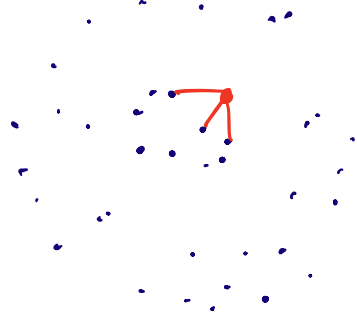


# Nov 14, 2024 Spectral Clustering



$$S_{ij} = \text{sim}(x_i, x_j)$$

	$x_1$	$x_2$	$x_3$	$x_4$
$x_1$	X	0.3	0.7	0.2
$x_2$	0.3	X	0.4	0.8
$x_3$	0.7	0.4	X	0.6
$x_4$	0.2	0.8	0.6	X

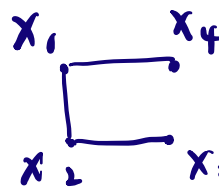
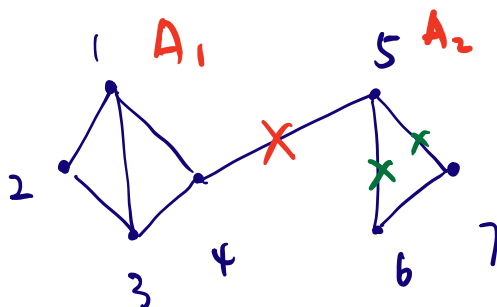
$\Rightarrow$

	$x_1$	$x_2$	$x_3$	$x_4$
$x_1$	0	1	0	1
$x_2$	1	0	1	0
$x_3$	0	1	0	0
$x_4$	1	0	0	0

Similarity matrix  $S$

distance threshold  $< 0.5$

adjacency matrix  $W$



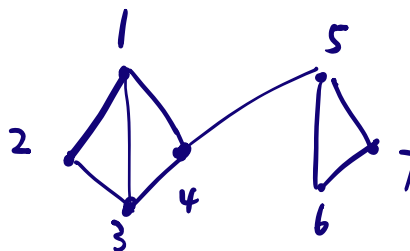
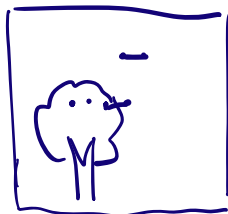
graph

$$w(A_1, A_2) = w_{45}$$

Clustering = finding  $k$  cuts in the graph

$$\min \sum_{k=1}^K w(A_k, \bar{A}_k) \quad w(A, B) = \sum_{i \in A, j \in B} w_{ij}$$

# Graph cut . Image Segmentation



adjacency matrix  $W$

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0
2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
3	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
4	1	0	1	0	1	0	0
5	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
6	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
7	0	0	0	0	1	1	0

degree matrix  $D$

3							
	2						
		3					
			3				
				3			
					2		
						2	
							2

$L$ :

1	3	-1	-1	-1	0	0	0
2	-1	2	-1	0	0	0	0
3	-1	-1	3	-1	0	0	0
4	-1	0	-1	3	-1	0	0
5	0	0	0	-1	3	-1	-1
6	0	0	0	0	-1	2	-1
7	0	0	0	0	-1	-1	2

Laplacian matrix  $L \triangleq D - W$

properties of Laplacian matrix:

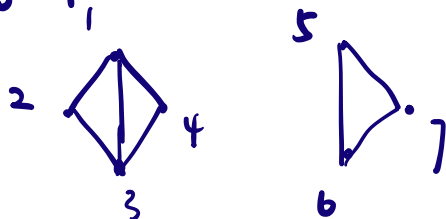
① each row sums to 0

②  $L \cdot \mathbf{1} = \mathbf{0}$

eigen vector  $\mathbf{1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ \vdots \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$  with eigen value 0

$$L \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ \vdots \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \sum \text{row 1} \\ \sum \text{row 2} \\ \vdots \\ \sum \text{row n} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{0}$$

③ graph has k connected components



$L$  has k eigenvectors  $\mathbf{1}_{A_1}, \dots, \mathbf{1}_{A_k}$  with eigenvalue 0

$$\mathbf{1}_{A_1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \mathbf{1}_{A_2} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$L \cdot \mathbf{1}_{A_1} = \mathbf{0}$$

$$L \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & -1 & 2 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 & 2 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{0}$$

$$L \cdot \mathbf{1}_{A_2} = L \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{0}$$

eigenvectors with 0 eigenvalue

L

eigenvalues  $[x, 0, \dots, 0, 0, x]$

eigenvectors  $\left[ \begin{array}{c} | \\ | \\ | \\ | \\ | \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{c} \left[ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ - \\ - \end{array} \right] \end{array}$

in practice  $[x, 0, \dots, 0.01, 0.02, x]$

$\left[ \begin{array}{c} | \\ | \\ | \\ | \\ | \\ | \\ | \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{c} \left[ \begin{array}{c} | \\ | \\ | \\ | \\ | \\ | \\ | \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c} | \\ | \\ | \\ | \\ | \\ | \\ | \end{array} \right] \end{array}$

k-means clustering on eigenvectors with  
small eigenvalues