0.0.1 Bhaddali (Excerpt)

1. Thus was heard by me. At one time the Auspicious One was dwelling in Sāvatthi at Jeta's Grove, Anathapindika's Park. There, the Auspicious One did address the bhikkhus: O bhikkhus, I only ever eat a meal in one-sitting. But I, O bhikkhus, eating a meal in one-sitting, do perceive that little affliction and that little illness, a lightness and strength and a comfortable abiding. "Come you, O bhikkhus, you too must eat a meal only in one-sitting. You too, O bhikkhus, eating a meal in one-sitting, you will nevertheless perceive that little affliction and that little illness, a lightness and strength and a comfortable abiding."

bhaddālisuttam (Excerpt)

evam me sutam ekam samayam bhagavā sāvatthiyam viharati jetavane anāthapindikassa ārāme. tatra kho bhaqavā bhikkhū āmantesi bhikkhavoti. bhadanteti te bhikkhū bhagavato paccassosum. bhagavā etadavoca: aham kho bhikkhave ekāsanabhojanam bhuñjāmi. ekāsanabhojanam kho aham bhikkhave bhuñjamāno appābādhatanca sanjānāmi appātankatañca lahutthānañca balañca phāsuvihārañca. etha tumhepi bhikkhave ekāsanabhojanam bhuñjatha, ekāsanabhojanam kho bhikkhave tumhepi bhuñjamānā ap-

When thus was said, the venerable Bhaddali said this to the Auspicious One: "I, O Bhante, cannot endeavor to eat a meal in one-sitting. Indeed Bhante, there might be worry in me from eating a meal in one-sitting, there might be regret." "Well now Bhaddali, the place at which you are invited [for alms], in that place, having eaten one portion, having also taken out one portion, [you] may eat. Thus eating too, you bhaddāli, do keep [yourself] going." "Even so too, I, O Bhante, cannot endeavor to eat a meal in one-sitting. Indeed Bhante, there might be worry in me from eating a meal in one-sitting, there might be regret. So when

pābādhatañca sañjānissatha appātaṅkatañca lahuṭṭhānañca balañca phāsuvihārañcāti.

evam vutte āyasmā bhaddāli bhagavantam etadavoca: 'aham kho bhante na ussahāmi ekāsanabhojanam bhuñjitum. ekāsanabhojanam hi me bhante bhunjato siyā kukkuccam, siyā vippaţisāroti. tena hi tvam bhaddāli vattha nimantito assasi tattha ekadesam bhuñjitvā ekadesam nīharitvā'pi bhuñjevyāsi. evampi kho tvam bhaddāli bhuñjamāno¹ yāpessasīti. evampi kho aham bhante na ussahāmi bhuñjitum. evampi

¹bhuñjamāno ekāsano (machasaṃ)

the training rule was being made known by the Auspicious One, when the bhikkhu Sangha was upholding the training, the venerable Bhaddali declared his lack of endurance for undertaking the training. So then, the venerable Bhaddali, for all that three months, did not present [himself] face to face to the Auspicious One, as happens for one who does not fulfill the training in line with the Teacher's instructions.

3. At that time, many bhikkhus were engaged in robe making for the Auspicious One, [with the expectation:] "With the passing away of three months, the Auspicious One will set out wondering when the robe is finished." So then, the venerable Bhaddali visited with those bhikkhus. Upon arrival, he exchanged

hi me bhante bhuñiato sivā kukkuccam siyā vippatisāroti. atha kho āyasmā bhaddāli bhagavatā sikkhāpade paññāpivamāne² bhikkhusanghe sikkham samādiyamāne anussāham pavedesi. atha kho āyasmā bhaddāli sabbantam temāsam na bhagavato sammukhībhāvam adāsi vathā tam satthusāsane sikkhāya aparipūrakārī.

tena kho pana samayena sambahulā bhikkhū bhagavato cīvarakammam karonti, niṭṭhitacīvaro bhagavā temāsaccayena cārikam pakkamissatīti. atha kho āyasmā bhad-

²paññāpayamāne (sīmu) pts page 438

friendly greetings with those bhikkhus. Having exchange greetings of friendliness and courtesy, he sat down to one side. Having sat down to one side, those bhikkhus said this to the venerable Bhaddali. "This robe making [here] friend Bhaddali, is being done for the Auspicious One [with the expectation:] "With the passing away of three months, the Auspicious One will set out wondering when the robe is finished." "Come now friend Bhaddali, pay good attention to this advice. Let it not come to be even more difficult for you afterwards."

