## 0.0.1 The Going Forth of Sariputta and Moggallana

At that time Sanjaya, the wanderer was dwelling in Rajagaha with a large assembly of wanderers, with two hundred and fifty wanderers. At that time Sariputta and Moggallana were living the life of purity under Sanjaya, the wanderer. They had made an agreement: "He who attains the deathless first, he must inform the other of it." Then in the morning, the venerable Assaji, having dressed, having taken bowl and robe, entered Rajagaha for alms food. With eyes down cast, he was endowed with deportment: Graceful when stepping forwards, when stepping backwards, when looking forwards, when looking backwards, when bending back, when stretching out.

sāriputtamoggallānapabbajjāsuttam

tena kho pana samayena sañjayo paribbājako jājagahe paţivasati mahatiyā paribbājakaparisāya saddhim addhateyyehi paribbājakasatehi. tena kho pana samayena sāriputtamoggallānā sañjaye paribbājake brahmacariyam caranti. tehi katikā katā hoti: "yo pathamam amatam adhigacchati, so itarassa ārocetu"ti. atha kho āyasmā assaji pubbanhasamayam nivāsetvā pattacīvaramādāya rājagaham pindāya pāvisi. pāsādikena abhikkantena patikkantena ālokitena vilokitena sammiñjitena pasāritena ok-

Sariputta, the wanderer saw the venerable Assaji wandering in Rajagaha for alms food with eyes down cast, endowed with deportment: Graceful when stepping forwards, when stepping backwards, when looking forwards, when looking backwards, when bending back, when stretching out. Having seen, it occurred to him: "Surely, this bhikkhu is one of those who are arahants in the world, or have entered upon the path to arahantship. What if, having approached this bhikkhu, I might ask: On account of whom, O friend, have you gone forth? Who is your Teacher? Whose dhamma do you prefer?"

khittacakkhu iriyāpathasampanno.

addasā kho sāriputto paribbājako āyasmantam assajim rājagahe pindāya carantam pāsādikena abhikkantena paţikkantena ālokitena vilokitena sammiñjitena pasāritena okkhittacakkhum iriyāpathasampannam disvānassa etadahosi: "ye vata loke arahanto vā arahattamaggam vā samāpannā, ayam tesam bhikkhu aññataro. vannūnāham imam bhikkhum upasankamitvā puccheyyam, kam'si tvam āvuso, uddissa pabbajito? ko vā te satthā? kassa vā tvam dhammam rocesī?"ti.

14. It then occurred to Sariputta, the wanderer: "It is the wrong time to ask this bhikkhu, he has entered among the houses, wandering for alms food. What if I were to pursue this bhikkhu closely behind to find out the path [I am] seeking for." Then the venerable Assaji, having wandered in Rajagaha for alms food, having taken alms food, returned. Then, Sariputta, the wanderer went to the venerable Assaji. Upon arrival, he exchanged friendly greetings with the venerable Assaji. Having exchanged friendly greetings and cordial talk, he stood at one side. Having stood at one side, Sariputta, the wanderer said this to the venerable Assaji: "O friend, your faculties are very clear, your complexion is pure and bright. On account of whom, O friend, have you gone forth? Who is your teacher? Whose dhamma do you prefer?"

atha kho sāriputassa paribbājakassa etadahosi: "akālo kho imam bhikkhum pucchitum, antaragharam pavittho pindāya carati. yannūnāham imam bhikkhum pitthito pitthito anubandheyyam. atthikehi upaññātam magga"nti. atha kho āyasmā assaji rājagahe piņdāva caritvā pindapātam ādāya paţikkami, atha kho sāriputato<sup>1</sup> paribbājako venāvasmā assaji, tenupasankami. upasankamitvā ayāsmatā assajinā saddhim sammodi. sammodaniyam katham sāranīyam vītisāretvā ekamantam atthāsi. ekamantam thito kho sāriputto

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>sāriputtopi - machasam.

