [earth bound] devas, he conceives at [earth bound]

tejam tejato sañjānāti. tejam tejato saññatvā tejam maññati tejasmim maññati tejato maññati tejam me'ti maññati. tejam abhinandati. tam kissa hetu? apariññātam tassā'ti vadāmi.

vāyam vāyato sañjānāti. vāyam vāyato saññatvā vāyam maññati vāyasmim maññati vāyato maññati vāyam me'ti maññati. vāyam abhinandati. tam kissa hetu? apariññātam tassā'ti vadāmi.

bhūte bhūtato sañjānāti. bhūte bhūtato saññatvā bhūte maññati bhūtesu maññati bhūtato maññati bhūte me'ti maññati.

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devas, he conceives from [earth bound] devas, he conceives "[earth bound] devas by me," he delights in [earth bound] devas. What is the reason for that? He does not have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

bhūte abhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? apariññātaṃ tassā'ti vadāmi.

He perceives [sensual 8. heaven] devas from [sensual heaven] devas. Having perceived [sensual heaven] devas from [sensual heaven] devas, he conceives [sensual heaven] devas, he conceives at [sensual heaven] devas. he conceives from [sensual heaven] devas, he conceives "[sensual heaven] devas by me," he delights in [sensual heaven] devas. What is the reason for that? He does not have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

deve devato sañjānāti. deve devato saññatvā deve maññati devesu maññati devato maññati deve me'ti maññati. deve abhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? apariññātaṃ tassā'ti vadāmi.

9. He perceives Pajapati from Pajapati. Having perceived Pajapati from Pajap

pajāpatim pajāpatito sañjānāti. pajāpatim pajāpatito saññaati, he conceives Pajapati, he conceives at Pajapati, he conceives from Pajapati, he conceives "Pajapati by me," he delights in Pajapati. What is the reason for that? He does not have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

- 10. He perceives Brahma from Brahma. Having perceived Brahma from Brahma, he conceives Brahma, he conceives at Brahma, he conceives from Brahma, he conceives "Brahma by me," he delights in Brahma. What is the reason for that? He does not have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.
- 11. He perceives Abhassara devas from Abhassara devas. Having perceived Abhassara devas from Abhassara devas, he conceives Abhassara devas, he conceives at Abhassara devas, he con-

tvā pajāpatim maññati pajāpatismim maññati pajāpatito maññati pajāpatim me'ti maññati. pajāpatim abhinandati. tam kissa hetu? apariññātam tassā'ti vadāmi.

brahmam brahmato sañjānāti. brahmam brahmato saññatvā brahmam maññati brahmani maññati brahmato maññati brahmam me'ti maññati. brahmam abhinandati. tam kissa hetu? apariññātam tassā'ti vadāmi.

ābhassare ābhassarato sañjānāti. ābhassare ābhassarato saññatvā ābhassare maññati ābhassaresu maññati ābhassaresu maññati ābhas

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ceives from Abhassara devas, he conceives "Abhassara devas by me," he delights in Abhassara devas. What is the reason for that? He does not have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

12. He perceives Subhakinna devas from Subhakinna devas. Having perceived Subhakinna devas from Subhakinna devas, he conceives Subhakinna devas, he conceives at Subhakinna devas, he conceives from Subhakinna devas, he conceives "Subhakinna devas by me," he delights in Subhakinna devas. What is the reason for that? He does not have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

13. He perceives Vehapphala devas from Vehapphala devas. Having perceived Vehapphala devas from Vehapphala devas, he conceives Vehapphala devas, he con-

sarato maññati ābhassare me'ti maññati. ābhassare abhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? apariññātaṃ tassā'ti vadāmi.

subhakiṇṇe subha-kiṇṇato sañjānāti. subhakiṇṇe subha-kiṇṇato saññatvā subhakiṇṇe maññati subhakiṇṇesu mañ-nati subhakiṇṇato maññati subhakiṇṇe me'ti maññati. subhakiṇṇe abhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? apariññātaṃ tassā'ti vadāmi.

vehapphale vehapphalato sañjānāti. vehapphale vehapphale vehapphalato saññatvā vehapphale maññati vehapphalesu mañ-

ceives at Vehapphala devas, he conceives from Vehapphala devas, he conceives "Vehapphala devas by me," he delights in Vehapphala devas. What is the reason for that? He does not have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

14. He perceives Vanquisher from Vanquisher. Having perceived Vanquisher from Vanquisher, he conceives Vanquisher, he conceives at Vanquisher, he conceives from Vanquisher, he conceives "Vanquisher, he conceives "Vanquisher by me," he delights in Vanquisher. What is the reason for that? He does not have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

15. He perceives the domain of infinite space from the domain of infinite space. Having perceived the domain of infinite space from the domain of infinite space, he con-

ñati vehapphalato maññati vehapphale me'ti maññati. vehapphale abhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? apariññātaṃ tassā'ti vadāmi.

abhibhum abhibhuto sañjānāti. abhibhum abhibhuto sañña-tvā abhibhum mañ-nāti abhibhusmim mañnāti abhibhuto mañnāti abhibhum me'ti mañnāti. abhibhum abhinandati. tam kissa hetu? apariñnātam tassā'ti vadāmi.

ākāsānañcāyatanam ākāsānañcāyatanato sañjānāti. ākāsānañcāyatanam ākāsānañcāyatanato saññatvā ākāsānañcāyaceives the domain of infinite space, he conceives at the domain of infinite space, he conceives from the domain of infinite space, he conceives "the domain of infinite space by me," he delights in the domain of infinite space. What is the reason for that? He does not have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

16. He perceives the domain of infinite consciousness from the domain of infinite consciousness. Having perceived the domain of infinite consciousness from the domain of infinite consciousness, he conceives the domain of infinite consciousness, he conceives at the domain of infinite consciousness, he conceives from the domain of infinite consciousness, he conceives "the domain of infinite consciousness by me," he delights in the domain of infinite conscioustanam maññati ākāsānañcāyatanasmim maññati ākāsānañcāyatanato maññati ākāsānañcāyatanam me'ti maññati. ākāsānañcāyatanam abhinandati. tam kissa hetu? apariññātam tassā'ti vadāmi.

viññāṇañcāyatanaṃ viññāṇañcāyatanato sañjānāti. viññāṇañcāyatanaṃ cāyatanaṃ viññāṇañcāyatanaṃ maññati viññāṇañcāyatanamim maññati viññāṇañcāyatanato maññati viññāṇañcāyatanaṃ me'ti mañnati. viññāṇañcāyatanaṃ abhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? apariññātam tassā'ti va-

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ness. What is the reason for that? He does not have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

He perceives the domain of nothingness from the domain of nothingness. Having perceived the domain of nothingness from the domain of nothingness, he conceives the domain of nothingness, he conceives at the domain of nothingness, he conceives from the domain of nothingness, he conceives "the domain of nothingness by me," he delights in the domain of nothingness. What is the reason for that? He does not have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

18. He perceives the domain of neither perception nor non-perception from the domain of neither perception nor non-perception. Having perceived the domain of

dāmi.

ākiñcaññāyatanam ākiñcaññāyatanato sañjānāti. ākiñcaññāyatanam ākiñcaññāyatanato saññatvā ākiñcaññāyatanam maññati ākiñcaññāvatanasmim maññati ākiñcaññāyatanato maññati ākiñcaññāyatanam me'ti maññati. ākiñcaññāyatanam abhinandati. tam kissa hetu? apariññātam tassā'ti vadāmi.

nevasaññānāsaññāyatanam nevasaññānāsaññāyatanato sañjānāti. nevasaññānāsaññāyatanam

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neither perception nor nonperception from the domain of neither perception nor nonperception, he conceives the domain of neither perception nor non-perception, he conceives at the domain of neither perception nor nonperception, he conceives from the domain of neither perception nor non-perception, he conceives "the domain of neither perception nor non-perception by me," he delights in the domain of neither perception nor nonperception. What is the reason for that? He does not have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

19. He perceives the seen from the seen. Having perceived the seen from the seen, he conceives the seen, he conceives at the seen, he conceives from the seen, he conceives "the seen by me," he delights in the seen. What

nevasaññānāsaññāyatanato saññatvā
nevasaññānāsaññāyatanam maññati nevasaññānāsaññāyatanasmim maññati
nevasaññānāsaññāyatanato maññati nevasaññānāsaññāyatanam me'ti maññati.
nevasaññānāsaññāyatanam abhinandati. tam kissa hetu?
apariññātam tassā'ti
vadāmi.

diţţham diţţhato sañjānāti. diţţham diţţhato saññatvā diţţham maññati diţţhasmim maññati diţţhato maññati diţţham me'ti maññati. diţţham abhinandati. tam kissa hetu? apais the reason for that? He does not have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

20. He perceives the heard from the heard. Having perceived the heard from the heard, he conceives the heard, he conceives at the heard, he conceives from the heard, he conceives "the heard by me," he delights in the heard. What is the reason for that? He does not have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

21. He perceives the thought from the thought. Having perceived the thought from the thought, he conceives the thought, he conceives at the thought, he conceives from the thought, he conceives "the thought, he conceives "the thought by me," he delights in the thought. What is the reason for that? He does not have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

riññātaṃ tassā'ti vadāmi.

sutam sutato sañjānāti. sutam sutato saññatvā sutam maññati sutasmim maññati sutato maññati sutam me'ti maññati. sutam abhinandati. tam kissa hetu? apariññātam tassā'ti vadāmi.

mutam mutato sañjānāti. mutam mutato saññatvā mutam maññati mutasmim maññati mutato maññati mutam me'ti maññati. mutam abhinandati. tam kissa hetu? apariññātam tassā'ti vadāmi.

- 22. He perceives the cognized from the cognized. Having perceived the cognized, he conceives the cognized, he conceives at the cognized, he conceives from the cognized, he conceives "the cognized by me," he delights in the cognized. What is the reason for that? He does not have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.
- 23. He perceives unity from unity. Having perceived unity from unity, he conceives unity, he conceives at unity, he conceives from unity, he conceives "unity by me," he delights in unity. What is the reason for that? He does not have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.
- **24.** He perceives diversity from diversity. Having perceived diversity from diver-

viññātam viññātato sañjānāti. viññātam viññātato saññatvā viññātam maññati viññātasmim maññati viññātato mañnati viññātam me'ti maññati. viññātam abhinandati. tam kissa hetu? apariññātam tassā'ti vadāmi.

ekattam ekattato sañjānāti. ekattam ekattato saññatvā ekattam maññati ekattasmim maññati ekattato maññati ekattam me'ti mañnati. ekattam abhinandati. tam kissa hetu? apariññātam tassā'ti vadāmi.

nānattam nānattato sañjānāti. nānattam

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sity, he conceives diversity, he conceives at diversity, he conceives from diversity, he conceives "diversity by me," he delights in diversity. What is the reason for that? He does not have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

25. He perceives the all from the all. Having perceived the all from the all, he conceives the all, he conceives at the all, he conceives from the all, he conceives "the all by me," he delights in the all. What is the reason for that? He does not have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

26. He perceives nibbana from nibbana. Having perceived nibbana from nibbana, he conceives nibbana, he conceives at nibbana, he conceives from nibbana, he conceives nibbana, he conceiv

nānattato saññatvā nānattam maññati nānattasmim maññati nānattato maññati nānattam me'ti maññati. nānattam abhinandati. tam kissa hetu? apariññātam tassā'ti vadāmi.

sabbam sabbato sañjānāti. sabbam sabbato saññatvā sabbam maññati sabbato maññati sabbam me'ti maññati. sabbam abhinandati. tam kissa hetu? apariññātam tassā'ti vadāmi.

nibbānam nibbānato sañjānāti. nibbānam nibbānato saññatvā nibbānam maññati nibbānasmim

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ceives "nibbana by me," he delights in nibbana. What is the reason for that? He does not have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

Puthujjana section is finished.

27. Also, O bhikkhus, the bhikkhu who is in higher training, the one of unattained mind, the one who dwells ever aspiring for the unsurpassed security from bondage, he too directly knows earth from earth. Having directly known earth from earth, he must not conceive earth, he must not conceive at earth, he must not conceive from earth, he must not conceive "earth by me," he must not delight in earth. What is the reason for that? He must

maññati nibbānato maññati nibbānam me'ti maññati. nibbānam abhinandati. tam kissa hetu? apariññātam tassā'ti vadāmi.

assutavantaputhujjanaha vaseni paṭhamakabhūmi

yopi so bhikkhave bhikkhu sekho appattamānaso anuttaram yogakkhemam patthayamāno viharati, sopi pathavim pathavito abhijānāti. pathavim pathavito abhiññāya pathavim māmaññi pathaviyā māmaññi paṭhavito māmaññi pathavim me'ti māmaññi. pathavim mābhinandi. tam kissa hetu? pariññeyyam tassā'ti

have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

28. He directly knows water from water. Having directly known water from water, he must not conceive water, he must not conceive at water, he must not conceive from water, he must not conceive from water, he must not conceive "water by me," he must not delight in water. What is the reason for that? He must have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

29. He directly knows fire from fire. Having directly known fire from fire, he must not conceive fire, he must not conceive at fire, he must not conceive from fire, he must not conceive "fire by me," he must not delight in fire. What is the reason for that? He must have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

vadāmi.

āpaṃ āpato abhijānāti. āpaṃ āpato
abhiññāya āpaṃ māmaññi āpasmiṃ māmaññi āpato māmaññi
āpaṃ me'ti māmaññi.
āpaṃ mābhinandi.
taṃ kissa hetu? pariññeyyaṃ tassā'ti
vadāmi.

tejam tejato abhijānāti. tejam tejato abhiññāya tejam māmaññi tejasmim māmaññi tejato māmaññi tejam me'ti māmaññi. tejam mābhinandi. tam kissa hetu? pariññeyyam tassā'ti vadāmi.

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30. He directly knows air from air. Having directly known air from air, he must not conceive air, he must not conceive at air, he must not conceive from air, he must not conceive "air by me," he must not delight in air. What is the reason for that? He must have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

He directly knows [earth bound devas from [earth bound devas. Having directly known [earth bound] devas from [earth bound] devas, he must not conceive [earth bound] devas, he must not conceive at [earth bound] devas, he must not conceive from [earth bound] devas, he must not conceive "[earth bound devas by me," he must not delight in [earth bound devas. What is the reason for that? He must have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

vāyam vāyato abhijānāti. vāyam vāyato abhiññāya vāyam māmaññi vāyasmim māmaññi vāyato māmañni vāyam me'ti māmañni. vāyam mābhinandi. tam kissa hetu? pariñneyyam tassā'ti vadāmi.

bhūte bhūtato abhijānāti. bhūte bhūtato abhiññāya bhūte māmaññi bhūtesu māmaññi bhūtato māmaññi bhūte me'ti māmaññi. bhūte mābhinandi. taṃ kissa hetu? pariññeyyaṃ tassā'ti vadāmi.

32. He directly knows [sensual heaven] devas from [sensual heaven1 devas. Having directly known [sensual heaven] devas from [sensual heaven] devas, he must not conceive [sensual heaven] devas, he must not conceive at [sensual heaven] devas, he must not conceive from [sensual heaven] devas, he must not conceive "[sensual heaven] devas by me," he must not delight in [sensual heaven] devas. What is the reason for that? He must have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

33. He directly knows Pajapati from Pajapati. Having directly known Pajapati from Pajapati, he must not conceive Pajapati, he must not conceive at Pajapati, he must not conceive from Pajapati, he must not conceive "Pajapati by me," he must not delight in Pajapati. What is

deve devato abhijānāti. deve devato abhiññāya deve māmaññi devesu māmaññi devato māmaññi deve me'ti māmaññi. deve mābhinandi. taṃ kissa hetu? pariññeyyaṃ tassā'ti vadāmi.

pajāpatim pajāpatito abhijānāti. pajāpatim pajāpatito abhiññāya pajāpatim māmaññi pajāpatismim māmaññi pajāpatito māmaññi pajāpatim me'ti māmaññi. pajāpatim mābhinandi. tam kissa hetu? pariññeyyam tassā'ti

the reason for that? He must have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

vadāmi.