4. "Yes friends." The venerable Bhaddali having replied to those bhikkhus, went to

dāli yena te bhikkhū tenupasankami. upasankamitvā tehi bhikkhūhī saddhim sammodi, sammodaniyam katham sārānīvam vītisāretvā ekamantam nisīdi. ekamantam nisinnam kho āyasmantam bhaddālim te bhikkhū etadavocum: 'idam kho āvuso bhaddāli bhagavato cīvarakammam karīyati. niţthitacīvaro bhagavā temāsaccayena cārikam pakkamissatī'ti. inghāvuso bhaddāli etam desakam³ sādhukam manasi karohi. mā te pacchā dukkarataram ahosīti.

evamāvusoti kho

³dosakaṃ (sīmu, machasaṃ); desaṃ (syā) bjt page 176

the Auspicious One. Upon arrival, he bowed down to the Auspicious One and he sat down to one side. Having sat down to one side, the venerable Bhaddali said this to the Auspicious One. A transgression overcame me, O Bhante, in that being so foolish, so deluded, so unskillful, when the training rule was being made known by the Auspicious One, when the bhikkhu Sangha was upholding the training, I declared my lack of endurance for undertaking the training. Bhante, may the Auspicious One forgive my transgression seen as transgression for the sake of future restraint.

5. Certainly, a transgression overcame you Bhaddali, in that being so foolish, so de-

āyasmā bhaddāli tesam bhikkhūnam patissutvā yena bhagavā tenupasankami. upasankamitvā bhagavantam abhivādetvā ekamantam nisīdi. ekamantam nisinno kho āyasmā bhaddāli bhagavantam etadavoca: accayo mam bhante accagamā yathābālam yathāmūļham vathā akusalam, voham bhagavatā sikkhāpade paññāpiyamāne bhikkhusanghe sikkham samādivamāne anussāham pavedesim. tassa me bhante bhagavā accayam accayato patiganhātu āyatim samvarāvāti.

taggha tvam bhaddāli accayo accagamā yathābālam yathāmūļham yathā luded, so unskillful, when the training rule was being made known by me, when the bhikkhu Sangha was upholding the training, you declared your lack of endurance for undertaking the training.

- akusalam, yam tvam mayā sikkhāpade paññāpiyamāne bhikkhusanghe sikkham samādiyamāne anussāham pavedesi.
- 6. On that occasion, O Bhaddali, this was not comprehended by you: "The Auspicious One dwells in [this] very Sāvatthi. The Auspicious One will know me [thus:] indeed the bhikkhu Bhaddali, is one who does not fulfill the training in line with the Teacher's instructions." On that occasion, O Bhaddali, this was not comprehended by you.
- samayo'pi kho te bhaddāli appaţividdho ahosi, bhagavā kho sāvatthiyam viharati. bhagavā'pi mam jānissati bhaddāli nāma bhikkhu satthu sāsane sikkhāya aparipūrakārīti. ayampi kho te bhaddāli samayo appaţividdho ahosi.
- 7. On that occasion, O Bhaddali, this too was not comprehended by you: "Many bhikkhus have come to [this] very Sāvatthi for the rains. Those too will know me [thus:] the bhikkhu named

samayo'pi kho te bhaddāli appaţividdho ahosi. sambahulā kho bhikkhū sāvatthiyam vassam upagatā, te'pi mam jānissanti: 'bhadBhaddali, is one who does not fulfill the training in line with the Teacher's instructions." On that occasion, O Bhaddali, this too was not comprehended by you.

