0.0.1 Godhika

- Thus was heard by me. At one time, the Auspicious One was living at Rājagaha at the Bamboo Grove, the Squirrel's Feeding Place. At that time the venerable Godhika was living at the Black Rock on the Isigili Slope. It so happened that while the venerable Godhika was dwelling ever vigilant, ardent and resolute, he attained a temporary liberation by state of mind. Then the venerable Godhika fell away from that temporary liberation by state of mind.
- 2. Also for a second time, while the venerable Godhika was dwelling ever vigilant, ardent and resolute, he attained a temporary liberation by state of mind. Also for a second time, the venerable Godhika fell away from that temporary liberation by state of mind. Also for a third time,

0.0.1 godhikasuttam

evam me sutam: ekam samavam bhagavā rājagahe viharati veluvane kalandakanivāpe tena kho pana samayena āyasmā godhiko isigilipasse viharati kālasilāyam. atha kho āyasmā godhiko appamatto ātāpī pahitatto viharanto sāmavikam ¹ cetovimuttim phusi. atha kho āyasmā godhiko tāya² sāmayikāya cetovimuttiyā parihāyi.

dutiyampi kho āyasmā godhiko appamatto ātāpī pahitatto viharanto sāmayikam cetovimuttim phusi. dutiyampi kho āyasmā godhiko tāya sāmayi-

¹sāmādhikaṃ-pts, sāmāyikaṃsyā.**■**

²tamhā.

the venerable Godhika fell away from that temporary liberation by state of mind. Also for a fourth time, the venerable Godhika fell away from that temporary liberation by state of mind. Also for a fifth time, the venerable Godhika fell away from that temporary liberation by state of mind. Also for a sixth time, the venerable Godhika fell away from that temporary liberation by state of mind.

3. Also for a seventh time, while the venerable Godhika was dwelling ever vigilant, ardent and resolute, he attained a temporary liberation by state of mind. Then of the venerable Godhika, this occured to him: Indeed I fallen away from temporary liberation by state of mind as much as the sixth time. What if I were to use the knife?

kāya cetovimuttiyā parihāyi. tatiyampi kho āyasmā godhiko tāva sāmayikāya cetovimuttiyā parihāyi. catutthampi kho āyasmā godhiko tāya sāmayikāya cetovimuttiyā parihāyi. pañcamampi kho āyasmā godhiko tāya sāmayikāya cetovimuttiyā parihāyi. chatthampi kho āyasmā godhiko tāya sāmayikāya cetovimuttiyā parihāyi.

sattamampi kho āyasmā godhiko appamatto ātāpī pahitatto viharanto sāmayikam cetovimuttim phusi. atha kho āyasmato godhikassa etadahosi: yāva chaṭṭham khvāham sāmayikāya cetovimuttiyā parihīno. yannūnāham sattham āhareyyanti.

4. So then, Mara the evil one, having known the reflection in the venerable Godhika's mind with his own mind, by which way [led to] the Auspicious One, by that way he approached. Having approached, he addressed the Auspicious One in verses:

atha kho māro pāpimā āyasmato godhikassa cetasā ceto parivitak-kamaññāya yena bhagavā tenupasaṅkami. upasaṅkamitvā bhagavantaṃ gāthāhi ajjhabhāsi:

"O great hero, one of great wisdom, shining with psychic powers and glory; One who has overcome all enmity and fear, I pay homage at your feet, O All-seeing One. mahāvīra mahāpañña, iddhiyā yasasā jalaṃ³; sabbaverabhayātīta, pāde vandāmi cakkhuma.

Your disciple O great hero, it is death, O conqueror of death; he wishes for and thinks of, prevent him from that O Luminous One. sāvako te mahāvīra, maraṇaṃ maraṇābhibhu; ākaṅkhati cetayati, taṃ nisedha jutindhara.

³jala-machasam, syā.

How indeed O Auspicious One, of yours,

a disciple who delights in the dispensation, one in higher training who has not obtained his intention, take his own life, O widely famed."

- **5.** By that time the venerable Godhika had used the knife.
- 6. So then the Auspicious One having known, this is Mara, the evil one, addressed Mara, the evil one, in verse thus:

"Thus indeed [is how]
the wise ones act,
they do not wish to strive
after life;
Having removed the root
of craving,
Godhika has attained

katham hi bhagavā tuyham sāvako sāsane rato, appattamānaso sekho kālam kayirā janesutāti.

tena kho pana samayena āyasmatā godhikena sattham āharitam hoti.

atha kho bhagavā māro ayam pāpimā iti viditvā māram pāpimantam gāthāya ajjhabhāsi:

evam hi dhīrā kubbanti, nāvakaṅkhanti jīvitam; samūlam taṇham abbuyha⁴, godhiko parinibbuto'ti.