He directly knows Brahma brahmato from Brahma. Having directly known Brahma from Brahma, he must not conceive Brahma, he must not conceive at Brahma, he must not conceive from Brahma, he must not conceive "Brahma by me," he must not delight in Brahma. What is the reason for that? He must have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

abhijānāti. brahmam brahmato abhiññaya brahmam māmaññi brahmani māmaññi brahmato māmaññi brahmam me'ti māmaññi. brahmam mābhinandi. tam kissa hetu? pariññeyyam tassā'ti vadāmi.

35. He directly knows Abhassara devas from Abhassara devas. Having directly known Abhassara devas from Abhassara devas, he must not conceive Abhassara devas, he must not conceive at Abhassara devas, he must not conceive from Abhassara devas, he must not conceive "Abhassara devas by me," he

ābhassare ābhassarato abhijānāti. ābhassare ābhassarato abhiññāva ābhassare māmaññi ābhassaresu māmaññi ābhassarato māmaññi ābhassare me'ti māmaññi. ābhassare mābhinandi. tam kissa hetu? pariñmust not delight in Abhassara devas. What is the reason for that? He must have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

He directly knows Subhakinna devas from Subhakinna devas. Having directly known Subhakinna devas from Subhakinna devas, he must not conceive Subhakinna devas, he must not conceive at Subhakinna devas. he must not conceive from Subhakinna devas, he must not conceive "Subhakinna devas is by me," he must not delight in Subhakinna devas. What is the reason for that? He must have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

37. He directly knows Vehapphala devas from Vehapphala devas. Having directly known Vehapphala devas from Vehapphala devas, he must not conceive Vehap-

ñeyyaṃ tassā'ti vadāmi.

subhakinne subhakinnato abhijānāti. subhakinne subhakinnato abhiññāya subhakinne māmaññi subhakinnesu māmañni subhakinnato māmañni subhakinne me'ti māmañni. subhakinne mābhinandi. tam kissa hetu? pariññeyyam tassā'ti vadāmi.

vehapphale vehapphalato abhijānāti. vehapphale vehapphalato abhiññāya vehapphale māmaññi vehapphalesu mā-

phala devas, he must not conceive at Vehapphala devas, he must not conceive from Vehapphala devas, he must not conceive "Vehapphala devas is by me," he must not delight in Vehapphala devas. What is the reason for that? He must have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

maññi vehapphalato māmaññi vehapphale me'ti māmaññi. vehapphale mābhinandi. taṃ kissa hetu? pariññeyyaṃ tassā'ti vadāmi.

38. He directly knows Vanquisher from Vanquisher. Having directly known Vanquisher from Vanquisher, he must not conceive Vanquisher, he must not conceive at Vanquisher, he must not conceive from Vanquisher, he must not conceive "Vanquisher by me," he must not delight in Vanquisher. What is the reason for that? He must have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

abhibhum abhibhuto abhijānāti. abhibhum abhibhuto abhiññāya abhibhum māmaññi abhibhusmim māmaññi abhibhuto māmaññi abhibhum me'ti māmaññi. abhibhum mābhinandi. tam kissa hetu? pariññeyyam tassā'ti vadāmi.

39. He directly knows the domain of infinite space from the domain of infinite space.

ākāsānañcāyatanaṃ ākāsānañcāyatanato abhijānāti. ākāsāHaving directly known the domain of infinite space from the domain of infinite space, he must not conceive the domain of infinite space, he must not conceive at the domain of infinite space, he must not conceive from the domain of infinite space, he must not conceive "the domain of infinite space by me," he must not delight in the domain of infinite space. What is the reason for that? He must have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

40. He directly knows the domain of infinite consciousness from the domain of infinite consciousness. Having directly known the domain of infinite consciousness from the domain of infinite consciousness, he must not conceive the domain of infinite consciousness, he must not conceive at the domain of infinite consciousness, he

nañcāyatanam ākāsānañcāyatanato abhiññāya ākāsānañcāyatanam māmaññi ākāsānañcāyatanasmim māmaññi ākāsānañcāyatanato māmaññi ākāsānañcāyatanam me'ti māmaññi. ākāsānañcāyatanam mābhinandi. tam kissa hetu? pariñneyyam tassā'ti vadāmi.

viññāṇañcāyatanaṃ viññāṇañcāyatanato abhijānāti. viññāṇañcāyatanam cāyatanam viññāṇañcāyatanam māmañni viññāṇañcāyatanam māmañni viññāṇañcāyatanato māmañni viññāṇañcāyatanam me'ti māmañni. viññāṇañcāyatanam me'ti māmañni. viññāṇañcāyatanam māmañni. viññāṇañcāyatanam māmañni.

must not conceive from the domain of infinite consciousness, he must not conceive "the domain of infinite consciousness by me," he must not delight in the domain of infinite consciousness. What is the reason for that? He must have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

bhinandi. tam kissa hetu? pariññeyyam tassā'ti vadāmi.

He directly knows the domain of nothingness from the domain of nothingness. Having directly known the domain of nothingness from the domain of nothingness. he must not conceive the domain of nothingness, he must not conceive at the domain of nothingness, he must not conceive from the domain of nothingness, he must not conceive "the domain of nothingness by me," he must not delight in the domain of nothingness. What is the reason for that? He must have comprehensive knowledge of it, I ākiñcaññāyatanam ākiñcaññāyatanato abhijānāti. ākiñcaññāyatanam ākiñcaññāyatanato abhiññāya ākiñcaññāyatanam māmaññi ākiñcaññāyatanasmim māmaññi ākiñcaññāvatanato māmaññi ākiñcaññāyatanam me'ti māmaññi. ākiñcaññayatanam mābhinandi. tam kissa hetu? pariññeyyam tassā'ti vadāmi.

say.

He directly knows the 42. domain of neither perception nor non-perception from the domain of neither perception nor non-perception. Having directly known the domain of neither perception nor non-perception from the domain of neither perception nor non-perception, he must not conceive the domain of neither perception nor non-perception, he must not conceive at the domain of neither perception nor non-perception, he must not conceive from the domain of neither perception nor non-perception, he must not conceive "the domain of neither perception nor nonperception by me," he must not delight in the domain of neither perception nor nonperception. What is the reason for that? He must have comprehensive knowledge of nevasaññānāsaññāvatanam nevasaññānāsaññāyatanato abhijānāti. nevasaññānāsaññāyatanam nevasaññānāsaññāyatanato abhiññaya nevasaññānāsaññāyatanam māmaññi nevasaññānāsaññāvatanasmim māmaññi nevasaññānāsaññāvatanato māmaññi nevasaññānāsaññāyatanam me'ti māmaññi. nevasaññānāsaññāyatanam mābhinandi. tam kissa hetu? pariññeyyam tassā'ti vadāmi.

it, I say.

- 43. He directly knows the seen from the seen. Having directly known the seen from the seen, he must not conceive the seen, he must not conceive at the seen, he must not conceive from the seen, he must not conceive from the seen, he must not conceive "the seen by me," he must not delight in the seen. What is the reason for that? He must have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.
- 44. He directly knows the heard from the heard. Having directly known the heard from the heard, he must not conceive the heard, he must not conceive at the heard, he must not conceive from the heard, he must not conceive "the heard by me," he must not delight in the heard. What is the reason for that? He must have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

diţţham diţţhato abhijānāti. diţţham diţţhato abhiññāya diţţham māmañii diţţham māmañii diţthato māmañii diţţham me'ti māmañii. diţţham mābhinandi. tam kissa hetu? pariñneyyam tassā'ti vadāmi.

sutam sutato abhijānāti. sutam sutato abhiññāya sutam māmaññi sutasmim māmaññi sutato māmaññi sutam me'ti māmaññi. sutam mābhinandi. tam kissa hetu? pariññeyyam tassā'ti vadāmi. 45. He directly knows the thought from the thought. Having directly known the thought from the thought, he must not conceive the thought, he must not conceive at the thought, he must not conceive from the thought, he must not conceive "the thought by me," he must not delight in the thought. What is the reason for that? He must have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

46. He directly knows the cognized from the cognized. Having directly known the cognized from the cognized, he must not conceive the cognized, he must not conceive at the cognized, he must not conceive from the cognized, he must not conceive "the cognized by me," he must not delight in the cognized. What is the reason for that? He must have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

mutam mutato abhijānāti. mutam mutato abhiññāya mutam māmaññi mutasmim māmaññi mutato māmaññi mutam me'ti māmaññi. mutam mābhinandi. tam kissa hetu? pariññeyyam tassā'ti vadāmi.

viññātam viññātato abhijānāti. viññātam viññātato abhiññāya viññātam māmaññi viññātasmim māmaññi viññātato māmaññi viññātam me'ti māmaññi. viññātam mābhinandi. tam kissa hetu? pariññeyyam tassā'ti vadāmi.

47. He directly knows unity from unity. Having directly known unity from unity, he must not conceive unity, he must not conceive at unity, he must not conceive from unity, he must not conceive "unity by me," he must not delight in unity. What is the reason for that? He must have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

48. He directly knows diversity from diversity. Having directly known diversity from diversity, he must not conceive diversity, he must not conceive at diversity, he must not conceive from diversity, he must not conceive "diversity by me," he must not delight in diversity. What is the reason for that? He must have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

49. He directly knows the all from the all. Having di-

ekattam ekattato abhijānāti. ekattam ekattato abhiññāya ekattam māmaññi ekattasmim māmaññi ekattato māmaññi ekattam me'ti māmaññi. ekattam mābhinandi. tam kissa hetu? pariññeyyam tassā'ti vadāmi.

nānattam nānattato abhijānāti. nānattam nānattato abhiññāya nānattam māmaññi nānattasmim
māmaññi nānattato
māmaññi nānattam
me'ti māmaññi. nānattam mābhinandi.
tam kissa hetu? pariññeyyam tassā'ti
vadāmi.

sabbam sabbato abhijānāti. sabbam sabrectly known the all from the all, he must not conceive the all, he must not conceive at the all, he must not conceive from the all, he must not conceive "the all by me," he must not delight in the all. What is the reason for that? He must have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

50. He directly knows nibbana from nibbana. Having directly known nibbana from nibbana, he must not conceive nibbana, he must not conceive at nibbana, he must not conceive from nibbana, he must not conceive from nibbana, he must not conceive "nibbana by me," he must not delight in nibbana. What is the reason for that? He must have comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

Sekha section is finished.

bato abhiññāya sabbam māmaññi sabbasmim māmaññi sabbato māmaññi sabbam me'ti māmaññi. sabbam mābhinandi. tam kissa hetu? pariññeyyam tassā'ti vadāmi.

nibbānam nibbānato abhijānāti. nibbānam nibbānato abhiññāya nibbānam māmaññi nibbānasmim
māmaññi nibbānato
māmaññi nibbānam
me'ti māmaññi. nibbānam mābhinandi.
tam kissa hetu? pariñneyyam tassā'ti
vadāmi.

Also, O bhikkhus, the 51. bhikkhu who is an arahant with asavas destroyed, one who has lived [the life of purity], done what must be done, laid down the burden, attained the true advantage, completely destroyed the fetters of being, one who is liberated by right final knowledge. He too directly knows earth from earth. Having directly known earth from earth, he does not conceive earth, he does not conceive at earth, he does not conceive from earth, he does not conceive "earth by me," he does not delight in earth. What is the reason for that? He has comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

52. He directly knows water

sekhaha vivaṭṭavaseni dutiyakabhūmi paricchedi

yo'pi so bhikkhave bhikkhu araham khīnāsavo vusitavā katakaranīyo ohitabhāro anuppattasadattho parikkhīnabhavasamyojano sammadañña vimutto so'pi pathavim pathavito abhijānāti. pathavim pathavito abhiññāya paţhavim na maññati. pathaviyā na maññati. pathavito na maññati. pathavim me'ti na maññati. pathavim nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? pariññātam tassā'ti vadāmi.

āpam āpato abhijā-

from water. Having directly known water from water, he does not conceive water, he does not conceive at water, he does not conceive from water, he does not conceive "water by me," he does not delight in water. What is the reason for that? He has comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

53. He directly knows fire from fire. Having directly known fire from fire, he does not conceive fire, he does not conceive at fire, he does not conceive from fire, he does not conceive "fire by me," he does not delight in fire. What is the reason for that? He has comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

54. He directly knows air from air. Having directly known air from air, he does not conceive air, he does not conceive at air, he does not

nāti. āpam āpato abhiññāya āpam na maññati. āpasmim na maññati. āpato na maññati. āpam me'ti na maññati. āpam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? pariññātam tassā'ti vadāmi.

tejam tejato abhijānāti. tejam tejato abhiññāya tejam na maññati. tejasmim na maññati. tejato na maññati. tejam me'ti na maññati. tejam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? pariññātam tassā'ti vadāmi.

vāyam vāyato abhijānāti. vāyam vāyato abhiññāya vāyam na maññati. vāyasmim na maññati. vāyato conceive from air, he does not conceive "air by me," he does not delight in air. What is the reason for that? He has comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

He directly knows [earth 55. bound1 devas from [earth bound] devas. Having directly known [earth bound] devas from [earth bound] devas, he does not conceive [earth bound] devas, he does not conceive at [earth bound] devas, he does not conceive from [earth bound] devas, he does not conceive "[earth bound] devas by me," he does not delight in [earth bound devas. What is the reason for that? He has comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

56. He directly knows [sensual heaven] devas from [sensual heaven] devas. Having directly known [sensual

na maññati. vāyaṃ me'ti na maññati. vāyaṃ nābhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? pariññātaṃ tassā'ti vadāmi.

bhūte bhūtato abhijānāti. bhūte bhūtato abhiññāya bhūte na maññati. bhūtesu na maññati. bhūtato na maññati. bhūte me'ti na maññati. bhūte nābhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? pariññātaṃ tassā'ti vadāmi.

deve devato abhijānāti. deve devato abhiññāya deve na maññati. devesu na heaven] devas from [sensual heaven] devas, he does not conceive [sensual heaven] devas, he does not conceive at [sensual heaven] devas, he does not conceive from [sensual heaven] devas, he does not conceive "[sensual heaven] devas by me," he does not delight in [sensual heaven] devas. What is the reason for that? He has comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

57. He directly knows Pajapati from Pajapati. Having directly known Pajapati from Pajapati, he does not conceive Pajapati, he does not conceive at Pajapati, he does not conceive from Pajapati, he does not conceive from Pajapati, he does not conceive "Pajapati by me," he does not delight in Pajapati. What is the reason for that? He has comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

maññati. devato na maññati. deve me'ti na maññati. deve nābhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? pariññātaṃ tassā'ti vadāmi.

pajāpatim pajāpatito abhijānāti. pajāpatim pajāpatito abhiññāya pajāpatim na maññati. pajāpatismim na maññati. pajāpatito na maññati. pajāpatim me'ti na maññati. pajāpatim me'ti na maññati. pajāpatim nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? pariññātam tassā'ti vadāmi.

brahmam brahmato

from Brahma. Having directly known Brahma from Brahma, he does not conceive Brahma, he does not conceive at Brahma, he does not conceive from Brahma, he does not conceive "Brahma by me," he does not delight in Brahma. What is the reason for that? He has comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

59. He directly knows Abhassara devas from Abhassara devas. Having directly known Abhassara devas from Abhassara devas, he does not conceive Abhassara devas, he does not conceive at Abhassara devas, he does not conceive from Abhassara devas, he does not conceive "Abhassara devas by me," he does not delight in Abhassara devas. What is the reason for that? He has comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

He directly knows Brahmaabhijānāti. brahmam brahmato abhiññaya brahmam na maññati. brahmato na maññati, brahmani na maññati, brahmam me'ti na maññati. brahmam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? pariññātam tassā'ti vadāmi.

