Question 1 0 / 1 point Please select all algorithms and their tight running times for the sorting problem discussed in our course.  $\sqrt{\ }$  insertion sort algorithm with running time O(n^2) merge-sort algorithm with running time O(n log(n))  $\sqrt{\text{Quick-sort algorithm with running time O(n log(n))}}$ Quick-sort algorithm with running time O(n) 0 / 1 point **Question 2** Which of the following statement(s) is/are correct? Merge-sort algorithm described in the class is an in-place algorithm. If there exist optimal solutions that are not achieved by greedy algorithm, then the greedy algorithm does not work. Quick-sort algorithm described in the class is an in-place algorithm. In quick-sort algorithm, partition function divides the array into two parts based on the pivot element. **Question 3** 0 / 1 point Which of the following algorithm is (are) a stable sorting algorithm? Merge-sort algorithm Quick-sort algorithm with in-placement implementation

Question 3	0 / 1 point
	- ,

Which of the following algorithm is (are	e) a stable sorting algorithm?
------------------------------------------	--------------------------------

- ✓ Merge-sort algorithm
- Quick-sort algorithm with in-placement implementation
- Quick-sort algorithm
- All of them
- None of them

## Question 4 0 / 1 point

What does the correct intermediate array(s) look like when it is being sorted with the merge-sort algorithm on [4,3,5,6,8,9,1,2]?

- [4,3,5,6,8,9,1,2]->[3,4,5,6,1,2,8,9]->[1,2,3,4,5,6,8,9]
- [3,4,5,6,8,9,1,2] -> [3,4,1,2,5,6,8,9] -> [1,2,3,4,5,6,8,9]
- [3,4|5,6|8,9|1,2]->[3,4,5,6|1,2,8,9]->[1,2,3,4,5,6,8,9]
- [3,4,5,6,8,9,1,2]->[1,2,3,4,5,6,8,9]->[1,2,3,4,5,6,8,9]
- None of them is correct.

## Question 5 0 / 1 point

What does the array look like after performing **partition** procedure (following the in-place implementation) of quick sort **once** on

Question 5 0 / 1 point

What does the array look like after performing **partition** procedure (following the in-place implementation) of quick sort **once** on [4,3,5,6,7,8,9,1,2] (assume we take the first element as pivot)?

Pivote	4.	
<b>(</b> [2,3,1,4,7,8,9,6,5]	2	4
None of them is correct.	<b>a</b> 3	4
[3,1,2,4,5,6,7,8,9]	2 3 4	5
[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9]	a 3 l	4 5
[2,5,1,4,7,8,9,6,3]	2314	6 5
Question 6		965 896071 point

What does the array look like after performing **partition** procedure (following the in-plac implementation) of quick sort **Twice** on [4,3,5,6,7,8,9,1,2] (assume we always take the first element as pivot)?

