0.0.1 Dhammas on Three

0. source: Savatthi

Were these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, not to be found in the world, the Tathagata, the Arahant, the rightly self-awakened one, would not arise in the world; the Dhamma and Vinaya as proclaimed by the Tathagata would not shine in the world. Which three? Birth, old age and death. Were these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, not to be found in the world, the Tathagata, the Arahant, the rightly self-awakened one, would not arise in the world: the Dhamma and Vinaya as proclaimed by the Tathagata would not shine in the world. But because, O bhikkhus, these three dhammas are to be found in the world, therefore the Tathagata, the Arahant, the rightly self-awakened one arises

tayodhamma suttam

source: sāvatthi

tayo me bhikkhave dhammā loke na samvijjeyyum, na tathāgato loke uppajjevya araham sammāsambuddho, na tathāgatappavedito dhammavinayo loke dippeyya. katame tayo: jāti ca jarā ca maranañca, ime kho bhikkhave tavo dhammā loke na samvijjeyyum, na tathāgato loke uppajjeyya araham sammāsambuddho, na tathagatappavedito dhammavinayo loke dippeyya. vasmā ca kho bhikkhave ime tayo dhammā loke samvijjanti, tasmā tathāgato loke uppajjati araham sammāsambuddho. tasmā tathagatappavedito

in the world; the Dhamma and Vinaya as proclaimed by the Tathagata shines in the world.

- 2. Not having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is not able to abandon birth, to abandon old age, to abandon death. Which three? Not having abandoned lust, not having abandoned hate, not having abandoned delusion. Not having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is not able to abandon birth, to abandon old age, to abandon death.
- 3. Not having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is not able to abandon lust, to abandon hate, to abandon delusion. Which three? Not having abandoned self-affirmation view, not having abandoned doubt, not having abandoned grasping

dhammavinayo loke dippati.

tayome bhikkhave dhammā appahāya abhabbo jātim pahātum jaram pahātum maraṇam pahātum. katame tayo: rāgam appahāya dosam appahāya moham appahāya. ime kho bhikkhave tayo dhamme appahāya abhabbo jātim pahātum jaram pahātum maraṇam pahātum.

tayome bhikkhave dhamme appahāya abhabbo rāgam pahātum dosam pahātum moham pahātum. katame tayo: sakkāyadiṭṭhim appahāya vicikiccham

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to virtue and [religious] duties. Not having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is not able to abandon lust, to abandon hate, to abandon delusion.

Not having abandoned 4. these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is not able to abandon self-affirmation view, to abandon doubt, to abandon grasping to virtue and [religious] duties. Which three? Not having abandoned non-root cause consideration, not having abandoned association with the wrong path, not having abandoned mental sluggishness. Not having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is not able to abandon selfaffirmation view, abandon doubt, to abandon grasping to virtue and [religious] duties.

appahāya sīlabbataparāmāsam appahāya. ime kho bhikkhave tayo dhamme appahāya abhabbo rāgam pahātum dosam pahātum moham pahātum.

tayome bhikkhave dhamme appahāya abhabbo sakkāyaditthim pahātum, vicikiccham pahātum sīlabbataparāmāsam pahātum. katame tayo: ayonisomanasikāram appahāva kummaggasevanam appahāya cetaso līnattam appahāya. ime kho bhikkhave tayo dhamme appahāva abhabbo sakkāya ditthim pahātum vicikiccham pahātum sīlabbataparāmāsam pahātum.

- Not having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is not able to abandon non-root cause consideration, to abandon association with the wrong path, to abandoned mental sluggishness. Which three? Not having abandoned confusedmindfulness, not having abandoned lack of contemplation, not having abandoned mental distraction. Not having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is not able to abandon non-root cause consideration, to abandon association with the wrong path, to abandoned mental sluggishness.
- 6. Not having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is not able to abandon confused-mindfulness, to abandon lack of contemplation, to abandon mental distraction. Which three? Not having abandoned not wish-

tayome bhikkhave dhamme appahāya abhabbo ayonisomanasikāram pahātum kummaggasevanam pahātum cetaso līnattam pahātum, katame tayo:' mutthasaccam appahāya asampajaññam appahāya cetaso vikkhepam appahāya. ime kho bhikkhave tayo dhamme appahāya abhabbo avonisomanasikāram pahātum kummaggasevanam pahātum cetaso līnattam pahātum.

tayome bhikkhave dhamme appahāya abhabbo muṭṭhasac-caṃ pahātuṃ asam-pajaññaṃ pahātuṃ cetaso vikkhepaṃ pahātuṃ. katame tayo: ariyānamadas-sanakamyataṃ ap-

ing to see the Noble Ones, not having abandoned not wishing to hear the noble ones' Dhamma, not having abandoned a mind intent on criticism. Not having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is not able to abandon confused-mindfulness, to abandon lack of contemplation, to abandon mental distraction.