> ābhassare ābhassarato abhijānāti. ābhassare ābhassarato abhiññāya ābhassare na maññati, ābhassaresu na maññati. ābhassarato na maññati. ābhassare me'ti na maññati. ābhassare nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? pariññātam tassā'ti vadāmi.

subhakinne subha-

He directly knows Subhakinna devas from Subhakinna devas. Having directly known Subhakinna devas from Subhakinna devas, he does not conceive Subhakinna devas, he does not conceive at Subhakinna devas. he does not conceive from Subhakinna devas, he does not conceive "Subhakinna devas is by me," he does not delight in Subhakinna devas. What is the reason for that? He has comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

61. He directly knows Vehapphala devas from Vehapphala devas. Having directly known Vehapphala devas from Vehapphala devas, he does not conceive Vehapphala devas, he does not conceive at Vehapphala devas, he does not conceive from Vehapphala devas, he does not conceive "Vehapphala devas is by me," he does not delight

kiṇṇato abhijānāti. subhakiṇṇe subha-kiṇṇato abhiññāya subhakiṇṇe na mañ-ñati. subha-kiṇṇesu na maññati. subha-kiṇṇesu na maññati. subha-kiṇṇe nābhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? pa-riññātaṃ tassā'ti va-dāmi.

vehapphale vehapphalato abhijānāti. vehapphale vehapphalato abhiññāya vehapphale na mañāti. vehapphalato na maññati. vehapphalato na maññati. vehapphale me'ti na maññati. vehapphale nābhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? pariññātaṃ tassā'ti var

in Vehapphala devas. What is the reason for that? He has comprehensive knowledge of it, I say. dāmi.

62. He directly knows Vanquisher from Vanquisher. Having directly known Vanquisher from Vanquisher, he does not conceive Vanquisher, he does not conceive at Vanquisher, he does not conceive from Vanquisher, he does not conceive "Vanquisher by me," he does not delight in Vanquisher. What is the reason for that? He has comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

abhibhum abhibhuto abhijānāti. abhibhum abhibhuto abhiññāya abhibhum na maññati. abhibhusmim na maññati. abhibhuto na maññati. abhibhuto na maññati. abhiabhibhum me'ti na maññati. abhibhum nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? pariññātam tassā'ti vadāmi.

63. He directly knows the domain of infinite space from the domain of infinite space. Having directly known the domain of infinite space from the domain of infinite space, he does not conceive the domain of infinite space, he does not conceive at the do-

ākāsānañcāyatanam ākāsānañcāyatanato abhijānāti. ākāsānañcāyatanam ākāsānañcāyatanato abhiññāya ākāsānañcāyatanam na maññati. ākāsānañcāyatanasmim na mañmain of infinite space, he does not conceive from the domain of infinite space, he does not conceive "the domain of infinite space by me," he does not delight in the domain of infinite space. What is the reason for that? He has comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

He directly knows the domain of infinite consciousness from the domain of infinite consciousness. Having directly known the domain of infinite consciousness from the domain of infinite consciousness, he does not conceive the domain of infinite consciousness, he does not conceive at the domain of infinite consciousness, he does not conceive from the domain of infinite consciousness, he does not conceive "the domain of infinite consciousness by me," he does not delight in the domain of

ñati. ākāsānañcāyatanato na maññati. ākāsānañcāyatanam me'ti na maññati. ākāsānañcāyatanam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? pariññātam tassā'ti vadāmi.

viññāṇañcāyatanam viññanañcayatanato abhijānāti. viññānañcāyatanam viññāṇañcāyatanato abhiññāya viññānañcāyatanam na maññati. viññānañcāyatanasmim na maññati. viññānañcāvatanato na maññati. viññāṇañcāyatanam me'ti na maññati. viññānañcāyatanam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? pariññātam tassā'ti vadāmi.

infinite consciousness. What is the reason for that? He has comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

65. He directly knows the domain of nothingness from the domain of nothingness. Having directly known the domain of nothingness from the domain of nothingness, he does not conceive the domain of nothingness, he does not conceive at the domain of nothingness, he does not conceive from the domain of nothingness, he does not conceive "the domain of nothingness by me," he does not delight in the domain of nothingness. What is the reason for that? He has comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

66. He directly knows the domain of neither perception nor non-perception from the domain of neither perception nor non-perception.

ākiñcaññāyatanam ākiñcaññāyatanato abhijānāti. ākiñcaññāyatanam ākiñcaññāvatanato abhiññāya ākiñcaññāyatanam na maññati. ākiñcaññāyatanasmim na maññati. ākiñcaññavatanato na maññati. ākiñcaññāyatanam me'ti na maññati. ākiñcaññāvatanam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? pariññātam tassā'ti vadāmi

nevasaññānāsaññāyatanam nevasaññānāsaññāyatanato abhijānāti. nevasaññānāsaññāyatanam Having directly known the domain of neither perception nor non-perception from the domain of neither perception nor non-perception, he does not conceive the domain of neither perception nor non-perception, he does not conceive at the domain of neither perception nor non-perception, he does not conceive from the domain of neither perception nor non-perception, he does not conceive "the domain of neither perception nor non-perception by me," he does not delight in the domain of neither perception nor non-perception. What is the reason for that? He has comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

67. He directly knows the seen from the seen. Having directly known the seen from the seen, he does not conceive the seen, he does not

nevasaññānāsaññāvatanato abhiññava nevasaññānāsaññāyatanam na maññati. nevasaññānāsaññāvatanasmim na mañnati. nevasannanasaññāyatanato na maññati, nevasaññānāsaññāyatanam me'ti na maññati. nevasaññānāsaññāyatanam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? pariññātam tassā'ti vadāmi

diţţham diţţhato abhijanāti. diţţham diţthato abhiññāya diţtham na maññati. diţţhasmim na maññati. diţţhasmim na maññati. diţţhato na mañ

conceive at the seen, he does not conceive from the seen, he does not conceive "the seen by me," he does not delight in the seen. What is the reason for that? He has comprehensive knowledge of it, I say. ñati. diṭṭhaṃ me'ti na maññati. diṭṭhaṃ nābhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? pariññātaṃ tassā'ti vadāmi.

- 68. He directly knows the heard from the heard. Having directly known the heard from the heard, he does not conceive the heard, he does not conceive at the heard, he does not conceive from the heard, he does not conceive from the heard, he does not conceive "the heard by me," he does not delight in the heard. What is the reason for that? He has comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.
- sutam sutato abhijānāti. sutam sutato abhiññāya sutam na maññati. sutasmim na maññati. sutato na maññati. sutam me'ti na maññati. sutam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? pariññātam tassā'ti vadāmi.
- 69. He directly knows the thought from the thought. Having directly known the thought from the thought, he does not conceive the thought, he does not conceive

mutam mutato abhijānāti. mutam mutato abhiññāya mutam na maññati. mutasmim na maññati. mutato na maññati. at the thought, he does not conceive from the thought, he does not conceive "the thought by me," he does not delight in the thought. What is the reason for that? He has comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

70. He directly knows the cognized from the cognized. Having directly known the cognized from the cognized, he does not conceive the cognized, he does not conceive at the cognized, he does not conceive from the cognized, he does not conceive "the cognized by me," he does not delight in the cognized. What is the reason for that? He has comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

71. He directly knows unity from unity. Having directly known unity from unity, he does not conceive unity, he does not conceive at unity,

mutam me'ti na maññati. mutam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? pariññātam tassā'ti vadāmi.

viññātaṃ viññātato abhijānāti. viññātaṃ viññātato abhiññāya viññātaṃ na maññati. viññātato na maññati. viññātato na maññati. viññātaṃ me'ti na maññati. viññātaṃ mābhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? pariññātaṃ tassā'ti vadāmi.

ekattam ekattato abhijānāti. ekattam ekattato abhiññāya ekattam na maññati. ekattasmim na mañhe does not conceive from unity, he does not conceive "unity by me," he does not delight in unity. What is the reason for that? He has comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

72. He directly knows diversity from diversity. Having directly known diversity from diversity, he does not conceive diversity, he does not conceive at diversity, he does not conceive from diversity, he does not conceive from diversity, he does not conceive "diversity by me," he does not delight in diversity. What is the reason for that? He has comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

73. He directly knows the all from the all. Having directly known the all from the all, he does not conceive the all, he does not conceive at the all, he does not conceive from the all, he does not con-

ñati. ekattato na maññati. ekattam me'ti na maññati. ekattam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? pariññātam tassā'ti vadāmi.

nānattam nānattato abhijānāti. nānattam nānattato abhiññāya nānattam na maññati. nānattasmim na maññati. nānattato na maññati. nānattam me'ti na maññati. nānattam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? pariññātam tassā'ti vadāmi.

sabbam sabbato abhijānāti. sabbam sabbato abhiññāya sabbam na maññati. sabbasmim na maññati. sabbato na maññati. sabbam me'ti na mañceive "the all by me," he does not delight in the all. What is the reason for that? He has comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

74. He directly knows nibbana from nibbana. Having directly known nibbana from nibbana, he does not conceive nibbana, he does not conceive at nibbana, he does not conceive from nibbana, he does not conceive from nibbana, he does not conceive "nibbana by me," he does not delight in nibbana. What is the reason for that? He has comprehensive knowledge of it, I say.

First arahant section is finished.

75. Also, O bhikkhus, the bhikkhu who is an arahant with asavas destroyed, one

ñati. sabbam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? pariññātam tassā'ti vadāmi.

nibbānam nibbānato abhijānāti. nibbānam nibbānato abhiññāya nibbānam na
maññati. nibbānasmim na maññati. nibbānato na maññati.
nibbānam me'ti na
maññati. nibbānam
nābhinandati. tam
kissa hetu? pariññātam tassā'ti vadāmi.

khīṇāsavaha paricchedi paṭhamakanaye tatiyakabhūmi

yo'pi so bhikkhave bhikkhu araham khīṇāsavo vusitavā kawho has lived [the life of purity], done what must be done, laid down the burden, attained the true advantage, completely destroyed the fetters of being, one who is liberated by right final knowledge. He too directly knows earth from earth. Having directly known earth from earth, he does not conceive earth, he does not conceive at earth, he does not conceive from earth, he does not conceive "earth by me," he does not delight in earth. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from lust due to the destruction of lust.

76. He directly knows water from water. Having directly known water from water, he does not conceive water, he does not conceive at water, he does not conceive from water, he does not conceive "water by me," he does not delight in water. What is the

takaranīyo ohitabhāro anuppattasadattho parikkhīnabhavasamyojano sammadaññā vimutto so'pi pathavim pathavito abhijānāti. pathavim pathavito abhiññāya pathavim na maññati pathaviyā na maññati pathavito na maññati pathavim me'ti na maññati. pathavim nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā rāgassa vītarāgattā.

āpam āpato abhijānāti. āpam āpato abhiññāya āpam na maññati āpasmim na maññati āpato na maññati āpam me'ti na maññati. āpam nābhinandati. tam

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reason for that? Because of his liberation from lust due to the destruction of lust.

77. He directly knows fire from fire. Having directly known fire from fire, he does not conceive fire, he does not conceive at fire, he does not conceive from fire, he does not conceive "fire by me," he does not delight in fire. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from lust due to the destruction of lust.

78. He directly knows air from air. Having directly known air from air, he does not conceive air, he does not conceive at air, he does not conceive from air, he does not conceive "air by me," he does not delight in air. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from lust due to the destruction of lust.

kissa hetu? khayā rāgassa vītarāgattā.

tejam tejato abhijānāti. tejam tejato abhiññāya tejam na maññati tejasmim na maññati tejato na maññati tejam me'ti na maññati. tejam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā rāgassa vītarāgattā.

vāyam vāyato abhijānāti. vāyam vāyato abhiññāya vāyam na maññati vāyasmim na maññati vāyato na maññati vāyam me'ti na maññati. vāyam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā rāgassa vītarāgattā. **79.** He directly knows [earth bound devas from [earth bound] devas. Having directly known [earth bound] devas from [earth bound] devas, he does not conceive [earth bound] devas, he does not conceive at [earth bound] devas, he does not conceive from [earth bound] devas. he does not conceive "[earth bound] devas by me," he does not delight in [earth bound devas. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from lust due to the destruction of lust.

bhūte bhūtato abhijānāti. bhūte bhūtato abhiññāya bhūte na maññati bhūtesu na maññati bhūtato na maññati bhūte me'ti na maññati. bhūte nābhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? khayā rāgassa vītarāgattā.

80. He directly knows [sensual heaven] devas from [sensual heaven] devas. Having directly known [sensual heaven] devas from [sensual heaven] devas, he does not conceive [sensual heaven] devas, he does not conceive at [sensual heaven] devas, he does not conceive from [sensual heaven] devas, he

deve devato abhijānāti, deve devato
abhiñnāya deve na
mañnāti devesu na
mañnāti devato na
mañnāti deve me'ti
na mañnāti. deve
nābhinandati. taṃ
kissa hetu? khayā
rāgassa vītarāgattā.

does not conceive "[sensual heaven] devas by me," he does not delight in [sensual heaven] devas. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from lust due to the destruction of lust.

81. He directly knows Pajapati from Pajapati. Having directly known Pajapati from Pajapati, he does not conceive Pajapati, he does not conceive at Pajapati, he does not conceive from Pajapati, he does not conceive "Pajapati by me," he does not delight in Pajapati. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from lust due to the destruction of lust.

82. He directly knows Brahma from Brahma. Having directly known Brahma from Brahma, he does not conceive Brahma, he does not conceive at Brahma, he does not conceive from Brahma, he does

pajāpatim pajāpatito abhijānāti. pajāpatim pajāpatito abhiññāya pajāpatim na maññati pajāpatismim na maññati pajāpatito na maññati pajāpatim me'ti na maññati. pajāpatim nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā rāgassa vītarāgattā.

brahmam brahmato abhijānāti. brahmam brahmato abhiññāya brahmam na maññati brahmato na maññati brahmani na maññati brah-

not conceive "Brahma by me," he does not delight in Brahma. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from lust due to the destruction of lust.

83. He directly knows Abhassara devas from Abhassara devas. Having directly known Abhassara devas from Abhassara devas, he does not conceive Abhassara devas, he does not conceive at Abhassara devas, he does not conceive from Abhassara devas, he does not conceive "Abhassara devas by me," he does not delight in Abhassara devas. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from lust due to the destruction of lust.

84. He directly knows Subhakinna devas from Subhakinna devas. Having directly known Subhakinna devas from Subhakinna devas,

maṃ me'ti na maññati. brahmaṃ nābhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? khayā rāgassa vītarāgattā.

ābhassare ābhassarato abhijānāti. ābhassare ābhassarato abhiññāya ābhassare na mañnāti ābhassaresu na mañnāti ābhassarato na mañnāti ābhassare me'ti na mañnāti. ābhassare nābhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? khayā rāgassa vītarāgattā.

subhakiṇṇe subhakiṇṇato abhijānāti. subhakiṇṇe subhakiṇṇato abhiññāya subhakinne na mañhe does not conceive Subhakinna devas, he does not conceive at Subhakinna devas, he does not conceive from Subhakinna devas, he does not conceive "Subhakinna devas is by me," he does not delight in Subhakinna devas. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from lust due to the destruction of lust.

He directly knows Vehapphala devas from Vehapphala devas. Having directly known Vehapphala devas from Vehapphala devas, he does not conceive Vehapphala devas, he does not conceive at Vehapphala devas, he does not conceive from Vehapphala devas, he does not conceive "Vehapphala devas is by me," he does not delight in Vehapphala devas. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from lust due to the destruction of lust.

