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1)
def three_sum_closest(nums, target):
    nums.sort() # Sort the array in ascending order
    n = len(nums)
    closest_sum = float('inf')

    for i in range(n - 2):
        left = i + 1
        right = n - 1

        while left < right:
            current_sum = nums[i] + nums[left] + nums[right]

            if current_sum == target:
                return current_sum

            if abs(current_sum - target) < abs(closest_sum - target):
                closest_sum = current_sum

            if current_sum < target:
                left += 1
            else:
                right -= 1

    return closest_sum

# Test the function with the given example
nums = [-1, 2, 1, -4]
target = 1
result = three_sum_closest(nums, target)
print(result)

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2)

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def fourSum(nums, target):
    nums.sort() # Sort the array to easily handle duplicates and improve efficiency
    result = []
    n = len(nums)

    for a in range(n - 3):
        # Skip duplicates
        if a > 0 and nums[a] == nums[a - 1]:
            continue

        for b in range(a + 1, n - 2):
            # Skip duplicates
            if b > a + 1 and nums[b] == nums[b - 1]:
                continue

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c = b + 1
d = n - 1

while c < d:
    current_sum = nums[a] + nums[b] + nums[c] + nums[d]

    if current_sum == target:
        result.append([nums[a], nums[b], nums[c], nums[d]])

    # Skip duplicates
    while c < d and nums[c] == nums[c + 1]:
        c += 1
    while c < d and nums[d] == nums[d - 1]:
        d -= 1

    c += 1
    d -= 1

    elif current_sum < target:
        c += 1
    else:
        d -= 1

return result

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# Example usage
nums = [1, 0, -1, 0, -2, 2]
target = 0
result = fourSum(nums, target)
print(result)

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3)

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def nextPermutation(nums):
    # Find the first decreasing element from the right
    i = len(nums) - 2
    while i >= 0 and nums[i] >= nums[i + 1]:
        i -= 1

    if i >= 0:
        # Find the smallest element greater than nums[i] on the right side
        j = len(nums) - 1
        while nums[j] <= nums[i]:
            j -= 1
        # Swap nums[i] and nums[j]
        nums[i], nums[j] = nums[j], nums[i]

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# Reverse the subarray to the right of i
left = i + 1
right = len(nums) - 1
while left < right:
    nums[left], nums[right] = nums[right], nums[left]
    left += 1
    right -= 1
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# Example usage
nums = [1, 2, 3]
print("Input:", nums)
nextPermutation(nums)
print("Output:", nums)
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4)

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def searchInsert(nums, target):
    left, right = 0, len(nums) - 1
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    while left <= right:
        mid = (left + right) // 2

        if nums[mid] == target:
            return mid
        elif nums[mid] < target:
            left = mid + 1
        else:
            right = mid - 1
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return left
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# Example usage
nums = [1, 3, 5, 6]
target = 5
print("Input:", nums)
print("Target:", target)
index = searchInsert(nums, target)
print("Output:", index)
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5)

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def plusOne(digits):
    n = len(digits)
    carry = 1

    for i in range(n - 1, -1, -1):
        digits[i] += carry
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        if digits[i] < 10:
            carry = 0
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break

digits[i] = 0

if carry == 1:
    digits.insert(0, 1)

return digits

# Example usage
digits = [1, 2, 3]
print("Input:", digits)
result = plusOne(digits)
print("Output:", result)

6)
def singleNumber(nums):
    result = 0
    for num in nums:
        result ^= num
    return result

# Example usage
nums = [2, 2, 1]
print("Input:", nums)
result = singleNumber(nums)
print("Output:", result)

7)
def findMissingRanges(nums, lower, upper):
    result = []
    prev = lower - 1

    for num in nums + [upper + 1]:
        if num - prev > 1:
            result.append(getRange(prev + 1, num - 1))
        prev = num

    return result

def getRange(start, end):
    if start == end:
        return str(start)
    else:
        return str(start) + "->" + str(end)

# Example usage
nums = [0, 1, 3, 50, 75]

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lower = 0
upper = 99
print("Input:")
print("nums:", nums)
print("Range:", lower, "-", upper)
result = findMissingRanges(nums, lower, upper)
print("Output:", result)

8)
def canAttendMeetings(intervals):
    intervals.sort(key=lambda x: x[0]) # Sort the intervals based on the start time

    for i in range(1, len(intervals)):
        if intervals[i][0] < intervals[i-1][1]:
            return False

    return True

# Example usage
intervals = [[0, 30], [5, 10], [15, 20]]
print("Input:", intervals)
result = canAttendMeetings(intervals)
print("Output:", result)
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