

ESP8266 AT Instruction Set

Version 1.4

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1. Preambles

AT commands set is divided into: Basic AT commands, WiFi related AT commands, TCP / IP AT commands.

1.1. User-define AT commands

Please use only letters when naming user-define AT commands, do not name it with other characters or numbers.

AT is based on esp_iot_sdk, Espressif Systems AT commands are provided in libat.a. In the example of \esp_iot_sdk\examples\at\user\user_main.c, ways are delivered on how to implement a self-defined AT Command, "AT+TEST".

The structure, at_funcationType, is used to define four types of a command, e.g. "AT+TEST".

Definition	Туре	Description		
		AT Command	AT+TEST=?	
-1.1101	Test	Registered Callback In Example	at_testCmdTest	
at_testCmd		Function Design	Return the value range of parameters	
		If at_testCmd is registered as NULL, there will be no testing command.		
		AT Command	AT+TEST?	
ot guaryCmd	Query	Registered Callback In Example	at_queryCmdTest	
at_queryCmd		Function Design	Return the current value	
		If at_queryCmd is registered as NULL, there will be no query command.		
	Set	AT Command	AT+TEST=parameter1,parameter2,	
at actusCmd		Registered Callback In Example	at_setupCmdTest	
at_setupCmd		Function Design	Set configuration	
		If at_setupCmd is registered as N	NULL, there will be no setup command.	
		AT Command	AT+TEST	
	Execute	Registered Callback In Example	at_exeCmdTest	
at_exeCmd		Function Design	Execute an action	
		If at_exeCmd is registered as NU command.	LL, there will be no execution	

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Copy all files in folder "at" to folder "app" in esp_iot_sdk if users need to compile AT.



Introduction of compilation can refer to documentation "2A-ESP8266__IOT_SDK_User_Manual".

1.2. Download AT firmware into Flash

Refer to esp_iot_sdk\bin\at\readme.txt on how to download AT firmware into Flash.

Please use Espressif official Flash download tool and select corresponding Flash size while downloading.

Espressif official Flash download tool: http://bbs.espressif.com/viewtopic.php?f=5&t=433

1. 4Mbit Flash

If the Flash size is 4Mbit, users can only use non-boot mode which do NOT support command "AT+CIUPDATE" to upgrade AT firmware through WiFi. Use Espressif Flash download tool and select Flash size: 4Mbit.

bin	Address	Description
esp_init_data_default.bin	0x7C000	Optional. Stores default RF parameter values.
blank.bin	0x3E000	Initialize Flash user parameter area, more details in Appendix.
blank.bin	0×7E000	Initialize Flash system parameter area, more details in Appendix.
eagle.flash.bin	0×00000	In \bin\at\noboot
eagle.irom0text.bin	0x40000	In \bin\at\noboot

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2. 8Mbit Flash

If the Flash size is 8Mbit or larger, users can use boot mode which support upgrade AT firmware through WiFi by command "AT+CIUPDATE". Use Espressif Flash download tool and select Flash size : 8Mbit.

bin	Address	Description
esp_init_data_default.bin	0xFC000	Optional. Stores default RF parameter values.
blank.bin	0x7E000	Initialize Flash user parameter area, more details in Appendix.
blank.bin	0xFE000	Initialize Flash system parameter area, more details in Appendix.
boot.bin	0×00000	In \bin\at
user1.1024.new.2.bin	0×01000	In \bin\at\512+512

3. 16Mbit Flash, map: 512KB + 512KB

Use Espressif Flash download tool and select Flash size: 16Mbit.

bin	Address	Description
esp_init_data_default.bin	0x1FC000	Optional. Stores default RF parameter values.
blank.bin	0x7E000	Initialize Flash user parameter area, more details in Appendix.
blank.bin	0x1FE000	Initialize Flash system parameter area, more details in Appendix.
boot.bin	0×00000	In \bin\at
user1.1024.new.2.bin	0x01000	In \bin\at\512+512

4. 16Mbit Flash, map: 1024KB + 1024KB

Use Espressif Flash download tool and select Flash size: 16Mbit-C1.

bin	Address	Description
esp_init_data_default.bin	0x1FC000	Optional. Stores default RF parameter values.
blank.bin	0xFE000	Initialize Flash user parameter area, more details in Appendix.
blank.bin	0x1FE000	Initialize Flash system parameter area, more details in Appendix.
boot.bin	0x00000	In \bin\at
user1.2048.new.5.bin	0x01000	In \bin\at\1024+1024



5. 32Mbit Flash, map: 512KB + 512KB

Use Espressif Flash download tool and select Flash size: 32Mbit.

bin	Address	Description
esp_init_data_default.bin	0x3FC000	Optional. Stores default RF parameter values.
blank.bin	0x7E000	Initialize Flash user parameter area, more details in Appendix.
blank.bin	0x3FE000	Initialize Flash system parameter area, more details in Appendix.
boot.bin	0x00000	In \bin\at
user1.1024.new.2.bin	0x01000	In \bin\at\512+512

6. 32Mbit Flash, map: 1024KB + 1024KB

Use Espressif Flash download tool and select Flash size: 32Mbit-C1.

bin	Address	Description
esp_init_data_default.bin	0x3FC000	Optional. Stores default RF parameter values.
blank.bin	0×FE000	Initialize Flash user parameter area, more details in Appendix.
blank.bin	0x3FE000	Initialize Flash system parameter area, more details in Appendix.
boot.bin	0×00000	In \bin\at
user1.2048.new.5.bin	0x01000	In \bin\at\1024+1024

Notes:

- Please make sure that correct BIN (/esp_iot_sdk/bin/at) is already in the chip (ESP8266) before the AT commands listed in this documentation can be used.
- AT has already taken priority 0 and 1 of system_os_task, so only one task of priority 2 is allowed to set up by user.
- AT returns messages below to show status of Wi-Fi connection of ESP8266 station
 - WIFI CONNECTED Wi-Fi connected
 - WIFI GOT IP ESP8266 station got IP from AP
 - WIFI DISCONNECT Wi-Fi disconnected

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2. Command Description

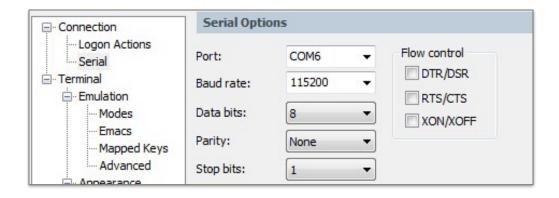
Each Command set contains four types of AT commands.