ñati subhakiṇṇato
na maññati subhakiṇṇesu na maññati
subhakiṇṇe me'ti
na maññati. subhakiṇṇe nābhinandati.
taṃ kissa hetu? khayā
rāgassa vītarāgattā.

vehapphale vehapphalato abhijānāti. vehapphale vehapphalato abhiññāya vehapphale na mañnāti vehapphalesu na mañnāti vehapphale me'ti na mañnāti. vehapphale nābhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? khayā rāgassa vītarāgattā.

86. He directly knows Vanquisher from Vanquisher. Having directly known Vanquisher from Vanquisher, he does not conceive Vanquisher, he does not conceive at Vanquisher, he does not conceive from Vanquisher, he does not conceive "Vanquisher by me," he does not delight in Vanquisher. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from lust due to the destruction of lust.

abhibhum abhibhuto abhijānāti. abhibhum abhibhuto abhiññāya abhibhum na maññati abhibhusmim na maññati abhibhuto na maññati abhibhum me'ti na maññati. abhibhum nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā rāgassa vītarāgattā.

87. He directly knows the domain of infinite space from the domain of infinite space. Having directly known the domain of infinite space from the domain of infinite space, he does not conceive the domain of infinite space, he does not conceive at the domain of infinite space, he does not conceive from the domain of infinite space, he does not conceive "the domain of onceive "the do-

ākāsānañcāyatanam ākāsānañcāyatanato abhijānāti. ākāsānañcāyatanam ākāsānañcāyatanato abhiññāya ākāsānañcāyatanam na maññati ākāsānañcāyatanasmim na maññati ākāsānañcāyatanato na maññati ākāsānañcāyatanam me'ti na maññati. ākāsānañcāyatanam main of infinite space by me," he does not delight in the domain of infinite space. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from lust due to the destruction of lust.

nābhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? khayā rāgassa vītarāgattā.

He directly knows the 88. domain of infinite consciousness from the domain of infinite consciousness. Having directly known the domain of infinite consciousness from the domain of infinite consciousness, he does not conceive the domain of infinite consciousness, he does not conceive at the domain of infinite consciousness, he does not conceive from the domain of infinite consciousness, he does not conceive "the domain of infinite consciousness by me," he does not delight in the domain of infinite consciousness. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from

viññāṇañcāyatanam viññānañcāyatanato abhijānāti. viññānañcāyatanam viññānañcāyatanato abhiññāya viññānañcāyatanam na maññati viññānañcāyatanasmim na maññati viññāṇañcāyatanato na maññati viññānañcāyatanam me'ti na maññati. viññanañcāyatanam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā rāgassa vītarāgattā.

lust due to the destruction of lust.

He directly knows the domain of nothingness from the domain of nothingness. Having directly known the domain of nothingness from the domain of nothingness, he does not conceive the domain of nothingness, he does not conceive at the domain of nothingness, he does not conceive from the domain of nothingness, he does not conceive "the domain of nothingness by me," he does not delight in the domain of nothingness. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from lust due to the destruction of lust.

90. He directly knows the domain of neither perception nor non-perception from the domain of neither perception nor non-perception. Having directly known the

ākiñcaññāyatanam ākiñcaññāyatanato abhijānāti, ākiñcaññāyatanam ākiñcaññāvatanato abhiññāya ākiñcaññāyatanam na maññati ākiñcaññāyatanasmim na maññati ākiñcaññavatanato na maññati ākiñcaññāyatanam me'ti na maññati, ākiñcaññāyatanam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā rāgassa vītarāgattā.

nevasaññānāsaññāyatanam nevasaññānāsaññāyatanato abhijānāti. nevasaññānāsaññāyatanam nevasaññānāsaññā-

domain of neither perception nor non-perception from the domain of neither perception nor non-perception, he does not conceive the domain of neither perception nor non-perception, he does not conceive at the domain of neither perception nor non-perception, he does not conceive from the domain of neither perception nor non-perception, he does not conceive "the domain of neither perception nor nonperception by me," he does not delight in the domain of neither perception nor non-perception. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from lust due to the destruction of lust.

91. He directly knows the seen from the seen. Having directly known the seen from the seen, he does not conceive the seen, he does not conceive at the seen, he does

yatanato abhiññāya nevasaññānāsaññā-yatanam na maññati nevasaññānāsaññā-yatanasmim na mañnati nevasaññānā-saññāyatanato na mañnati nevasaññāyatanam me'ti na mañnati. nevasaññānāsaññā-yatanam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā rāgassa vītarāgattā.

diţţham diţţhato abhijānāti. diţţham diţţhato abhiññāya diţţham na maññati diţţhasmim na maññati diţţhato na maññati diţţham me'ti not conceive from the seen, he does not conceive "the seen by me," he does not delight in the seen. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from lust due to the destruction of lust. na maññati. diṭṭhaṃ nābhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? khayā rāgassa vītarāgattā.

92. He directly knows the heard from the heard. Having directly known the heard from the heard, he does not conceive the heard, he does not conceive at the heard, he does not conceive from the heard, he does not conceive "the heard by me," he does not delight in the heard. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from lust due to the destruction of lust.

sutam sutato abhijānāti. sutam sutato abhiññāya sutam na maññati sutasmim na maññati sutato na maññati sutam me'ti na maññati. sutam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā rāgassa vītarāgattā.

93. He directly knows the thought from the thought. Having directly known the thought from the thought, he does not conceive the thought, he does not conceive

mutam mutato abhijānāti. mutam mutato abhiññāya mutam na maññati mutasmim na maññati mutato na maññati at the thought, he does not conceive from the thought, he does not conceive "the thought by me," he does not delight in the thought. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from lust due to the destruction of lust.

mutam me'ti na maññati. mutam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā rāgassa vītarāgattā.

He directly knows the 94. cognized from the cognized. Having directly known the cognized from the cognized, he does not conceive the cognized, he does not conceive at the cognized, he does not conceive from the cognized, he does not conceive "the cognized by me," he does not delight in the cognized. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from lust due to the destruction of lust.

viññātam viññātato abhijānāti. viññātam viññātato abhiññāya viññātam na maññati viñnātasmim na maññati viññātato na maññati viññātam me'ti na maññati. viññātam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā rāgassa vītarāgattā.

95. He directly knows unity from unity. Having directly known unity from unity, he

ekattam ekattato abhijānāti. ekattam ekattato abhiññāya does not conceive unity, he does not conceive at unity, he does not conceive from unity, he does not conceive "unity by me," he does not delight in unity. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from lust due to the destruction of lust.

96. He directly knows diversity from diversity. Having directly known diversity from diversity, he does not conceive diversity, he does not conceive at diversity, he does not conceive from diversity, he does not conceive "diversity by me," he does not delight in diversity. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from lust due to the destruction of lust.

97. He directly knows the all from the all. Having directly known the all from the all, he does not conceive the all, he does not conceive at

ekattam na maññati ekattasmim na maññati ekattato na maññati ekattam me'ti na maññati. ekattam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā rāgassa vītarāgattā.

nānattam nānattato abhijānāti. nānattam nānattato abhiññāya nānattam na maññati nānattasmim na maññati nānattato na maññati nānattam me'ti na maññati. nānattam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā rāgassa vītarāgattā.

sabbam sabbato abhijānāti. sabbam sabbato abhiññāya sabbam na maññati sabbasmim na maññati the all, he does not conceive from the all, he does not conceive "the all by me," he does not delight in the all. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from lust due to the destruction of lust.

98. He directly knows nibbana from nibbana. Having directly known nibbana from nibbana, he does not conceive nibbana, he does not conceive at nibbana, he does not conceive from nibbana, he does not conceive "nibbana by me," he does not delight in nibbana. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from lust due to the destruction of lust.

Second arahant section is finished.

99. Also, O bhikkhus, the

sabbato na maññati sabbam me'ti na maññati. sabbam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā rāgassa vītarāgattā.

nibbānam nibbānato abhijānāti. nibbānam nibbānato abhiññāya nibbānam na
maññati nibbānasmim na maññati nibbānato na maññati
nibbānam me'ti na
maññati. nibbānam
nābhinandati. tam
kissa hetu? khayā
rāgassa vītarāgattā.

khīṇāsavaha dutiyakanaye cataravanaka bhūmi paricchedi

yo'pi so bhikkhave

bhikkhu who is an arahant with asavas destroyed, one who has lived [the life of purity], done what must be done, laid down the burden, attained the true advantage, completely destroyed the fetters of being, one who is liberated by right final knowledge. He too directly knows earth from earth. Having directly known earth from earth, he does not conceive earth, he does not conceive at earth, he does not conceive from earth, he does not conceive "earth by me," he does not delight in earth. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from hate due to the destruction of hate.

100. He directly knows water from water. Having directly known water from water, he does not conceive water, he does not conceive at water, he does not con-

bhikkhu araham khīnāsavo vusitavā katakaranīyo ohitabhāro anuppattasadattho parikkhīnabhavasamyojano sammadaññā vimutto so'pi pathavim pathavito abhijānāti. pathavim pathavito abhiññāya pathavim na maññati pathaviyā na maññati pathavito na maññati pathavim me'ti na maññati. paţhavim nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā dosassa vītadosattā.

āpam āpato abhijānāti. āpam āpato abhiññāya āpam na maññati āpasmim na maññati āpato na maññati āpam me'ti na maññati. āpam ceive from water, he does not conceive "water by me," he does not delight in water. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from hate due to the destruction of hate. nābhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? khayā dosassa vītadosattā.

101. He directly knows fire from fire. Having directly known fire from fire, he does not conceive fire, he does not conceive at fire, he does not conceive from fire, he does not conceive "fire by me," he does not delight in fire. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from hate due to the destruction of hate.

tejam tejato abhijānāti. tejam tejato abhiññāya tejam na maññati tejasmim na maññati tejato na maññati tejam me'ti na maññati. tejam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā dosassa vītadosattā.

102. He directly knows air from air. Having directly known air from air, he does not conceive air, he does not conceive at air, he does not conceive from air, he does not conceive "air by me," he does not delight in air.

vāyam vāyato abhijānāti. vāyam vāyato abhiññāya vāyam na maññati vāyasmim na maññati vāyato na maññati vāyam me'ti na maññati. vāyam nābhiWhat is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from hate due to the destruction of hate.

He directly knows [earth bound] devas from [earth bound] devas. Having directly known [earth bound] devas from [earth bound] devas, he does not conceive [earth bound] devas, he does not conceive at [earth bound] devas, he does not conceive from [earth bound] devas. he does not conceive "[earth bound devas by me," he does not delight in [earth boundl devas. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from hate due to the destruction of hate.

104. He directly knows [sensual heaven] devas from [sensual heaven] devas. Having directly known [sensual heaven] devas from [sensual heaven] devas, he does not

nandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā dosassa vītadosattā.

bhūte bhūtato abhijānāti. bhūte bhūtato abhiñnāya bhūte na mañnati bhūtesu na mañnati bhūtato na mañnati bhūte me'ti na mañnati. bhūte nābhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? khayā dosassa vītadosattā.

deve devato abhijānāti. deve devato abhiññāya deve na maññati devesu na maññati devato na maññati deve me'ti conceive [sensual heaven] devas, he does not conceive at [sensual heaven] devas, he does not conceive from [sensual heaven] devas, he does not conceive "[sensual heaven] devas by me," he does not delight in [sensual heaven] devas. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from hate due to the destruction of hate.

na maññati. deve nābhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? khayā dosassa vītadosattā.

105. He directly knows Pajapati from Pajapati. Having directly known Pajapati from Pajapati, he does not conceive Pajapati, he does not conceive at Pajapati, he does not conceive from Pajapati, he does not conceive from Pajapati, he does not conceive "Pajapati by me," he does not delight in Pajapati. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from hate due to the destruction of hate.

pajāpatim pajāpatito abhijānāti. pajāpatim pajāpatito abhiññāya pajāpatim na maññati pajāpatismim na maññati pajāpatito na maññati pajāpatim me'ti na maññati. pajāpatim nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā dosassa vītadosattā.

106. He directly knows Brahma from Brahma. Hav-

brahmam brahmato abhijānāti. brahmam ing directly known Brahma from Brahma, he does not conceive Brahma, he does not conceive at Brahma, he does not conceive from Brahma, he does not conceive "Brahma by me," he does not delight in Brahma. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from hate due to the destruction of hate.

107. He directly knows Abhassara devas from Abhassara devas. Having directly known Abhassara devas from Abhassara devas, he does not conceive Abhassara devas, he does not conceive at Abhassara devas, he does not conceive from Abhassara devas, he does not conceive "Abhassara devas by me," he does not delight in Abhassara devas. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from hate due to the destruction of hate.

brahmato abhiññāya brahmam na maññati brahmato na maññati brahmani na maññati brahmam me'ti na maññati. brahmam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā dosassa vītadosattā.

ābhassare ābhassarato abhijānāti. ābhassare ābhassarato abhiññāya ābhassare na mañnāti ābhassaresu na mañnāti ābhassare me'ti na mañnāti. ābhassare nābhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? khayā dosassa vītadosattā.

108. He directly knows Subhakinna devas from Subhakinna devas. Having directly known Subhakinna devas from Subhakinna devas, he does not conceive Subhakinna devas, he does not conceive at Subhakinna devas. he does not conceive from Subhakinna devas, he does not conceive "Subhakinna devas is by me," he does not delight in Subhakinna devas. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from hate due to the destruction of hate.

109. He directly knows Vehapphala devas from Vehapphala devas. Having directly known Vehapphala devas from Vehapphala devas, he does not conceive Vehapphala devas, he does not conceive at Vehapphala devas, he does not conceive from Vehapphala devas, he does not conceive "Vehapphala"

subhakiṇṇe subhakiṇṇato abhijānāti.
subhakiṇṇe subhakiṇṇato abhiññāya
subhakiṇṇe na maññati subhakiṇṇato
na maññati subhakiṇṇesu na maññati
subhakiṇṇe me'ti
na maññati. subhakiṇṇe nābhinandati.
taṃ kissa hetu? khayā
dosassa vītadosattā.

vehapphale vehapphalato abhijānāti. vehapphale vehapphalato abhiñnāya vehapphale na mañnāti vehapphalesu na mañnāti vehapphalato na mañnāti vehapphale me'ti na mañnāti. vehapphale nābhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? khayā

devas is by me," he does not delight in Vehapphala devas. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from hate due to the destruction of hate. dosassa vītadosattā.

110. He directly knows Vanquisher from Vanquisher. Having directly known Vanquisher from Vanquisher, he does not conceive Vanquisher, he does not conceive at Vanquisher, he does not conceive from Vanquisher, he does not conceive "Vanquisher by me," he does not delight in Vanquisher. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from hate due to the destruction of hate.

abhibhum abhibhuto abhijānāti. abhibhum abhibhuto abhiññāya abhibhum na maññati abhibhusmim na maññati abhibhuto na maññati abhibhuto na maññati abhiabhibhum me'ti na maññati. abhibhum nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā dosassa vītadosattā.

111. He directly knows the domain of infinite space from the domain of infinite space. Having directly known the domain of infinite space from the domain of infinite space,

ākāsānañcāyatanam ākāsānañcāyatanato abhijānāti. ākāsānañcāyatanam ākāsānañcāyatanato abhiññāya ākāsāhe does not conceive the domain of infinite space, he does not conceive at the domain of infinite space, he does not conceive from the domain of infinite space, he does not conceive "the domain of infinite space by me," he does not delight in the domain of infinite space. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from hate due to the destruction of hate.