- 8. On that occasion, O Bhaddali, this too was not comprehended by you: "Many bhikkhunis have come to [this] very Sāvatthi for the rains. Those too will know me [thus:] the bhikkhu named Bhaddali, is one who does not fulfill the training in line with the Teacher's instructions." On that occasion, O Bhaddali, this too was not comprehended by you.
- 9. On that occasion, O Bhaddali, this too was not comprehended by you: "Many male lay disciples dwell in [this] very Sāvatthi. Those too will know me [thus:] the bhikkhu named Bhaddali, is one who does not fulfill the training

dāli nāma bhikkhu satthusāsane sik-khāya aparipūra-kārī'ti. ayampi kho te bhaddāli samayo appatividdho ahosi.

samayo'pi kho te bhaddāli appaṭividdho ahosi. sambahulā kho bhikkhuniyo sāvatthiyaṃ vassaṃ upagatā, tā'pi maṃ jānissanti: 'bhaddāli nāma bhikkhu satthusāsane sikkhāya aparipūrakārī'ti. ayampi kho te bhaddāli samayo appatividdho ahosi.

samayo'pi kho te bhaddāli appaṭividdho ahosi. sambahulā kho upāsakā sāvatthiyam paṭivasanti. te'pi maṃ jānissanti: 'bhad-

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in line with the Teacher's instructions." On that occasion, O Bhaddali, this too was not comprehended by you.

10. On that occasion, O Bhaddali, this too was not comprehended by you: "Many female lay disciples dwell in [this] very Sāvatthi. Those too will know me [thus:] the bhikkhu named Bhaddali, is one who does not fulfill the training in line with the Teacher's instructions." On that occasion, O Bhaddali, this too was not comprehended by you.

11. On that occasion, O Bhaddali, this too was not comprehended by you: "Many samanas and brahmanas of various sects have come to [this] very Sāvatthi for the rains. Those too will know me [thus:] a certain elder

dāli nāma bhikkhu satthusāsane sik-khāya aparipūra-kārī'ti. ayampi kho te bhaddāli samayo appaţividdho ahosi.

samayo pi kho te bhaddāli appaṭividdho ahosi: sambahulā kho upāsikā sāvatthiyaṃ paṭivasanti. tā'pi maṃ jānissanti: bhaddāli nāma bhikkhu satthusāsane sikkhāya aparipūrakārī'ti. ayampi kho te bhaddāli samayo appaṭividdho ahosi.

samayo'pi kho te bhaddāli appaţividdho ahosi: sambahulā kho nānā titthiyā samaṇabrāhmaṇā sāvatthiyaṃ vassaṃ upagatā, te'pi maṃ jānissanti: 'bhadbhikkhu named Bhaddali, a disciple of the samana Gotama, is one who does not fulfill the training." On that occasion, O Bhaddali, this too was not comprehended by you.

A transgression over-12. came me, O Bhante, in that being so foolish, so deluded, so unskillful, when the training rule was being made known by the Auspicious One, when the bhikkhu Sangha was upholding the training, I declared my lack of endurance for undertaking the training. Bhante, may the Auspicious One forgive my transgression seen as transgression for the sake of future restraint. Certainly, a transgression overcame you Bhaddali, in that being so foolish, so deluded, so unskillful, when the training rule was being made known by

dāli nāma bhikkhu samaņassa gotamassa sāvako therañña-taro satthusāsane sikkhāya aparipūra-kārī'ti. ayampi kho te bhaddāli samayo appatividdho ahosīti.

accayo mam bhante accagamā yathābālam yathāmūlham yathā akusalam, yo'ham bhagavatā sikkhāpade paññāpiyamāne bhikkhusanghe sikkham samādiyamāne anussāham pavedesim. tassa me bhante bhagavā accayam accayato patiganhātu āyatim samvarāyāti, taggha tvam bhaddāli accayo accagamā vathābālam yathāmūlham yathāakusalam yam tvam mayā sikkhāpade paññāpiyamāne bhikkhusanghe sikkham

me, when the bhikkhu Sangha was upholding the training, you declared your lack of endurance for undertaking the training.