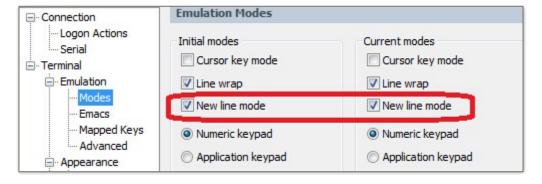
Туре	Command Format	DescriPtion
Test	AT+ <x>=?</x>	Query the Set command or internal parameters and its range values.
Query	AT+ <x>?</x>	Returns the current value of the parameter.
Set	AT+ <x>=<></x>	Set the value of user-defined parameters in commands and run.
Execute	AT+ <x></x>	Runs commands with no user-defined parameters.

Notes:

- 1. Not all AT Command has four commands.
- 2. [] = default value, not required or may not appear
- 3. String values require double quotation marks, for example:

- 4. Baudrate = 115200
- 5. AT Commands has to be capitalized, and end with "/r/n"





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3. Basic AT Command Set

3.1. Overview

The ESP8266 wireless WiFi modules can be driven via the serial interface using the standard AT commands. Here is a list of some basic AT commands that can be used.

Basic			
Command Description			
AT	Test AT startup		
AT+RST	Restart module		
AT+GMR	View version info		
AT+GSLP	Enter deep-sleep mode		
ATE	AT commands echo or not		
AT+RESTORE	Factory Reset		
AT+UART	UART configuration, [@deprecated]		
AT+UART_CUR	UART current configuration		
AT+UART_DEF	UART default configuration, save to flash		
AT+SLEEP	Sleep mode		
AT+RFPOWER	Set maximum value of RF TX Power		
AT+RFVDD	Set RF TX Power according to VDD33		

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3.2. Commands

1. AT - Test AT startup

The type of this command is "executed". It's used to test the setup function of your wireless WiFi module.

AT - Test AT startup	
Response	ОК
Parameters	null

2. AT+RST - Restart module

The type of this command is "executed". It's used to restart the module.

AT+RST - Restart module	
Response	ОК
Parameters	null

3. AT+GMR - View version info

This AT command is used to check the version of AT commands and SDK that you are using, the type of which is "executed".

AT+GMR - View version info	
Response	<at info="" version=""> <sdk info="" version=""> <compile time=""> OK</compile></sdk></at>
Parameters	<at info="" version=""> information about AT version <sdk info="" version=""> information about SDK version <compile time=""> time of the bin was compiled</compile></sdk></at>



4. AT+GSLP - Enter deep-sleep mode

This command is used to invoke the deep-sleep mode of the module, the type of which is "set". A minor adjustment has to be made before the module enter this deep sleep mode, i.e., connect XPD_DCDC with EXT_RSTB via **0** ohm resistor.

AT+GSLP= <time></time>	
Response	<time> OK</time>
Parameters	The time unit of <time> is ms. ESP8266 will wake up after deep sleep <time> ms.</time></time>

5. ATE - AT commands echo

This command ATE is an AT trigger command echo. It means that entered commands can be echoed back to the sender when ATE command is used. Two parameters are possible. The command returns "OK" in normal cases and "ERROR" when a parameter other than 0 or 1 was specified.

ATE - AT commands echo	
Response	ОК
Parameters	ATE0: Switch echo off ATE1: Switch echo on

6. AT+RESTORE - Factory reset

This command is used to reset all parameters saved in flash (according to appendix), restore the factory default settings of the module. The chip will be restarted when this command is executed.

AT+RESTORE - Factory reset		
Response	OK	
Notes	Restore factory default settings. The chip will restart.	

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7. AT+UART – UART configuration

This command sets the UART configuration and writes the new configuration to the flash. It is stored as the default parameter and will also be used as the default baudrate henceforth. [THIS API IS DEPRECATED.]

AT+UART= <baudrate>,<databits>,<stopbits>,<parity>,<flow control=""> This command is deprecated, please use AT+UART_CUR or AT+UART_DEF instead.</flow></parity></stopbits></databits></baudrate>		
Example	AT+UART=115200	0,8,1,0,3
Response	OK	
	<baudrate></baudrate>	Baudrate range: 110 to 115200*40 (4.608 Mega)
Parameters	<databits></databits>	5: 5 bits data 6: 6 bits data 7: 7 bits data 8: 8 bits data
	<stopbits></stopbits>	1: 1 bit stop bit 2: 1.5 bit stop bit 3: 2 bit stop bit
	<parity></parity>	0: None 1: Odd 2: EVEN
	<flow control=""></flow>	0: disable flow control 1: enable RTS 2: enable CTS 3: enable both RTS and CTS
Notes		ion will also store the baudrate as the default rate in the user in the Flash for boot up.
	Flow control ne UARTO RTS.	eeds hardware support: MTCK is UART0 CTS and MTDO is

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8. AT+UART_CUR – current UART configuration

This command sets the current UART configuration; it does not write to the flash. Hence there is no change in the default baudrate.