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⁴kaṇhamabbuyha-machasaṃ.

nibbana."

- Then the Auspicious 7. One addressed the bhikkhus: "Come, O bhikkhus, by which way [leads to] the Black Rock on Isigili Slope, by that way let us approach where the young clansman, Godhika, has used the knife." "Yes Bhante," those bhikkhus replied to the Auspicious One. So then, by which way [led to] the Black Rock on Isigili Slope, by that way the Auspicious One approached with many bhikkhus. The Auspicious One saw the venerable Godhika from a distant lying down on a small bed with his body turned around.
- **8.** At that time, a [cloud of] darkness, clouding over, just moved to the eastern direction, moved to the western direction, moved to the northern direction, moved to the southern direction, moved

atha kho bhagavā bhikkhū āmantesi: āyāma bhikkhave yena isigilipassam kālasilā tenupasankamissāma, yattha godhikena kulaputtena sattham āharita'nti. evam bhanteti kho te bhikkhū bhagavato paccassosum. atha kho bhagavā sambahulehi bhikkhūhi saddhim yena isiqilipassam kālasilā tenupasankami. addasā kho bhaqavā āyasmantam godhikam dūrato'va mañcake vivattakkhandham semānam⁵.

tena kho pana samayena dhūmāyitattam timirāyitattam gacchateva purimam disam, gacchati pacchimam

⁵seyyamānaṃ-syā, soppamānaṃsīmu. 1.**■**

above, moved below, moved to the intermediate directions.

Then the Auspicious One 9. addressed the bhikkhus: Do you see O bhikkhus, this [cloud of] darkness, clouding over, as it moves to the eastern direction, moves to the western direction, moves to the northern direction, moves to the southern direction, moves above, moves below, moves to the intermediate directions? "Yes Bhante." O bhikkhus, it is really Mara, the evil one, searching for the consciousness of the young clansman, Godhika; [wondering:] "Where is the consciousness of the young clansman, Godhika, established?" "But with consciousness unestablished, O bhikkhus, the young clansman, Godhika has atdisam, gacchati uttaram disam, gacchati dakkhinam disam, gacchati uddham, gacchati adho, gacchati anudisam.

atha kho bhagavā bhikkhū āmantesi: passatha no tumhe bhikkhave etam dhūmāvitattam timirāyitattam. gacchateva purimam disam, gacchati pacchimam disam, gacchati uttaram disam. gacchati dakkhinam disam, gacchati uddham, gacchati adho, gacchati anudisanti. evam bhante, eso kho bhikkhave māro pāpimā godhikassa kulaputtassa viññānam samannesati⁶, kattha godhikassa kulaputtassa viññānam patitthita'nti. appatitthitena ca bhik-

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⁶samanvesati-machasam, pts.

tained nibbana."

10. Later on, Mara the evil one, having taken a yellow beluva lute, by which way [led to] the Auspicious One, by that way he approached. Having approached, he addressed the Auspicious One in a verse:

Above, below and across, in the [four] quarters and the intermediate directions;
I have been searching for but cannot find, where Godhika has arrived at.

(the Auspicious One:)
That wise man, one excelling in energy,
a meditator always delighting in jhana;
endeavoring accordingly
day and night,

khave viññāṇena godhiko kulaputto parinibbuto'ti.

atha kho māro pāpimā beluvapaṇaḍuvīṇamā-dāya yena bhagavā tenupasaṅkami. upasaṅkamitvā bhagavantaṃ gāthāya ajjhabhāsi:

uddham adho ca tiriyañca disā anudisāsvaham, anvesam nādhigacchāmi

godhiko so kuhim gatoti?

(bhagavā:) so dhīro dhitisampanno jhāyī jhānarato sadā, ahorattam anuyuñjam jīvitam anikāmayam. with no desires [even] for life.

Having cut off the army of death, not having returned to renewal of being; Having removed the root of craving, Godhika has attained nibbana."

(therā:)
"Of him [thus] overcome
 with grief,
his lute fell down from
 his armpit;
thence that spirit [being]
 sad,
disappeared right there."

chetvāna maccuno senaṃ anāgantvā punabbhavaṃ, samūlaṃ taṇhamabbuyha godhiko parinibbuto'ti.

(therā:) tassa sokaparetassa vīņā kacchā abhassatha,

tato so dummano yakkho tatthevantaradhāyathāti⁷.

⁷tatthevantaradhāyithāti-syā.