0.0.1 Hair of the Tail

- 1. At one time the Auspicious One dwelled at Vesali, in the Great Wood, at the Hall with the Peaked Roof. It so happened that in the morning, the venerable Ananda, having dressed, having taken bowl and robe, entered Vesali for alms food. The venerable Ananda saw many Licchavi boys in the training hall practicing archery, shooting arrows from afar through a very tiny hole, [the distance of] a palm tree, shot after shot without missing. Having seen this, it occurred to him: "Indeed these Licchavi boys are well-trained. Indeed these Licchavi boys are well-trained, in as much as they shoot arrows from afar through a very tiny hole, [at the distance of] a palm tree, shot after shot without missing."
- 2. Then the venerable Ananda, having wandered in Vesali for alms food, after his meal, having gone back after alms gathering, visited with the Auspicious One. Upon arrival, he bowed down to the Auspicious One and sat down to one side. Having sat down to one side, the venerable Ananda said this to the Auspicious One: "Here I, O Bhante, in the morning, having taken bowl and robe, entered Vesali for alms food. I, O Bhante, saw many Licchavi boys in the training hall practicing archery, shooting arrows from afar through a very tiny hole, [the distance of] a palm tree, shot after shot without missing. Having seen this, it occurred to me: "Indeed these Licchavi boys are well-trained, in as much as they shoot arrows from

0.0.1 vālasuttam

- 1. ekam samayam bhagavā vesāliyam viharati mahāvane kūṭāgārasālāyam. atha kho āyasmā ānando pubbanhasamayam nivāsetvā pattacīvaramādāya vesālim i pindāya pāvisi. addasā kho āyasmā ānando sambahule licchavikumārake santhāgāre upāsanam karonte dūratova sukhumena tālacchiggalena asanam atipātente ponkhānuponkham² avirādhitam, disvānassa etadahosi: "sikkhitāvatime licchavikumārakā susikkhitā vatime licchavikumārakā. yatra hi nāma dūratova sukhumena tālacchiggalena asanam atipātessanti ponkhānuponkham avirādhitanti."
- 2. atha kho āyasmā ānando vesāliyam piṇḍaya caritvā pacchābhantam piṇḍapātapaṭikkanto yena bhagavā tenupasamkami. upasamkamitvā bhagavantam abhivādetvā ekamantam nisīdi. ekamantam nisinno kho āyasmā ānando bhagavantam etadavoca: "idhāham bhante, pubbaṇhasamayam nivāsetvā pattacīvaramādāya vesālim piṇḍāya pāvisim. addasam khvāham bhante, sambahule licchavikumārake santhāgāre upāsanam karonte. dūratova sukhumena tālacchiggalena asanam atipātente poṅkhānupoṅkham avirādhitam. disvāna me etadahosi, sukhitā vatime licchavi kumārakā. susikkhitā vatime licchavikumārakā. yatra hi nāma dūrato va sukhumena tālacchiggalena

¹vesāliyaṃ-sī 1, syā.

²pokhānupokhaṃ-syā.

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afar through a very tiny hole [at the distance of] a palm tree, shot after shot without missing."

- 3. "So what do you think? O Ananda, which is more difficult or harder to achieve, shooting arrows from afar through a very tiny hole [at the distance of] a palm tree, shot after shot without missing, or that one might pierce the tip of a hair split into a hundred strands [with an arrow] tip?" Just this, O Bhante, is simply more difficult and harder to achieve: that one might pierce the tip of a hair split into a hundred strands [with an arrow] tip." Now, O Ananda, they pierce what is harder to pierce, those who pierce as it has come to be: "This is suffering"; who pierce as it has come to be: "This is the origination of suffering"; who pierce as it has come to be: "This is the cessation of suffering"; who pierce as it has come to be: "This is the path leading to the cessation of suffering."
- 4. Therefore, O Ananda, an endeavour should be made [to realize]: "This is suffering." An endeavour should be made [to realize]: "This is the origination of suffering." An endeavour should be made [to realize]: "This is the cessation of suffering." An endeavour should be made [to realize]: "This is the path leading to the cessation of suffering."

asanam atipātessanti ponkhānuponkham avirādhitanti".

- 3. taṃ kiṃ maññasi ānanda, katamaṃ nukho duk-karataraṃ vā durabhisambhavataraṃ vā, yo ca dūratova sukhumena tālacchiggalena asanaṃ atipāteyya poṅkhānupoṅkhaṃ avirādhitaṃ. yo vā satadhā³ bhinnassa vālassa koṭiyā koṭiṃ paṭivijjhayyāti? etadeva bhante, dukkarataraṃ ceva durabhisambhavataraṃ ca yo vā satadhā bhinnassa vālassa koṭiyā koṭiṃ paṭivijjhayyāti. atha kho te ānanda⁴ duppaṭivijjhataraṃ paṭivijjhanti ye⁵ "idaṃ dukkha"nti yathābhūtaṃ paṭivijjhati "ayaṃ dukkhasamudayoti" yathābhūtaṃ paṭivijjhati "ayaṃ dukkhanirodhoti" yathābhūtaṃ paṭivijjhanti "ayaṃ dukkhanirodhagāminī paṭipadā"ti, yathābhūtam paṭivijjhati.
- **4.** tasmātiha ānanda, "idam dukkha"nti yogo karanīyo "ayam dukkhasamudayoti"yogo karanīyo "ayam dukkhanirodhoti" yogo karanīyo "ayam dukkhanirodhagāminī paṭipadā"ti yogo karanīyoti.

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³sattadhā-machasaṃ, syā, aṭṭhakathā.

⁴atha kho ānanda-machasam.

⁵yo-syā, sī 1, 2.

⁶paṭivijjhati-syā, sī 1, 2.