AT+UART_CUR= <baudrate>,<databits>,<stopbits>,<flow control=""></flow></stopbits></databits></baudrate>		
Example	AT+UART_CUR=115200,8,1,0,3	
Response	ОК	
	<baudrate></baudrate>	Baudrate range: 110 to 115200*40 (4.608 Mega)
Parameters	<databits></databits>	5: 5 bits data 6: 6 bits data 7: 7 bits data 8: 8 bits data
	<stopbits></stopbits>	1: 1 bit stop bit 2: 1.5 bit stop bit 3: 2 bit stop bit
	<parity></parity>	0: None 1: Odd 2: EVEN
	<flow control=""></flow>	0: disable flow control 1: enable RTS 2: enable CTS 3: enable both RTS and CTS
Notes	 This configuration will NOT store in the Flash. Flow control needs hardware support: MTCK is UARTO CTS and MTDO is UARTO RTS. 	

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9. AT+UART_DEF - default UART configuration

This command sets the UART configuration and save it to flash. It is stored as the default parameter and will also be used as the default baudrate henceforth.

AT+UART_DEF= <baudrate>,<databits>,<stopbits>,<parity>,<flow control=""></flow></parity></stopbits></databits></baudrate>		
Example	AT+UART_DEF=115200,8,1,0,3	
Response	ОК	
	<baudrate></baudrate>	Baudrate range: 110 to 115200*40 (4.608 Mega)
Parameters	<databits></databits>	5: 5 bits data 6: 6 bits data 7: 7 bits data 8: 8 bits data
	<stopbits></stopbits>	1: 1 bit stop bit 2: 1.5 bit stop bit 3: 2 bit stop bit
	<parity></parity>	0: None 1: Odd 2: EVEN
	<flow control=""></flow>	0: disable flow control 1: enable RTS 2: enable CTS 3: enable both RTS and CTS
Notes	_	on will be stored in user parameter area in the Flash for boot up.
	• Flow control ne UART0 RTS.	eds hardware support: MTCK is UART0 CTS and MTDO is



10. AT+SLEEP - sleep mode

This command sets ESP8266 sleep mode. It can only be used in station mode, $\,$ default to be modem-sleep mode .

AT+SLEEP - sleep mode		
Command	AT+SLEEP?	
Dooronoo	+SLEEP: <sleep mode=""></sleep>	
Response	ОК	
	<sleep mode=""></sleep>	
Parameters Parameters	0 : disable sleep mode	
raiailleteis	1 : light-sleep mode	
	2 : modem-sleep mode	
Command	AT+SLEEP= <sleep mode=""></sleep>	
Response	ОК	
Parameters	The same as above.	

11. AT+RFPOWER – set maximum value of RF TX Power

This command sets the maximum value of ESP8266 RF TX power, it is not precise.

AT+RFPOWER - set RF TX Power	
Example	AT+RFPOWER=50
Command	AT+RFPOWER= <tx power=""></tx>
Response	ОК
Parameters	<tx power=""> maximum value of RF TX power, range 0 ~ 82, unit:0.25dBm</tx>

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12. AT+RFVDD – set RF TX Power according to VDD33

This command sets ESP8266 RF TX power according to VDD33. To get the power voltage of ESP8266 VDD3P3, TOUT pin has to be suspended. TOUT pin has to be suspended to measure VDD33.

AT+RFVDD - set RF TX power according to VDD33		
Command	AT+RFVDD?	
Response	+RFVDD: <vdd33> OK</vdd33>	
Parameters	<vdd33> power voltage of ESP8266 VDD33, unit: 1/1024 V TOUT pin has to be suspended to measure VDD33.</vdd33>	
Command	AT+RFVDD= <vdd33></vdd33>	
Response	ОК	
Parameters	<vdd33> power voltage of ESP8266 VDD33, range [1900, 3300]</vdd33>	
Command	AT+RFVDD	
Response	ОК	
Note	"AT+RFVDD" will automatically set RF TX power according to VDD33. TOUT pin has to be suspended.	



4. WiFi Functions Overview

Wi-Fi Connectivity Functions Invoked by AT commands		
Command	Description	
AT+CWMODE	Wi-Fi mode (sta/AP/sta+AP) , [@deprecated]	
AT+CWMODE_CUR	Wi-Fi mode (sta/AP/sta+AP) Won't save to Flash	
AT+CWMODE_DEF	Wi-Fi default mode (sta/AP/sta+AP) Save to Flash	
AT+CWJAP	Connect to AP, [@deprecated]	
AT+CWJAP_CUR	Connect to AP, won't save to Flash	
AT+CWJAP_DEF	Connect to AP, save to Flash	
AT+CWLAP	Lists available APs	
AT+CWQAP	Disconnect from AP	
AT+CWSAP	Set configuration of ESP8266 soft-AP [@deprecated]	
AT+CWSAP_CUR	Set configuration of ESP8266 soft-AP Won't save to Flash.	
AT+CWSAP_DEF	Set configuration of ESP8266 soft-AP Save to Flash.	
AT+CWLIF	Get station's IP which is connected to ESP8266 soft-AP	
AT+CWDHCP	Enable/Disable DHCP, [@deprecated]	
AT+CWDHCP_CUR	Enable/Disable DHCP, won't save to Flash	
AT+CWDHCP_DEF	Enable/Disable DHCP, save to Flash	
AT+CWDHCPS_CUR	Set IP range of DHCP server, won't save to Flash	
AT+CWDHCPS_DEF	Set IP range of DHCP server, save to Flash	
AT+CWAUTOCONN	Connect to AP automatically when power on	

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AT+CIPSTAMAC	Set MAC address of ESP8266 station [@deprecated]
AT+CIPSTAMAC_CUR	Set MAC address of ESP8266 station Won't save to Flash.
AT+CIPSTAMAC_DEF	Set MAC address of ESP8266 station Save to Flash.
AT+CIPAPMAC	Set MAC address of ESP8266 soft-AP [@deprecated]
AT+CIPAPMAC_CUR	Set MAC address of ESP8266 soft-AP Won't save to Flash.
AT+CIPAPMAC_DEF	Set MAC address of ESP8266 soft-AP Save to Flash.
AT+CIPSTA	Set IP address of ESP8266 station, [@deprecated]
AT+CIPSTA_CUR	Set IP address of ESP8266 station Won't save to Flash.
AT+CIPSTA_DEF	Set IP address of ESP8266 station Save to Flash.
AT+CIPAP	Set IP address of ESP8266 soft-AP, [@deprecated]
AT+CIPAP_CUR	Set IP address of ESP8266 soft-AP Won't save to Flash.
AT+CIPAP_DEF	Set IP address of ESP8266 soft-AP Save to Flash.

