0.0.1 Imperturbable

- 1. These three individuals, O bhikkhus, are to be found existing in the world. Which three?
- Here, O bhikkhus, from 2. the complete surmounting of perceptions of form, from the extinguishing of perceptions of resistance, from nonattention to perceptions of diversity, "space is infinite," a certain individual enters and dwells in the domain of infinite space. He enjoys that, strives after that, and enters upon happiness by that. Settled therein, resolved on that, a frequent dweller in that, not fallen away from it when passing away, he rises in companionship of the devas pertaining to the domain of infinite space.
- 3. For the devas pertain-

āneñjasuttam

tayo'me bhikkhave puggalā santo saṃvijjamānā lokasmiṃ katame tayo:

idha bhikkhave ekacco puggalo sabbaso rūpasaññanam samatikkamā paţighasaññānam atthangamā nānāttasaññānam amanasikārā ananto ākāso'ti ākāsānañcāyatanam upasampajja viharati. so tadassādeti, tannikāmeti, tena ca vittim āpajjati. tatratthito tadadhimutto tabbahulavihārī aparihīno kālam kurumāno ākāsānañcāyatanūpagānam devānam sahavyatam upapajjati.

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ing to the domain of infinite space, O bhikkhus, their lifespan is twenty thousand aeons. The puthujjana, having remained there as long as life lasts, having spent as much as all that deva lifespan, even goes to hell, even goes to the animal womb, even goes to the sphere of ghost. But for the Auspicious One's disciple, having remained there as long as life last, having spent as much as all that deva lifespan, simply attains nibbana at that place.

4. This, O bhikkhus, is the distinction, this is the disparity, this is the difference between the one to whom the hearing [of the Dhamma] comes to be, the noble dis-

ākāsānañcāyatanūpaganam bhikkhave devānam vīsatikappasahassāni āyuppamānam. tatra puthujjano yāvatāyukam thatvā yāvatakam tesam devānam āyuppamānam, tam sabbam khepetvā nirayampi gacchati. tiracchānayonimpi gacchati, pettivisayampi gacchati. bhagavato pana sāvako tattha yāvatāyukam thatvā vāvatakam tesam devānam āyuppamānam, tam sabbam khepetvā tasmimyeva bhave parinibbāyati.

ayam kho bhikkhave viseso, ayam adhippāyo, idam nānākaraṇam sutavato ariyasāvakassa assutavatā puthujjanena yadidam gatiyā upaciple, and the one to whom the hearing [of the Dhamma] does not come to be, the puthujjana, that is when there is future destination, reappearance.

Furthermore, O bhikkhus, 5. here, having completely surmounted the domain of infinite space, "consciousness is infinite," a certain individual enters upon and abides in the domain of infinite consciousness. He enjoys that, strives after that, and enters upon happiness by that. Settled therein, resolved on that, a frequent dweller in that, not fallen away from it when passing away, he rises in companionship of the devas pertaining to the domain of infinite consciousness.

6. For the devas pertaining to the domain of infinite consciousness, O bhikkhus, their

pattiyā sati.

puna ca param bhikkhave idhekacco puggalo sabbaso ākāsānañcāyatanam samatikkamma anantam viññānanti viññāṇañcāyatanam upasampajja viharati, so tadassādeti, tantikāmeti, tena ca vittim āpajjati. tatratthito tadathimutto tabbahulavihārī aparihīno kālam kurumāno viññānañcāyatanūpagānam devānam sahavvatam upapajjati.

viññāṇañcāyatanūpagānaṃ bhikkhave devānaṃ cattārīsaṃ kappasahassāni lifespan is forty thousand aeons. The puthujjana, having remained there as long as life lasts, having spent as much as all that deva lifespan, even goes to hell, even goes to the animal womb, even goes to the sphere of ghost. But for the Auspicious One's disciple, having remained there as long as life last, having spent as much as all that deva lifespan, simply attains nibbana at that place.

7. This, O bhikkhus, is the distinction, this is the disparity, this is the difference between the one to whom the hearing [of the Dhamma] comes to be, the noble disciple, and the one to whom the hearing [of the Dhamma] does not come to be, the puthujjana, that is when

āyuppamānam. tattha puthujjano yāvatāyukam thatvā yāvatakam tesam devānam āyuppamānam, tam sabbam khepetvā niravampi gacchati, tiracchānayonimpi gacchati, pettivisayampi gacchati. bhagavato pana sāvako tattha yāvatāvukam thatvā yāvatakam tesam devānam āyuppamānam, tam sabbam khepetvā tasmitteva bhave parinibbāyati.

ayam kho bhikkhave viseso, ayam adhippāyo, idam nānākaraṇam sutavato ariyasāvakassa assutavatā puthujjanena yadidam gatiyā upapattiyā sati. there is future destination, reappearance.

- Furthermore, O bhikkhus, here, having completely surmounted the domain of infinite consciousness, "there is nothing," a certain individual enters upon and abides in the domain of nothingness. He enjoys that, strives after that, and enters upon happiness by it. Settled therein, resolved on it, a frequent dweller in that, not fallen away from it when passing away, he rises in companionship of the devas pertaining to the domain of nothingness.
- 9. For the devas pertaining to the domain of nothingness, O bhikkhus, their lifespan is sixty thousand aeons. The puthujjana, having remained there as long as life lasts, having spent as much as all that deva lifespan, even goes to

puna ca param bhikkhave idhekacco puggalo sabbaso viññānañcāyatanam samatikkamma natthi kiñcīti ākiñcaññāvatanam upasampajja viharati, so tadassādeti, tannikāmeti. tena ca vittim āpajjati. tatratthito tadadhimutto tabbahulavihārī aparihīno kālam kurumāno ākiñcaññayatanūpagānam devānam sahavyatam upapajjati.

ākiñcaññāyatanūpagānam bhikkhave devānam saṭṭhim kappasahassāni āyuppamāṇam. tattha puthujjano yāvatāyukam ṭhatvā yāvatakam tesam devānam āyuppamāṇam, tam hell, even goes to the animal womb, even goes to the sphere of ghost. But for the Auspicious One's disciple, having remained there as long as life last, having spent as much as all that deva lifespan, simply attains nibbana at that place.

10. This, O bhikkhus, is the distinction, this is the disparity, this is the difference between the one to whom the hearing [of the Dhamma] comes to be, the noble disciple, and the one to whom the hearing [of the Dhamma] does not come to be, the puthujjana, that is when there is future destination, reappearance.

sabbam khepetvā nirayampi gacchati, niracchānayonimpi gacchati, pettivisayampi gacchati. bhagavato pana sāvako tattha yāvatāyukam thatvā yāvatakam tesam devānam āyuppamāṇam tam sabbam khepetvā tasmitteva bhave parinibbāyati.

ayam kho bhikkhave viseso, ayam adhip-pāyo, idam nānāka-raṇam sutavato ari-yasāvakassa assutavatā puthujjanena yadidam gatiyā upapattiyā sati. ime kho bhikkhave tayo puggalā santo samvijjamānā lokasminti.