

Creating a Database Using MongoDB and Mongosh

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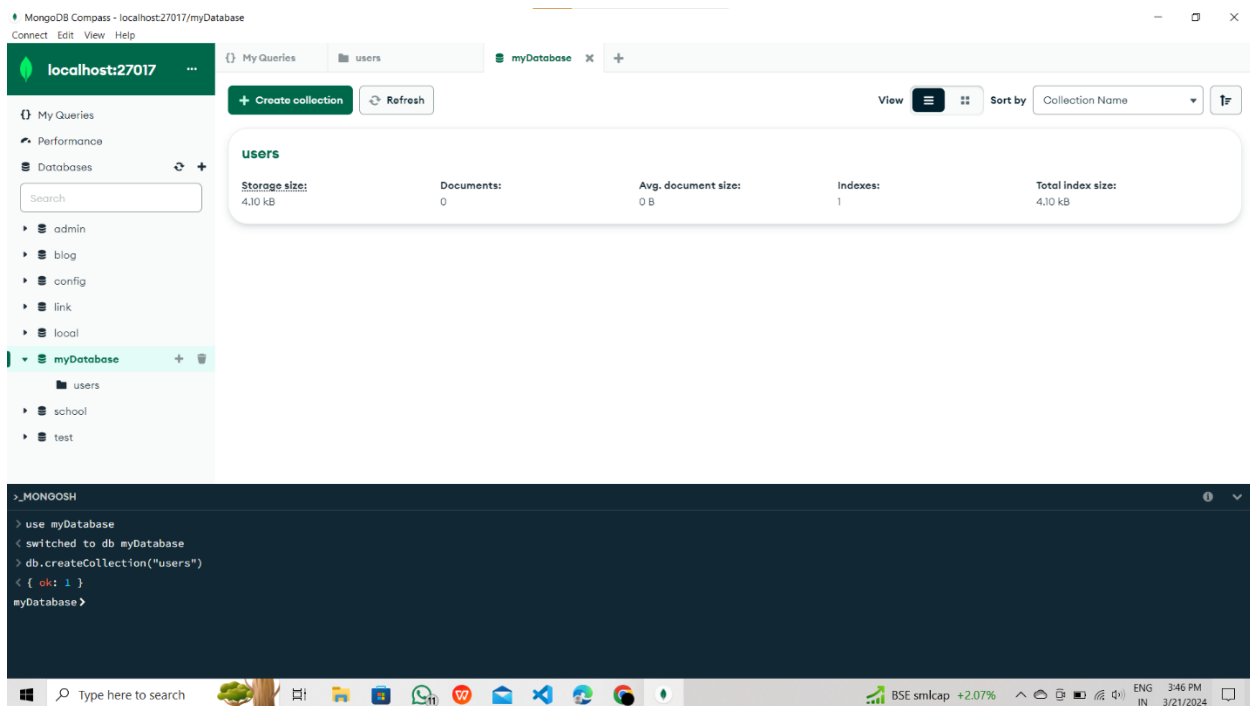
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Here's how you can perform the tasks using Mongosh:

1.Database Setup and Collection Creation:

To create database type Use myDatabase & then db.createCollection("users") in mongosh shell to create collection.