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4.1. Commands

1. AT+CWMODE - WiFi mode

The function of this AT command is to get the value scope of WiFi mode, including station mode, softAP mode, and station+softAP mode, enquiry about the information of WiFi mode, or set the WiFi mode.

AT+CWMODE - W	AT+CWMODE - WiFi mode	
This command is deprecated. Please use AT+CWMODE_CUR or AT+CWMODE_DEF instead.		
Command	AT+CWMODE=?	
	+CWMODE:(value scope of <mode>)</mode>	
Response		
	OK	
Parameters	Please refer to AT command settings.	
Command	AT+CWMODE?	
	+CWMODE: <mode></mode>	
Response		
	ОК	
Parameters	Please refer to AT command settings.	
Command	AT+CWMODE= <mode></mode>	
Response	ОК	
	<mode></mode>	
Parameters Parameters	1 : station mode	
raiailleteis	2 : softAP mode	
	3 : softAP + station mode	
Notes	This setting will be stored in the flash system parameter area. It won't be erased	
	even when the power is off and restarted.	

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2. AT+CWMODE_CUR - current WiFi mode

There are three WiFi working modes: Station mode, softAP mode, and the co-existence of Station mode and softAP mode. This command is used to acquire the existing WiFi mode, or to set a customised WiFi mode.

AT+CWMODE_CUR - Set WiFi mode(sta/AP/sta+AP), won't save to Flash	
Example	AT+CWMODE_CUR=3
Command	AT+CWMODE_CUR=?
Response	+CWMODE_CUR:(value scope of <mode>) OK</mode>
Parameters	<mode> 1: station mode 2: softAP mode 3: softAP + station mode</mode>
Command	AT+CWMODE_CUR?
Response	+CWMODE_CUR: <mode></mode>
Parameters	<mode> 1: station mode 2: softAP mode 3: softAP + station mode</mode>
Command	AT+CWMODE_CUR= <mode></mode>
Response	ОК
Parameters	<mode> 1: station mode 2: softAP mode 3: softAP + station mode</mode>
Notes	This configuration will NOT store in Flash.



3. AT+CWMODE_DEF - default WiFi mode

AT+CWMODE_DE	AT+CWMODE_DEF - WiFi mode (sta/AP/sta+AP), save to Flash	
Example	AT+CWMODE_DEF=3	
Command	AT+CWMODE_DEF=?	
	+CWMODE_DEF:(value scope of <mode>)</mode>	
Response		
	OK	
	<mode></mode>	
Parameters	1: station mode	
Tarameters	2 : softAP mode	
	3 : softAP + station mode	
Command	AT+CWMODE_DEF?	
	+CWMODE_DEF: <mode></mode>	
Response		
	OK	
	<mode></mode>	
Parameters Parameters	1 : station mode	
i arameters	2 : softAP mode	
	3 : softAP + station mode	
Command	AT+CWMODE_DEF= <mode></mode>	
Response	OK	
	<mode></mode>	
Parameters Parameters	1 : station mode	
rarameters	2 : softAP mode	
	3 : softAP + station mode	
Notes	This configuration will store in Flash system parameter area.	



4. AT+CWJAP - Connect to AP

AT+CWJAP - Connect to AP	
[@deprecated]. Ple	ease use AT+CWJAP_CUR or AT+CWJAP_DEF instead.
Example	 AT+CWJAP = "abc", "0123456789" If SSID is "ab/,c" and password is "0123456789"/"
Command	AT+CWJAP?
Response	+CWJAP: <ssid>,<bssid>,<channel>,<rssi></rssi></channel></bssid></ssid>
Parameters	<ssid> string, AP's SSID</ssid>
Command	AT+CWJAP= <ssid>,<pwd>[,<bssid>]</bssid></pwd></ssid>
Response	OK or +CWJAP: <error code=""> FAIL</error>
Parameters	<ssid> string, AP's SSID <pwd> string, MAX: 64 bytes ASCII [<bssid>] string, AP's MAC address, for several APs may have the same SSID <error code=""> only for reference, it's not reliable <error code=""> 1 connecting timeout <error code=""> 2 wrong password <error code=""> 3 can not found target AP <error code=""> 4 connect fail This command needs station mode enable. Escape character syntax is needed if "SSID" or "password" contains any special characters (','\sim \text{"'and'/'})</error></error></error></error></error></bssid></pwd></ssid>
Notes	This configuration will store in Flash system parameter area.



