## 0.1 Bhaddali (Excerpt)

## 0.1.0 bhaddālisuttam (Excerpt)

1. Thus was heard by me. At one time the Auspicious One was dwelling in Sāvatthi at Jeta's Grove, Anathapindika's Park. There, the Auspicious One did address the bhikkhus: O bhikkhus, I only ever eat a meal in onesitting. But I, O bhikkhus, eating a meal in one-sitting, do perceive that little affliction and that little illness, a lightness and strength and a comfortable abiding. "Come you, O bhikkhus, you too must eat a meal only in one-sitting. You too, O bhikkhus, eating a meal in one-sitting, you will nevertheless perceive that little affliction and that little illness, a lightness and strength and a comfortable abiding."

evam me sutam ekam samayam bhagavā sāvatthiyam viharati jetavane anāthapindikassa ārāme. tatra kho bhagavā bhikkhū āmantesi bhikkhavoti. bhadanteti te bhikkhū bhagavato paccassosum. bhagavā etadavoca: aham kho bhikkhave ekāsanabhojanam bhuñjāmi. ekāsanabhojanam kho aham bhikkhave bhuñjamāno appābādhatanca sanjānāmi appātankatanca lahuṭṭhānanca balanca phāsuvihāranca. etha tumhepi bhikkhave ekāsanabhojanam bhuñjatha, ekāsanabhojanam kho bhikkhave tumhepi bhunjamānā appābādhatanca sanjānissatha appātankatanca lahuṭṭhānanca balanca phāsuvihārancāti.

2. When thus was said, the venerable Bhaddali said this to the Auspicious One: "I, O Bhante, cannot endeavor to eat a meal in one-sitting. Indeed Bhante, there might be worry in me from eating a meal in one-sitting, there might be regret." "Well now Bhaddali, the place at which you are invited [for alms], in that place, having eaten one portion, having also taken out one portion, [you] may eat. Thus eating too, you bhaddali, do keep [yourself] going." "Even so too, I, O Bhante, cannot endeavor to eat a meal in one-sitting. Indeed Bhante, there might be worry in me from eating a meal in one-sitting, there might be regret. So when the training rule was being made known by the Auspicious One, when the bhikkhu Sangha was upholding the training, the venerable Bhaddali declared his lack of endurance for undertaking the training. So then, the venerable Bhaddali, for all that three months, did not present [himself] face to face to the Auspicious One, as happens for one who does not fulfill the training in the Teacher's dispensation.

evam vutte āyasmā bhaddāli bhagavantam etadavoca: 'aham kho bhante na ussahāmi ekāsanabhojanam bhuñ-jitum. ekāsanabhojanam hi me bhante bhuñjato siyā kukkuccam, siyā vippaṭisāroti. tena hi tvam bhaddāli yattha nimantito assasi tattha ekadesam bhuñjitvā ekadesam nīharitvā'pi bhuñjeyyāsi. evampi kho tvam bhaddāli bhuñjamāno¹ yāpessasīti. evampi kho aham bhante na ussahāmi bhuñjitum. evampi hi me bhante bhuñjato siyā kukkuccam siyā vippaṭisāroti. atha kho āya-

¹bhuñjamāno ekāsano (machasaṃ)

smā bhaddāli bhagavatā sikkhāpade paññāpiyamāne bhikkhusaṅghe sikkhaṃ samādiyamāne anussāhaṃ pavedesi. atha kho āyasmā bhaddāli sabbantaṃ temāsaṃ na bhagavato sammukhībhāvaṃ adāsi yathā taṃ satthusāsane sikkhāya aparipūrakārī.