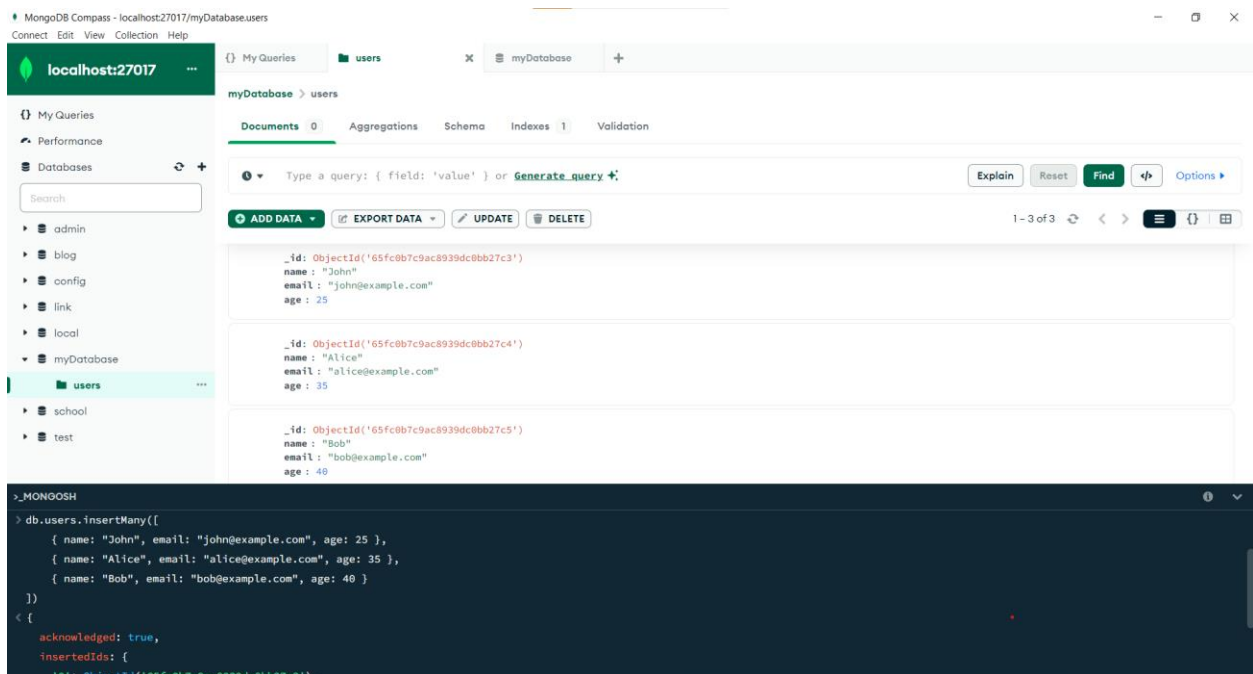


Now we have successfully created a database and collection as well.

2. Document Insertion:

To insert documents into the collection, including the structure of the documents and the `insertMany()` command.

```
db.users.insertMany([
  { name: "John", email: "john@example.com", age: 25 },
  { name: "Alice", email: "alice@example.com", age: 35 },
  { name: "Bob", email: "bob@example.com", age: 40 }
])
```



We have created documents in the collections, you can see the documents are visible in the above picture .

3. Querying:

To get all users from the users collection.

Use following command: **db.users.find()**

The screenshot shows the MongoDB Compass interface for a local host at 27017. The 'users' collection is selected, and the 'Documents' tab is active. Below the document list, a query is entered: `{_id: ObjectId('65fc0b7c9ac8939dc0bb27c3')}`. The MongoDB Shell at the bottom shows the command `db.users.find()` and its output, which is a JSON array of three user documents:

```
> db.users.find()
< [
  {
    _id: ObjectId('65fc0b7c9ac8939dc0bb27c3'),
    name: 'John',
    email: 'john@example.com',
    age: 25
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('65fc0b7c9ac8939dc0bb27c4'),
    name: 'Alice',
    email: 'alice@example.com',
    age: 35
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('65fc0b7c9ac8939dc0bb27c5'),
    name: 'Bob',
    email: 'bob@example.com',
    age: 40
  }
]
```

Users with age greater than or equal to 30:

Use following command

db.users.find({ age: { \$gte: 30 } })

The screenshot shows the MongoDB Compass interface for a local host at 27017. The 'users' collection is selected, and the 'Documents' tab is active. Below the document list, a query is entered: `{_id: ObjectId('65fc0b7c9ac8939dc0bb27c3')}`. The MongoDB Shell at the bottom shows the command `db.users.find({ age: { $gte: 30 } })` and its output, which is a JSON array of two user documents:

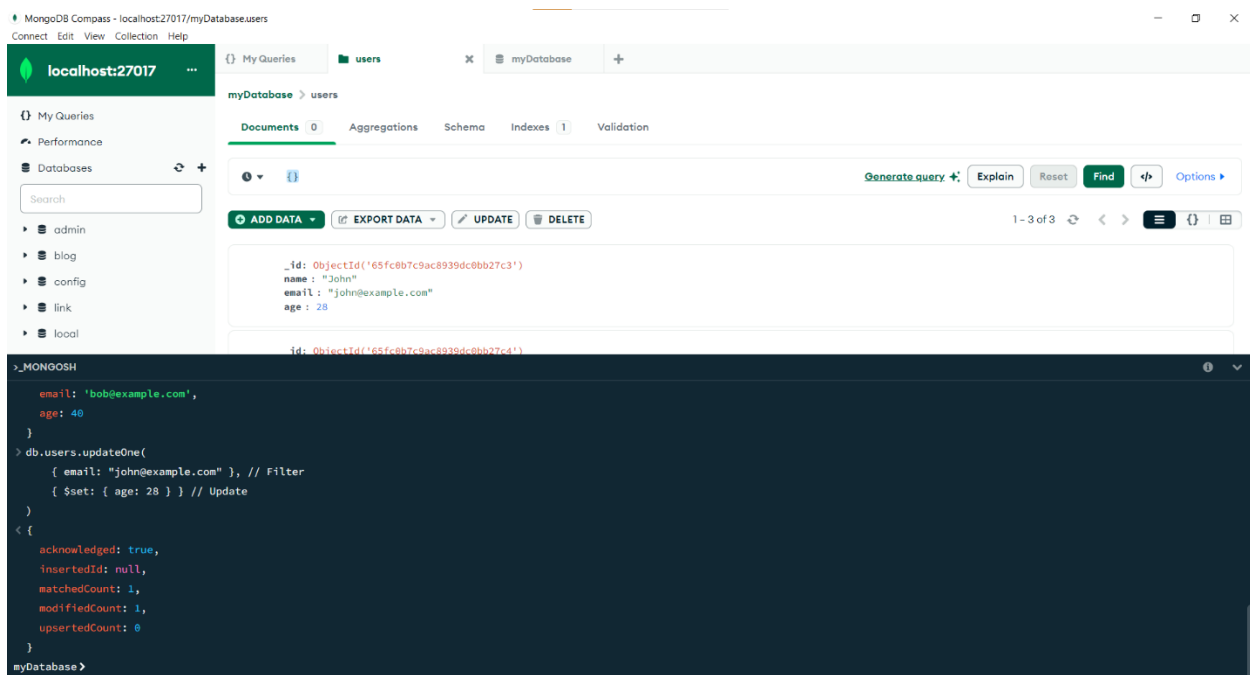
```
> db.users.find({ age: { $gte: 30 } })
< [
  {
    _id: ObjectId('65fc0b7c9ac8939dc0bb27c4'),
    name: 'Alice',
    email: 'alice@example.com',
    age: 35
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('65fc0b7c9ac8939dc0bb27c5'),
    name: 'Bob',
    email: 'bob@example.com',
    age: 40
  }
]
```

4.Update Operation:

Updating the age of a user with a specific email address

The following command:

```
db.users.updateOne(  
  {email: "john@example.com"}, // Filter  
  {$set: {age: 28}} // Update  
)
```



As u can see the age of a user has been updated. To update one or more users at a time we must use the following command:

```
db.users.updateMany()
```

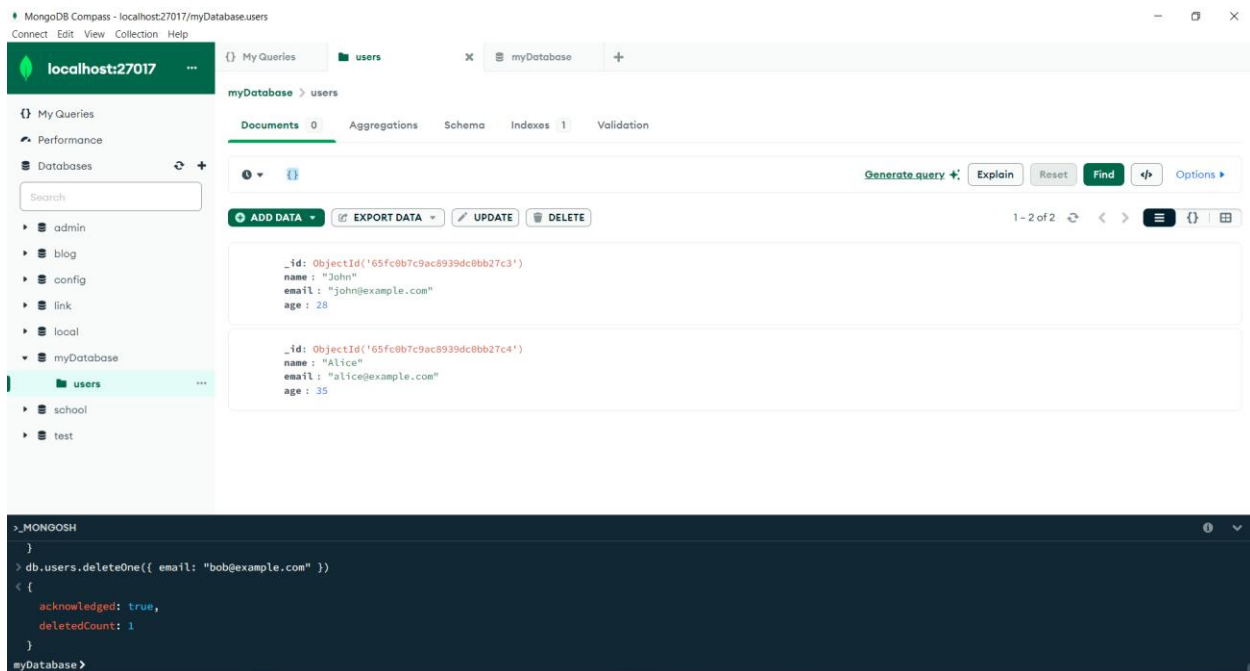
With the above command you can update more users at a time.

