

Factor Analysis

$p(z) \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu_0, \Sigma_0)$ $z \sim$ Hidden variable

$p(x|z, \theta) \sim \mathcal{N}(Wz + \mu, \Psi)$

$z \in \mathbb{R}^L$ $x \in \mathbb{R}^D$ $D \gg L$

$\mu_0_{L \times 1}$ $\Sigma_0_{L \times L}$ $W_{D \times L}$ $\mu_{D \times 1}$ $\Psi_{D \times D}$
loading matrix

Often assume $\mu_0 = 0$, $\Sigma_0 = I$

$p(x|z, \theta) \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, \Psi + W W^T)$

$\theta = \{W, \Psi, \mu\}$ Ψ : diagonal matrix

x domain, $\Sigma_{D \times D}$ D^2

$p(x|z, \theta) \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, \Psi + \underline{W W^T})$ $\hat{W} \hat{W}^T = W W^T$

Ψ diagonal, D

W , $D \times L$

μ , D

parameters $D + D \times L + D \ll D^2$

① less memory, less parameters

② Dimension Reduction

$$P(z_i | x_i, \theta) \sim N(\mu_i, \Sigma)$$

$$x_i \leftrightarrow z_i$$

D dimension
Space L dimension
Space

③ Factor Analysis

Hidden factors in low dimension space z .

issue: unidentifiability, W is not unique

$$\text{consider } RR^T = I$$

$$\hat{W} = W \cdot R$$

$$\hat{W} \hat{W}^T = W \cdot R \cdot R^T \cdot W^T = W \cdot W^T$$

X Space

$$e_i = [1, 0 \ 0 \ \dots \ 0]_{D \times 1} \text{ each feature}$$

$$P(z_i | e_i, \theta)$$

$$e_i \leftrightarrow z_i_{L \times 1}$$