112. He directly knows the domain of infinite consciousness from the domain of infinite consciousness. Having directly known the domain of infinite consciousness from the domain of infinite consciousness, he does not conceive the domain of infinite consciousness, he does not conceive at the domain of infinite consciousness, he does not conceive from the domain of infinite consciousness, he

nañcāyatanam na maññati ākāsānañ-cāyatanasmim na maññati ākāsānañcā-yatanato na maññati ākāsānañcāyatanam me'ti na maññati. ākāsānañcāyatanam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā dosassa vītadosattā.

viññāṇañcāyatanaṃ viññāṇañcāyatanato abhijānāti. viññāṇañcāyatanam viññāṇañcāyatanato abhiññāṇa viññāṇañcāyatanam na maññati viññāṇañcāyatanasmim na maññati viññāṇañcāyatanato na maññati viññāṇañcāyatanam me'ti na maññati. viññāṇañcāyatanam nābhinandati. taṃ kissa

ness, he does not conceive "the domain of infinite consciousness by me," he does not delight in the domain of infinite consciousness. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from hate due to the destruction of hate.

hetu? khayā dosassa vītadosattā.

He directly knows the domain of nothingness from the domain of nothingness. Having directly known the domain of nothingness from the domain of nothingness, he does not conceive the domain of nothingness, he does not conceive at the domain of nothingness, he does not conceive from the domain of nothingness, he does not conceive "the domain of nothingness by me," he does not delight in the domain of nothingness. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from hate due to the destruction of hate.

ākiñcaññāyatanam ākiñcaññāyatanato abhijānāti. ākiñcaññāyatanam ākiñcaññāyatanato abhiññāya ākiñcaññāyatanam na maññati ākiñcaññāyatanasmim na maññati ākiñcaññāyatanato na maññati ākiñcaññāvatanam me'ti na maññati. ākiñcaññāvatanam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā dosassa vītadosattā.

He directly knows the domain of neither perception nor non-perception from the domain of neither perception nor non-perception. Having directly known the domain of neither perception nor non-perception from the domain of neither perception nor non-perception, he does not conceive the domain of neither perception nor non-perception, he does not conceive at the domain of neither perception nor non-perception, he does not conceive from the domain of neither perception nor non-perception, he does not conceive "the domain of neither perception nor nonperception by me," he does not delight in the domain of neither perception nor non-perception. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from hate due to the destruction of hate.

nevasaññānāsaññāvatanam nevasaññānāsaññāyatanato abhijānāti. nevasaññānāsaññāvatanam nevasaññānāsaññāvatanato abhiññava nevasaññānāsaññāyatanam na maññati nevasaññānāsaññāyatanasmim na maññati nevasaññānāsaññayatanato na maññati nevasaññānāsaññāvatanam me'ti na maññati. nevasaññānāsaññāvatanam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khavā dosassa vītadosattā.

dittham ditthato abhi-

115. He directly knows the seen from the seen. Having directly known the seen from the seen, he does not conceive the seen, he does not conceive at the seen, he does not conceive from the seen, he does not conceive "the seen by me," he does not delight in the seen. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from hate due to the destruction of hate.

jānāti. diṭṭhaṃ diṭṭhato abhiññāya diṭṭhaṃ na mañnati diṭṭhasmiṃ na maññati diṭṭhato na maññati diṭṭhaṃ me'ti na mañnati. diṭṭhaṃ nābhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? khayā dosassa vītadosattā.

116. He directly knows the heard from the heard. Having directly known the heard from the heard, he does not conceive the heard, he does not conceive at the heard, he does not conceive from the heard, he does not conceive "the heard by me," he does not delight in the heard. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from hate due to the destruction of hate.

sutaṃ sutato abhijānāti. sutaṃ sutato
abhiññāya sutaṃ
na maññati sutasmiṃ na maññati sutato na maññati sutaṃ me'ti na maññati. sutaṃ nābhinandati. taṃ kissa
hetu? khayā dosassa
vītadosattā.

117. He directly knows the thought from the thought. Having directly known the thought from the thought, he does not conceive the thought, he does not conceive at the thought, he does not conceive from the thought, he does not conceive "the thought by me," he does not delight in the thought. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from hate due to the destruction of hate.

118. He directly knows the cognized from the cognized. Having directly known the cognized from the cognized, he does not conceive the cognized, he does not conceive at the cognized, he does not conceive from the cognized, he does not conceive "the cognized by me," he does not delight in the cognized. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from

mutam mutato abhijānāti. mutam mutato abhiññāya mutam na maññati mutasmim na maññati mutato na maññati mutam me'ti na maññati. mutam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā dosassa vītadosattā.

viññātam viññātato abhijānāti. viññātam viññātato abhiññāya viññātam na maññati viñnātasmim na maññati viññātato na maññati viññātam me'ti na maññati. viññātam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā dosassa vītadosattā.

hate due to the destruction of hate.

119. He directly knows unity from unity. Having directly known unity from unity, he does not conceive unity, he does not conceive at unity, he does not conceive from unity, he does not conceive "unity by me," he does not delight in unity. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from hate due to the destruction of hate.

120. He directly knows diversity from diversity. Having directly known diversity from diversity, he does not conceive diversity, he does not conceive at diversity, he does not conceive from diversity, he does not conceive from diversity by me," he does not delight in diversity. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from

ekattam ekattato abhijānāti. ekattam ekattato abhiññāya ekattam na mañ-ñati ekattasmim na maññati ekattato na maññati ekattam me'ti na maññati. ekattam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā dosassa vītadosattā.

nānattam nānattato abhijānāti. nānattam nānattato abhiññāya nānattam na maññati nānattasmim na maññati nānattato na maññati nānattam me'ti na maññati. nānattam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā dosassa vītadosattā.

hate due to the destruction of hate.

121. He directly knows the all from the all. Having directly known the all from the all, he does not conceive the all, he does not conceive at the all, he does not conceive from the all, he does not conceive "the all by me," he does not delight in the all. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from hate due to the destruction of hate.

122. He directly knows nibbana from nibbana. Having directly known nibbana from nibbana, he does not conceive nibbana, he does not conceive at nibbana, he does not conceive from nibbana, he does not conceive from nibbana, he does not conceive "nibbana by me," he does not delight in nibbana. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from hate due

sabbam sabbato abhijānāti. sabbam sabbato abhiññāya sabbam na maññati sabbasmim na maññati sabbato na maññati sabbam me'ti na maññati. sabbam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā dosassa vītadosattā.

nibbānam nibbānato abhijānāti. nibbānam nibbānato abhiññāya nibbānam na
mañnāti nibbānasmim na mañnāti nibbānato na mañnāti
nibbānam me'ti na
mañnāti. nibbānam
nābhinandati. tam
kissa hetu? khayā
dosassa vītadosattā.

to the destruction of hate.

Third arahant section is finished.

Also, O bhikkhus, the bhikkhu who is an arahant with asavas destroyed, one who has lived [the life of purity], done what must be done, laid down the burden, attained the true advantage, completely destroyed the fetters of being, one who is liberated by right final knowledge. He too directly knows earth from earth. Having directly known earth from earth, he does not conceive earth, he does not conceive at earth, he does not conceive from earth, he does not conceive "earth by me," he does not delight in earth. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from delukhīṇāsavaha tatiyakanaye pañcakavanaka paricchedi bhūmi

yo'pi so bhikkhave bhikkhu araham khīnāsavo vusitavā katakaranīyo ohitabhāro anuppattasadattho parikkhīnabhavasamyojano sammadaññā vimutto so'pi pathavim pathavito abhijānāti. pathavim pathavito abhiññāya paţhavim na maññati pathaviyā na maññati pathavito na maññati pathavim me'ti na maññati. pathavim nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā mohassa vītamohattā. sion due to the destruction of delusion.

124. He directly knows water from water. Having directly known water from water, he does not conceive water, he does not conceive at water, he does not conceive from water, he does not conceive from water, he does not conceive "water by me," he does not delight in water. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from delusion due to the destruction of delusion.

125. He directly knows fire from fire. Having directly known fire from fire, he does not conceive fire, he does not conceive at fire, he does not conceive from fire, he does not conceive "fire by me," he does not delight in fire. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from delusion due to the destruction of delusion.

āpam āpato abhijānāti. āpam āpato
abhiññāya āpam na
maññati āpasmim
na maññati āpato na
maññati āpam me'ti
na maññati. āpam
nābhinandati. tam
kissa hetu? khayā
mohassa vītamohattā.

tejam tejato abhijānāti. tejam tejato abhiññāya tejam na maññati tejasmim na maññati tejato na maññati tejam me'ti na maññati. tejam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā mohassa vītamohattā. 126. He directly knows air from air. Having directly known air from air, he does not conceive air, he does not conceive at air, he does not conceive from air, he does not conceive "air by me," he does not delight in air. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from delusion due to the destruction of delusion.

127. He directly knows [earth bound] devas from [earth bound] devas. Having directly known [earth bound] devas from [earth bound] devas, he does not conceive [earth bound] devas, he does not conceive at [earth bound] devas, he does not conceive from [earth bound] devas, he does not conceive "[earth bound devas by me," he does not delight in [earth bound devas. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from deluvāyam vāyato abhijānāti. vāyam vāyato abhiññāya vāyam na maññati vāyasmim na maññati vāyato na maññati vāyam me'ti na maññati. vāyam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā mohassa vītamohattā.

bhūte bhūtato abhijānāti. bhūte bhūtato abhiñnāya bhūte na mañnati bhūtesu na mañnati bhūtato na mañnati bhūte me'ti na mañnati. bhūte nābhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? khayā mohassa vītamohattā. sion due to the destruction of delusion.

He directly knows [sensual heaven] devas from [sensual heaven] devas. Having directly known [sensual heaven] devas from [sensual heaven] devas, he does not conceive [sensual heaven] devas, he does not conceive at [sensual heaven] devas, he does not conceive from [sensual heaven] devas, he does not conceive "[sensual heaven] devas by me," he does not delight in [sensual heaven] devas. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from delusion due to the destruction of delusion.

129. He directly knows Pajapati from Pajapati. Having directly known Pajapati from Pajapati, he does not conceive Pajapati, he does not conceive at Pajapati, he does

deve devato abhijānāti. deve devato
abhiññāya deve na
maññati devesu na
maññati devato na
maññati deve me'ti
na maññati. deve
nābhinandati. taṃ
kissa hetu? khayā
mohassa vītamohattā.

pajāpatim pajāpatito abhijānāti. pajāpatim pajāpatito abhiññāya pajāpatim na maññati pajāpatismim na mañnot conceive from Pajapati, he does not conceive "Pajapati by me," he does not delight in Pajapati. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from delusion due to the destruction of delusion.

130. He directly knows
Brahma from Brahma. Having directly known Brahma
from Brahma, he does not
conceive Brahma, he does
not conceive at Brahma,
he does not conceive from
Brahma, he does not conceive
"Brahma by me," he does not
delight in Brahma. What is
the reason for that? Because
of his liberation from delusion due to the destruction of

131. He directly knows Abhassara devas from Abhassara devas. Having directly known Abhassara devas from Abhassara devas, he does not

ñati pajāpatito na maññati pajāpatim me'ti na maññati. pajāpatim nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā mohassa vītamohattā.

brahmam brahmato abhijānāti. brahmam brahmato abhiññāya brahmam na mañnati brahmato na mañnati brahmani na mañnati brahmam me'ti na mañnati. brahmam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā mohassa vītamohattā.

ābhassare ābhassarato abhijānāti. ābhassare ābhassarato abhiññāya ābhassare na mañconceive Abhassara devas, he does not conceive at Abhassara devas, he does not conceive from Abhassara devas, he does not conceive "Abhassara devas by me," he does not delight in Abhassara devas. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from delusion due to the destruction of delusion.

132. He directly knows Subhakinna devas from Subhakinna devas. Having directly known Subhakinna devas from Subhakinna devas. he does not conceive Subhakinna devas, he does not conceive at Subhakinna devas. he does not conceive from Subhakinna devas, he does not conceive "Subhakinna devas is by me," he does not delight in Subhakinna devas. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from delusion due to the destruction of delusion.

ñati ābhassaresu na maññati ābhassarato na maññati ābhassare me'ti na maññati. ābhassare nābhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? khayā mohassa vītamohattā.

subhakiṇṇe subhakiṇṇato abhijānāti.
subhakiṇṇe subhakiṇṇato abhiññāya
subhakiṇṇe na maññati subhakiṇṇato
na maññati subhakiṇṇesu na maññati
subhakiṇṇe me'ti
na maññati. subhakiṇṇe nābhinandati.
taṃ kissa hetu? khayā
mohassa vītamohattā.

He directly knows Vehapphala devas from Vehapphala devas. Having directly known Vehapphala devas from Vehapphala devas, he does not conceive Vehapphala devas, he does not conceive at Vehapphala devas, he does not conceive from Vehapphala devas, he does not conceive "Vehapphala devas is by me," he does not delight in Vehapphala devas. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from delusion due to the destruction of delusion.

134. He directly knows Vanquisher from Vanquisher. Having directly known Vanquisher from Vanquisher, he does not conceive Vanquisher, he does not conceive at Vanquisher, he does not conceive from Vanquisher, he does not conceive "Vanquisher by me," he does not delight in Vanquisher. What

vehapphale vehapphalato abhijānāti. vehapphale vehapphale vehapphalato abhiññāya vehapphale na mañnāti vehapphalesu na mañnāti vehapphale me'ti na mañnāti. vehapphale nābhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? khayā mohassa vītamohattā.

abhibhum abhibhuto abhijānāti. abhibhum abhibhuto abhiññāya abhibhum na maññati abhibhusmim na maññati abhibhuto na maññati abhibhuto na maññati abhibhuto na maññati abhibhum me'ti na maññati. abhibhum nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā mohassa vītamohattā.

is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from delusion due to the destruction of delusion.

He directly knows the domain of infinite space from the domain of infinite space. Having directly known the domain of infinite space from the domain of infinite space, he does not conceive the domain of infinite space, he does not conceive at the domain of infinite space, he does not conceive from the domain of infinite space, he does not conceive "the domain of infinite space by me," he does not delight in the domain of infinite space. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from delusion due to the destruction of delusion.

136. He directly knows the domain of infinite consciousness from the domain of in-

ākāsānañcāyatanam ākāsānañcāyatanato abhijānāti. ākāsānañcāyatanam ākāsānañcāyatanato abhiññāya ākāsānañcāyatanam na maññati ākāsānañcāyatanasmim na maññati ākāsānañcāvatanato na maññati ākāsānañcāyatanam me'ti na maññati, ākāsānañcāyatanam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā mohassa vītamohattā.

viññāṇañcāyatanaṃ viññāṇañcāyatanato abhijānāti. viññā-

finite consciousness. Having directly known the domain of infinite consciousness from the domain of infinite consciousness, he does not conceive the domain of infinite consciousness, he does not conceive at the domain of infinite consciousness, he does not conceive from the domain of infinite consciousness, he does not conceive "the domain of infinite consciousness by me," he does not delight in the domain of infinite consciousness. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from delusion due to the destruction of delusion.

137. He directly knows the domain of nothingness from the domain of nothingness. Having directly known the domain of nothingness from the domain of nothingness, he does not conceive the domain of nothingness, he does

nancāyatanam vinnāṇancāyatanato abhinnāya vinnāṇancāyatanam na mannati vinnāṇancāyatanasmim na mannati vinnāṇancāyatanato na mannati vinnāṇancāyatanam me'ti na mannati. vinnāṇancāyatanam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā mohassa vītamohattā.

ākiñcaññāyatanam ākiñcaññāyatanato abhijānāti. ākiñcaññāyatanam ākiñcaññāyatanato abhiññāya ākiñcaññāyatanam na maññati ākiñcaññāyatanasmim na maññati ākiñnot conceive at the domain of nothingness, he does not conceive from the domain of nothingness, he does not conceive "the domain of nothingness by me," he does not delight in the domain of nothingness. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from delusion due to the destruction of delusion.