So what do you think Bhaddali? [Suppose] here that I might say of a both ends liberated bhikkhu thus: "come you bhikkhu, be a bridge in the mud for me." Would he cross over [the mud himselfl or would he turn his body another way, or would he say "no." Certainly not Bhante. So what do you think Bhaddali? [Suppose] here that I might say of a wisdom liberated bhikkhu thus: "come you bhikkhu, be a bridge in the mud for me." Would he cross over The mud himselfl or would he turn his body another way, or would he say "no." Certainly not Bhante. So what do you think Bhaddali? [Suppose] here that I might say

samādiyamāne anussāham pavedesi.

tam kim maññasi bhaddāli: idhassa bhikkhu ubhatobhāgavimutto, tamaham evam vadeyyam: 'ehi me tvam bhikkhu panke sankamo hohī'ti. apinu so sankameyya vā aññena vā kāyam sannāmeyya, noti vā vadeyyāti. no hetam bhante. tam kim maññasi bhaddāli: 'idhassa bhikkhu paññāvimutto, tamaham evam vadeyyam: 'ehi me tvam bhikkhu paṅke saṅkamo hohī'ti. apinu so sankameyya vā aññena vā kāyam

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of a body witness bhikkhu thus: "come you bhikkhu, be a bridge in the mud for me." Would he cross over [the mud himself] or would he turn his body another way, or would he say "no." Certainly not Bhante. So what do you think Bhaddali? [Suppose] here that I might say of a view attainer bhikkhu thus: "come you bhikkhu, be a bridge in the mud for me." Would he cross over [the mud himself] or would he turn his body another way, or would he say "no." Certainly not Bhante. So what do you think Bhaddali? [Suppose] here that I might say of a faith liberated bhikkhu thus: "come you bhikkhu, be a bridge in the mud for me." Would he cross over [the mud himself] or would he turn his body another way, or would he say "no." Certainly not Bhante. So what do you think Bhaddali? [Suppose] here that I might say of

sannāmeyya, noti vā vadeyyāti. no hetam bhante. tam kim maññasi bhaddāli: idhassa bhikkhu kāyasakkhī, tamaham evam vadevyam: 'ehi me tvam bhikkhu paṅke saṅkamo hohī'ti. apinu so saṅkameyya vā aññena vā kāyam sannāmeyya, noti vā vadeyyāti. no hetam bhante. tam kim maññasi bhaddāli: idhassa bhikkhu ditthappatto, tamaham evam vadeyyam: 'ehi me tvam bhikkhu paṅke saṅkamo hohī'ti. apinu so saṅkameyya vā aññena vā kāyam sannāmeyya, noti vā vadevyāti. no hetam bhante. tam kim maññasi bhaddāli: idhassa bhikkhu saddhāvimutto, tama-

a dhamma follower bhikkhu thus: "come you bhikkhu, be a bridge in the mud for me." Would he cross over [the mud himself] or would he turn his body another way, or would he say "no." Certainly not Bhante. So what do you think Bhaddali? [Suppose] here that I might say of a faith follower bhikkhu thus: "come you bhikkhu, be a bridge in the mud for me." Would he cross over [the mud himself] or would he turn his body another way, or would he say "no." Certainly not Bhante. So what do you think Bhaddali? "Were vou then, O Bhaddali, on that occasion, both ends liberated and wisdom liberated, or a body witness, or view attainer, or faith liberated, or dhamma follower and faith follower?"). Certainly not Bhante. "Were you not, O Bhaddali, on that occasion empty, barren, and at fault?" Yes Bhante. A transgression

ham evam vadeyyam: 'ehi me tvam bhikkhu panke sankamo hohī'ti. apinu so sankamevva vā aññena vā kāyam sannāmeyya, noti vā vadeyyāti. no hetam bhante. tam kim maññasi bhaddāli: idhassa bhikkhu dhammānusārī. tamaham evam vadeyyam: 'ehi me tvam bhikkhu panke sankamo hohī'ti. apinu so saṅkameyya vā aññena vā kāyam sannāmeyya, noti vā vadeyyāti. no hetam bhante. tam kim maññasi bhaddāli: idhassa bhikkhu saddhānusārī, tamaham evam vadeyyam: 'ehi me tvam bhikkhu panke sankamo hohī'ti. apinu so sankameyya vā aññena vā kāyam