5. AT+CWJAP_CUR - Connect to AP, for current

AT+CWJAP CUR	- Connect to AP, won't save to Flash
7.1. 1 C1137 11 _C31(• AT+CWJAP_CUR ="abc","0123456789"
	If SSID is "ab/,c" and password is "0123456789"/"
Example	AT+CWJAP_CUR="ab///,c","0123456789/"//"
Example	 If several APs have the same SSID as "abc",target AP can be found by bssid:
	AT+CWJAP_CUR="abc","0123456789","ca:d7:19:d8:a6:44"
Command	AT+CWJAP_CUR?
Command	+CWJAP_CUR: <ssid>,<bssid>,<channel>,<rssi></rssi></channel></bssid></ssid>
Response	TCVVJAI _CON.\SSId>,\Chaimer>,\ISSI>
Response	OK
Davamatava	
Parameters	<ssid> string, AP's SSID</ssid>
Command	AT+CWJAP_CUR= <ssid>,<pwd>[,<bssid>]</bssid></pwd></ssid>
	OK
	or .
Response	+CWJAP: <error code=""></error>
	FAIL
	<ssid> string, AP's SSID</ssid>
	<pwd> string, MAX: 64 bytes ASCII</pwd>
	[<bssid>] string, AP's MAC address, for several APs may have the same SSID</bssid>
	<error code=""> only for reference,it's not reliable</error>
	<error code=""> 1 connecting timeout</error>
	<error code=""> 2 wrong password</error>
Parameters	<error code=""> 3 can not found target AP</error>
	<error code=""> 4 connect fail</error>
	This command needs station mode enable.
	Escape character syntax is needed if "SSID" or "password" contains any special
	characters(','、'"'and'/')
Notes	This configuration will NOT store in Flash .
140163	This coming a duton will too store in that it.



6. AT+CWJAP_DEF - Connect to AP, save as default

AT+CWJAP_DEF -	- Connect to AP and save AP info to flash
Example	 AT+CWJAP_DEF="abc","0123456789" If SSID is "ab/,c" and password is "0123456789"/" AT+CWJAP_DEF="ab///,c","0123456789/"//" If several APs have the same SSID as "abc",target AP can be found by bssid: AT+CWJAP_DEF = "abc", "0123456789"," ca:d7:19:d8:a6:44"
Command	AT+CWJAP_DEF?
Response	+CWJAP_DEF: <ssid>,<bssid>,<channel>,<rssi></rssi></channel></bssid></ssid>
Parameters	<ssid> string, AP's SSID</ssid>
Command	AT+CWJAP_DEF= <ssid>,<pwd>[,<bssid>]</bssid></pwd></ssid>
Response	OK or +CWJAP: <error code=""> FAIL</error>
Parameters	<pre><ssid> string, AP's SSID <pwd> string, MAX: 64 bytes ASCII [<bssid>] string, AP's bssid(MAC address), for several APs may have the same SSID <error code=""> only for reference,it's not reliable <error code=""> 1 connecting timeout <error code=""> 2 wrong password <error code=""> 3 can not found target AP <error code=""> 4 connect fail This command needs station mode enable. Escape character syntax is needed if "SSID" or "password" contains any special characters (',' \(\) ""and'/")</error></error></error></error></error></bssid></pwd></ssid></pre>
Notes	This configuration will store in Flash system parameter area.



7. AT+CWLAP - List available APs

AT+CWLAP - Lists	available APs
Example	 AT+CWLAP List of all available AP's detected by ESP8266 AT+CWLAP="wifi","ca:d7:19:d8:a6:44",6 Find AP with specific SSID and MAC at specific channel. AT+CWLAP="wifi" Find AP with specific SSID
Command	AT+CWLAP= <ssid>,<mac>,<ch></ch></mac></ssid>
Response	+CWLAP: <ecn>,<ssid>,<rssi>,<mac>,<freq offset=""> OK ERROR</freq></mac></rssi></ssid></ecn>
Parameters	<pre><ecn></ecn></pre>
Command	AT+CWLAP
Response	+CWLAP: <ecn>,<ssid>,<rssi>,<mac>,<ch>,<freq offset=""> OK ERROR</freq></ch></mac></rssi></ssid></ecn>
Parameters	The same as above



8. AT+CWQAP - Disconnect from AP

AT+CWQAP - Disconnect from AP	
Command	AT+ CWQAP
Response	OK
Parameters	null

9. AT+CWSAP – Configuration of softAP mode

AT+ CWSAP - Configuration of softAP mode	
[@deprecated]. Please use AT+CWSAP_CUR or AT+CWSAP_DEF instead.	
Example	AT+CWSAP="ESP8266","1234567890",5,3
Command	AT+CWSAP?
Response	+CWSAP: <ssid>,<pwd>,<chl>,<ecn>,<max conn="">,<ssid hidden=""></ssid></max></ecn></chl></pwd></ssid>
	<ssid> string, ESP8266 softAP' SSID</ssid>
	<pwd> string, range: 8 ~ 64 bytes ASCII</pwd>
	<chl> channel id</chl>
	<ecn></ecn>
	0 OPEN
	2 WPA_PSK
Parameters	3 WPA2_PSK
	4 WPA_WPA2_PSK
	<max conn=""></max>
	maximum count of stations that allowed to connect to ESP8266 soft-AP
	range: [1, 4]
	<ssid hidden=""> Broadcast SSID by default 0 broadcast SSID of ESP8266 soft-AP</ssid>
	1 do not broadcast SSID of ESP8266 soft-AP
Command	AT+CWSAP= <ssid>,<pwd>,<chl>,<ecn>,<max conn="">,<ssid hidden=""></ssid></max></ecn></chl></pwd></ssid>
	OK .
Response	ERROR
Parameters	The same as above.
	This CMD is only available when softAP mode enable.
Notes	ESP8266 softAP don't support WEP.
	This configuration will store in Flash system parameter area.



10. AT+CWSAP_CUR - Current config of softAP mode

AT+CWSAP_CUR - Set configuration of softAP mode, won't save to Flash	
Example	AT+CWSAP_CUR="ESP8266","1234567890",5,3
Command	AT+CWSAP_CUR?
Response	+CWSAP_CUR: <ssid>,<pwd>,<chl>,<ecn>,<max conn="">,<ssid hidden=""></ssid></max></ecn></chl></pwd></ssid>
Parameters	<pre> <ssid> string, ESP8266 softAP' SSID <pre> <pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></ssid></pre>
Command	AT+CWSAP_CUR= <ssid>,<pwd>,<chl>,<ecn>,<max conn="">,<ssid hidden=""></ssid></max></ecn></chl></pwd></ssid>
Response	OK ERROR
Parameters	The same as above.
Notes	This command is only available when softAP mode enable. ESP8266 softAP don't support WEP. This configuration will NOT store in Flash.