He directly knows the domain of neither perception nor non-perception from the domain of neither perception nor non-perception. Having directly known the domain of neither perception nor non-perception from the domain of neither perception nor non-perception, he does not conceive the domain of neither perception nor non-perception, he does not conceive at the domain of neither perception nor non-perception, he does not conceive from the docaññāyatanato na maññati ākiñcañ-ñāyatanaṃ me'ti na maññati. ākiñcaññā-yatanaṃ nābhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? khayā mohassa vītamohattā.

nevasaññānāsaññāvatanam nevasaññānāsaññāyatanato abhijānāti. nevasaññānāsaññāyatanam nevasaññānāsaññāvatanato abhiññaya nevasaññānāsaññāvatanam na maññati nevasaññānāsaññāyatanasmim na maññati nevasaññānāsaññayatanato na maññati nevasaññānāsaññāyatanam me'ti na maññati. nevasaññānāsaññāyatanam nābhinanmain of neither perception nor non-perception, he does not conceive "the domain of neither perception nor non-perception by me," he does not delight in the domain of neither perception nor non-perception. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from delusion due to the destruction of delusion. dati. tam kissa hetu? khayā mohassa vītamohattā.

139. He directly knows the seen from the seen. Having directly known the seen from the seen, he does not conceive the seen, he does not conceive at the seen, he does not conceive from the seen, he does not conceive from the seen, he does not conceive "the seen by me," he does not delight in the seen. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from delusion due to the destruction of delusion.

diţţham diţţhato abhijānāti. diţţham diţţhato abhiññāya diţţham na mañnati diţţhasmim na maññati diţţhato na maññati diţţham me'ti na mañnati. diţţham nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā mohassa vītamohattā.

140. He directly knows the

sutam sutato abhijā-

heard from the heard. Having directly known the heard from the heard, he does not conceive the heard, he does not conceive at the heard, he does not conceive from the heard, he does not conceive "the heard by me," he does not delight in the heard. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from delusion due to the destruction of delusion.

He directly knows the 141. thought from the thought. Having directly known the thought from the thought, he does not conceive the thought, he does not conceive at the thought, he does not conceive from the thought, he does not conceive "the thought by me," he does not delight in the thought. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from delusion due to the destruction of delusion.

nāti. sutam sutato abhiññāya sutam na maññati sutasmim na maññati sutato na maññati sutam me'ti na maññati. sutam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā mohassa vītamohattā.

mutam mutato abhijānāti. mutam mutato abhiññāya mutam na maññati mutasmim na maññati mutato na maññati mutam me'ti na maññati. mutam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā mohassa vītamohattā. 142. He directly knows the cognized from the cognized. Having directly known the cognized from the cognized, he does not conceive the cognized, he does not conceive at the cognized, he does not conceive from the cognized, he does not conceive "the cognized by me," he does not delight in the cognized. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from delusion due to the destruction of delusion.

tion of delusion.

143. He directly knows unity from unity. Having directly known unity from unity, he does not conceive unity, he does not conceive at unity, he does not conceive from unity, he does not conceive "unity by me," he does not delight in unity. What is the reason for that? Because

of his liberation from delu-

delusion.

sion due to the destruction of

viññātaṃ viññātato abhijānāti. viññātaṃ viññātato abhiññāya viññātaṃ na
maññati viññātasmiṃ na maññati viññātato na maññati
viññātaṃ me'ti na
maññati. viñnātaṃ
nābhinandati. taṃ
kissa hetu? khayā
mohassa vītamohattā.

ekattam ekattato abhijānāti. ekattam ekattato abhiññāya ekattam na mañ-ñati ekattasmim na maññati ekattato na maññati ekattam me'ti na maññati. ekattam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā mohassa vītamohattā.

144. He directly knows diversity from diversity. Having directly known diversity from diversity, he does not conceive diversity, he does not conceive at diversity, he does not conceive from diversity, he does not conceive "diversity by me," he does not delight in diversity. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from delusion due to the destruction of delusion.

145. He directly knows the all from the all. Having directly known the all from the all, he does not conceive the all, he does not conceive at the all, he does not conceive from the all, he does not conceive "the all by me," he does not delight in the all. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from delusion due to the destruction of delusion.

nānattam nānattato abhijānāti. nānattam nānattato abhiññāya nānattam na maññati nānattasmim na maññati nānattato na maññati nānattam me'ti na maññati. nānattam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā mohassa vītamohattā.

sabbam sabbato abhijānāti. sabbam sabbato abhiññāya sabbam na maññati sabbasmim na maññati sabbato na maññati sabbam me'ti na maññati. sabbam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? khayā mohassa vītamohattā. 146. He directly knows nibbana from nibbana. Having directly known nibbana from nibbana, he does not conceive nibbana, he does not conceive at nibbana, he does not conceive from nibbana, he does not conceive from nibbana, he does not conceive "nibbana by me," he does not delight in nibbana. What is the reason for that? Because of his liberation from delusion due to the destruction of delusion.

Fourth arahant section is finished.

147. Also, O bhikkhus, the Tathagata, the Arahant, the rightly self-awakened one, he too directly knows earth from earth. Having directly known earth from earth, he does not conceive earth, he does not conceive at earth, he

nibbānam nibbānato abhijānāti. nibbānam nibbānato abhiññāya nibbānam na
maññati nibbānasmim na maññati nibbānato na maññati
nibbānam me'ti na
maññati. nibbānam
nābhinandati. tam
kissa hetu? khayā
mohassa vītamohattā.

khīṇāsavaha catutthakanaye javanaka bhūmi paricchedi

tathāgato'pi bhikkhave araham sammāsambuddho pathavim paṭhavito abhijānāti. paṭhavim paṭhavito abhiññāya paṭhavim na maññati paṭhaviyā does not conceive from earth, he does not conceive "earth by me," he does not delight in earth. What is the reason for that? The Tathagata has comprehensive knowledge of that, I say.

148. He directly knows water from water. Having directly known water from water, he does not conceive water, he does not conceive at water, he does not conceive from water, he does not conceive "water by me," he does not delight in water. What is the reason for that? The Tathagata has comprehensive knowledge of that, I say.

149. He directly knows fire from fire. Having directly known fire from fire, he does not conceive fire, he does not conceive at fire, he does not conceive from fire, he does

na mañnati paṭhavito na mañnati paṭhaviṃ me'ti na maññati. paṭhaviṃ nābhinandati. taṃ kissa
hetu? pariñnātaṃ
taṃ tathāgatassā'ti
vadāmi.

āpam āpato abhijānāti. āpam āpato
abhiññāya āpam na
maññati āpasmim
na maññati āpato na
maññati āpam me'ti
na maññati. āpam
nābhinandati. tam
kissa hetu? pariññātam tam tathāgatassā'ti vadāmi.

tejam tejato abhijānāti. tejam tejato abhiññāya tejam na maññati tejasmim na maññati tejato na

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not conceive "fire by me," he does not delight in fire. What is the reason for that? The Tathagata has comprehensive knowledge of that, I say.

150. He directly knows air from air. Having directly known air from air, he does not conceive air, he does not conceive at air, he does not conceive from air, he does not conceive "air by me," he does not delight in air. What is the reason for that? The Tathagata has comprehensive knowledge of that, I say.

151. He directly knows
[earth bound] devas from
[earth bound] devas. Having
directly known [earth bound]
devas from [earth bound]
devas, he does not conceive
[earth bound] devas, he does
not conceive at [earth bound]
devas, he does not conceive
from [earth bound] devas,

maññati tejam me'ti na maññati. tejam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? pariññātam tam tathāgatassā'ti vadāmi.

vāyam vāyato abhijānāti. vāyam vāyato abhiññāya vāyam na maññati vāyasmim na maññati vāyato na maññati vāyam me'ti na maññati. vāyam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? pariññātam tam tathāgatassā'ti vadāmi.

bhūte bhūtato abhijānāti. bhūte bhūtato abhiññāya bhūte na maññati bhūtesu na maññati bhūtato na maññati bhūte me'ti na maññati. bhūte nābhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? pariññātaṃ taṃ tathāhe does not conceive "[earth bound] devas by me," he does not delight in [earth bound] devas. What is the reason for that? The Tathagata has comprehensive knowledge of that, I say.

gatassā'ti vadāmi.

He directly knows [sen-152. sual heaven] devas from [sensual heaven] devas. Having directly known [sensual heaven] devas from [sensual heaven] devas, he does not conceive [sensual heaven] devas, he does not conceive at [sensual heaven] devas. he does not conceive from [sensual heaven] devas, he does not conceive "[sensual heaven] devas by me," he does not delight in [sensual heaven] devas. What is the reason for that? The Tathagata has comprehensive knowledge of that, I say.

deve devato abhijānāti. deve devato abhiññāya deve na maññati devesu na maññati devato na maññati deve me'ti na maññati. deve nābhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? pariññātaṃ taṃ tathāgatassā'ti vadāmi.

153. He directly knows Pajapati from Pajapati. Having

pajāpatim pajāpatito abhijānāti. pajāpa-

directly known Pajapati from Pajapati, he does not conceive Pajapati, he does not conceive at Pajapati, he does not conceive from Pajapati, he does not conceive "Pajapati by me," he does not delight in Pajapati. What is the reason for that? The Tathagata has comprehensive knowledge of that, I say.

154. He directly knows
Brahma from Brahma. Having directly known Brahma
from Brahma, he does not
conceive Brahma, he does
not conceive at Brahma,
he does not conceive from
Brahma, he does not conceive
"Brahma by me," he does
not delight in Brahma. What
is the reason for that? The
Tathagata has comprehensive
knowledge of that, I say.

155. He directly knows Abhassara devas from Abhassara devas. Having directly known

tim pajāpatito abhiññāya pajāpatim na maññati pajāpatismim na maññati pajāpatito na maññati pajāpatim me'ti na maññati. pajāpatim nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? pariññātam tam tathāgatassā'ti vadāmi.

brahmam brahmato abhijānāti. brahmam brahmato abhiñnāya brahmam na mañnati brahmato na mañnati brahmato na mañnati brahmam me'ti na mañnati. brahmam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? pariñnātam tam tathāgatassā'ti vadāmi.

ābhassare ābhassarato abhijānāti. ābhassare ābhas Abhassara devas, he does not conceive Abhassara devas, he does not conceive at Abhassara devas, he does not conceive from Abhassara devas, he does not conceive "Abhassara devas by me," he does not delight in Abhassara devas. What is the reason for that? The Tathagata has comprehensive knowledge of that, I say.

156. He directly knows
Subhakinna devas from Subhakinna devas. Having directly known Subhakinna
devas from Subhakinna devas, he does not conceive Subhakinna devas, he does not conceive at Subhakinna devas, he does not conceive from Subhakinna devas, he does not conceive "Subhakinna devas not conceive "Subhakinna devas is by me," he does not delight in Subhakinna devas. What is the reason for that? The Tathagata has compre-

sarato abhiññāya ābhassare na maññati ābhassaresu na mañnati ābhassarato na mañnati ābhassare me'ti na mañnati. ābhassare nābhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? pariññātaṃ taṃ tathāgatassā'ti vadāmi.

subhakiṇṇe subhakiṇṇato abhijānāti. subhakiṇṇe subhakiṇṇe subhakiṇṇato abhiññāya subhakiṇṇe na mañnati subhakiṇṇesu na mañnati subhakiṇṇe me'ti na mañnati. subhakiṇṇe nābhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? pariññātaṃ taṃ tathāgatassā'ti vadāmi.

hensive knowledge of that, I say.

He directly knows Vehapphala devas from Vehapphala devas. Having directly known Vehapphala devas from Vehapphala devas, he does not conceive Vehapphala devas, he does not conceive at Vehapphala devas, he does not conceive from Vehapphala devas, he does not conceive "Vehapphala devas is by me," he does not delight in Vehapphala devas. What is the reason for that? The Tathagata has comprehensive knowledge of that, I say.

158. He directly knows Vanquisher from Vanquisher. Having directly known Vanquisher from Vanquisher, he does not conceive Vanquisher, he does not conceive at Vanquisher, he does not conceive from Vanquisher, he does not conceive "Vanquisher, he

vehapphale vehapphalato abhijānāti. vehapphale vehapphalato abhiññāya vehapphale na mañāti vehapphalesu na mañāti vehapphalato na mañāti vehapphalato na mañāti vehapphale me'ti na mañāti. vehapphale nābhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? pariññātaṃ taṃ tathāgatassā'ti vadāmi.

abhibhum abhibhuto abhijānāti. abhibhum abhibhuto abhiññāya abhibhum na maññati abhibhusmim na maññati abhibhuto na maññati abhibhuto na maññati abhibhum me'ti na maññati. abhibhum

quisher by me," he does not delight in Vanquisher. What is the reason for that? The Tathagata has comprehensive knowledge of that, I say.

He directly knows the 159. domain of infinite space from the domain of infinite space. Having directly known the domain of infinite space from the domain of infinite space, he does not conceive the domain of infinite space, he does not conceive at the domain of infinite space, he does not conceive from the domain of infinite space, he does not conceive "the domain of infinite space by me," he does not delight in the domain of infinite space. What is the reason for that? The Tathagata has comprehensive knowledge of that, I say.

160. He directly knows the domain of infinite consciousness from the domain of in-

nābhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? pariññātaṃ taṃ tathāgatassā'ti vadāmi.

ākāsānañcāyatanam ākāsānañcāyatanato abhijānāti. ākāsānañcāyatanam ākāsānañcāyatanato abhiññāya ākāsānañcāyatanam na maññati ākāsānañcāyatanasmim na maññati ākāsānañcāyatanato na maññati ākāsānañcāyatanam me'ti na maññati. ākāsānañcāyatanam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? pariññātam tam tathāgatassā'ti vadāmi.

viññāṇañcāyatanaṃ viññāṇañcāyatanato abhijānāti. viññāṇañ-

finite consciousness. Having directly known the domain of infinite consciousness from the domain of infinite consciousness, he does not conceive the domain of infinite consciousness, he does not conceive at the domain of infinite consciousness, he does not conceive from the domain of infinite consciousness, he does not conceive "the domain of infinite consciousness by me," he does not delight in the domain of infinite consciousness. What is the reason for that? The Tathagata has comprehensive knowledge of that, I say.

161. He directly knows the domain of nothingness from the domain of nothingness. Having directly known the domain of nothingness from the domain of nothingness, he does not conceive the domain of nothingness, he does not conceive at the domain

cāyatanam viññāṇañ-cāyatanato abhiñ-ñāya viññāṇañcāya-tanam na maññati viññāṇañcāyatanas-mim na maññati viñ-ñāṇañcāyatanato na maññati viññāṇañ-cāyatanam me'ti na maññati. viññāṇañ-cāyatanam nābhi-nandati. tam kissa hetu? pariññātam tam tathāgatassā'ti vadāmi.

ākiñcaññāyatanam ākiñcaññāyatanato abhijānāti. ākiñcaññāyatanam ākiñcaññāyatanato abhiññāya ākiñcaññāyatanam na maññati ākiñcaññāyatanasmim na maññati ākiñcaññāyatanato na of nothingness, he does not conceive from the domain of nothingness, he does not conceive "the domain of nothingness by me," he does not delight in the domain of nothingness. What is the reason for that? The Tathagata has comprehensive knowledge of that, I say.