overcame me, O Bhante, in that being so foolish, so deluded, so unskillful, when the training rule was being made known by the Auspicious One, when the bhikkhu Sangha was upholding the training, I declared my lack of endurance for undertaking the training. Bhante, may the Auspicious One forgive my transgression seen as transgression for the sake of future restraint.

sannāmeyya, noti vā vadeyyāti. no hetam bhante. tam kim maññasi bhaddāli: 'api nu tvam bhaddāli tasmim samave ubhato bhāgavimutto vā hosi, paññāvimutto cā kāyasakkhī vā ditthappatto vā saddhāvimutto vā dhammānusārī cā saddhānusārī vāti. no hetam bhante. nanu tvam bhaddāli tasmim samave ritto tuccho aparaddho'ti. evam bhante, accayo mam bhante accagamā yathābālam yathāmūlham yathā akusalam, yoham bhagavatā sikkhāpade paññāpivamāne bhikkhusanghe sikkham samādivamāne anussāham pavedesi. tassa me bhante bhagavā

Certainly, a transgression overcame you Bhaddali, in that being so foolish, so deluded, so unskillful, when the training rule was being made known by me, when the bhikkhu Sangha was upholding the training, you declared your lack of endurance for undertaking the training. But since you, O Bhaddali, having seen your transgression as transgression, make amends in accordance with the Dhamma for the sake of future restraint, we forgive you. For this is growth indeed, O Bhaddali, in the Noble Ones' discipline when, having seen one's transgression as transgression, one makes amends for the sake of future restraint.

15. Here, O Bhaddali, a cer-

accayam accayato patiganhātu āyatim samvarāyāti.

taggha tvam bhaddāli accayo accagamā vathābālam vathāmūlham vathā akusalam yam tvam mayā sikkhāpade paññāpiyamāne bhikkhusanghe sikkham samādiyamāne anussāham pavedesi. yato ca kho tvam bhaddāli accayam accavato disvā vathādhammam patikarosi. tam te mayam patiganhāma. vuddhi hesā bhaddāli ariyassa vinaye yo accayam accayato disvā yathādhammam patikaroti, āyatim samvaram āpajjati.

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tain bhikkhu is one who does not fulfill the training in line with the Teacher's instructions. It occurs to him thus: What if I were to resort to secluded lodging, a wilderness, a root of a tree, a mountain glen, a hillside cave, a charnel ground, a lonely spot in the forest, the open air, a heap of straw. Perhaps I might realize a beyondhuman dhamma, a distinction in knowledge and vision worthy of the Noble Ones. He resorts to a secluded lodging, a wilderness, a root of a tree, a mountain glen, a hillside cave, a charnel ground, a lonely spot in the forest, the open air, a heap of straw. Of him dwelling thus withdrawn, the Teacher censors [him]. Having found out, his wise companions in the life of purity also censor [him]. The devas too censor [him]. He himself too censors himself. He being censored by the Teacher, also censored

idha bhaddāli ekacco bhikkhu satthusāsane sikkhāya aparipūrakārī⁴ hoti, tassa evam hoti: vannūnāham vivittam senāsanam bhajeyyam, araññam rukkhamūlam pabbatam kandaram giriguham susānam vanapattham abbhokāsam paļālapunjam. appevanāmāham uttarimanussadhammā alamariyañānadassanavisesam sacchikareyyanti. so vivittam senāsanam bhajati, araññam rukkhamūlam pabbatam kandaram giriguham susānam vanapattham abbhokāsam palālapunjam. tassa tathā vūpakatthassa viharato

⁴satthusāsane aparipūrakārī hoti (pts) ■

by his wise fellows in the life of purity having found out, also censored from the devas, also self-censored by he himself, he does not realize a beyond-human dhamma, a distinction in knowledge and vision worthy of the Noble Ones. What is the reason for that? This is just so indeed, O Bhaddali, as happens for one who does not fulfill the training in line with the Teacher's instructions.