Not having abandoned 7. these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is not able to abandon not wishing to see the Noble Ones, to abandon not wishing to hear the noble ones' Dhamma, to abandon a mind intent on criticism. Which three? Not having abandoned restlessness, not having abandoned nonrestraint, not having abandoned immorality. Not having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is not able to abandon not wishpahāya ariyadhammassa asotukamyatam appahāya upārambhacittam appahāya. ime kho bhikkhave tayo dhamme appahāya abhabbo muṭṭhasaccam pahātum asampajaññam pahātum cetaso vikkhepam pahātum.

tayome bhikkhave dhamme appahāya abhabbo ariyānamadassanakamyatam pahātum arivadhammassa asotukamyatam pahātum upārambhacittatam pahātum. katame tayo: uddhaccam appahāya asamvaram appahāya dussīlyam appahāya. ime kho bhikkhave tayo dhamme appahāya abhabbo arivānamadassanakamyatam

ing to see the Noble Ones, abandon not wishing to hear the noble ones' Dhamma, to abandon a mind intent on criticism.

- 8. Not having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is not able to abandon restlessness, to abandon non-restraint, to abandon immorality. Which three? Not having abandoned lack of faith, not having abandoned stinginess, not having abandoned indolence. Not having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is not able to abandon restlessness, to abandon immorality.
- 9. Not having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is not able to abandon lack of faith, to abandon stinginess, to abandon indolence. Which three? Not

pahātum ariyadhammassa asotukamyatam pahātum upārambhacittatam pahātum.

tayome bhikkhave dhamme appahāya abhabbo uddhaccam pahātum asamvaram pahātum dussīlyam pahātum. katame tayo: assaddhiyam appahāya avadaññutam appahāya kosajjam appahāya. ime kho bhikkhave tayo dhamme appahāya abhabbo uddhaccam pahātum. asamvaram pahātum dussīlyam pahātum.

tayo me bhikkhave dhamme appahāya abhabbo assaddhiyaṃ pahātuṃ avadañnutam pahātum

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having abandoned disrespect, not having abandoned being difficult to correct, not having abandoned evil friendship. Not having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is not able to abandon lack of faith, to abandon stinginess, to abandon indolence.

Not having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is not able to abandon disrespect, to abandon being difficult to correct, to abandon evil friendship. Which three? Not having abandoned lack of moral dignity, not having abandoned lack of moral dread, not having abandoned negligence. Not having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is not able to abandon disrespect, to abandon being difficult to correct, to abankosajjam pahātum. katame tayo: anā-dariyam appahāya dovacassatam appahāya pāpamittatam appahāya. ime kho bhikkhave tayo dhamme appahāya abhabbo assaddhiyam pahātum avadañnutam pahātum kosajjam pahātum.

tayo me bhikkhave dhamme appahāya abhabbo anādariyam pahātum dovacassatam pahātum pāpamittatam pahātum. katame tayo: ahirikam appahāya anottappam appahāya pamādam appahāya. ime kho bhikkhave tayo dhamme appahāya abhabbo anādariyam pahātum dovacassatam pahātum pāpamittatam pahātum.

don evil friendship.

O bhikkhus, one who lacks moral dignity, one who lacks moral dread is heedless. He being heedless, is not able to abandon disrespect, to abandon being difficult to correct, to abandon evil friendship. He being of evil friendship, is not able to abandon lack of faith, to abandon stinginess, to abandon indolence. He being lazy, is not able to abandon restlessness, to abandon non-restraint, to abandon immorality. He being immoral, is not able to abandon not wishing to see the Noble Ones, to abandon not wishing to hear the Noble Ones' Dhamma, to abandon a mind intent on criticism. He being one whose mind is intent on criticism, is not able to abandon confused-mindfulness, to abandon lack of contemplation, to abandon mental

ahirikoyam bhikkhave anottappī¹ pamatto hoti, so pamatto samāno abhabbo anādariyam pahātum dovacassatam pahātum pāpamittam pahātum, so pāpamitto samāno abhabbo assaddhiyam pahātum avadaññutam pahātum kosajjam pahātum, so kusīto samāno abhabbo uddhaccam pahātum asamvaram pahātum dussīlyam pahātum, so dussīlo samāno abhabbo ariyānamadassanakamyatam pahātum arivadhammassa asotukamyatam pahātum, upārambhacittatam pahātum, so upārambhacitto

¹anottāpī - machasam.

distraction. He being mentally distracted, is not able to abandon non-root cause. consideration, to abandon association with the wrong path, to abandon mental sluggishness. He being mentally sluggish, is not able to abandon self-affirmation view, to abandon doubt, to abandon, grasping to virtue and [religious] duties. He being of doubt, is not able to abandon lust, to abandon hate, to abandon delusion. He being not rid of lust, is not able to abandon birth, to abandon old age, to abandon death.

samāno abhabbo mutthasaccam pahātum asampajaññam pahātum cetaso vikkhepam pahātum so vikkhitta citto samāno abhabbo avonisomanasikāram pahātum kummaggasevanam pahātum cetaso linattam pahātum, so līnacitto samāno abhabbo sakkāyaditthim pahātum vicikiccham pahātum sīlabbataparāmāsam pahātum, so vicikiccho samāno abhabbo rāgam pahātum dosam pahātum moham pahātum, so rāgam appahāya dosam appahāya moham appahāya abhabbo jātim pahātum jaram pahātum maranam pahātum.