At that time, many bhikkhus were engaged in robe 3. making for the Auspicious One, [with the expectation:] "With the passing away of three months, the Auspicious One will set out wondering when the robe is finished." So then, by which [way led to] those bhikkhus, by that way the venerable Bhaddali approached. Having approached, he exchanged friendly greetings with those bhikkhus. Having exchange greetings of friendliness and courtesy, he sat down to one side. Having sat down to one side, those bhikkhus ever said this to the venerable Bhaddali. "This robe making [here] friend Bhaddali, is being done for the Auspicious One [with the expectation:] "With the passing away of three months, the Auspicious One will set out wondering when the robe is finished." "Come now friend Bhaddali, pay good attention to this advice. Let it not come to be even more difficult for you afterwards."

tena kho pana samayena sambahulā bhikkhū bhagavato cīvarakammam karonti, niţţhitacīvaro bhagavā temāsaccayena cārikam pakkamissatīti. atha kho āyasmā bhaddāli yena te bhikkhū tenupasankami. upa-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>paññāpayamāne (sīmu) pts page 438

sankamitvā tehi bhikkhūhī saddhim sammodi, sammodanīyam katham sārānīyam vītisāretvā ekamantam nisīdi. ekamantam nisinnam kho āyasmantam bhaddālim te bhikkhū etadavocum: 'idam kho āvuso bhaddāli bhagavato cīvarakammam karīyati. niṭṭhitacīvaro bhagavā temāsaccayena cārikam pakkamissatī'ti. iṅghāvuso bhaddāli etam desakam³ sādhukam manasi karohi. mā te pacchā dukkarataram ahosīti.

4. "Yes friends." The venerable Bhaddali having replied to those bhikkhus, by which [way led to] the Auspicious One, by that way he approached. Having approached the Auspicious One, having bowed down, he sat down to one side. Having sat down to one side, the venerable Bhaddali ever said this to the Auspicious One. A transgression overcame me, O Bhante, in that being so foolish, so deluded, so unskillful, when the training rule was being made known by the Auspicious One, when the bhikkhu Sangha was upholding the training, I declared my lack of endurance for undertaking the training. Bhante, may the Auspicious One forgive my transgression seen as transgression for the sake of future restraint.

evamāvusoti kho āyasmā bhaddāli tesam bhikkhūnam paṭissutvā yena bhagavā tenupasankami. upasankamitvā bhagavantam abhivādetvā ekamantam nisīdi. ekamantam nisinno kho āyasmā bhaddāli bhagavantam

³dosakaṃ (sīmu, machasaṃ); desaṃ (syā) bjt page 176

etadavoca: accayo mam bhante accagamā yathābālam yathāmūļham yathā akusalam, yoham bhagavatā sikkhāpade paññāpiyamāne bhikkhusanghe sikkham samādiyamāne anussāham pavedesim. tassa me bhante bhagavā accayam accayato patiganhātu āyatim samvarāyāti.

5. Certainly, a transgression overcame you Bhaddali, in that being so foolish, so deluded, so unskillful, when the training rule was being made known by me, when the bhikkhu Sangha was upholding the training, you declared your lack of endurance for undertaking the training.

taggha tvam bhaddāli accayo accagamā yathābālam yathāmūļham yathā akusalam, yam tvam mayā sikkhāpade paññāpiyamāne bhikkhusanghe sikkham samādiyamāne anussāham pavedesi.

6. On that occasion, O Bhaddali, this was not comprehended by you: "The Auspicious One dwells in [this] very Sāvatthi. The Auspicious One will know me [thus:] indeed the bhikkhu Bhaddali, is one who does not fulfill the training in the Teacher's dispensation." On that occasion, O Bhaddali, this was not comprehended by you.

samayo'pi kho te bhaddāli appaṭividdho ahosi, bhagavā kho sāvatthiyaṃ viharati. bhagavā'pi maṃ jānissati bhaddāli nāma bhikkhu satthu sāsane sikkhāya aparipūrakārīti. ayampi kho te bhaddāli samayo appaṭividdho ahosi.

7. On that occasion, O Bhaddali, this too was not comprehended by you: "Many bhikkhus have come to [this] very Sāvatthi for the rains. Those too will know me [thus:] the bhikkhu named Bhaddali, is one who does not fulfill the training in the Teacher's dispensation." On that occasion, O Bhaddali, this too was not comprehended by you.

samayo'pi kho te bhaddāli appaṭividdho ahosi. sambahulā kho bhikkhū sāvatthiyaṃ vassaṃ upagatā, te'pi maṃ jānissanti: 'bhaddāli nāma bhikkhu satthusāsane sikkhāya aparipūrakārī'ti. ayampi kho te bhaddāli samayo appaṭividdho ahosi.