He directly knows the domain of neither perception nor non-perception from the domain of neither perception nor non-perception. Having directly known the domain of neither perception nor non-perception from the domain of neither perception nor non-perception, he does not conceive the domain of neither perception nor non-perception, he does not conceive at the domain of neither perception nor non-perception, he does not conceive from the domain of neither perception

maññati ākiñcaññāyatanam me'ti na
maññati. ākiñcaññāyatanam nābhinandati. tam kissa
hetu? pariññātam
tam tathāgatassā'ti
vadāmi.

nevasaññānāsaññāvatanam nevasaññānāsaññāyatanato abhijānāti. nevasaññānāsaññāyatanam nevasaññānāsaññāyatanato abhiññaya nevasaññānāsaññāvatanam na maññati nevasaññānāsaññāvatanasmim na maññati nevasaññānāsaññayatanato na maññati nevasaññānāsaññāyatanam me'ti na maññati. nevasaññānāsaññāvatanam nābhinandati. tam kissa

nor non-perception, he does not conceive "the domain of neither perception nor non-perception by me," he does not delight in the domain of neither perception nor non-perception. What is the reason for that? The Tathagata has comprehensive knowledge of that, I say. hetu? pariññātam tam tathāgatassā'ti vadāmi.

163. He directly knows the seen from the seen. Having directly known the seen from the seen, he does not conceive the seen, he does not conceive at the seen, he does not conceive from the seen, he does not conceive from the seen, he does not conceive "the seen by me," he does not delight in the seen. What is the reason for that? The Tathagata has comprehensive knowledge of that, I say.

diţţham diţţhato abhijānāti. diţţham diţţhato abhiññāya diţţham na maññati diţţhasmim na maññati diţţhato na maññati diţţham me'ti na maññati. diţţham nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? pariññātam tam tathāgatassā'ti vadāmi.

164. He directly knows the heard from the heard. Having directly known the heard from the heard, he does not

sutam sutato abhijānāti. sutam sutato abhiññāya sutam na maññati sutasmim conceive the heard, he does not conceive at the heard, he does not conceive from the heard, he does not conceive "the heard by me," he does not delight in the heard. What is the reason for that? The Tathagata has comprehensive knowledge of that, I say.

165. He directly knows the thought from the thought. Having directly known the thought from the thought, he does not conceive the thought, he does not conceive at the thought, he does not conceive from the thought, he does not conceive "the thought by me," he does not delight in the thought. What is the reason for that? The Tathagata has comprehensive knowledge of that, I say.

166. He directly knows the cognized from the cognized. Having directly known the

na maññati sutato na maññati sutam me'ti na maññati. sutam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? pariññātam tam tathāgatassā'ti vadāmi.

mutam mutato abhijānāti. mutam mutato abhiññāya mutam na maññati mutasmim na maññati mutato na maññati mutam me'ti na maññati. mutam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? pariññātam tam tathāgatassā'ti vadāmi.

viññātam viññātato abhijānāti. viññātam viññātato abhiñcognized from the cognized, he does not conceive the cognized, he does not conceive at the cognized, he does not conceive from the cognized, he does not conceive "the cognized by me," he does not delight in the cognized. What is the reason for that? The Tathagata has comprehensive knowledge of that, I say.

167. He directly knows unity from unity. Having directly known unity from unity, he does not conceive unity, he does not conceive at unity, he does not conceive from unity, he does not conceive "unity by me," he does not delight in unity. What is the reason for that? The Tathagata has comprehensive knowledge of that, I say.

168. He directly knows diversity from diversity. Having directly known diversity

ñāya viññātam na maññati viñnātasmim na maññati viññātato na maññati viñnātam me'ti na maññati. viññātam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? pariññātam tam tathāgatassā'ti vadāmi.

ekattam ekattato abhijānāti. ekattam ekattato abhiññāya ekattam na maññati ekattato na maññati ekattato na maññati ekattato na maññati ekattam me'ti na maññati. ekattam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? pariññātam tam tathāgatassā'ti vadāmi.

nānattam nānattato abhijānāti. nānattam nānattato abhiññāya nānattam na from diversity, he does not conceive diversity, he does not conceive at diversity, he does not conceive from diversity, he does not conceive "diversity by me," he does not delight in diversity. What is the reason for that? The Tathagata has comprehensive knowledge of that, I say.

169. He directly knows the all from the all. Having directly known the all from the all, he does not conceive the all, he does not conceive at the all, he does not conceive from the all, he does not conceive "the all by me," he does not delight in the all. What is the reason for that? The Tathagata has comprehensive knowledge of that, I say.

170. He directly knows nibbana from nibbana. Having directly known nibbana from nibbana, he does not conceive nibbana, he does not

maññati nānattasmim na maññati nānattato na maññati
nānattam me'ti na
maññati. nānattam
nābhinandati. tam
kissa hetu? pariññātam tam tathāgatassā'ti vadāmi.

sabbam sabbato abhijānāti. sabbam sabbato abhiññāya sabbam na maññati sabbasmim na maññati sabbato na maññati sabbam me'ti na maññati. sabbam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? pariññātam tam tathāgatassā'ti vadāmi.

nibbānam nibbānato abhijānāti. nibbānam nibbānato abhiññāya nibbānam na maññati nibbānasconceive at nibbana, he does not conceive from nibbana, he does not conceive "nibbana by me," he does not delight in nibbana. What is the reason for that? The Tathagata has comprehensive knowledge of that, I say.

First Tathagata section is finished.

171. Also, O bhikkhus, the Tathagata, the Arahant, the rightly self-awakened one, he too directly knows earth from earth. Having directly known earth from earth, he does not conceive earth, he does not conceive at earth, he does not conceive from earth, he does not conceive "earth by me," he does not delight in earth. What is the reason for that? Having known thus: "Delight is the root of suffering," "be-

mim na maññati nibbānato na maññati nibbānam me'ti na maññati. nibbānam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? pariññātam tam tathāgatassā'ti vadāmi.

> satthāraha paṭhamakanaye sattavanaka bhūmi paricchedi

tathāgato'pi bhik-khave araham sam-māsambuddho pa-thavim paṭhavito abhijānāti. paṭha-vim paṭhavim na mañnāti paṭhavimāya paṭhavim na mañnāti paṭha-vito na mañnāti paṭha-vito na mañnāti pa-thavim me'ti na mañnāti. paṭhavim nā-bhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? nandi duk-

ing is the coming into being of birth, old age and death." Therefore, O bhikkhus, "from the destruction, fading away, cessation, giving up, letting go of all thirsting, the Tathagata has fully awakened to the unsurpassed right self-awakening," I say.

172. He directly knows water from water. Having directly known water from water, he does not conceive water, he does not conceive at water, he does not conceive from water, he does not conceive "water by me," he does not delight in water. What is the reason for that? Having known thus: "Delight is the root of suffering," "being is the coming into being of birth, old age and death." Therefore, O bhikkhus, "from the destruction, fading away, cessation, giving up, letting

khassa mūlanti iti viditvā bhavā jāti bhūtassa jarāmaraņanti. tasmātiha bhikkhave tathāgato sabbaso taņhānam khayā virāgā nirodhā cāgā paṭinissaggā anuttaram sammāsambodhim abhisambuddho'ti vadāmi.

āpam āpato abhijānāti. āpam āpato abhiññāya āpam na maññati āpasmim na maññati āpato na maññati āpam me'ti na maññati. āpam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? nandi dukkhassa mūlanti iti viditvā bhavā jāti bhūtassa jarāmarananti. tasmātiha bhikkhave tathāgato sabbaso tanhānam khayā virāgā niro-

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go of all thirsting, the Tathagata has fully awakened to the unsurpassed right selfawakening," I say.

He directly knows fire from fire. Having directly known fire from fire, he does not conceive fire, he does not conceive at fire, he does not conceive from fire, he does not conceive "fire by me," he does not delight in fire. What is the reason for that? Having known thus: "Delight is the root of suffering," "being is the coming into being of birth, old age and death." Therefore, O bhikkhus, "from the destruction, fading away, cessation, giving up, letting go of all thirsting, the Tathagata has fully awakened to the unsurpassed right selfawakening," I say.

174. He directly knows air

dhā cāgā paţinissaggā anuttaram sammāsambodhim abhisambuddho'ti vadāmi

tejam tejato abhijānāti. tejam tejato abhiññāya tejam na maññati tejasmim na maññati tejato na maññati tejam me'ti na maññati. tejam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? nandi dukkhassa mūlanti iti viditvā bhavā jāti bhūtassa jarāmarananti. tasmātiha bhikkhave tathāgato sabbaso tanhānam khayā virāgā nirodhā cāgā patinissaggā anuttaram sammāsambodhim abhisambuddho'ti vadāmi.

vāyam vāyato abhijānāti. vāyam vāyato from air. Having directly known air from air, he does not conceive air, he does not conceive at air, he does not conceive from air, he does not conceive "air by me," he does not delight in air. What is the reason for that? Having known thus: "Delight is the root of suffering," "being is the coming into being of birth, old age and death." Therefore, O bhikkhus, "from the destruction, fading away, cessation, giving up, letting go of all thirsting, the Tathagata has fully awakened to the unsurpassed right selfawakening," I sav.

175. He directly knows [earth bound] devas from [earth bound] devas. Having directly known [earth bound] devas from [earth bound] devas, he does not conceive [earth bound] devas, he does not conceive at [earth bound] devas, he does not conceive

abhiññāya vāyam na maññati vāyasmim na maññati vāyato na maññati vāyam me'ti na maññati. vāyam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? nandi dukkhassa mūlanti iti viditvā bhavā jāti bhūtassa jarāmarananti. tasmātiha bhikkhave tathāgato sabbaso tanhānam khayā virāgā nirodhā cāgā paţinissaggā anuttaram sammāsambodhim abhisambuddho'ti vadāmi

bhūte bhūtato abhijānāti. bhūte bhūtato abhiññāya bhūte
na maññati bhūtesu
na maññati bhūtato
na maññati bhūte
me'ti na maññati.
bhūte nābhinandati.
taṃ kissa hetu? nandi
dukkhassa mūlanti

from [earth bound] devas, he does not conceive "[earth bound] devas by me," he does not delight in [earth bound devas. What is the reason for that? Having known thus: "Delight is the root of suffering," "being is the coming into being of birth, old age and death." Therefore, O bhikkhus, "from the destruction, fading away, cessation, giving up, letting go of all thirsting, the Tathagata has fully awakened to the unsurpassed right selfawakening," I say.

176. He directly knows [sensual heaven] devas from [sensual heaven] devas. Having directly known [sensual heaven] devas from [sensual heaven] devas, he does not conceive [sensual heaven] devas, he does not conceive at [sensual heaven] devas, he does not conceive from [sensual heaven] devas, he

iti viditvā bhavā jāti bhūtassa jarāma-raṇanti. tasmātiha bhikkhave tathāgato sabbaso taṇhānaṃ khayā virāgā niro-dhā cāgā paṭinis-saggā anuttaraṃ sammāsambodhiṃ abhisambuddho'ti vadāmi.

deve devato abhijānāti. deve devato abhiññāya deve na maññati devesu na maññati devato na maññati deve me'ti na maññati. deve nābhinandati. taṃ kissa hetu? nandi dukkhassa mūlanti iti viditvā bhavā jāti bhūtassa jarāmadoes not conceive "[sensual heaven] devas by me," he does not delight in [sensual heaven] devas. What is the reason for that? Having known thus: "Delight is the root of suffering," "being is the coming into being of birth, old age and death." Therefore, O bhikkhus, "from the destruction, fading away, cessation, giving up, letting go of all thirsting, the Tathagata has fully awakened to the unsurpassed right selfawakening," I say.

177. He directly knows Pajapati from Pajapati. Having directly known Pajapati from Pajapati, he does not conceive Pajapati, he does not conceive at Pajapati, he does not conceive from Pajapati, he does not conceive "Pajapati by me," he does not delight in Pajapati. What is the reason for that? Having known thus: "Delight is

raṇanti. tasmātiha bhikkhave tathāgato sabbaso taṇhānaṃ khayā virāgā nirodhā cāgā paṭinissaggā anuttaraṃ sammāsambodhiṃ abhisambuddho'ti vadāmi.

pajāpatim pajāpatito abhijānāti. pajāpatim pajāpatito abhiññāya pajāpatim na mañnāti pajāpatismim na mañnāti pajāpatito na mañnāti pajāpatim me'ti na mañnāti. pajāpatim nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? nandi dukkhassa mūlanti iti viditvā bhavā jāti

the root of suffering," "being is the coming into being of birth, old age and death." Therefore, O bhikkhus, "from the destruction, fading away, cessation, giving up, letting go of all thirsting, the Tathagata has fully awakened to the unsurpassed right selfawakening," I say.

He directly knows 178. Brahma from Brahma, Having directly known Brahma from Brahma, he does not conceive Brahma, he does not conceive at Brahma. he does not conceive from Brahma, he does not conceive "Brahma by me," he does not delight in Brahma. What is the reason for that? Having known thus: "Delight is the root of suffering," "being is the coming into being of birth, old age and death." Therefore, O bhikkhus, "from the destruction, fading away, cessation, giving up, letting

bhūtassa jarāmaraṇanti. tasmātiha bhikkhave tathāgato sabbaso taṇhānaṃ khayā virāgā nirodhā cāgā paṭinissaggā anuttaraṃ sammāsambodhiṃ abhisambuddho'ti vadāmi.

brahmam brahmato abhijānāti. brahmam brahmato abhiññaya brahmam na maññati brahmato na maññati brahmani na maññati brahmam me'ti na maññati. brahmam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? nandi dukkhassa mūlanti iti viditvā bhavā jāti bhūtassa jarāmarananti. tasmātiha bhikkhave tathāgato sabbaso tanhānam khayā virāgā nirodhā cāgā patinissaggā anuttago of all thirsting, the Tathagata has fully awakened to the unsurpassed right selfawakening," I say.

179. He directly knows Abhassara devas from Abhassara devas. Having directly known Abhassara devas from Abhassara devas, he does not conceive Abhassara devas, he does not conceive at Abhassara devas, he does not conceive from Abhassara devas, he does not conceive "Abhassara devas by me," he does not delight in Abhassara devas. What is the reason for that? Having known thus: "Delight is the root of suffering," "being is the coming into being of birth, old age and death." Therefore, O bhikkhus, "from the destruction, fading away, cessation, giving up, letting go of all thirsting, the Tathagata has fully awakened to the unsurpassed right self-awakening," ram sammāsambodhim abhisambuddho'ti vadāmi.

ābhassare ābhassarato abhijānāti. ābhassare ābhassarato abhiññaya ābhassare na maññati ābhassaresu na maññati ābhassarato na maññati ābhassare me'ti na maññati, ābhassare nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? nandi dukkhassa mūlanti iti viditvā bhavā jāti bhūtassa jarāmarananti. tasmatiha bhikkhave tathāgato sabbaso tanhanam khayā virāgā nirodhā cāgā patinissaggā anuttaram sammāsambodhim abhisambuddho'ti vadāmi.

I say.

He directly knows Subhakinna devas from Subhakinna devas. Having directly known Subhakinna devas from Subhakinna devas. he does not conceive Subhakinna devas, he does not conceive at Subhakinna devas. he does not conceive from Subhakinna devas, he does not conceive "Subhakinna devas is by me," he does not delight in Subhakinna devas. What is the reason for that? Having known thus: "Delight is the root of suffering," "being is the coming into being of birth, old age and death." Therefore, O bhikkhus, "from the destruction, fading away, cessation, giving up, letting go of all thirsting, the Tathagata has fully awakened to the unsurpassed right selfawakening," I say.