12. Having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is able to abandon birth, to abandon old age, to abandon death. Which three? Having abandoned lust, having abandoned delusion. Having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is able to abandon birth, to abandon old age, to abandon death.

13. Having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is able to abandon lust, to abandon hate, to abandon delusion. Which three? Having abandoned self-affirmation view, having abandoned grasping to virtue and [religious] duties. Having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is able to abandon lust, to abandon hate, to abandon

tayo me bhikkhave dhamme pahāya bhabbo jātim pahātum jaram pahātum maranam pahātum. katame tayo: rāgam pahāya dosam pahāya moham pahāya. ime kho bhikkhave tayo dhamme pahāya bhabbo jātim pahātum jaram pahātum maranam pahātum.

tayo me bhikkhave dhamme pahāya bhabbo rāgam pahātum dosam pahātum moham pahātum. katame tayo: sakkāyadiṭṭhim pahāya vicikiccham pahāya sīlabbataparāmāsam pahāya. ime kho bhikkhave tayo dhamme pahāya bhabbo rāgam pahātum dosam pahātum mo

delusion.

Having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is able to abandon selfaffirmation view, to abandon doubt, to abandon grasping to virtue and [religious] duties. Which three? Having abandoned non-root cause consideration, having abandoned association with the wrong path, having abandoned mental sluggishness. Having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is able to abandon selfaffirmation view, to abandon doubt, abandon grasping to virtue and [religious] duties.

15. Having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is able to abandon nonroot cause consideration, to abandon association with the wrong path, to abandoned mental sluggishness. Which

ham pahātum.

tavome bhikkhave dhamme pahāya bhabbo sakkāyaditthim pahātum vicikiccham pahātum sīlabbataparāmāsam pahātum. katame tayo: avonisomanasikāram pahāya kummaggasevanam pahāva cetaso līnattam pahāya. ime kho bhikkhave tayo dhamme pahāya bhabbo sakkāya ditthim pahātum vicikiccham pahātum sīlabbataparāmāsam pahātum.

tayome bhikkhave dhamme pahāya bhabbo ayonisomanasikā-raṃ pahātuṃ kum-maggasevanaṃ pahātuṃ cetaso līnat-

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three? Having abandoned confused-mindfulness, having abandoned lack of contemplation, having abandoned mental distraction. Having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is able to abandon non-root cause consideration, to abandon association with the wrong path, to abandoned mental sluggishness.

16. Having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikklus, one is able to abandon confused-mindfulness, to abandon lack of contemplation, to abandon mental distraction. Which three? Having abandoned not wishing to see the Noble Ones, having abandoned not wishing to hear the noble ones' Dhamma, having abandoned a mind intent on criticism. Having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhik-

tam pahātum. katame tayo: muṭṭha-saccam pahāya asam-pajaññam pahāya cetaso vikkhepam pahāya. ime kho bhikkhave tayo dhamme pahāya bhabbo ayoniso manasikāram pahātum kummaggasevanam pahātum cetaso līnattam pahātum.

tayome bhikkhave dhamme pahāya bhabbo muṭṭhasaccaṃ pa-hātuṃ asampajañ-ñaṃ pahātuṃ ce-taso vikkhepaṃ pa-hātuṃ. katame tayo: ariyānamadassana-kamyataṃ pahāya ariyadhammassa asotukamyataṃ pa-hāya upārambhacittataṃ pahāya. ime kho bhikkhave tayo

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khus, one is able to abandon confused-mindfulness, to abandon lack of contemplation, to abandon mental distraction.

Having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is able to abandon not wishing to see the Noble Ones, to abandon not wishing to hear the Noble Ones' Dhamma, to abandon a mind intent on criticism. Which three? Having abandoned restlessness, having abandoned non-restraint, having abandoned immorality. Having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is able to abandon not wishing to see the Noble Ones, to abandon not wishing to hear the noble ones' Dhamma, to abandon a mind intent on criticism.