8. On that occasion, O Bhaddali, this too was not comprehended by you: "Many bhikkhunis have come to [this] very Sāvatthi for the rains. Those too will know me [thus:] the bhikkhu named Bhaddali, is one who does not fulfill the training in the Teacher's dispensation." On that occasion, O Bhaddali, this too was not comprehended by you.

samayo'pi kho te bhaddāli appaṭividdho ahosi. sambahulā kho bhikkhuniyo sāvatthiyam vassam upagatā, tā'pi mam jānissanti: 'bhaddāli nāma bhikkhu satthu-

sāsane sikkhāya aparipūrakārī'ti. ayampi kho te bhaddāli samayo appaṭividdho ahosi.

**9.** On that occasion, O Bhaddali, this too was not comprehended by you: "Many male lay disciples dwell in [this] very Sāvatthi. Those too will know me [thus:] the bhikkhu named Bhaddali, is one who does not fulfill the training in the Teacher's dispensation." On that occasion, O Bhaddali, this too was not comprehended by you.

samayo'pi kho te bhaddāli appaţividdho ahosi. sambahulā kho upāsakā sāvatthiyam paţivasanti. te'pi mam jānissanti: 'bhaddāli nāma bhikkhu satthusāsane sikkhāya aparipūrakārī'ti. ayampi kho te bhaddāli samayo appaţividdho ahosi.

10. On that occasion, O Bhaddali, this too was not comprehended by you: "Many female lay disciples dwell in [this] very Sāvatthi. Those too will know me [thus:] the bhikkhu named Bhaddali, is one who does not fulfill the training in the Teacher's dispensation." On that occasion, O Bhaddali, this too was not comprehended by you.

samayo pi kho te bhaddāli appaţividdho ahosi: sambahulā kho upāsikā sāvatthiyam paţivasanti. tā'pi mam jānissanti: bhaddāli nāma bhikkhu satthusāsane sikkhāya aparipūrakārī'ti. ayampi kho te bhaddāli samayo appaţividdho ahosi.

11. On that occasion, O Bhaddali, this too was not comprehended by you: "Many ascetics and brāhmins of various sects have come to [this] very Sāvatthi for the rains. Those too will know me [thus:] a certain elder bhikkhu named Bhaddali, a disciple of the ascetic Gotama, is one who does not fulfill the training." On that occasion, O Bhaddali, this too was not comprehended by you.

samayo'pi kho te bhaddāli appaṭividdho ahosi: sambahulā kho nānā titthiyā samaṇabrāhmaṇā sāvatthiyaṃ vassaṃ upagatā, te'pi maṃ jānissanti: 'bhaddāli nāma bhikkhu samaṇassa gotamassa sāvako theraññataro satthusāsane sikkhāya aparipūrakārī'ti. ayampi kho te bhaddāli samayo appaṭividdho ahosīti.

12. A transgression overcame me, O Bhante, in that being so foolish, so deluded, so unskillful, when the training rule was being made known by the Auspicious One, when the bhikkhu Sangha was upholding the training, I declared my lack of endurance for undertaking the training. Bhante, may the Auspicious One forgive my transgression seen as transgression for the sake of future restraint. Certainly, a transgression overcame you Bhaddali, in that being so foolish, so deluded, so unskillful, when the training rule was being made known by me, when the bhikkhu Sangha was upholding the training, you declared your lack of endurance for undertaking the training.

accayo mam bhante accagamā yathābālam yathāmūļ-

ham yathā akusalam, yo'ham bhagavatā sikkhāpade paññāpiyamāne bhikkhusanghe sikkham samādiyamāne anussāham pavedesim. tassa me bhante bhagavā accayam accayato patiganhātu āyatim samvarāyāti, taggha tvam bhaddāli accayo accagamā yathābālam yathāmūļham yathāakusalam yam tvam mayā sikkhāpade paññāpiyamāne bhikkhusanghe sikkham samādiyamāne anussāham pavedesi.

