0.0.1 Suppabuddha the Leper

- 1. Thus was heard by me: At one time the Auspicious One was dwelling at Rajagaha in the Bamboo Grove, at the Squirrels' Feeding Place. At that time in Rajagaha, there was a leper named Suppabuddha, a poor man, a wretched man, a miserable man.
- At that time the Auspi-2. cious One was seated teaching the Dhamma, surrounded by a large assembly. The leper Suppabuddha saw from afar that a great multitude of people have assembled. Having seen this, it occured to him: "undoubtedly, here some hard food or soft food will be distributed. What if, by which [way leads to] that great multitude of people, by that way I approach. It is well if some of this hard food or soft food might be

0.0.1 suppabuddhakutthisuttam

evam me sutam: ekam samayam bhagavā rājagahe viharati veļuvane kalandakanivāpe. tena kho pana samayena rājagahe suppabuddho nāma kuṭṭhi ahosi, manussadaļiddo manussakapaņo manussavarāko.

tena kho pana samayena bhagavā mahativā parisāva parivuto dhammam desento nisinno hoti, addasā kho suppabuddho kutthi tam mahājanakāyam dūratova sannipatitam. disvānassa etadahosi: " nissaṃsayaṃ kho ettha kiñci khādanīyam vā bhojanīyam vā bhājīvissati. yannūnāham yena so mahājanakāyo tenupasankameyyam. appevanāmettha kiñci

obtained [by me]."

So then, by which [way led to the great multitude of people, by that way the leper Suppabuddha approached. The leper Suppabuddha saw the Auspicious One seated teaching the Dhamma, surrounded by a large assembly. Having seen this, it occured to him: "Here there is really not any hard food or soft food being distributed. It is this samana Gotama teaching the Dhamma to an assembly. What if I, too would listen to the Dhamma?" Just there he sat down to one side [thinking]: "I too will hear the Dhamma." Then the Auspicious One applied his mind and encompassed fully the whole of that assembly with his mind, thinking: "Who here is able to understand the Dhamma?"

khādanīyam vā bhojanīyam vā labheyyanti".

atha kho suppabuddho kutthi yena so mahājanakāyo tenupasankami. addasā kho suppabuddho kuţthi bhagavantam mahatiyā parisāya parivutam dhammam desentam nisinnam. disvānassa etadahosi: "na kho ettha kiñci khādanīyam vā bhojanīyam vā bhājīyati, samano ayam gotamo parisatim dhammam deseti. yannūnāhampi dhammam suneyyanti. tattheva ekamantam nisīdi. "ahampi dhammam sossāmī"ti. atha kho bhagavā sabbāvantam parisam cetasā cetoparicca manasākāsi 'ko nu kho idha bhabbo dhammam viñ-

bjt page 224 pts page 048

The Auspicious One saw the leper Suppabuddha seated in that assembly. Having seen this, it occured to him: "In fact this one here is able to understand the Dhamma." Having regard for the leper Suppabuddha, he taught a graduated discourse. That is, talk on generosity, talk on virtue, talk on heaven, explaining the danger, degradation and defilements of sense desires, and the advantages of renunciation. When the Auspicious One knew that the leper Suppabuddha's mind was ready, pliable, free from the hindrances, joyful, confident, he revealed in brief the teaching on Dhamma unique to the Buddhas: suffering, origination, cessation, path. And just as a clean cloth from which all stains have been removed, receives the dye perfectly, just

ñātum?"ti.

addasā kho bhagavā suppabuddham kutthim tassam parisāvam nisinnam, disvānassa etadahosi: " ayam kho idha bhabbo dhammam viññātum"ti. suppabuddham kutthim ārabbha ānupubbīkatham kathesi. seyyathidam? danakatham, sīlakatham, saggakatham, kāmānam ādīnavam okāram sankilesam, nekkhamme ca ānisamsam pakāsesi. yadā bhagavā aññāsi, suppabuddham kutthim kallacittam muducittam vinīvaranacittam udaggacittam pasannacittam. atha yā buddhānam sāmukkamsikā dhammadesanā tam pakāsesi, dukkham samudayam nirodham maggam. seyyathāpi

so for the leper Suppabuddha, as he sat there, there arose the pure and spotless Dhamma-eye: "Whatever is liable to origination, all that is liable to cessation."