16. Here, O Bhaddali, a certain bhikkhu is one who fulfills the training in line with the Teacher's instructions. It occurs to him thus: What if I were to resort to

satthā'pi upavadati. anuvicca pi viññū sabrahmacārī upavadanti. devatā'pi upavadanti. attāpi attānam upavadati. so satthārā'pi upavadito anuvicca viññūhi sabrahmacārīhi upavadito devatāhi'pi upavadito attanā'pi attānam upavadito na uttarimanussadhammā⁵ alamarivañānadassanavisesam sacchikaroti. tam kissa hetu: evam hetam bhaddāli hoti, yathā tam satthusāsane sikkhāya aparipūrakārissa.

idha bhaddāli ekacco bhikkhu satthusāsane sikkhāya paripūrakārī hoti, tassa

⁵uttarim manussadhammā (syā) bit page 180

secluded lodging, a wilderness, a root of a tree, a mountain glen, a hillside cave, a charnel ground, a lonely spot in the forest, the open air, a heap of straw. Perhaps I might realize a beyondhuman dhamma, a distinction in knowledge and vision worthy of the Noble Ones. He resorts to a secluded lodging, a wilderness, a root of a tree, a mountain glen, a hillside cave, a charnel ground, a lonely spot in the forest, the open air, a heap of straw. Of him dwelling thus withdrawn, the Teacher does not censor [him]. Having found out, his wise companions in the life of purity also do not censor [him]. The devas too do not censor [him]. He himself too does not censor himself. He not being censored by the Teacher, also not censored by his wise fellows in the life of purity having found out, also not censored from the devas. also not self-censored by him- so satthara'pi anu-

evam hoti: yannūnāham vivittam senāsanam bhajeyyam, araññam rukkhamūlam pabbatam kandaram giriguham susānam vanapattham abbhokāsam palālapuñjam. appevanāmāham uttarimanussadhammā alamarivañānadassanavisesam sacchikareyyanti. so vivittam senāsanam bhajati, araññam rukkhamūlam pabbatam kandaram giriguham susānam vanapattham abbhokāsam palālapuñjam. tassa tathā vūpakatthassa viharato satthā'pi na upavadati. anuvicca pi viññū sabrahmacārī na upavadanti. na devatā'pi na upavadanti. attā'pi attānam na upavadati.

self, he realizes a beyondhuman dhamma, a distinction in knowledge and vision worthy of the Noble Ones. What is the reason for that? This is just so indeed, O Bhaddali, as happens for one who fulfills the training in line with the Teacher's instructions.

17. "Quite secluded from sense-desires, secluded from unwholesome dhammas, he enters upon and abides in the rapture and pleasure born of seclusion connected with thinking and pondering, the first jhana. What is the reason for that? This is just so indeed, O Bhaddali, as happens for one who fulfills the training in line with the Teacher's instructions.

18. Furthermore, O Bhaddali, from the subsiding of thinking and pondering, with the internal tranquilization

pavadito anuvicca viññūhi sabrahma-cārīhi anupavadito devatāhi'pi anupavadito attanā'pi attānam anupavadito uttarimanussadhammā alamariyañāṇadassanavisesam sacchikaroti.

so vivicceva kāmehi vivicca akusalehi dhammehi savitak-kam savicāram vivekajam pītisukham paṭhamam jhānam upasampajja viharati tam kissa hetu: evam hetam bhaddāli hoti yathātam satthusāsane sik-khāya paripūrakārissa.

puna ca paraṃ bhaddāli bhikkhu vitakkavicārānam vūpa-

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and unification of mind [due to] the absense of thinking and pondering, a bhikkhu enters upon and abides in the rapture and pleasure born of samadhi, the second jhana. What is the reason for that? This is just so indeed, O Bhaddali, as happens for one who fulfills the training in line with the Teacher's instructions.