So what do you think Bhaddali? [Suppose] here that I might say of a both ends liberated bhikkhu thus: "come you bhikkhu, be a bridge in the mud for me." Would he cross over [the mud himself] or would he turn his body another [way], or would he say "no." Certainly not Bhante. So what do you think Bhaddali? [Suppose] here that I might say of a wisdom liberated bhikkhu thus: "come you bhikkhu, be a bridge in the mud for me." Would he cross over [the mud himself] or would he turn his body another [way], or would he say "no." Certainly not Bhante. So what do you think Bhaddali? [Suppose] here that I might say of a body witness bhikkhu thus: "come you bhikkhu, be a bridge in the mud for me." Would he cross over [the mud himself] or would he turn his body another [way], or would he say "no." Certainly not Bhante. So what do you think Bhaddali? [Suppose] here that I might say of a view attainer bhikkhu thus: "come you bhikkhu, be a bridge in the mud for me." Would he cross over [the mud himself] or would he turn

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his body another [way], or would he say "no." Certainly not Bhante. So what do you think Bhaddali? [Suppose] here that I might say of a faith liberated bhikkhu thus: "come you bhikkhu, be a bridge in the mud for me." Would he cross over [the mud himself] or would he turn his body another [way], or would he say "no." Certainly not Bhante. So what do you think Bhaddali? [Suppose] here that I might say of a dhamma follower bhikkhu thus: "come you bhikkhu, be a bridge in the mud for me." Would he cross over [the mud himself] or would he turn his body another [way], or would he say "no." Certainly not Bhante. So what do you think Bhaddali? [Suppose] here that I might say of a faith follower bhikkhu thus: "come you bhikkhu, be a bridge in the mud for me." Would he cross over [the mud himself] or would he turn his body another [way], or would he say "no." Certainly not Bhante. So what do you think Bhaddali? "Were you then, O Bhaddali, on that occasion, both ends liberated and wisdom liberated, or a body witness, or view attainer, or faith liberated, or dhamma follower and faith follower?"). Certainly not Bhante. "Were you not, O Bhaddali, on that occasion empty, barren, and at fault?" Yes Bhante. A transgression overcame me, O Bhante, in that being so foolish, so deluded, so unskillful, when the training rule was being made known by the Auspicious One, when the bhikkhu Sangha was upholding the training, I declared my lack of endurance for undertaking the training. Bhante, may the Auspicious One forgive my transgression seen as transgression for the sake of future restraint.

tam kim maññasi bhaddāli: idhassa bhikkhu ubhatobhāgavimutto, tamaham evam vadevyam: 'ehi me tvam bhikkhu panke sankamo hohī'ti, apinu so sankameyya vā aññena vā kāyam sannāmeyya, noti vā vadeyyāti. no hetam bhante. tam kim maññasi bhaddāli: 'idhassa bhikkhu paññāvimutto, tamaham evam vadeyyam: 'ehi me tvam bhikkhu panke sankamo hohī'ti. apinu so sankameyya vā aññena vā kāyam sannāmeyya, noti vā vadevvāti. no hetam bhante. tam kim maññasi bhaddāli: idhassa bhikkhu kāvasakkhī, tamaham evam vadevyam: 'ehi me tvam bhikkhu panke sankamo hohī'ti. apinu so sankameyya vā aññena vā kāyam sannāmeyya, noti vā vadeyyāti. no hetam bhante. tam kim maññasi bhaddāli: idhassa bhikkhu ditthappatto, tamaham evam vadevvam: 'ehi me tvam bhikkhu panke sankamo hohī'ti. apinu so sankameyya vā aññena vā kāyam sannāmeyya, noti vā vadeyyāti. no hetam bhante. tam kim maññasi bhaddāli: idhassa bhikkhu saddhāvimutto, tamaham evam vadeyyam: 'ehi me tvam bhikkhu pańke sańkamo hohī'ti, apinu so sańkameyya vā aññena vā kāyam sannāmeyya, noti vā vadeyyāti. no hetam bhante. tam kim maññasi bhaddāli: idhassa bhikkhu dhammānusārī, tamaham evam vadevyam: 'ehi me tvam bhikkhu panke sankamo hohī'ti. apinu so sankameyya vā aññena vā kāyam sannāmeyya, noti vā vadevvāti. no hetam bhante. tam kim maññasi bhaddāli: idhassa bhikkhu saddhānusārī, tamaham evam vadeyyam: 'ehi me tvam bhikkhu panke sankamo hohī'ti. apinu so sankameyya vā aññena vā kāyam sannāmeyya, noti vā vadeyyāti. no hetam bhante.