"There is, O friend, the Great Samana, son of the Sakyans, one gone forth from the Sakyan clan. I have gone forth on account of that Auspicious One. That Auspicious One is my Teacher, and I prefer the Dhamma of the Auspicious One." "But, what is the doctrine of the venerable's Teacher? What does he declare?" "I, O friend, am new, not long gone forth, just arrived at this Dhammavinaya. That is, I am not able to teach the dhamma with details. Nevertheless, I will

paribbājako āyasmantam assajim etadavoca: "vippasannāni kho te āvuso, indriyāni. parisuddho chavivaņno pariyodāto. kam'si tvam āvuso, uddissa pabbajito? ko vā te satvā? kassa vā tvam dhammam rocesī?"ti.

" atthāvuso mahāsamano sakyaputo sakyakulā pabbajito. tāham bhagavantam uddissa pabbaiito. so ca me bhagavā satthā tassa cāham bhagavato dhammam rocemī"ti. "kimvādī panāyasmato satthā kimakkhāyī?" "aham kho āvuso, navo acirapabbajito. adhunāgato imam dhammavinayam na tāham

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say for you the meaning in brief." So then, Sariputta, the wanderer said this to the venerable Assaji: Let that be, O friend.

"You speak little or much,

say to me just [enough]
to know the meaning,
the meaning, just the
meaning for me,
what will many words
do?"

Then the venerable Assaji spoke this dhamma discourse for Sariputta, the wanderer:

"Those dhammas which arise from a cause, of those the Tathagata has told the cause, and that which is their cessation, sakkomi vitthārena dhammam desetum. api ca te sankhittena attham vakkhāmī"ti. atha kho sāriputto paribbājako "āyasmantam assajim etadavoca: "hotu āvuso

"appaṃ vā bahuṃ vā bhāsassu, atthaññeva me brūhi, attheneva me attho, kiṃ kāhasi vyañjanaṃ bahu"nti.

atha kho āyasmā assaji sāriputtassa paribbājakassa imam dhammapariyāyam abhāsi:

ye dhammā hetuppabhavā, tesaṃ hetuṃ tathāgato āha, tesañca yo nirodho, evamvādī mahāsathus is the doctrine of the Great Samana."

16. Then Sariputta, the wanderer, having heard this dhamma discourse, the stainless, spotless dhamma eye arose: "Whatever is liable to arising, all that is liable to cessation."

"Just this is the Dhamma, which when penetrated, at that moment [reveals] the sorrowless path, gone by unseen, by which many aeons have come to be."

17. Then Sariputta, the wanderer, visited with Moggallana, the wanderer. Moggallana, the wanderer saw Sariputta, the wanderer approaching from afar. Hav-

mano"ti.

atha kho sāriputtassa paribbājakassa imam dhammapariyāyam sutvā virajam vītamalam dhammacakkhum udapādi: "yam kiñci samudayadhammam, sabbam tam nirodhadhamma"nti.

"eseva dhammo yadi tāvadeva, paccabyathā² padamasokaṃ, adiṭṭhaṃ abbhatītaṃ, bahukehi kappanhutehī"ti.

atha kho sāriputto paribbājako yena moggallāno paribbājako tenupasańkamitvā addasā kho

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>paccabyattha - machasam.