11. AT+CWSAP_DEF - Default config of softAP mode

AT+ CWSAP_DEF - Set configuration of softAP mode, save to Flash	
Example	AT+CWSAP_DEF="ESP8266","1234567890",5,3
Command	AT+CWSAP_DEF?
Response	+CWSAP_DEF: <ssid>,<pwd>,<chl>,<ecn>,<max conn="">,<ssid hidden=""></ssid></max></ecn></chl></pwd></ssid>
Parameters	<pre><ssid> string, ESP8266 softAP' SSID <pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></ssid></pre>
Command	AT+CWSAP_DEF= <ssid>,<pwd>,<chl>,<ecn>,<max conn="">,<ssid hidden=""></ssid></max></ecn></chl></pwd></ssid>
Response	OK ERROR
Parameters	The same as above.
Notes	This command is only available when softAP mode enable. ESP8266 softAP don't support WEP. This configuration will store in Flash system parameter area.



12. AT+CWLIF - IP of stations

This command is used to get the IP of stations that are connected to ESP8266 softAP.

AT+ CWLIF- IP of stations which are connected to ESP8266 softAP	
	<ip addr="">,<mac></mac></ip>
Response	
	OK
Parameters	<ip addr=""> IP address of stations which are connected to ESP8266 softAP</ip>
	<mac> MAC address of stations which are connected to ESP8266 softAP</mac>
Notes	This command can not get static IP,it is only available if DHCP is enabled.



13. AT+CWDHCP - Enable/Disable DHCP

AT+ CWDHCP - Enable/Disable DHCP	
[@deprecated]. Please use AT+CWDHCP_CUR or AT+CWDHCP_DEF instead.	
Command	AT+CWDHCP?
Response	DHCP disabled or enabled now?
	Bit0 : 0 - soft-AP DHCP disable
Parameters Parameters	1 - soft-AP DHCP enable
i arameters	bit1 : 0 - station DHCP disable
	1 - station DHCP enable
Command	AT+CWDHCP= <mode>,<en></en></mode>
Response	ОК
	<mode></mode>
	0 : set ESP8266 soft-AP
	1 : set ESP8266 station
Parameters	2 : set both softAP and station
	<en></en>
	0 : Disable DHCP
	1 : Enable DHCP
Notes	This configuration will store in Flash user parameter area.
	This configuration interact with static IP related AT commands (AT+CIPSTA
	related and AT+CIPAP related):
	▶ If enable DHCP, static IP will be disabled;
	▶ If enable static IP, DHCP will be disabled;
	▶ This will depends on the last configuration.



14. AT+CWDHCP_CUR - Enable/Disable DHCP

AT+ CWDHCP_CUR - Enable/Disable DHCP, won't save to flash	
Command	AT+CWDHCP_CUR?
Response	DHCP disabled or enabled now?
Parameters	Bit0: 0-soft-AP DHCP disable
	1 - soft-AP DHCP enable
	bit1 : 0 - station DHCP disable
	1 - station DHCP enable
Command	AT+CWDHCP_CUR= <mode>,<en></en></mode>
Response	OK
	<mode></mode>
	0 : set ESP8266 soft-AP
	1 : set ESP8266 station
Parameters	2 : set both softAP and station
	<en></en>
	0 : Disable DHCP
	1 : Enable DHCP
	This configuration will NOT store in Flash user parameter area.
Notes	This configuration interact with static IP related AT commands (AT+CIPSTA)
	related and AT+CIPAP related):
	▶ If enable DHCP, static IP will be disabled;
	▶ If enable static IP, DHCP will be disabled;
	▶ This will depends on the last configuration.



15. AT+CWDHCP_DEF - Enable/Disable DHCP and save to Flash

AT+ CWDHCP_DEF - Enable/Disable DHCP and save to flash	
Command	AT+CWDHCP_DEF?
Response	DHCP disabled or enabled now?
	Bit0: 0-soft-AP DHCP disable
Parameters Parameters	1 - soft-AP DHCP enable
lalameters	bit1: 0-station DHCP disable
	1 - station DHCP enable
Command	AT+CWDHCP_DEF= <mode>,<en></en></mode>
Response	OK
	<mode></mode>
	0 : set ESP8266 soft-AP
	1 : set ESP8266 station
Parameters	2 : set both softAP and station
	<en></en>
	0 : Disable DHCP
	1 : Enable DHCP
	This configuration will store in Flash user parameter area.
	This configuration interact with static IP related AT commands (AT+CIPSTA)
Notes	related and AT+CIPAP related):
	▶ If enable DHCP, static IP will be disabled;
	▶ If enable static IP, DHCP will be disabled;
	This will depends on the last configuration.



16. AT+CWDHCPS_CUR – Set the IP address allocated by ESP8266 soft-AP DHCP, cannot save to flash

This AT command is enabled when ESP8266 runs as soft-AP, and when DHCP server is running normally. The IP address should be on the same network segment with the IP address of ESP8266 soft-AP. This configuration will not be stored in Flash.

AT+CWDHCPS_CUR - Set the IP address allocated by ESP8266 soft-AP DHCP, not be stored in	
flash	
	AT+CWDHCPS_CUR=1,3,"192.168.4.10","192.168.4.15"
Example	or
	AT+CWDHCPS_CUR=0 // Disable the settings and use the default IP range.
Command	AT+CWDHCPS_CUR?
Response	+CWDHCPS_CUR= <lease time="">,<start ip="">,<end ip=""></end></start></lease>
Parameters	<enable> 0 : Disable the settings and use the default IP range.</enable>
Command	AT+CWDHCPS_CUR= <enable>,<lease time="">, <start ip="">,<end ip=""></end></start></lease></enable>
Response	ОК
Parameters	The same as above.