taṃ kiṃ maññasi bhaddāli: 'api nu tvaṃ bhaddāli ta-smiṃ samaye ubhato bhāgavimutto vā hosi, paññā-vimutto cā kāyasakkhī vā diṭṭhappatto vā saddhāvimutto vā dhammānusārī cā saddhānusārī vāti. no hetaṃ bhante. nanu tvaṃ bhaddāli tasmiṃ samaye ritto tuccho aparaddho'ti. evaṃ bhante. accayo maṃ bhante accagamā yathābālaṃ yathāmūļhaṃ yathā akusalaṃ, yohaṃ bhagavatā sikkhāpade paññāpiyamāne bhikkhusaṅghe sikkhaṃ samādiyamāne anussāhaṃ pavedesi. tassa me bhante bhagavā accayaṃ accayato patigaṇ-hātu āyatim samvarāyāti.

14. Certainly, a transgression overcame you Bhaddali, in that being so foolish, so deluded, so unskillful, when the training rule was being made known by me, when the bhikkhu Sangha was upholding the training, you declared your lack of endurance for undertaking the training. But since you, O Bhaddali, having seen your transgression as transgression, make amends in accordance with the Dhamma for the sake of future restraint, we forgive you. For this is growth indeed, O Bhaddali, in the Noble Ones' discipline when, having seen one's transgression as transgression, one makes amends for the sake of future restraint

taggha tvam bhaddāli accayo accagamā yathābālam yathāmūļham yathā akusalam yam tvam mayā sikkhāpade paññāpiyamāne bhikkhusanghe sikkham samā-

diyamāne anussāham pavedesi. yato ca kho tvam bhaddāli accayam accayato disvā yathādhammam paṭikarosi. tam te mayam patigaṇhāma. vuddhi hesā bhaddāli ariyassa vinaye yo accayam accayato disvā yathādhammam paṭikaroti, āyatim saṃvaram āpajjati.

Here, O Bhaddali, a certain bhikkhu is one who 15. does not fulfill the training in the Teacher's dispensation. It occurs to him thus: What if I were to resort to secluded lodging, a wilderness, a root of a tree, a mountain glen, a hillside cave, a charnel ground, a lonely spot in the forest, the open air, a heap of straw. Perhaps I might realize a beyond-human dhamma, a distinction in knowledge and vision worthy of the Noble Ones. He resorts to a secluded lodging, a wilderness, a root of a tree, a mountain glen, a hillside cave, a charnel ground, a lonely spot in the forest, the open air, a heap of straw. Of him dwelling thus withdrawn, the Teacher censors [him]. Having found out, his wise companions in the life of purity also censor [him]. The devas too censor [him]. He himself too censors himself. He being censored by the Teacher, also censored by his wise fellows in the life of purity having found out, also censored from the devas, also self-censored by he himself, he does not realize a beyond-human dhamma, a distinction in knowledge and vision worthy of the Noble Ones. What is the reason for that? This is just so indeed, O Bhaddali, as happens of one who does not fulfill the training in the Teacher's dispensation.

