



## **Lab-report:07**

Course Name: Electronic Circuits

Course Code: CSE 251

Section No: 01

**Name of experiment:** Biasing of a common source voltage amplifier

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## Objectives:

1. Identify an appropriate DC operation point for a NMOS transistor.

## Theory:

The biasing of a common source voltage amplifier is done by fixing the gate voltage with a voltage divider and also by using a source resistor  $R_s$ . The source resistor gives negative feedback and stabilizes the bias current as a function of temperature variations and transistors characteristics. This is a popular biasing scheme for discrete transistor circuits.

## Circuit Diagram:

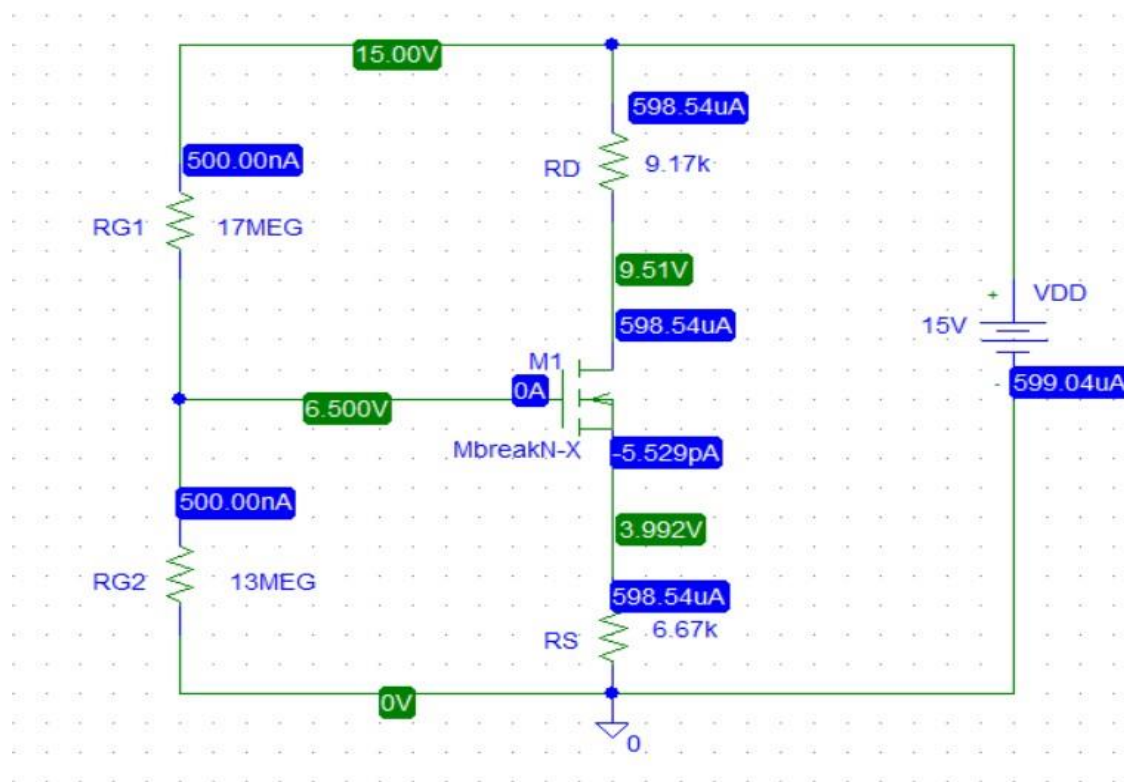


Figure 01: NMOS transistor

**Equipments and Components needed:**

1. Digital trainer board
2. DC power supply
3. Digital multimeter
4. DC voltmeter
5. CD4007C IC (1 PC)
6. Resistor (1 k $\Omega$  1 pc)
7. Breadboard
8. Connecting wires

**Physical experiment:**

$$\begin{aligned}
 V_{DD} &= 14.9 \text{ V} \approx 15 \text{ V} \\
 V_S &= 4.9 \text{ V} \approx 5 \text{ V} \\
 V_{G1} &= 7.2 \text{ V} \approx 7.4 \text{ V} \\
 V_D &= 9.8 \text{ V} \approx 10 \text{ V} \\
 I_D &= \frac{V_{DD} - V_D}{R_D} = \frac{14.9 - 9.8}{10} = 0.51 \text{ mA} \\
 I_D &= \frac{1}{2} k'_n \frac{W}{L} (V_{G1S} - V_t)^2 \\
 \Rightarrow (V_{G1S} - V_t)^2 &= \frac{2I_D}{k'_n \frac{W}{L}} = \frac{2 \times 0.51}{0.7} = 1.46 \text{ V}^2 \approx 1.43 \text{ V}^2 \\
 \Rightarrow V_{G1S} - V_t &= 1.21 \text{ V} \\
 \Rightarrow V_{G1S} &= 2.41 \text{ V}
 \end{aligned}$$

**Discussion:**

This experiment is carried out both in a physical laboratory and in a virtual environment using PSpice. Because the magnitudes were not interrupted in PSpice, the trials were considerably easier to carry out. As a result, the predicted and experimental values were similar. However, there is a discrepancy while the experiment was carried out physically.