181. He directly knows Ve-

subhakinne subhakinnato abhijānāti. subhakinne subhakinnato abhiññava subhakinne na maññati subhakinnato na maññati subhakinnesu na maññati subhakinne me'ti na maññati, subhakinne nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? nandi dukkhassa mūlanti iti viditvā bhavā jāti bhūtassa jarāmarananti. tasmātiha bhikkhave tathāgato sabbaso tanhānam khayā virāgā nirodhā cāgā paţinissaggā anuttaram sammāsambodhim abhisambuddho'ti vadāmi.

vehapphale vehap-

happhala devas from Vehapphala devas. Having directly known Vehapphala devas from Vehapphala devas, he does not conceive Vehapphala devas, he does not conceive at Vehapphala devas, he does not conceive from Vehapphala devas, he does not conceive "Vehapphala devas is by me," he does not delight in Vehapphala devas. What is the reason for that? Having known thus: "Delight is the root of suffering," "being is the coming into being of birth, old age and death." Therefore, O bhikkhus, "from the destruction, fading away, cessation, giving up, letting go of all thirsting, the Tathagata has fully awakened to the unsurpassed right selfawakening," I say.

182. He directly knows Vanquisher from Vanquisher. Having directly known Vanquisher from Vanquisher,

phalato abhijānāti. vehapphale vehapphalato abhiññaya vehapphale na maññati vehapphalesu na maññati vehapphalato na maññati vehapphale me'ti na maññati. vehapphale nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? nandi dukkhassa mūlanti iti viditvā bhavā jāti bhūtassa jarāmarananti. tasmātiha bhikkhave tathāgato sabbaso tanhānam khayā virāgā nirodhā cāgā patinissaggā anuttaram sammāsambodhim abhisambuddho'ti vadāmi.

abhibhum abhibhūto abhijānāti. abhibhum abhibhuto abhiññāya abhibhum na maññati abhibhus-

he does not conceive Vanquisher, he does not conceive at Vanguisher, he does not conceive from Vanquisher, he does not conceive "Vanquisher by me," he does not delight in Vanguisher. What is the reason for that? Having known thus: "Delight is the root of suffering," "being is the coming into being of birth, old age and death." Therefore, O bhikkhus, "from the destruction, fading away, cessation, giving up, letting go of all thirsting, the Tathagata has fully awakened to the unsurpassed right selfawakening," I say.

183. He directly knows the domain of infinite space from the domain of infinite space. Having directly known the domain of infinite space from the domain of infinite space, he does not conceive the domain of infinite space, he does not conceive at the do-

mim na maññati abhibhūto na maññati abhibhum me'ti na maññati. abhibhum nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? nandi dukkhassa mūlanti iti viditvā bhavā jāti bhūtassa jarāmarananti. tasmātiha bhikkhave tathāgato sabbaso tanhanam khayā virāgā nirodhā cāgā patinissaggā anuttaram sammāsambodhim abhisambuddho'ti vadāmi

ākāsānañcāyatanaṃ ākāsānañcāyatanato abhijānāti. ākāsānañcāyatanaṃ ākāsānañcāyatanato abhiññāya ākāsānañcāyatanaṃ na maññati ākāsānañcāyatanamiṃ na maññati ākāsānañ-

main of infinite space, he does not conceive from the domain of infinite space, he does not conceive "the domain of infinite space by me,' he does not delight in the domain of infinite space. What is the reason for that? Having known thus: "Delight is the root of suffering," "being is the coming into being of birth, old age and death." Therefore, O bhikkhus, "from the destruction, fading away, cessation, giving up, letting go of all thirsting, the Tathagata has fully awakened to the unsurpassed right selfawakening," I say.

184. He directly knows the domain of infinite consciousness from the domain of infinite consciousness. Having directly known the domain of infinite consciousness from the domain of infinite consciousness, he does not conceive the domain of infinite.

cāyatanato na maññati ākāsānañcāyatanam me'ti na maññati. ākāsānañcāvatanam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? nandi dukkhassa mūlanti iti viditvā bhavā jāti bhūtassa jarāmarananti. tasmātiha bhikkhave tathāgato sabbaso tanhānam khayā virāgā nirodhā cāgā paţinissaggā anuttaram sammāsambodhim abhisambuddho'ti vadāmi.

viññāṇañcāyatanaṃ viññāṇañcāyatanato abhijānāti. viññāṇañcāyatanam cāyatanam viññāṇañcāyatanato abhiññāṇa viññāṇañcāyatanam na maññati viññāṇañcāyatanasmiṃ na maññati viññāṇañcāyatanato na

consciousness, he does not conceive at the domain of infinite consciousness, he does not conceive from the domain of infinite consciousness, he does not conceive "the domain of infinite consciousness by me," he does not delight in the domain of infinite consciousness. What is the reason for that? Having known thus: "Delight is the root of suffering," "being is the coming into being of birth, old age and death." Therefore, O bhikkhus, "from the destruction, fading away, cessation, giving up, letting go of all thirsting, the Tathagata has fully awakened to the unsurpassed right selfawakening," I say.

185. He directly knows the domain of nothingness from the domain of nothingness. Having directly known the domain of nothingness from the domain of nothingness,

maññati viññānañcāvatanam me'ti na maññati. viññānañcāvatanam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? nandi dukkhassa mūlanti iti viditvā bhavā jāti bhūtassa jarāmarananti. tasmātiha bhikkhave tathāgato sabbaso tanhānam khayā virāgā nirodhā cāgā patinissaggā anuttaram sammāsambodhim abhisambuddho'ti vadāmi.

ākiñcaññāyatanam ākiñcaññāyatanato abhijānāti. ākiñcaññāyatanam ākiñcaññāyatanato abhiññāya ākiñcaññāyatanam na maññati he does not conceive the domain of nothingness, he does not conceive at the domain of nothingness, he does not conceive from the domain of nothingness, he does not conceive "the domain of nothingness by me," he does not delight in the domain of nothingness. What is the reason for that? Having known thus: "Delight is the root of suffering," "being is the coming into being of birth, old age and death." Therefore, O bhikkhus, "from the destruction, fading away, cessation, giving up, letting go of all thirsting, the Tathagata has fully awakened to the unsurpassed right self-awakening," I say.

186. He directly knows the domain of neither perception nor non-perception from the domain of neither perception nor non-perception. Having directly known the

ākiñcaññāyatanasmim na maññati ākiñcaññavatanato na maññati ākiñcaññāvatanam me'ti na maññati. ākiñcaññāvatanam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? nandi dukkhassa mūlanti iti viditvā bhavā jāti bhūtassa jarāmarananti. tasmātiha bhikkhave tathāgato sabbaso tanhānam khayā virāgā nirodhā cāgā paţinissaggā anuttaram sammāsambodhim abhisambuddho'ti vadāmi.

nevasaññānāsaññāyatanam nevasaññānāsaññāyatanato
abhijānāti. nevasaññānāsaññāyatanam
nevasaññānāsaññāyatanato abhiññāya

domain of neither perception nor non-perception from the domain of neither perception nor non-perception, he does not conceive the domain of neither perception nor non-perception, he does not conceive at the domain of neither perception nor non-perception, he does not conceive from the domain of neither perception nor non-perception, he does not conceive "the domain of neither perception nor nonperception by me," he does not delight in the domain of neither perception nor nonperception. What is the reason for that? Having known thus: "Delight is the root of suffering," "being is the coming into being of birth, old age and death." Therefore, O bhikkhus, "from the destruction, fading away, cessation, giving up, letting go of all thirsting, the Tathagata has fully awakened to the unsurpassed right self-awakening," nevasaññānāsaññāvatanam na maññati nevasaññānāsaññāvatanasmim na maññati nevasaññānāsaññāyatanato na maññati nevasaññānāsaññāyatanam me'ti na maññati. nevasaññānāsaññāyatanam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? nandi dukkhassa mūlanti iti viditvā bhavā jāti bhūtassa jarāmarananti. tasmātiha bhikkhave tathāgato sabbaso tanhānam khayā virāgā nirodhā cāgā paţinissaggā anuttaram sammāsambodhim abhisambuddho'ti vadāmi.

I say.

He directly knows the seen from the seen. Having directly known the seen from the seen, he does not conceive the seen, he does not conceive at the seen, he does not conceive from the seen, he does not conceive "the seen by me," he does not delight in the seen. What is the reason for that? Having known thus: "Delight is the root of suffering," "being is the coming into being of birth, old age and death." Therefore, O bhikkhus, "from the destruction, fading away, cessation, giving up, letting go of all thirsting, the Tathagata has fully awakened to the unsurpassed right selfawakening," I say.

188. He directly knows the heard from the heard. Having directly known the heard from the heard, he does not

dittham ditthato abhijānāti. dittham ditthato abhiññaya dittham na maññati ditthasmim na maññati ditthato na maññati diţţham me'ti na maññati. dittham nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? nandi dukkhassa mūlanti iti viditvā bhavā jāti bhūtassa jarāmarananti. tasmātiha bhikkhave tathāgato sabbaso tanhanam khayā virāgā nirodhā cāgā paţinissaggā anuttaram sammāsambodhim abhisambuddho'ti vadāmi.

sutam sutato abhijānāti. sutam sutato abhiññāya sutam na maññati sutas-

conceive the heard, he does not conceive at the heard, he does not conceive from the heard, he does not conceive "the heard by me," he does not delight in the heard. What is the reason for that? Having known thus: "Delight is the root of suffering," "being is the coming into being of birth, old age and death." Therefore, O bhikkhus, "from the destruction, fading away, cessation, giving up, letting go of all thirsting, the Tathagata has fully awakened to the unsurpassed right selfawakening," I say.

189. He directly knows the thought from the thought. Having directly known the thought from the thought, he does not conceive the thought, he does not conceive at the thought, he does not conceive from the thought, he does not conceive "the thought by me," he does not

mim na maññati sutato na maññati sutam me'ti na maññati. sutam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? nandi dukkhassa mūlanti iti viditvā bhavā jāti bhūtassa jarāmarananti. tasmātiha bhikkhave tathāgato sabbaso tanhānam khayā virāgā nirodhā cāgā patinissaggā anuttaram sammāsambodhim abhisambuddho'ti vadāmi.

mutam mutato abhijānāti. mutam mutato abhiññāya mutam na maññati mutasmim na maññati mutato na maññati mutam me'ti na maññati. mutam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? nandi dukkhassa mūlanti iti videlight in the thought. What is the reason for that? Having known thus: "Delight is the root of suffering," "being is the coming into being of birth, old age and death." Therefore, O bhikkhus, "from the destruction, fading away, cessation, giving up, letting go of all thirsting, the Tathagata has fully awakened to the unsurpassed right self-awakening," I say.

He directly knows the 190. cognized from the cognized. Having directly known the cognized from the cognized, he does not conceive the cognized, he does not conceive at the cognized, he does not conceive from the cognized, he does not conceive "the cognized by me," he does not delight in the cognized. What is the reason for that? Having known thus: "Delight is the root of suffering," "being is the coming into being

ditvā bhavā jāti bhūtassa jarāmaraņanti. tasmātiha bhikkhave tathāgato sabbaso taņhānam khayā virāgā nirodhā cāgā paṭinissaggā anuttaram sammāsambodhim abhisambuddho'ti vadāmi.

viññātam viññātato abhijānāti. viññātam viññātato abhiññāya viññātam na maññati viññātasmim na maññati viññātato na maññati viññātam me'ti na maññati. viññātam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? nandi dukkhassa mūlanti iti viditvā bhavā jāti bhūtassa jarāmarananti. tasmātiha bhikkhave tathāgato

of birth, old age and death." Therefore, O bhikkhus, "from the destruction, fading away, cessation, giving up, letting go of all thirsting, the Tathagata has fully awakened to the unsurpassed right selfawakening," I say.

He directly knows 191. unity from unity. Having directly known unity from unity, he does not conceive unity, he does not conceive at unity, he does not conceive from unity, he does not conceive "unity by me," he does not delight in unity. What is the reason for that? Having known thus: "Delight is the root of suffering," "being is the coming into being of birth, old age and death." Therefore, O bhikkhus, "from the destruction, fading away, cessation, giving up, letting go of all thirsting, the Tathagata has fully awakened to the unsurpassed right selfsabbaso tanhānam khayā virāgā nirodhā cāgā paṭinissaggā anuttaram sammāsambodhim abhisambuddho'ti vadāmi.

ekattam ekattato abhijānāti. ekattam ekattato abhiññaya ekattam na maññati ekattasmim na maññati ekattato na maññati ekattam me'ti na maññati. ekattam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? nandi dukkhassa mūlanti iti viditvā bhavā jāti bhūtassa jarāmarananti. tasmātiha bhikkhave tathāgato sabbaso tanhānam khayā virāgā nirodhā cāgā patinissaggā anuttaram sammāsambodhim abhisambuddho'ti

awakening," I say.

He directly knows di-192. versity from diversity. Having directly known diversity from diversity, he does not conceive diversity, he does not conceive at diversity, he does not conceive from diversity, he does not conceive "diversity by me," he does not delight in diversity. What is the reason for that? Having known thus: "Delight is the root of suffering," "being is the coming into being of birth, old age and death." Therefore, O bhikkhus, "from the destruction, fading away, cessation, giving up, letting go of all thirsting, the Tathagata has fully awakened to the unsurpassed right selfawakening," I say.

193. He directly knows the all from the all. Having directly known the all from the

vadāmi.

nānattam nānattato abhijānāti. nānattam nānattato abhiññāva nānattam na maññati nānattasmim na maññati nānattato na maññati nānattam me'ti na maññati. nānattam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? nandi dukkhassa mūlanti iti viditvā bhavā jāti bhūtassa jarāmarananti. tasmātiha bhikkhave tathāgato sabbaso tanhānam khayā virāgā nirodhā cāgā paţinissaggā anuttaram sammāsambodhim abhisambuddho'ti vadāmi.

sabbam sabbato abhijānāti. sabbam sabbato abhiññāya sabbam na maññati sab-

all, he does not conceive the all, he does not conceive at the all, he does not conceive from the all, he does not conceive "the all by me," he does not delight in the all. What is the reason for that? Having known thus: "Delight is the root of suffering," "being is the coming into being of birth, old age and death." Therefore, O bhikkhus, "from the destruction, fading away, cessation, giving up, letting go of all thirsting, the Tathagata has fully awakened to the unsurpassed right selfawakening," I say.

194. He directly knows nibbana from nibbana. Having directly known nibbana from nibbana, he does not conceive nibbana, he does not conceive at nibbana, he does not conceive from nibbana, he does not conceive "nibbana by me," he does not delight in nibbana. What is

basmim na maññati sabbato na maññati sabbam me'ti na maññati. sabbam nābhinandati. tam kissa hetu? nandi dukkhassa mūlanti iti viditvā bhavā jāti bhūtassa jarāmarananti. tasmātiha bhikkhave tathāgato sabbaso tanhānam khayā virāgā nirodhā cāgā patinissaggā anuttaram sammāsambodhim abhisambuddho'ti vadāmi.

nibbānam nibbānato abhijānāti. nibbānam nibbānato abhiññāya nibbānam na
mañnati nibbānasmim na mañnati nibbānato na mañnati
nibbānam me'ti na
mañnati. nibbānam
nābhinandati. tam
kissa hetu? nandi

the reason for that? Having known thus: "Delight is the root of suffering," "being is the coming into being of birth, old age and death." Therefore, O bhikkhus, "from the destruction, fading away, cessation, giving up, letting go of all thirsting, the Tathagata has fully awakened to the unsurpassed right self-awakening," I say.

Second Tathagata section is finished.

195. This is what the Auspicious One said. Those bhikkhus did not delight in the Auspicious One's words.

dukkhassa mūlanti iti viditvā bhavā jāti bhūtassa jarāma-raṇanti. tasmātiha bhikkhave tathāgato sabbaso taṇhānaṃ khayā virāgā nirodhā cāgā paṭinissaggā anuttaraṃ sammāsambodhiṃ abhisambuddho'ti vadāmi'ti.

satthāraha dutiyakanaye aṭṭhavānakabhūmi paricchedi.

idamavoca bhagavā¹. na te bhikkhū bhagavato bhāsitaṃ abhinandunti².

¹nābhinandunti (katthaci) ²na attamanā te bhikkhū (syā); attamanā te bhikkhū (pts)