idha bhaddali ekacco bhikkhu satthusasane sikkhaya aparipūrakārī<sup>4</sup> hoti, tassa evam hoti: yannūnāham vivittam senāsanam bhajeyyam, araññam rukkhamūlam pabbatam kandaram giriguham susānam vanapattham abbhokāsam palālapuñjam. appevanāmāham uttarimanussadhammā alamarivañānadassanavisesam sacchikarevvanti. so vivittam senāsanam bhajati, araññam rukkhamūlam pabbatam kandaram giriguham susānam vanapattham abbhokāsam paļālapunjam. tassa tathā vūpakatthassa viharato satthā 'pi upavadati. anuvicca pi viññū sabrahmacārī upavadanti. devatā'pi upavadanti. attāpi attānam upavadati. so satthārā'pi upavadito anuvicca viññūhi sabrahmacārīhi upavadito devatāhi'pi upavadito attanā'pi attānam upavadito na uttarimanussadhammā<sup>5</sup> alamariyañānadassanavisesam sacchikaroti. tam kissa hetu: evam hetam bhaddāli hoti, yathā tam satthusāsane sikkhāya aparipūrakārissa.

16. Here, O Bhaddali, a certain bhikkhu is one who fulfills the training in the Teacher's dispensation. It occurs to him thus: What if I were to resort to secluded lodging, a wilderness, a root of a tree, a mountain glen, a hillside cave, a charnel ground, a lonely spot in the forest, the open air, a heap of straw. Perhaps I might realize a beyond-human dhamma, a distinction in knowledge and vision worthy of the Noble Ones. He resorts

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>satthusāsane aparipūrakārī hoti (pts)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>uttariṃ manussadhammā (syā)

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to a secluded lodging, a wilderness, a root of a tree, a mountain glen, a hillside cave, a charnel ground, a lonely spot in the forest, the open air, a heap of straw. Of him dwelling thus withdrawn, the Teacher does not censor [him]. Having found out, his wise companions in the life of purity also do not censor [him]. The devas too do not censor [him]. He himself too does not censor himself. He not being censored by the Teacher, also not censored by his wise fellows in the life of purity having found out, also not censored from the devas, also not self-censored by himself, he realizes a beyond-human dhamma, a distinction in knowledge and vision worthy of the Noble Ones. What is the reason for that? This is just so indeed, O Bhaddali, as happens of one who fulfills the training in the Teacher's dispensation.

idha bhaddāli ekacco bhikkhu satthusāsane sikkhāya paripūrakārī hoti, tassa evam hoti: yannūnāham vivittam senāsanam bhajeyyam, araññam rukkhamūlam pabbatam kandaram giriguham susānam vanapattham abbhokāsam paļālapuñjam. appevanāmāham uttarimanussadhammā alamariyañānadassanavisesam sacchikareyyanti. so vivittam senāsanam bhajati, araññam rukkhamūlam pabbatam kandaram giriguham susānam vanapattham abbhokāsam paļālapuñjam. tassa tathā vūpakaṭṭhassa viharato satthā'pi na upavadati. anuvicca pi viññū sabrahmacārī na upavadanti. na devatā'pi na upavadanti. attā'pi attānam na upavadati. so satthārā'pi anupavadito anuvicca viññūhi sabrahmacārīhi anupavadito devatāhi'pi anupavadito at-

tanā'pi attānam anupavadito uttarimanussadhammā alamariyañāṇadassanavisesam sacchikaroti.

17. "Quite secluded from sense-desires, secluded from unwholesome dhammas, he enters upon and abides in the rapture and pleasure born of seclusion connected with thinking and pondering, the first jhana. What is the reason for that? This is just so indeed, O Bhaddali, as happens of one who fulfills the training in the Teacher's dispensation.

so vivicceva kāmehi vivicca akusalehi dhammehi savitakkam savicāram vivekajam pītisukham paṭhamam jhānam upasampajja viharati tam kissa hetu: evam hetam bhaddāli hoti yathātam satthusāsane sikkhāya paripūrakārissa.

