

- 1) Design a topology of 3 routers which accept packets from any address and forwards it through the default route. Entire topology should consist of 2 switches and 6 PCs.
- In the given network, a static route is configured to enable sharing of data between multiple networks.
- Initially, pinging a PC on a different network throws up an error.
- Adding static route to the router using `ip route <dest.network> <subnet mask> <next hop>` in configure terminal mode.
- Upon adding static routes, pinging a PC on a different network (i.e) PC2 from PC0 works as expected.

- 2) Consider you are in Bangalore and wish to travel to Hyderabad, Mumbai, Delhi, Kolkata. You need to travel to all other places and identify the shortest path with minimal cost from Bangalore to other destinations.

= import math

```
def dijkstra(graph, n, src):
```

```
    distance = [math.inf] * n
```

```
    distance[src] = 0
```

```
    final_selected = [(src, distance[src])]
```

```
    cur_vertex = src
```

```
    while len(final_selected) < n:
```

```
        min_index, min_dist = -1, math.inf
```

```
        for neighbor in graph[cur_vertex]:
```

```
            vertex, weight = neighbor
```

```
            distance[vertex] = min(distance[cur_vertex] + weight, distance[vertex])
```

```
for vertex in range(n):
```

```
    if dist[vertex] <= min_dist and (vertex, distance[vertex]) not in  
        final_selected:
```

```
        min_vertex, min_dist = vertex, distance[vertex]
```

```
final_selected.append((min_vertex, min_dist))
```

```
cur_vertex = min_vertex
```

```
Print ("Vertex\t distance")
```

```
[Print (f'{v}\t{d}') for v, d in final_selected]
```

```
↳ main == "main":
```

```
n = int(input("Enter no. of vertices: "))
```

```
e = int(input("Enter no. of edges: "))
```

```
graph_dict = {}
```

```
print ("Enter the edges as follows: [start] [end] [weight]")
```

```
for i in range(e):
```

```
    start, end, weight = [int(j) for j in input().split()]
```

```
    if not graph_dict.get(start):
```

```
        graph_dict[start] = [(end, weight)]
```

```
    else:
```

```
        graph_dict[start].append((end, weight))
```

```
    if not graph_dict.get(end):
```

```
        graph_dict[end] = [(start, weight)]
```

```
    else:
```

```
        graph_dict[end].append((start, weight))
```

```
for i in range(n):
```

```
    print (f'Node {i}:')
```

```
    djikstra(graph_dict, n, i)
```

Output :

Enter no. of vertices : 5

Enter no. of edges : 7

Enter edges as follows : [start] [end] [weight]

0 1 234

0 2 456

3 4 245

2 3 567

2 4 678

1 4 986

0 4 345

Source 0 :

Vertex	distance
0	0
1	234
4	345
2	456
3	590

Source 1 :

Vertex	distance
1	0
0	234
4	579
2	690
3	824

Source 2 :

Vertex	Distance
2	0
0	456
3	567
4	678
1	690

Source 3:

Vertex	Distance
3	0
4	243
2	567
0	590
1	824

Source 4:

Vertex	Distance
4	0
3	243
0	345
1	579
2	678

Assigning Bengaluru to 0, Hyderabad to 1, Mumbai to 2, Delhi to 3 and Kolkata to 4,
Drawing the graph,

