0.0.1 Deed-born Body

- 1. "I, O bhikkhus, do not say that [there is] the termination of accumulated past intentional kamma without having experienced [it], and that is in this life or in the [next] arising or in some other [arisings] in succession. But still I, O bhikkhus, do not say [there is] the making of an end of suffering without having experienced the accumulated past intentional kamma."
- 2. The noble disciple, O bhikkhus, thus rid of covetousness, rid of ill-will, unconfused, mindful and clearly comprehending, with a mind imbued with metta, dwells pervading one direction, likewise the second direction, likewise the third direction, likewise the fourth direction, above, below, around, to all beings in the entire world he dwells pervading with a mind imbued with metta, abundant, grown great, boundless, and free from enmity and ill-will.
- 3. "He wisely understands thus: Formerly this mind of mine was measureable and undeveloped. However at present, this mind of mine is measureless and well developed. Any measureable kamma done will not remain there, will not persist there."
- **4.** "So what do you think, O bhikkhus, if a young boy develops this liberation of mind by metta would from his youth could he do evil deeds?")

0.0.1 karajakāya suttam

- 1. nāham bhikkhave sancetanikānam kammānam katānam upacitānam appaţisamviditvā¹ vyantībhāvam vadāmi. tance kho diţţhe vā dhamme upapajje² vā apare vā pariyāye. na tvevāham bhikkhave sancetanikānam kammānam katānam upacitānam appaţisamviditvā dukkhassantakiriyam vadāmi.
- 2. sa kho so bhikkhave ariyasāvako evam vigatābhijjho vigatavyāpādo asammūļho sampajāno patissato mettāsahagatena cetasā ekam disam pharitvā viharati. tathā dutiyam tathā tatiyam tathā catuttham³ iti uddhamadho tiriyam sabbadhi sabbattatāya⁴ sabbāvantam lokam mettāsahagatena cetasā vipulena mahaggatena appamāņena averena abyāpajjena pharitvā viharati.
- 3. so evam pajānāti: "pubbe kho me idam cittam parittam ahosi abhāvitam. etarahi pana me idam cittam appamāṇam subhāvitam. yam kho pana kiñci pamāṇakatam kammam, na tam tatrāvasissati. na tam tatrāvatiṭṭhatī'ti.
- **4.** taṃ kiṃ mañnatha bhikkhave daharatagge ce so ayaṃ⁵ kumāro mettaṃ ceto vimuttiṃ bhāveyya, api

¹appaţisaṃveditvā - machasaṃ

²upapajjaṃ vā - sīmu, machasaṃ

³tathā catutthim - machasam

⁴sabbatthatāya - sī, mu

⁵ce ayaṃ - syā.

- 5. Certainly not, Bhante.
- 6. "But can suffering touch one who does no evil deeds?"
- **7.** "Certainly not, Bhante. Indeed, O Bhanta, from where can suffering touch one who does no evil deed?"
- 8. This liberation of mind by metta, O bhikkhus, should be developed by a woman or a man. A woman or a man, O bhikkhus, cannot take this transient body. Mortals, O bhikkhus, have the mind as the ford. He wisely understands thus: "Whatever evil deed I did here in the past with this deed-born body, all that is to be experienced here. It will not follow along."
- **9.** The liberation of mind by metta thus developed, O bhikkhus, leads to non-returning, for wise bhikkhu here who does not penetrate a higherliberation.
- 10. With a mind imbued with karuna, he dwells pervading one direction. With a mind imbued with mudita, he dwells pervading one direction. With a mind imbued with upekkha, he dwells pervading one direction, likewise the second direction, likewise the third direction, likewise the fourth direction, above, below, around, to all beings in the entire world he dwells pervading with a mind imbued with upekkha, abundant, grown great, boundless, and free from enmity and ill-will.

nu kho pāpakammam kareyyāti?