18. Furthermore, O Bhaddali, from the subsiding of thinking and pondering, with the internal tranquilization and unification of mind [due to] the absense of thinking and pondering, a bhikkhu enters upon and abides in the rapture and pleasure born of samadhi, the second jhana. What is the reason for that? This is just so indeed, O Bhaddali, as happens of one who fulfills the training in the Teacher's dispensation.

puna ca param bhaddāli bhikkhu vitakkavicārānam vūpasamā ajjhattam sampasādanam cetaso ekodibhā-

vam avitakkam avicāram samādhijam pītisukham dutiyam jhānam upasampajja viharati. tam kissa hetu: evam hetam bhaddāli hoti yathā tam satthusāsane sikkhāya paripūrakārissa.

19. Furthermore, O Bhaddali, with detachment from rapture, a bhikkhu dwelling mindful and clearly comprehending, looks on with equanimity as he experiences pleasure in the body, of which the Noble Ones say: "He is a mindful one who [looks on with] equanimity, one who dwells in pleasure," enters upon and abides in the third jhana. What is the reason for that? This is just so indeed, O Bhaddali, as happens of one who fulfills the training in the Teacher's dispensation.

puna ca param bhaddāli bhikkhu pītiyā ca virāgā upekkhako ca viharati. sato ca sampajāno sukhañca kāyena paṭisaṃvedeti. yantaṃ ariyā ācikkhanti upekkhako satimā sukhavihārīti, tatiyaṃ jhānaṃ upasampajja viharati. taṃ kissa hetu: evaṃ hetaṃ bhaddāli hoti yathātaṃ satthusāsane sikkhāya paripūrakārissa.

**20.** Furthermore, O Bhaddāli, from the abandoning of [physical] pleasure and pain, from the extinction of former mental pleasure and mental pain, a bhikkhu enters upon and abides in the utter purity of mindfulness and equanimity without pain and pleasure, the fourth jhana. What is the reason for that? This is just so indeed, O Bhaddali, as happens of one who fulfills the training in

the Teacher's dispensation.

puna ca param bhaddāli bhikkhu sukhassa ca pahānā dukkhassa ca pahānā pubbeva somanassadomanassānam atthangamā adukkham asukham upekkhā satipārisuddhim catuttham jhānam upasampajja viharati. tam kissa hetu: evam hetam bhaddāli hoti yathātam satthusāsane sikkhāya paripūrakārissa.

so evam samāhite citte parisuddhe pariyodāte anangane vigatūpakkilese mudubhūte kammaniye thite ānenjappatte pubbenivāsānussatinānāya cittam abhiso anekavihitam pubbenivāsam anussaninnāmeti. rati, seyyathīdam: ekampi jātim dvepi jātiyo tissopi jātiyo catassopi jātiyo pañcapi jātiyo dasapi jātiyo vīsatimpi jātiyo timsampi jātiyo cattārīsampi jātiyo paññāsampi jātiyo jātisatampi jātisahassampi jātisatasahassampi anekepi samvattakappe anekepi vivattakappe anekepi samvattavivattakappe amutrāsim evannāmo evangotto evamvanno evamāhāro evamsukhadukkhapatisamvedī evamāyupariyanto. so tato cuto amutra udapādim tatrāpāsim evannāmo evangotto evamvanno evamāhāro evamsukhadukkhapatisamvedī evamāyupariyanto, so tato cuto idhūpapanno'ti, iti sākāram sauddesam anekavihitam pubbenivāsam anussarati. tam kissa hetu: evam hetam bhaddāli hoti yathā tam satthusāsane sikkhāya paripūrakārissa.

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When his samadhi is thus purified, cleansed, un-22. blemished, devoid of defilements, malleable, workable, steady, and attained to imperturbability, he directs it to knowledge of the passing away and reappearance of beings. With the divine eye, which is purified and surpasses the human, he sees beings passing away and reappearing, inferior and superior, beautiful and ugly, fortunate and unfortunate. He understands how beings pass on according to their actions thus: "These worthy beings who were ill-conducted in body, speech, and mind, revilers of Noble Ones, wrong in their views, giving effect to wrong view in their actions, on the dissolution of the body, after death, have reappeared in a state of deprivation, in a bad destination, in perdition, even in hell; but these worthy beings who were well-conducted in body, speech, and mind, not revilers of Noble Ones, right in their views, giving effect to right view in their actions, on the dissolution of the body, after death, have reappeared in a good destination, even in the heavenly world." Thus with the divine eye, which is purified and surpasses the human, he sees beings passing away and reappearing, inferior and superior, beautiful and ugly, fortunate and unfortunate, and he understands how beings pass on according to their actions. What is the reason for that? This is just so indeed, O Bhaddali, as happens of one who fulfills the training in the Teacher's dispensation.