ing seen Sariputta, the wanderer, he said this: "O friend, your faculties are very clear, your complexion is pure and bright. Perhaps, O friend, you have attained the deathless for us?" "We, O friend, have attained the deathless." "But how, O friend, how did you attain the deathless?" Here I, O friend, saw the bhikkhu Assaji in Rajagaha wandering for alms food, with eyes down cast, endowed with deportment: Graceful when stepping forwards, when stepping backwards, when looking forwards, when looking backwards, when bending back, when stretching out. Having seen, it occurred to me: "Surely, this bhikkhu is one of those who are arahants in the world, or have entered upon the path to arahantship. What if, having approached this bhikkhu, I might ask: On account of whom, O friend, have you gone forth? Who is

moggallāno paribbājako sāriputtam paribbājakam dūratova agacchantam. disvāna sāriputtam paribbājakam etadavoca: "vippasannāni kho te āvuso, indriyāni. parisuddho chavivanenā. pariyodāto. kacci no tvam<sup>3</sup> āvuso, amatamadhigato?"ti. "āmāvuso, amatam adhigato"ti. "yathā kathampana tvam āvuso, amatam adhigato?"ti. "idhāham āvuso, addasam assajim bhikkhum rājagahe pindāya carantam pāsādikena abhikkantena patikkantena ālokitena vilokitena sammiñjitena pasāritena okkhittacakkhum iriyāpathasampannam. disvāna me etada-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>kaccinu tvam - pts.

your Teacher? Whose dhamma do you prefer?" It then occurred to me: "It is the wrong time to ask this bhikkhu, he has entered among the houses, wandering for alms food. What if I were to pursue this bhikkhu closely behind to find out the path [I am] seeking for."

hosi: "ye vata loke arahanto vā arahantamaggam vā samāpannā. ayam tesam bhikkhu aññataro. vannūnāham imam bhikkhum upasankamitvā puccheyyam: kam'si tvam āvuso, uddissa pabbajito? ko vā te satthā? kassa vā tvam dhammam rocesi?"ti. tassa mayham āvuso etadahosi: "akālo kho imam bhikkhum pucchitum, antaragharam pavittho pindāya carati. yannūnāham imam bhikkhum pitthito pitthito anubandheyyam. atthikehi upaññātam magga"nti.

**18.** Then the bhikkhu Assaji, having wandered in Rajagaha for alms food, having taken alms food, returned. Then, I

atha kho āvuso assaji bhikkhu rājagahe piṇḍāya caritvā

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went to the bhikkhu Assaji. Upon arrival, I exchanged friendly greetings with the bhikkhu Assaji. Having exchanged friendly greetings and cordial talk, I stood at one side. Having stood at one side, I said this to the bhikkhu Assaji: "O friend, your faculties are very clear, your complexion is pure and bright. On account of whom, O friend, have you gone forth? Who is your teacher? Whose dhamma do you prefer?"

19. "There is, O friend, the Great Samana, son of the Sakyans, the one gone forth

pindapātam ādāya patikkami. atha khvāham āvuso, yena assaji bhikkhu tenupasankami upasankamityā assajinā bhikkhunā saddhim sammodim sammodanīyam katham sāranīvam vītisāretvā ekamantam atthāsim. ekamantam thito kho aham āvuso assajim bhikkhum etadavocam: "vippasannāni kho te āvuso, indriyāni. parisuddho chavivanenā. pariyodāto. kam'si tvam āvuso, uddissa pabbajito? ko vā te satthā? kassa vā tvam dhammam rocesī?"ti.

'atthāvuso mahāsamaņo sakyaputto sa-

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from the Sakyan clan. I have gone forth on account of that Auspicious One. That Auspicious One is my Teacher, and I prefer the Dhamma of the Auspicious One." "But what is the doctrine of the venerable's Teacher? What does he declare?" "I, O friend, am new, one not long gone forth, just arrived at this Dhammavinaya. That is, I am not able to teach the dhamma with details. Nevertheless, I will say for you the meaning in brief "

"You speak little or much,

say to me just [enough]
to know the meaning,
the meaning, just the
meaning for me,
what will many words
do?"

20. Then, O friend, this is

kyakulā pabbajito. tāham bhagavantam uddissa pabbaiito. so ca me bhagavā satthā, tassa cāham bhagavato dhammam rocemī"ti. "kimvādī panāyasmato satthā? kimakkhāyī?"ti. "aham kho āvuso, navo acirapabbajito. adhunāgato imam dhammavinayam, na tāham sakkomi vitthārena dhammam desetum. api ca te sankhittena attham vakkhāmī"ti.