- no hetam bhante. 5.
- akarontam kho pana papakammam api nu kho dukkham phusevvāti?
- 7. no hetam bhante, akarontam hi bhante pāpakammam kuto dukkham phusissatī ti.
- bhāvetabbā kho panāyam bhikkhave mettācetovimutti itthiyā vā bhikkhave purisena vā. itthiyā vā bhikkhave purisassa vā nāyam kāyo ādāya gamanīyo. cittantaro bhikkhave macco. so evam pajānāti: "yam kho me idha⁶ kiñcī pubbe iminā karajakāyena pāpakammam katam, sabbam tam idha vedanīyam, na tam anugam bhavissatī"ti.
- evam bhāvitā kho bhikkhave mettācetovimutti anāgāmitāya samvattati, idha paññassa bhikkhuno uttarim vimuttim appativijihato.
- 10. karunāsahagatena cetasā ekam disam pharitvā viharati. muditā sahagatena cetasā ekam disam pharitvā viharati. upekkhāsahagatena cetasā ekam disam pharitvā viharati. tathā dutiyam tathā tatiyam tathā

⁶idam - machasam

- 11. "He wisely understands thus: Formerly this mind of mine was measureable and undeveloped. However at present, this mind of mine is measureless and well developed. Any measureable kamma done will not remain there, will not persist there."
- **12.** "So what do you think, O bhikkhus, if a young boy develops this liberation of mind by metta would from his youth could he do evil deeds?")
- **13.** Certainly not, Bhante.
- **14.** "But can suffering touch one who does no evil deeds?"
- **15.** "Certainly not, Bhante. Indeed, O Bhanta, from where can suffering touch one who does no evil deed?"
- 16. bhāvetabbā kho panāyam bhikkhave upekkhā cetovimutti itthiyā vā purisena vā. itthiyā vā bhikkhave purisassa vā nāyam kāyo ādāya gamanīyo. cittantaro ayam bhikkhave macco. so evam pajānāti: "yam kho me idha kiñci pubbe iminā karajakāyena pāpakammam katam, sabbam tam idha vedaniyam. na tam anugam bhavissatī ti.
- **17.** "The liberation of mind by equanimity thus developed, O bhikkhus, leads to non-returning, for wise

catuttham iti uddhamadho tiriyam sabbadhi sabbattatāya sabbāvantam lokam upekkhāsahagatena cetasā vipulena mahaggatena appamāņena averena abyāpajjena pharitvā viharati.

- 11. so evam pajānāti, "pubbe kho me idam cittam appamāņam parittam ahosi abhāvitam, etarahi pana me idam cittam subhāvitam. yam kho pana me kiñci pamāṇakatam kammam, na tam tatrāvasissati, na tam tatrāvatiţthatī"ti.
- **12.** tam kim maññatha bhikkhave daharatagge ce so ayam kumāro upekkham cetovimuttim bhāveyya, api nu kho pāpakammam kareyyāti?
- **13.** no hetam bhante.
- **14.** akarontam kho pana pāpakammam api nu kho dukkham phuseyyāti?
- **15.** no hetaṃ bhante. akarontaṃ hi bhante pāpakammaṃ kuto dukkhaṃ phusissatī ti.
- 16. bhāvetabbā kho panāyaṃ bhikkhave upekkhā cetovimutti itthiyā vā purisena vā. itthiyā vā bhikkhave purisassa vā nāyaṃ kāyo ādāya gamanīyo. cittantaro ayaṃ bhikkhave macco. so evaṃ pajānāti: "yaṃ kho me idha kiñci pubbe iminā karajakāyena pāpakammaṃ

bhikkhu here who does not penetrate a higher liberation."

katam, sabbam tam idha vedaniyam. na tam anugam bhavissatī ti.

17. evam bhāvitā kho bhikkhave upekkhā cetovimutti anāgāmitāya samvatta ti. idha paññassa bhikkhuno uttarim vimuttim appaṭivijjhato ti,