0.0.1 Dona

Dona(loka)suttam

1. At one time the Auspicious One happens to have entered upon the high road between Ukkattha and Setavya. The Brahmin Dona too happens to have just entered upon the high road between Ukkattha and Setavya. The Brahmin Dona ever gazed at the Auspicious One's footprints, a thousand-spoke wheeled, having a rim, having a nave, wholly complete. Having seen it, this occured to him: "Marvellous indeed Sir! Unprecedented indeed Sir! Certainly they could not be the footprints of a human being."

ekam samayam bhagavā antarā ca ukkaţţham antarā ca setavyam addhānamaggapaţipanno hoti. donopi sudam brāhmano antarā ca ukkaţţham antarā ca setavyam addhānamaggapaţipanno hoti. addasā kho dono brāhmano bhagavato pādesu cakkāni sahassārāni sanemikāni sanābhikāni sabbākāraparipūrāni. disvānassa etadahosi: acchariyam vata bho. abbhutam vata bho na vatimāni manussabhūtassa pādāni bhavissanti.

2. Then the Auspicious One, having gone aside from the path, sat down at the root of a certain tree, folded his legs crosswise and set his body erect. Solely intent

on the foremost, he established mindfulness.

atha kho bhagavā maggā okkamma aññatarasmim rukkhamūle nisīdi, pallaṅkam ābhujitvā ujum kāyam panidhāya parimukham satim upaṭṭhapetvā.

3. Then the Brahmin Dona, following the Auspicious One's footprints, saw that the Auspicious One has sat at the root of a certain tree, graceful, inspiring confidence, faculties calmed, peaceful mind, one attained to the highest taming and tranquility, a Naga with faculties restrained, tamed and guarded. Having seen, he went to the Auspicious One. Upon arrival, he said this to the Auspicious One:

atha kho doṇo brāhmaṇo bhagavato pādāni anugacchanto addasa bhagavantaṃ aññatarasmiṃ rukkhamūle nisinnaṃ pāsādikaṃ pasādanīyaṃ santindriyaṃ santamānasaṃ uttamadamathasamathamanuppattaṃ dantaṃ guttaṃ saṃyatindriyaṃ nāgaṃ. disvā yena bhagavā tenupasaṅkami. upasaṅkamitvā bhagavantaṃ etadavoca:

4. Could you be a Deva, sir? I could not be a Deva, O Brahmin. Could you be a Gandhabba, sir? I could not be a Gandhabba, O Brahmin. Could you be a Yakkha, sir? I could not be a Yakkha, O Brahmin. Could you be a Human, sir? I could not be a Human, O Brahmin.

devo no bhavam bhavissatīti? na kho aham brāhmana devo bhavissāmīti. gandhabbo no bhavam bhavissatīti? na kho aham brāhmana gandhabbo bhavissāmīti. yakkho no bhavam bhavissatīti? na kho aham brāhmana yakkho bhavissāmīti. manusso no bhavam bhavissatīti? na kho aham brāhmana manusso bhavissāmīti.

5. When you are asked: Could you be a Deva, sir? you say: "I could not be a Deva, O Brahmin." When you are asked: Could you be a Gandhabba, sir? you say: "I could not be a Gandhabba, O Brahmin." When you are asked: Could you be a Yakkha, sir? you say: "I could not be a Yakkha, O Brahmin." When you are asked: Could you be a Human, sir? you say: "I could not be a Human, O Brahmin." What, then, could you be, sir?

devo no bhavam bhavissatīti iti puṭṭho samāno na kho aham brāhmaṇa devo bhavissāmīti vadesi. gandhabbo no bhavam bhavissatīti iti puṭṭho samāno na kho aham brāhmaṇa gandhabbo bhavissāmī vadesi. yakkho no bhavam bhavissatīti iti puṭṭho samāno na kho aham brāhmaṇa yakkho bhavissāmī vadesi. manusso no bhavam bhavissatīti iti puṭṭho samāno na kho aham brāhmaṇa manusso bhavissāmī vadesi. atha ko carahi bhavam bhavissatīti.

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6. O Brahmin, I have abandoned those asavas because of which I could be a Deva; I have cut them off at the root, made them like palm stumps, obliterated them so that they are no longer subject to future arising. I have abandoned those asavas because of which I could be a Gandhabba; I have cut them off at the root, made them like palm stumps, obliterated them so that they are no longer subject to future arising. I have abandoned those asavas because of which I could be a Yakkha; I have cut them off at the root, made them like palm stumps, obliterated them so that they are no longer subject to future arising. I have abandoned those asavas because of which I could be a Human; I have cut them off at the root, made them like palm stumps, obliterated them so that they are no longer subject to future arising.

yesam kho aham brāhmaṇa āsavānam appahīṇattā devo bhaveyyam, te me āsavā pahīṇā ucchinnamūlā tālāvatthukatā anabhāvakatā āyatim anuppādadhammā. yesam kho aham brāhmaṇa āsavānam appahīṇattā gandhabbo bhaveyyam, te me āsavā pahīṇā ucchinnamūlā tālāvatthukatā anabhāvakatā āyatim anuppādadhammā. yesam kho aham brāhmaṇa āsavānam appahīṇattā yakkho bhaveyyam, te me āsavā pahīṇā ucchinnamūlā tālāvatthukatā anabhāvakatā āyatim anuppādadhammā. yesam kho aham brāhmaṇa āsavānam appahīṇattā manusso bhaveyyam, te me āsavā pahīṇā ucchinnamūlā tālāvatthukatā anabhāvakatā āyatim anuppādadhammā.

7. Just as, O Brahmin, a blue lotus, a red lotus, or a white lotus, born in the water, grown up in the water, rises well above the water and remains unsmeared by water, even so, O Brahmin, do I dwell untarnished by the world, having overcome the world. Bear me in mind, O Brahmin, as the Buddha.

seyyathāpi brāhmaṇa uppalaṃ vā padumaṃ vā puṇḍarīkaṃ vā udake jātaṃ udake saṃvaḍḍhaṃ udakaṃ accuggamma ṭhāti anupalittaṃ udakena. evameva kho ahaṃ brāhmaṇa loke jāto loke saṃvaḍḍho lokaṃ abhibhuyya viharāmi anupalitto lokena. buddhoti maṃ brāhmaṇa dhārehīti.

"Whatever by which a Deva's appearance comes to be or a flying Gandhabba, whatever by which the state of a Yakkha may come, and a Human comes to be [designated] as a being, those asavas are destroyed for me uprooted, rendered useless.

yena devūpapatyassa gandhabbo vā vihaṅgamo, yakkhattaṃ yena gaccheyyaṃ manussattañca abbaje¹,

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¹abbhaje (syā); aṇḍaje (sīmu)

te mayham āsavā khīnā viddhastā vinalīkatā.

As a lovely white lotus is unsmeared by the water, since untarnished by the world: therefore I am a Buddha, O Brahmin."

puṇḍarīkaṃ yathā vaggu² toyena nūpalippati, nūpalittomhi³ lokena tasmā buddhosmi brāhmaṇāti.

²uggaṃ (syā)

³kupalippāmi (syā, machasaṃ); nūpalimpāti (ka)