0.0.1 Foretelling Sign

- 1. This indeed was said by the Auspicious One, said by the Arahant, as heard by me:
- 2. When, O bhikkhus, a deva from the deva group is due to pass away, five fore-telling signs becomes manifest: "His flower garland withers; his garment becomes soiled; sweat is released from his armpit; his body loses radiance, the deva does not delight in his own deva's throne."
- 3. To him, O bhikkhus, devas having known: "This son of the devas is due to pass away," rejoice in [his opportunity] with three sayings: "Go Sir, from here to a good-borne. Having gone to a good-borne, gain that gain which is good to gain. Having gained that gain which is

pubbanimittasuttam

vuttam hetam bhagavatā. vuttamarahatā'ti me sutam:

yadā bhikkhave devo devakāyā cavana-dhammo hoti, pañ-cassa pubbanimittāni pātubhavanti: mālā milāyanti, vatthāni kilissanti, kacchehi sedā muccanti, kāye dubbaṇṇiyaṃ okkamati, sake devo devāsane nābhira-matī'ti.

tamenam bhikkhave devā 'cavanadhammo ayam devaputto'ti iti viditvā tīhi vācāhi anumodanti: "ito bho sugatim gaccha. sugatim gantvā suladdhalābham labha. suladdhalābham la-

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good to gain, become firmly established in it."

- 4. When thus was said, a certain bhikkhu said this to the Auspicious One: "What, O Bhante, do the devas reckon as going to a good-borne? And what, O Bhante, do the devas reckon as a gain that is good to gain? Moreover, what, O Bhante, do the devas reckon as being firmly established?"
- 5. "Human birth, O bhikkhu, is what the devas reckon as going to a good-borne. When a human being gains faith in the Dhamma and Vinaya declared by the Tathagata, this, O bhikkhu, is what the devas reckon as gain that is good to gain. When that faith becomes ever so settled, rooted, established, steady, immoveable by any samana, or by any brahmana, or by

bhitvā suppatiţţhito bhavāhīti".

evam vutte aññataro bhikkhū bhagavantam etadavoca: "kinnu kho bhante devānam sugatigamanasankhātam, kiñca bhante devānam suladdhalābhasankhātam, kimpana bhante devānam suppatiṭṭhitasankhātanti?."

"manussattam kho bhikkhu devānam sugatigamanasan-khātam yam manussabhūto samāno tathāgatappavedite dhammavinaye saddham paṭilabhati, idam kho pana bhikkhave devānam sujaddhalābhasankhātam. sā kho panassa

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any deva, or by any Mara, or by any Brahma in the world, this, O bhikkhu, is what the devas reckon as firmly established."

6. This is the meaning of what the Auspicious One said. Thus, this was said there:

"When a deva from the deva group, passes away from the exhaustion of life; three sounds are uttered forth, the rejoicing of the devas.

From here go to a good borne, the companionship of humans; having come to be a hu-

saddhā niviṭṭhā hoti mūlajātā patiṭṭhitā daļhāasaṃhāriyā samaṇena vā brāhmaṇena vā devena vā mārena vā brahmunā vā kena ci vā lokasmiṃ. idaṃ kho bhikkhave devānaṃ suppatiṭṭhitasaṅkhātanti".

etamattham bhagavā avoca. tatthetam iti vuccati:

"yadā devo devakāyā, cavati āyusaṅkhayā; tayo saddā nīccharanti, devānaṃ anumodataṃ:

'ito ho sugatim gaccha, manussānam sahavyatam; manussabhuto saddhamme, man [and encountered] the true Dhamma, gain that unsurpassed faith.

That faith which is settled, rooted, established; in the well proclaimed true Dhamma, unshakable as long as there is life.

Having abandoned bad bodily conduct, and bad verbal conduct; having abandoned bad mental conduct, andwhichever other [conduct] that is reckoned as a fault.

Having done [what is]
wholesome by the
body,
andmuch that is wholesome by speech;
having done [what is]
wholesome by the
mind,

labha saddham anuttaram.

sā te saddhā niviţţhassa, mūlajātā patiţţhitā; yāvajīvaṃ asaṃhīrā, saddhamme suppavedite.

kāyaduccaritam hitvā,

vacīduccaritāni ca; manoduccaritam hitvā, yañcaññam dosasañhitam.

kāyena kusalam katvā, vācāya kusalam bahum; manasā kusalam katvā, appamāṇam nirūpa-

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boundless without appropriations.

From that merit partaking in appropriations,

having made by giving to that able one; also to a man [possessed of] final knowledge in the true Dhamma, having been established in the life of purity.

Having this compassion, when a deva is due to pass away; devas who are wise rejoice in [his opportunity], come deva again and again."

7. "This too is the meaning of what was said by the Auspicious One. Thus was heard by me."

dhim.

tato opadhikam puññam, katvā dānena tam pahum; aññe'pi macce saddhamme, brahmacariye nivesaya¹.

imāya anukampāya, devā devam yadā vidū; cavantam anumodanti, ehi deva punappu-

ayampi attho vutto bhagavatā. iti me sutanti.

nanti."

¹nivesaye. sū.