Then the leper Suppabud-5. dha, having seen the Dhamma, reached the Dhamma, known the Dhamma, plunged into the Dhamma, having crossed over doubt, being without uncertainty, having attained self-confidence, became independent of others in the Teacher's dispensation. Having risen up from his seat, by which [way led to] the Auspicious One, by that way he approached. Having approached the Auspicious One, having bowed down, he sat down to one side. Having sat nāma suddham vattham apagatakālakam sammadeva rajanam patiganheyya. evameva suppabuddhassa kuṭṭhissa tasmim yeva āsane virajam vītamalam dhammacakkhum udapādi: 'yam kinci samudayadhammam, sabbam tam nirodhadhammanti. '

atha kho suppabuddho kutthi ditthadhammo pattadhammo viditadhammo pariyogalhadhammo tinnavicikiccho vigatakathamkatho vesārajjappatto aparappaccayo satthusāsane, utthāyāsanā yena bhagavā tenupasankami. upasankamitvā bhagavantam abhivādetvā ekamantam nisīdi. ekamantam nisinno kho suppabuddho kutthi bhagavantam etadavoca:

down to one side, the leper Suppabuddha ever said this to the Auspicious One: "Excellent, O Bhante! Excellent, O Bhante! Just as, O Bhante, one might set upright what has been overturned, or open up what has been closed, or show a path to one who is lost, or bear an oil lamp in the darkness so that those with good eyesight can see forms, just so has the Dhamma been explained by the Auspicious One in countless ways. I go, O Bhante, to the Auspicious One as refuge, and to the Dhamma, and to the Sangha of bhikkhus. May the Auspicious One bear it in mind, that I am a lay disciple who has gone for refuge from today, for as long as life lasts."

6. Then the Auspicious One instructed, aroused, energized, gladdened the leper Suppabuddha with a Dham-

"abhikkantam bhante, abhikkantam bhante, seyyathāpi bhante, nikkujjitam vā ukkujjeyya, paţicchannam vā vivareyya, mūļhassa vā maggam ācikkheyya, andhakāre vā telapajjotam dhāreyya cakkhumanto rūpāni dakkhintī"ti. evameva bhagavatā anekapariyāyena dhamme pakāsito. esāham bhante bhagavantam saranam gacchāmi, dhammañcabhikkhusanghañca. upāsakam mam bhagavā dhāretu, ajjatagge pānupetam saranam gata"nti.

atha kho suppabuddho kuṭṭhi bhagavatā dhammiyā kathāya sandassito, samādapito, samuttejito, samma talk. Having delighted, having rejoiced in the Auspicious One's words, having risen up from his seat, having bowed down, having circumambulated the Auspicious One, he departed.

Then, soon after departing, a cow with a young calf, having knocked down the leper Suppabuddha, deprived him of life.

Then by which 7. [way led to] the Auspicious One, by that way many bhikkhus approached. Having approached the Auspicious One, having paid respects, they sat down to one side. Having sat down to one side, those bhikkhus said this to the Auspicious One: "O Bhante, the leper named Suppabuddha, whom the Auspicious One instructed, aroused, pahaṃsito, bhagavato bhāsitaṃ abhinanditvā anumoditvā uṭṭhāyāsanā bhagavantaṃ abhivādetvā padakkhinam katvā pakkāmi.

atha kho suppabuddham kuṭṭhim acirapakkantam¹ gāvī tarunavacchā adhipātetvā jīvitā voropesi.

atha kho sambahulā bhikkhū yena bhagavā tenupasankamimsu. upasankamitvā bhagavantam abhivādetvā ekamantam nisīdimsu. ekamantam nisīnnā kho te bhikkhū bhagavantam etadavocum: "yo so bhante, suppabuddho nāma kuṭṭhi bhagavatā dhammiyā

bjt page 226

¹atha kho suppabuddham acirapakkantam, sī.

pts page 050

energized, gladdened with a Dhamma talk, has passed away. What is his destiny? what is his after-death state?"