"appaṃ vā bahuṃ vā bhāsassu, atthaññeva me brūhi, attheneva me attho, kiṃ kāhasi vyañjanaṃ bahu"nti.

atha kho āvuso, as-

the dhamma discourse the bhikkhu Assaji spoke:

"Those dhammas which arise from a cause, of those the Tathagata has told the cause, and that which is their cessation, thus is the doctrine of the Great Samana."

21. Then Moggallana, the wanderer, having heard this dhamma discourse, the stainless, spotless dhamma eye arose: "Whatever is liable to arising, all that is liable to cessation."

"Just this is the Dhamma, which when penetrated, at that moment [reveals] the sorrowless path, gone by unseen,

saji bhikkhu<sup>4</sup> - imaṃ dhammapariyāyaṃ abhāsi:

ye dhammā hetuppabhavā, tesaṃ hetuṃ tathāgato āha, tesañca yo nirodho, evaṃvādī mahāsamaṇo"ti.

atha akhā moggallānassa paribbājakassa imam dhammapariyāyam sutvā virajam vītamalam dhammacakkhum udapādi: "yam kiñci samudayadhammam sabbam tam nirodhadhamma"nti.

"eseva dhammo yadi tāvadeva.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>āyasmā assaji bhikkhu - ma, nu, pa; to, vi. pts page 042

by which many aeons have come to be."

22. So then, Moggallana, the wanderer said this to Sariputta, the wanderer: "We must go, O friend, to the presence of the Auspicious One. He is our Teacher, the Auspicious One." "These two hundred and fifty wanderers, O friend, they dwell in dependence on us, looking up to us here. At least let us obtain permission from them. So they can do as they think [fit]."

23. So then, Sariputta and Moggallana went to those wanderers. Upon arrival, they said this to those wanderers: "We must go, O friends, to

paccabyathā<sup>5</sup> padamasokam, adiṭṭhaṃ abbhatītaṃ, bahukehi kappanhutehī"ti.

atha kho moggallāno paribbājako sāriputtam paribbājakam etadavoca: "gacchāma mayam āvuso, bhagavato santike. so no bhagavā satthā"ti. imāni kho āvuso addhateyyāti paribbājakasatāni amhe nissāva amhe sampassantā idha viharanti. te'pi tāva apalokema <sup>6</sup> - yathā te maññissanti, tathā karissantī"ti.

atha kho sāriputtamoggallānā yena te paribbājakā, te-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>paccabyattha - machasam. <sup>6</sup>apalokāma - ma. nu. pa. bjt page 088

the presence of the Auspicious One. He is our Teacher, the Auspicious One." "We dwell in dependence on the venerables, looking up to the venerables here. If the venerables will live the life of purity under the Great Samana, then we will all also live the life of purity under the Great Samana."

24. So then, Sariputta and Moggallana went to Sanjaya, the wanderer. Upon arrival, they said this to Sanjaya, the wanderer: "We must go, O friend, to the presence of the Auspicious One. He is our Teacher, the Auspicious One." "Enough, O friends, do not go. Just all three [of us], we will look after this group."

nupasankamimsu. upasankamitvā te paribbājake etadavocum: "gacchāma mayam āvuso, bhagavato santike. so no bhagavā satthā"ti "mayam āyasmante nissāya āyasmante sasmapassantā idha viharāma. sace āyasmantā mahāsamane brahmacariyam carissanti, sabbeva mayam mahāsamane brahmacariyam carissāmā"ti.

atha kho sāriputtamoggallānā yena
sañjayo paribbājakā,
tenupasaṅkamiṃsu.
upasaṅkamitvā sañjayaṃ paribbājakaṃ
etadavocuṃ: "gacchāma mayaṃ āvuso,
bhagavato santike.
so no bhagavā satthā"ti "alaṃ āvuso,
mā gamittha, sab-

25. Also for a second time, Sariputta and Moggallana said this to Sanjaya, the wanderer: "We must go, O friend, to the presence of the Auspicious One. He is our Teacher, the Auspicious One." "Enough, O friends, do not go. Just all three [of us], we will look after this group."