18. Having abandoned these

dhamme pahāya bhabbo muṭṭhasaccaṃ pahātuṃ asampajaññaṃ pahātuṃ cetaso vikkhepaṃ pahātuṃ.

tayome bhikkhave dhamme pahāya bhabbo ariyānamadassanakamyatam pahātum ariyadhammassa asotukamyatam pahātum upārambhacittatam pahātum. katame tayo: uddhaccam pahāya asamvaram pahāya dussīlyam pahāya. ime kho bhikkhave tayo dhamme pahāya bhabbo ariyānamadassanakamyatam pahātum ariyadhammassa asotukamyatam pahātum upārambhacittatam pahātum.

tayome bhikkhave dhamme pahāya bhabbo three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is able to abandon restlessness, to abandon non-restraint, to abandon immorality. Which three? Having abandoned lack of faith, having abandoned stinginess, having abandoned indolence. Having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is able to abandon restlessness, to abandon non-restraint, to abandon immorality.

19. Having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is able to abandon lack of faith, to abandon stinginess, to abandon indolence. Which three? Having abandoned disrespect, having abandoned being difficult to correct, having abandoned evil friendship. Having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is able to abandon lack of faith, to abandon stinginess, to aban-

uddhaccam pahātum asamvaram pahātum dussīlyam pahātum. katame tayo: assaddhiyam pahāya avadaññutam pahāya kosajjam pahāya. ime kho bhikkhave tayo dhamme pahāya bhabbo uddhaccam pahātum. asamvaram pahātum dussīlyam pahātum.

tayome bhikkhave dhamme pahāya bhabbo assaddhiyam pahā-tum avadaññutam pahātum kosajjam pahātum. katame tayo: anādariyam pahāya dovacassa-tam pahāya pāpa-mittatam pahāya. ime kho bhikkhave tayo dhamme pahāya bhabbo assaddhiyam pahātum avadaññutam pahā-

don indolence.

Having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is able to abandon disrespect, to abandon being difficult to correct, to abandon evil friendship. Which three? Having abandoned lack of moral dignity, having abandoned lack of moral dread, having abandoned negligence. Having abandoned these three dhammas, O bhikkhus, one is able to abandon disrespect, to abandon being difficult to correct, to abandon evil friendship.

21. O bhikkhus, one endowed with moral dignity, one endowed with moral dread is vigilant. He being vigilant, is able to abandon disrespect, to abandon being difficult to correct, to abandon evil friendship. He being of noble friendship, is able

tum kosajjam pahātum.

tayo me bhikkhave dhamme pahāya bhabbo anādarivam pahātum dovacassatam pahātum pāpamittatam pahātum. katame tayo: ahirikam pahāya anottappam pahāya pamādam pahāya. ime kho bhikkhave tayo dhamme pahāya bhabbo anādariyam pahātum dovacassatam pahātum pāpamittatam pahātum.

hirimāyam bhikkhave ottappī appamatto hoti, so appamatto samāno bhabbo anādariyam pahātum dovacassatam pahātum pāpamittatam pahātum. so kal-

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to abandon lack of faith, to abandon stinginess, to abandon indolence. He being firm in energy, is able to abandon restlessness, to abandon non-restraint, to abandon immorality. He being virtuous, is able to abandon not wishing to see the Noble Ones, to abandon not wishing to hear the Noble Ones' Dhamma, to abandon a mind intent on criticism. He being one whose mind is not intent on criticism, is able to abandon confused-mindfulness, to abandon lack of contemplation, to abandon mental distraction. He being not mentally distracted, is able to abandon non-root cause consideration, to abandon association with the wrong path, to abandon mental sluggishness. He being not mentally sluggish, is able to abandon self-affirmation view, to abandon doubt, to abandon, grasping to virtue and [religious] duties. He being of no doubt, vānamitto samāno bhabbo assaddhiyam pahātum avadaññutam pahātum kosajjam pahātum. so āraddhaviriyo samāno bhabbo uddhaccam pahātum asamvaram pahātum dussīlyam pahātum. so sīlavā samāno bhabbo ariyānamadassanakamyatam pahātum ariyadhammassa asotukamyatam pahātum upārambhacittatam pahātum. so anupārambhacitto samāno bhabbo mutthasaccam pahātum asampajaññam pahātum cetaso vikkhepam pahātum. so avikkhittacitto samāno bhabbo ayonisomanasikāram pahātum kummaggasevanam pahātum cetaso līnattam pahātum. so

is able to abandon lust, to abandon hate, to abandon delusion. He being rid of lust, is able to abandon birth, to abandon old age, to abandon death.

alīnacitto samāno bhabbo sakkāyaditthim pahātum vicikiccham pahātum, sīlabbataparāmāsam pahātum. so avicikiccho samano bhabbo rāgam pahātum dosam pahātum moham pahātum. so rāgam pahāya dosam pahāya moham pahāya bhabbo jātim pahātum jaram pahātum maraṇam pahātunti.