- 8. "A wise one, O bhikkhus, was the leper Suppabuddha. He brought into being the Dhamma in accordance with the Dhamma, and did not trouble me on account of the Dhamma. The leper Suppabuddha, O bhikkhus, from the complete destruction of the three fetters, is a sotapanna, not subject to the woeful plane, on a fixed course, destined for supreme awakening."
- 9. When thus was said, a certain bhikkhu said this to the Auspicious One: "What is the cause, O Bhante, what is the condition by which the leper Suppabuddha came to be a poor man, a wretched man, a miserable man?"

kathāya sandassito, samādapito, samuttejito, sampahaṃsito, so kālakato. tassa kā gati, ko abhisamparāyo"ti?

"paṇḍito bhikkhave, suppabuddho kuṭṭhi, paccapādi dhammas-sānudhammaṃ, na ca maṃ dhammādhika-raṇaṃ vihesesi. suppabuddho bhikkhave, kuṭṭhi tiṇṇaṃ saṃyo-janānaṃ parikkhayā sotāpanno avinipāta-dhammo niyato sambo-dhiparāyano"ti.

evam vutte aññataro bhikkhū bhagavantam etadavoca: "ko nu kho bhante, hetu, ko paccayo yena suppabuddho kuṭṭhi ahosi, manussadaḷiddo manussakapaṇo manussavarāko?"ti.

"Formally, O bhikkhus, the leper Suppabuddha was the son of a millionaire in this very Rajagaha. While he was going out to his pleasure park, he saw Paccekabuddha Tagarasikhi entering the town for alms food. Having seen this, it occured to him: "Just who indeed is this leper wandering with his leper robe?" Having spat out, having gone around keeping his left side towards [Paccekabuddha Tagarasikhi as a token of disrespect] he departed. As a result of that kamma, he roasted in hell for many years, for many hundreds of years, for many thousands of years, for many hundreds of thousands of years. For just the remaining results of that kamma, he became a leper in this very Rajagaha, a poor man, a wretched man, a miserable man. Having come to the Dhamma and discipline proclaimed by the Tathagata, he undertook

"bhūtapubbam bhikkhave suppabuddho kutthi imasmim yeva rājagahe seţţhiputto ahosi. so uyyānabhūmim niyyanto addasa tagarasikhim paccekabuddham nagaram pindāya pavisantam, disvānassa etadahosi: "kvāvam kutthi kutthicīvarena hi vicaratī"ti, nitthubhitvā apasabyato² karitvā pakkāmi. so tassa kammassa vipākena bahūni vassāni bahūni vassasatāni bahūni vassasahassāni bahūni vassasatasahassāni niraye paccittha. tasseva kammassa vipākāvasesena imasmim yeva rājagahe kutthi ahosi, manussadaliddo manussakapano manussavarāko, so tathā-

²apasabyāmato, syā. apasāda, dhammapadaṭṭha kathā - apasahavyatam = ivetata nisise?.

faith, undertook virtue, undertook learning, undertook generosity, undertook wisdom. Having come to the Dhamma and discipline proclaimed by the Tathagata, having undertaken faith, having undertaken virtue, having undertaken learning, having undertaken generosity, having undertaken wisdom, with the breakup of the body, after death, he has re-arisen in a happy destination, a heavenly world, in companionship with the devas of Tavatimsa. There he simply outshines the other devas with beauty and with glory."

11. Then the Auspicious One, having understood the significance of this, uttered this inspired utterance:

"As one endowed with eyes, simply endeavors to

gatappaveditam dhammavinayam āgamma saddham samādiyi, sīlam samādiyi, sutam samādiyi, cāgam samādiyi, paññam samidiyi. so tathāgatappaveditam dhammavinayam āgamma saddham samādiyitvā sīlam samādiyitvā sutam samādiyitvā cāgam samādiyitvā paññam samādiyitvā kāyassa bhedā param maranā sugatim saggam lokam upapanno devānam tāvatimsānam sahabyatam. so tattha aññe deve atirocati vannena ceva yasasā cāti.

atha kho bhagavā etamattham viditvā tāyam velāyam imam udānam udānesi:

"cakkhumā visamāniva vijjamāne parakkame,

bjt page 228

avoid uneven [paths], a wise one in the world of living beings, avoids the evil deeds." paṇḍito jīvalokasmiṃ pāpāni parivajjaye"ti.