Furthermore, O Bhad-19. dali, with detachment from rapture, a bhikkhu dwelling mindful and clearly comprehending, looks on with equanimity as he experiences pleasure in the body, of which the Noble Ones say: "He is a mindful one who [looks on with] equanimity, one who dwells in pleasure," enters upon and abides in the third ihana. What is the reason for that? This is just so indeed, O Bhaddali, as happens for

samā ajjhattam sampasādanam cetaso ekodibhāvam avitakkam avicāram samādhijam pītisukham dutiyam jhānam upasampajja viharati. tam kissa hetu: evam hetam bhaddāli hoti yathā tam satthusāsane sikkhāya paripūrakārissa.

puna ca param bhaddāli bhikkhu pītiyā ca virāgā upekkhako ca viharati. sato ca sampajāno sukhañca kāyena paţisamvedeti. yantam ariyā ācikkhanti upekkhako satimā sukhavihārīti, tatiyam jhānam upasampajja viharati. tam kissa hetu: evam hetam bhaddāli hoti yathātam satthusāsane sikkhāya paripūrakāone who fulfills the training in line with the Teacher's instructions.

20. Furthermore, O Bhaddāli, from the abandoning of [physical] pleasure and pain, from the extinction of former mental pleasure and mental pain, a bhikkhu enters upon and abides in the utter purity of mindfulness and equanimity without pain and pleasure, the fourth jhana. What is the reason for that? This is just so indeed, O Bhaddali, as happens for one who fulfills the training in line with the Teacher's instructions.

rissa.

puna ca param bhaddāli bhikkhu sukhassa ca pahānā dukkhassa ca pahānā pubbeva somanassadomanassānam atthangamā adukkham asukham upekkhā satipārisuddhim catuttham jhānam upasampajja viharati. tam kissa hetu: evam hetam bhaddāli hoti yathātam satthusāsane sikkhāya paripūrakārissa.

21. so evam samāhite citte parisuddhe pariyodāte anańgaņe vigatūpakkilese mudubhūte kammaniye ţhite āneñjappatte pubbenivā-

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sānussatiñānāya cittam abhininnāmeti. so anekavihitam pubbenivāsam anussarati, sevvathīdam: ekampi jātim dvepi jātiyo tissopi jātiyo catassopi jātiyo pañcapi jātiyo dasapi jātiyo vīsatimpi jātivo timsampi jātivo cattārīsampi jātiyo paññāsampi jātiyo jātisatampi jātisahassampi jātisatasahassampi anekepi samvattakappe anekepi vivaţţakappe anekepi samvattavivattakappe amutrāsim evannāmo evangotto evamvanno evamāhāro evamsukhadukkhapatisamvedī evamāvuparivanto. so tato cuto amutra udapādim tatrāpāsim evannāmo evangotto evamvanno evamāhāro evamsu-

When his samadhi is 22. thus purified, cleansed, unblemished, devoid of defilements, malleable, workable, steady, and attained to imperturbability, he directs it to knowledge of the passing away and reappearance of beings. With the divine eye, which is purified and surpasses the human, he sees beings passing away and reappearing, inferior and superior, beautiful and ugly, fortunate and unfortunate. He underkhadukkhapaţisamvedī evamāyupariyanto. so tato cuto
idhūpapanno'ti. iti
sākāram sauddesam
anekavihitam pubbenivāsam anussarati. tam kissa hetu:
evam hetam bhaddāli hoti yathā tam
satthusāsane sikkhāya paripūrakārissa.

so evam samāhite citte parisuddhe pariyodāte anangaņe vigatūpakkilese mudubhūte kammaniye thite ānenjappatte sattānam cūtūpapātanānāya cittam abhininnāmeti. so dibbena cakkhunā visuddhena atikkantamānusakena satte passati cavamāne upapajjamāne, hine

