0.0.1 Right View

0.0.1 sammādiţţhisuttam

1. Thus was heard by me: At one time the Auspicious One was dwelling in Sāvatthi at Jeta's Grove, Anathapindika's Park. In that place the venerable Sariputta addressed the bhikkhus: "Friend bhikkhus." "Friend!" those bhikkhus replied to the venerable Sariputta. The venerable Sariputta said this:

evam me sutam: ekam samayam bhagavā sāvatthiyam viharati jetavane anāthapindikassa ārāme. tatra kho āyasmā sāriputto bhikkhū āmantesi: āvuso bhikkhavoti. āvusoti kho te bhikkhū āyasmato sāriputtassa paccassosum. āyasmā sāriputto etadavoca:

2. "Right view, right view," friends, it is said. To what extent, O friends, is a noble disciple ever one of right view, one of straightened view, one endowed with confirmed faith in the Dhamma, having arrived at this true Dhamma?"

sammādiţţhi sammādiţţhīti āvuso vuccati, kittāvatā nu kho āvuso ariyasāvako sammādiţţhi¹ hoti. ujugatāssa diţţhi. dhamme aveccappasādena samannāgato āgato imam saddhamma'nti²?

¹sammādiṭṭhi (syā)

²saddhammam (machasam)

3. "We, O friend, would even come from afar to the presence of the venerable Sariputta to understand the meaning of this statement. Certainly, please let the meaning of this statement be only evident to the venerable Sariputta. Having heard of this [from] the venerable Sariputta, the bhikkhus will bear it in mind." "Well then, friends, listen and do mind it well. I will speak." "Yes friend." Those bhikkhus replied to the venerable Sariputta. The venerable Sariputta said this:

dūrato'pi kho mayam āvuso āgaccheyyāma āyasmato sāriputtassa santike etassa bhāsitassa atthamaññātum, sādhu vatāvasmantam yeva sāriputtam patibhātu etassa bhāsitassa attho, āyasmato sāriputtassa sutvā bhikkhū dhāressantīti. tenahāvuso³ syā) sunātha sādhukam manasi karotha bhāsissāmīti. evamāvusoti kho te bhikkhū āyasmato sāriputtassa paccassosum. āyasmā sāriputto etadavoca:

"From the time, O friends, a noble disciple ever wisely understands the unwholesome, and wisely understands the root of the unwholesome, wisely understands the wholesome and wisely understands the root of the wholesome, it is really to that extent, O friends, that a noble disciple is one of right view, one of straightened view, one endowed with confirmed faith in the Dhamma, having arrived at this true Dhamma?"

³tena hi āvuso (machasam

yato kho āvuso ariyasāvako akusalañca pajānāti, akusalamūlañca pajānāti. kusalañca pajānāti, kusalamūlañca pajānāti. ettāvatā'pi kho āvuso ariyasāvako sammādiţţhi hoti. ujugatāssa diţţhi. dhamme aveccappasādena samannāgato āgato imaṃ saddhamma'nti.

5. "But, O friends, what is the unwholesome? What is the root of the unwholesome? What is the wholesome? What is the root of the wholesome?"

katamam panāvuso akusalam? katamam akusalamūlam? katamam kusalam⁴? katamam kusalamūla'nti ⁵?

6. Infact, killing living beings, O friends, is unwholesome, taking what is not given is unwholesome, wrong conduct in sensual pleasures is unwholesome, false speech is unwholesome, malicious speech is unwholesome, harsh speech is unwholesome, senseless talk is unwholesome, covetousness is unwholesome, ill-will is unwholesome, wrong view is unwholesome, this, O friends, is said to be the unwholesome.

pāṇātipāto kho āvuso akusalam, adinnādānam akusalam, kāmesumicchācāro akusalam, musāvādo akusalam, pisuṇāvācā akusalam, pharusāvācā akusalam, sam-

⁴katamam panāvuso (kusalam syā)

pts page 047

⁵kusalamūlam (machasam)

phappalāpo akusalam, abhijjhā akusalam, byāpādo akusalam, micchādiţţhi akusalam, idam vuccatāvuso akusalam.

7. And what, O friends, is the root of the unwholesome? Greed is the root of the unwholesome, hatred is the root of the unwholesome, delusion is the root of the unwholesome. This, O friends, is said to be the root of the unwholesome.

katamañcāvuso akusalamūlam? lobho akusalamūlam, doso akusalamūlam, moho akusalamūlam. idam vuccatāvuso akusalamūlam.

8. And what, O friends, is the wholesome? Abstinence from killing living beings is wholesome, abstinence from taking what is not given is wholesome, abstinence from wrong conduct in sensual pleasures is wholesome, abstinence from false speech is wholesome, abstinence from malicious speech is wholesome, abstinence from harsh speech is wholesome, abstinence from senseless talk is wholesome, non-covetousness is wholesome, non-ill-will is wholesome, right view is wholesome, this, O friends, is said to be the wholesome.

katamañcāvuso kusalam? pāṇātipātā veramaṇī kusalam, adinnādānā veramaṇī kusalam, kāmesu micchācārā veramaṇī kusalam, musāvādā veramaṇī kusalam,

pisuņāvācā veramaņī kusalam, pharusāvācā veramaņī kusalam, samphappalāpā veramaņī kusalam, anabhijjhā kusalam, abyāpādo kusalam, sammādiţţhi kusalam, idam vuccatāvuso kusalam.

9. And what, O friends, is the root of the wholesome? Non-greed is the root of the wholesome, non-hatred is the root of the wholesome, non-delusion is the root of the wholesome. This, O friends, is said to be the root of the wholesome.

katamañcāvuso kusalamūlam? alobho kusalamūlam, adoso kusalamūlam, amoho kusalamūlam, idam vuccatāvuso kusalamūlam.

10. From the time, O friends, a noble disciple ever wisely understands the unwholesome thus, wisely understands the root of the unwholesome thus, wisely understands the wholesome thus, wisely understands the root of the wholesome thus, having abandoned all underlying tendencies to lust, having dispelled underlying tendencies to aversion, having uprooted the underlying tendencies to views and the conceit "I am," having abandoned ignorance and having caused to arise noble knowledge, he just in this very life makes the end of suffering, it is really to that extent too, O friends, that a noble disciple is one of right view, one of straightened view, one endowed with confirmed faith in the Dhamma, having arrived at this true Dhamma?"

yato kho āvuso ariyasāvako evam akusalam pajānāti, evam akusalamūlam pajānāti, evam kusalam pajānāti, evam kusalam pajānāti, evam kusalamūlam pajānāti, so sabbaso rāgānusayam pahāya paṭighānusayam paṭivinodetvā asmīti diṭṭhimānānusayam samūhanitvā avijjam pahāya vijjam uppādetvā diṭṭheva dhamme dukkhassantankaro hoti. ettāvatā'pi kho āvuso ariyasāvako sammādiṭṭhi hoti. ujugatāssa diṭṭhi, dhamme aveccappasādena samannāgato, āgato imam saddhamma'nti.

⁶dukkhassantakaro (machasaṃ, syā, pts)