26. Also for a third time, Sariputta and Moggallana said this to Sanjaya, the wanderer: "We must go, O friend, to the presence of the Auspicious One. He is our Teacher, the Auspicious One." "Enough, O friends, do not go. Just all three [of us], we will look after this group."

beva tayo imam ganam pariharissāmā"ti.

dutiyampi kho sāriputtamoggallānā sañjayam paribbājakam, etadavocum: "gacchāma mayam āvuso, bhagavato santike. so no bhagavā satthā"ti "alam āvuso, mā gamittha, sabbeva tayo imam gaṇam pariharissāmā"ti.

tatiyampi kho sāriputtamoggallānā
sañjayam paribbājakam, etadavocum:
"gacchāma mayam
āvuso, bhagavato
santike. so no bhagavā satthā"ti "alam
āvuso, mā gamittha,
sabbeva tayo imam
gaṇam pariharissāmā"ti.

atha kho sāriput-

27. Then Sariputta and Moggallana, having taking the two hundred and fifty wanderers, went to the Bamboo Grove. But hot blood issued from the mouth of Sanjaya, the wanderer, just there.

28. The Auspicious One saw Sariputta and Moggallana coming from afar. Having seen, he announced to the bhikkhus: "O bhikkhus, these two friends that are coming, Kolita and Upatissa, they will be my chief disciples, the foremost auspicious pair."

Then the Teacher explained more:
After [they have] attained liberation at the Bamboo Grove, the deep sphere of knowledge,

tamoggallānā tāni aḍḍhateyyāni paribbājakasatāni ādāya yena veļuvanam tenupasankamimsu. sañjayassa pana paribbājakassa nattheva unham lohitam mukhato uggañachi.

addāsā kho bhagavā sāriputtamoggal-lāne dūratova āgac-chante. disvāna bhik-khū āmantesī: "ete bhikkhave dve sa-hāyā āgacchanti ko-lito upatisso ca. etam me sāvakayugam bhavissati aggam bhaddayuga"nti.

"gambhīre ñāṇavisaye, anuttare upadhisaṅkhaye, vimutte appatte veļuvanam,

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the unsurpassed destruction of appropriations,

"these two friends, that are coming, Kolita and Upatissa, they will be my chief disciples, the foremost auspicious pair."

So then, Sariputta and Moggallana went to the Auspicious One. Upon arrival, they bowed down with their head at the Auspicious One's feet and said this to the Auspicious One: "O Bhante, may we gain the going forth in the presence of the Auspicious One, may we gain the higher ordination." The Auspicious One said: "Come, you bhikkhus." "Well-proclaimed is the Dhamma. Live the life of purity for rightly making an end of suffering." Just [this] was those venerable ones' higher ordination.

atha ne satthā byākāsi.

ete dve sahāyā, āgacchanti<sup>7</sup> - kolito upatisso ca, etaṃ me sāvakayugaṃ, bhavissati aggaṃ bhaddayuga"ntita

atha kho sāriputtamoggallānā yena bhagavā tenupasankamimsu. upasankamitvā bhagavato pādesu sirasā nipatitvā bhagavantam etadavocum- "labheyyāma mayam bhante, bhagavato santike pabbajjam. labheyyāma upasampada"nti. "etha bhikkhavo"ti bhagavā avoca. "svakkhāto dhammo caratha brahmacariyam

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>anena - machasam.

sammā dukkhassa antakiriyāyā"ti. sova tesaṃ āyasmantānaṃ upasampadā ahosi.

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