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stands how beings pass on according to their actions thus: "These worthy beings who were ill-conducted in body, speech, and mind, revilers of Noble Ones, wrong in their views, giving effect to wrong view in their actions, on the dissolution of the body, after death, have reappeared in a state of deprivation, in a bad destination, in perdition, even in hell; but these worthy beings who were well-conducted in body, speech, and mind, not revilers of Noble Ones, right in their views, giving effect to right view in their actions, on the dissolution of the body, after death, have reappeared in a good destination, even in the heavenly world." Thus with the divine eye, which is purified and surpasses the human, he sees beings passing away and reappearing, inferior and superior, beautiful and ugly, fortunate and unfortunate, and he understands

panīte suvanne dubbanne sugate duggate yathākammūpage satte pajānāti. ime vata bhonto sattā kāyaduccaritena samannāgatā vacīduccaritena samannāgatā manoduccaritena samannāgatā ariyānam upavādakā micchādiţţhikā micchāditthikammasamādānā, te kāyassa bhedā parammaranā apāyam duggatim vinipātam nirayam upapannā, ime vā pana bhonto sattā kāvasucaritena samannāgatā vacīsucaritena samannāgatā manosucaritena samannāgatā ariyānam anupavādakā sammāditthikā sammāditthikammasamādānā, te kāyassa bhedā parammaranā sugatim saggam lohow beings pass on according to their actions. What is the reason for that? This is just so indeed, O Bhaddali, as happens for one who fulfills the training in line with the Teacher's instructions.

23. When his samadhi is thus purified, cleansed, unblemished, devoid of defilements, malleable, workable, steady, and attained to imperturbability, he directs it to knowledge of the destruction of the asavas. He understands as it has come to be: "This is suffering"; he understands as it has come to be: "This is the origin of suffering"; he understands

kam upannā'ti. iti dibbena cakkhunā visuddhena atikkantamānusakena satte passati cavamāne upapajjamāne hīne paṇīte suvaṇṇe dubbaṇṇe sugate duggate yathākammūpage satte pajānāti. tam kissa hetu: evaṃ hetaṃ bhaddāli hoti yathā taṃ satthusāsane sikkhāya paripūrakārissa.

so evam samāhite citte parisuddhe pariyodāte anangaņe vigatūpakkilese mudubhūte kammaniye thite ānenjappatte āsavānam khayanānāva cittam abhininnāmeti. so idam dukkhanti yathābhūtam pajānāti. ayam dukkhasamudayoti yathābhūtam pajānāti. ayam dukkhaniro-

as it has come to be: "This is the cessation of suffering"; he understands as it has come to be: "This is the way leading to the cessation of suffering." He understands as it has come to be: "These are the asavas"; he understands as it has come to be: "This is the origin of the asavas"; he understands as it has come to be: "This is the cessation of the asavas"; he understands as it has come to be: "This is the way leading to the cessation of the asavas." When he knows and sees thus, his mind is liberated from the asava of sensual desire, from the asava of being, and from the asava of ignorance. When it is liberated there comes the knowledge: "It is liberated." He understands: "Birth is destroyed, the holy life has been lived, what had to be done has been done, there is no other for thusness." What is the reason for that? This is just so indeed, O Bhaddali, as

dhoti yathābhūtam pajānāti. ayam dukkhanirodhagāminīpatipadāti yathābhūtam pajānāti. ime āsavāti yathābhūtam pajānāti. ayam āsavasamudayoti yathābhūtam pajānāti. ayam āsavanirodhoti yathābhūtam pajānāti. ayam āsavanirodhagāminīpatipadāti yathābhūtam pajānāti. tassa evam jānato evam passato kāmāsavā pi cittam vimuccati. bhavāsavāpi cittam vimuccati. avijjāsavā pi cittam vimuccati. vimuttasmim vimuttamiti ñānam hoti. khīnā jāti, vusitam brahmacariyam, katam karanīyam, nāparam itthattāyāti pajānāti. tam kissa hetu: evam hetam bhaddāli hoti yathā

happens for one who fulfills the training in line with the Teacher's instructions." tam satthusāsane sikkhāya paripūrakārissā'ti.