This is how we can update the user's documents.

5. Deletion Operation:

Delete a user document based on a specific email address.
The following command:

```
db.users.deleteOne({ email: "bob@example.com" })
```



As you can see, we have deleted one user with the help of delete one command.
Also, you can delete more than one document at the same time by using the following command
in the Mongosh shell.

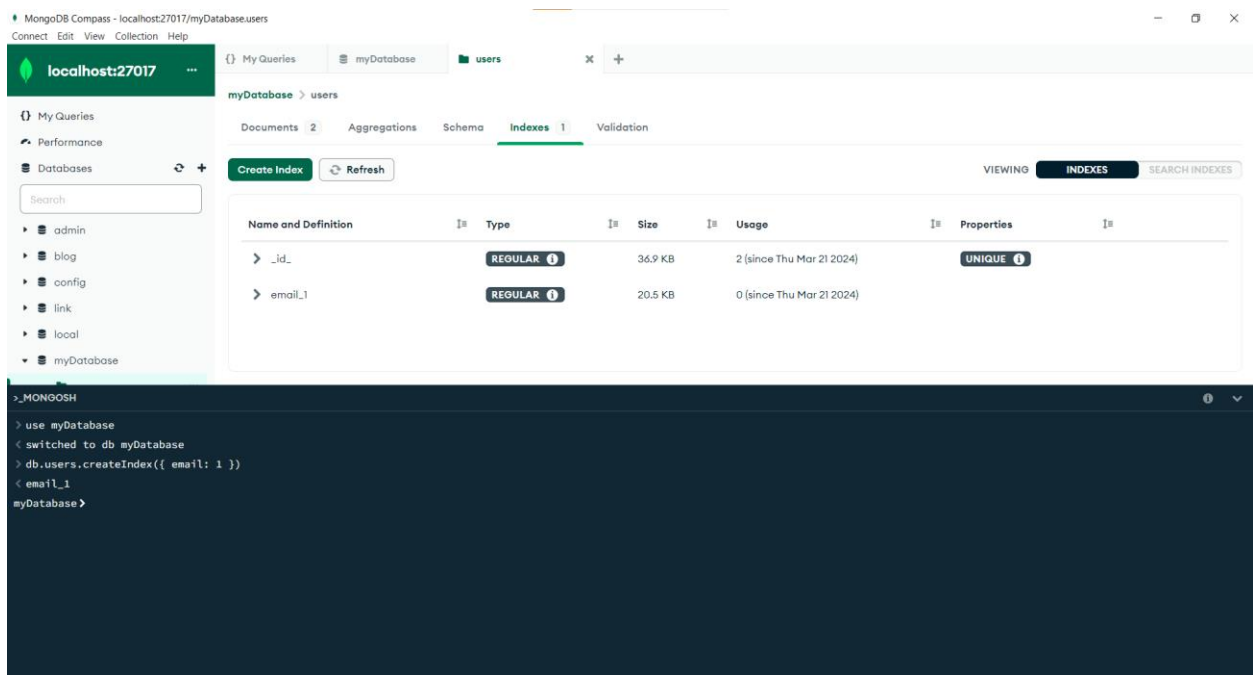
```
Db.users.deleteMany()
```

6. Index Creation:

Creating an index on the email field of the users collection.

Use the following command:

```
db.users.createIndex({ email: 1 })
```



Creating indexes is crucial for optimizing query performance in MongoDB, especially in collections with large amounts of data.

CONCLUSION:

Through this assignment, i have gained practical experience in working with MongoDB and Mongosh. i have learned how to create databases, collections, insert documents, query data, and perform basic operations in MongoDB.