17. AT+CWDHCPS_DEF – Set the IP address allocated by ESP8266 soft-AP DHCP, save to flash

This AT command is enabled when ESP8266 runs as soft-AP, and when DHCP server is running normally. The IP address should be on the same network segment with the IP address of ESP8266 soft-AP. This configuration will be stored in Flash user parameter area.

AT+CWDHCPS_DEF - Set the IP address allocated by ESP8266 soft-AP DHCP, can be stored in	
flash	
	AT+CWDHCPS_DEF=1,3,"192.168.4.10","192.168.4.15"
Example	or
	AT+CWDHCPS_DEF=0 // Disable the settings and use the default IP range.
Command	AT+CWDHCPS_DEF?
Response	+CWDHCPS_DEF= <lease time="">,<start ip="">,<end ip=""></end></start></lease>
Parameters	<enable> 0 : Disable the settings and use the default IP range.</enable>
Command	AT+CWDHCPS_DEF= <enable>,<lease time="">, <start ip="">,<end ip=""></end></start></lease></enable>
Response	OK
Parameters	The same as above.

18. AT+CWAUTOCONN – Auto connect to AP or not

ESP8266 station will connect to AP automatically when power on by default.

AT+CWAUTOCONN - Connect to AP automatically or not	
Example	AT+CWAUTOCONN=1
Command	AT+CWAUTOCONN= <enable></enable>
Response	ОК
	<enable></enable>
Parameters	0 : do NOT auto-connect to AP when power on
	1 : connect to AP automatically when power on
Notes	This configuration will store in Flash system parameter area.



19. AT+CIPSTAMAC - Set MAC address of station

MAC addresses of ESP8266 soft-AP and station are different, please do NOT set them to be the same. And the bit 0 of the first byte of ESP8266 MAC address can not be 1, for example, MAC address can be "18:fe:35:98:d3:7b", but can not be "18:fe:35:98:d3:7b".

AT+ CIPSTAMAC - Set MAC address of ESP8266 station		
[@deprecated]. Us	[@deprecated]. Use AT+CIPSTAMAC_CUR or AT+CIPSTAMAC_DEF instead.	
Example	AT+CIPSTAMAC="18:fe:35:98:d3:7b"	
Command	AT+CIPSTAMAC?	
	+CIPSTAMAC: <mac></mac>	
Response		
	OK	
Parameters	<mac> string, MAC address of ESP8266 station</mac>	
Command	AT+CIPSTAMAC= <mac></mac>	
Response	OK	
Parameters	<mac> string, MAC address of ESP8266 station</mac>	
Notes	This configuration will store in Flash user parameter area.	

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20. AT+CIPSTAMAC_CUR - Set MAC address of station

MAC addresses of ESP8266 soft-AP and station are different, please do NOT set them to be the same. And the bit 0 of the first byte of ESP8266 MAC address can not be 1, for example, MAC address can be "18:fe:35:98:d3:7b", but can not be "18:fe:35:98:d3:7b".

AT+ CIPSTAMAC_CUR - Set MAC address of ESP8266 station, won't save to Flash	
Example	AT+CIPSTAMAC_CUR="18:fe:35:98:d3:7b"
Command	AT+CIPSTAMAC_CUR?
	+CIPSTAMAC_CUR: <mac></mac>
Response	
	OK
Parameters	<mac> string, MAC address of ESP8266 station</mac>
Command	AT+CIPSTAMAC_CUR= <mac></mac>
Response	ОК
Parameters	<mac> string, MAC address of ESP8266 station</mac>
Notes	This configuration will NOT store in Flash.

21. AT+CIPSTAMAC_DEF - Set MAC address of station, save as default

MAC addresses of ESP8266 soft-AP and station are different, please do NOT set them to be the same. And the bit 0 of the first byte of ESP8266 MAC address can not be 1, for example, MAC address can be "18:fe:35:98:d3:7b", but can not be "18:fe:35:98:d3:7b".

AT+ CIPSTAMAC_DEF - Set MAC address of ESP8266 station, save to Flash	
Example	AT+CIPSTAMAC_DEF="18:fe:35:98:d3:7b"
Command	AT+CIPSTAMAC_DEF?
	+CIPSTAMAC_DEF: <mac></mac>
Response	
	ОК
Parameters	<mac> string, MAC address of ESP8266 station</mac>
Command	AT+CIPSTAMAC_DEF= <mac></mac>
Response	ОК
Parameters	<mac> string, MAC address of ESP8266 station</mac>
Notes	This configuration will store in Flash user parameter area.

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22. AT+CIPAPMAC - Set MAC address of softAP

MAC addresses of ESP8266 soft-AP and station are different, please do NOT set them to be the same. And the bit 0 of the first byte of ESP8266 MAC address can not be 1, for example, MAC address can be "1a:fe:36:97:d5:7b", but can not be "15:fe:36:97:d5:7b".

AT+ CIPAPMAC -	AT+ CIPAPMAC - Set MAC address of ESP8266 softAP	
[@deprecated]. Us	[@deprecated]. Use AT+CIPAPMAC_CUR or AT+CIPAPMAC_DEF instead.	
Example	AT+CIPAPMAC="1a:fe:36:97:d5:7b"	
Command	AT+CIPAPMAC?	
	+CIPAPMAC: <mac></mac>	
Response		
	OK	
Parameters	<mac> string, MAC address of ESP8266 softAP</mac>	
Command	AT+CIPAPMAC= <mac></mac>	
Response	ОК	
Parameters	<mac> string, MAC address of ESP8266 softAP</mac>	
Notes	This configuration will store in Flash user parameter area.	

23. AT+CIPAPMAC_CUR – Set MAC address of softAP

MAC addresses of ESP8266 soft-AP and station are different, please do NOT set them to be the same. And the bit 0 of the first byte of ESP8266 MAC address can not be 1, for example, MAC address can be "1a:fe:36:97:d5:7b", but can not be "15:fe:36:97:d5:7b".