so evam samāhite citte parisuddhe pariyodāte anańgaņe vigatūpakkilese mudubhūte kammaniye ṭhite āneñjappatte sattānam cūtūpapātañāṇāya cittam abhininnāmeti, so dibbena cakkhunā visuddhena atikkantamānusakena satte passati cavamāne upapajjamāne, hine panīte suvanne dubbanne sugate duggate vathākammūpage satte pajānāti. ime vata bhonto sattā kāyaduccaritena samannāgatā vacīduccaritena samannāgatā manoduccaritena samannāgatā arivānam upavādakā micchāditthikā micchāditthikammasamādānā, te kāyassa bhedā parammaranā apāyam duggatim vinipātam nirayam upapannā, ime vā pana bhonto sattā kāvasucaritena samannāgatā vacīsucaritena samannāgatā manosucaritena samannāgatā ariyānam anupavādakā sammādiţţhikā sammādiţţhikammasamādānā, te kāyassa bhedā parammaranā sugatim saggam lokam upannā'ti. iti dibbena cakkhunā visuddhena atikkantamānusakena satte passati cavamāne upapajjamane hine panite suvanne dubbanne sugate duggate yathākammūpage satte pajānāti. tam kissa hetu: evam hetam bhaddāli hoti yathā tam satthusāsane sikkhāya paripūrakārissa.

23. When his samadhi is thus purified, cleansed, unblemished, devoid of defilements, malleable, workable, steady, and attained to imperturbability, he directs it to knowledge of the destruction of the asavas. He understands as it has come to be: "This is suffering"; he understands as it has come to be: "This is the origin of suffering"; he understands as it has come to be: "This is the cessation of suffering"; he understands as it has come to be: "These understands as it has come to be: "These

are the asavas"; he understands as it has come to be: "This is the origin of the asavas"; he understands as it has come to be: "This is the cessation of the asavas"; he understands as it has come to be: "This is the way leading to the cessation of the asavas." When he knows and sees thus, his mind is liberated from the asava of sensual desire, from the asava of being, and from the asava of ignorance. When it is liberated there comes the knowledge: "It is liberated." He understands: "Birth is destroyed, the holy life has been lived, what had to be done has been done, there is no other for thusness." What is the reason for that? This is just so indeed, O Bhaddali, as happens of one who fulfills the training in the Teacher's dispensation."

so evam samāhite citte parisuddhe pariyodāte anangaņe vigatūpakkilese mudubhūte kammaniye thite ānenjappatte āsavānam khayañānāya cittam abhininnāmeti. so idam dukkhanti yathābhūtam pajānāti. ayam dukkhasamudayoti yathābhūtam pajānāti. ayam dukkhanirodhoti yathābhūtam pajānāti. ayam dukkhanirodhagāminīpatipadāti yathābhūtam pajānāti. ime āsavāti yathābhūtam pajānāti. ayam āsavasamudayoti yathābhūtam pajānāti. ayam āsavanirodhoti yathābhūtam pajānāti. ayam āsavanirodhoti yathābhūtam pajānāti. ayam āsavanirodhagāminīpatipadāti yathābhūtam pajānāti. tassa evam jānato evam passato kāmāsavā pi cittam vimuccati. bhavāsavāpi cittam vimuccati. avijjāsavā pi cittam vimuccati. vimuttasmim vimuttamiti ñāṇam hoti. khīṇā jāti, vusitam brahmacariyam, katam karaṇīyam, nāparam itthattāyāti pajā-

nāti. tam kissa hetu: evam hetam bhaddāli hoti yathā tam satthusāsane sikkhāya paripūrakārissā'ti.