AT+CIPAPMAC_CUR - Set MAC addr of ESP8266 softAP, won't save to Flash	
Example	AT+CIPAPMAC_CUR="1a:fe:36:97:d5:7b"
Command	AT+CIPAPMAC_CUR?
	+CIPAPMAC_CUR: <mac></mac>
Response	
	OK
Parameters	<mac> string, MAC address of ESP8266 soft-AP</mac>
Command	AT+CIPAPMAC_CUR= <mac></mac>
Response	OK
Parameters	<mac> string, MAC address of ESP8266 soft-AP</mac>
Notes	This configuration will not store in Flash.

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24. AT+CIPAPMAC_DEF - Set MAC address of softAP and save as default

MAC addresses of ESP8266 soft-AP and station are different, please do NOT set them to be the same. And the bit 0 of the first byte of ESP8266 MAC address can not be 1, for example, MAC address can be "1a:fe:36:97:d5:7b", but can not be "15:fe:36:97:d5:7b".

AT+ CIPAPMAC_DEF - Set MAC address of ESP8266 softAP, save to Flash	
Example	AT+CIPAPMAC_DEF="1a:fe:36:97:d5:7b"
Command	AT+CIPAPMAC_DEF?
	+CIPAPMAC_DEF: <mac></mac>
Response	
	ОК
Parameters	<mac> string, MAC address of ESP8266 soft-AP</mac>
Command	AT+CIPAPMAC_DEF= <mac></mac>
Response	OK
Parameters	<mac> string, MAC address of ESP8266 soft-AP</mac>
Notes	This configuration will store in Flash user parameter area.

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25. AT+CIPSTA - Set IP address of station

Only after ESP8266 station connected to AP, station IP can be got and inquiried. This configuration will store in Flash user parameter area.

AT+ CIPSTA - Set	AT+ CIPSTA - Set IP address of ESP8266 station	
[@deprecated]. Please use AT+CIPSTA_CUR or AT+CIPSTA_DEF instead.		
Example	AT+CIPSTA="192.168.6.100","192.168.6.1","255.255.255.0"	
Command	AT+CIPSTA?	
	+CIPSTA: <ip></ip>	
Response		
	OK	
Parameters	<ip> string, IP address of ESP8266 station</ip>	
Command	AT+CIPSTA= <ip>[,<gateway>,<netmask>]</netmask></gateway></ip>	
Response	ОК	
	<ip> string, IP address of ESP8266 station</ip>	
Parameters	[<gateway>] gateway</gateway>	
	[<netmask>] netmask</netmask>	
	This configuration interacts with AT+CWDHCP related AT commands:	
Notes	If enable static IP, DHCP will be disabled;	
	If enable DHCP, static IP will be disabled;	
	This will depend on the last configuration.	



26. AT+CIPSTA_CUR - Set IP address of station

Only after ESP8266 station connected to AP, station IP can be got and inquiried. This configuration will NOT store in Flash.

AT+CIPSTA_CUR - Set IP address of ESP8266 station, won't save to Flash	
Example	AT+CIPSTA_CUR="192.168.6.100","192.168.6.1","255.255.255.0"
Command	AT+CIPSTA_CUR?
	+CIPSTA_CUR: <ip></ip>
Response	
	ОК
Parameters	Param description
rarameters	<ip> string, IP address of ESP8266 station</ip>
Command	AT+CIPSTA_CUR= <ip>[,<gateway>,<netmask>]</netmask></gateway></ip>
Response	ОК
	<ip> string, IP address of ESP8266 station</ip>
Parameters	[<gateway>] gateway</gateway>
	[<netmask>] netmask</netmask>
	This configuration interacts with DHCP related AT commands (AT+CWDHCP
	related):
Notes	If enable static IP, DHCP will be disabled;
	If enable DHCP, static IP will be disabled;
	This will depend on the last configuration.



27. AT+CIPSTA_DEF - Set IP address of station and save as default

AT+CIPSTA_DEF - Set IP address of ESP8266 station, save to Flash	
Example	AT+CIPSTA_DEF="192.168.6.100","192.168.6.1","255.255.255.0"
Command	AT+CIPSTA_DEF?
	+CIPSTA: <ip></ip>
Response	
	OK
Parameters	<ip> string, IP address of ESP8266 station</ip>
Command	AT+CIPSTA_DEF= <ip>[,<gateway>,<netmask>]</netmask></gateway></ip>
Response	OK
	<ip> string, IP address of ESP8266 station</ip>
Parameters	[<gateway>] gateway</gateway>
	[<netmask>] netmask</netmask>
	This configuration will store in Flash user parameter area.
	This configuration interacts with DHCP related AT commands (AT+CWDHCP
Notes	related):
	If enable static IP, DHCP will be disabled;
	If enable DHCP, static IP will be disabled;
	This will depend on the last configuration.



28. AT+ CIPAP - Set IP address of softAP

ESP8266 only support class C IP address. This configuration will store in Flash user parameter area.

AT+ CIPAP - Set IF	AT+ CIPAP - Set IP address of ESP8266 softAP	
[@deprecated]. Please use AT+CIPAP_CUR or AT+CIPAP_DEF instead.		
Example	AT+CIPAP="192.168.5.1","192.168.5.1","255.255.255.0"	
Command	AT+CIPAP?	
	+CIPAP: <ip></ip>	
Response		
	OK	
Parameters	<ip> string, IP address of ESP8266 softAP</ip>	
Command	AT+CIPAP= <ip>[,<gateway>,<netmask>]</netmask></gateway></ip>	
Response	OK	
	<ip> string, IP address of ESP8266 softAP</ip>	
Parameters	[<gateway>] gateway</gateway>	
	[<netmask>] netmask</netmask>	
	This configuration interacts with DHCP related AT commands (AT+CWDHCP	
	related):	
Notes	If enable static IP, DHCP will be disabled;	
	If enable DHCP, static IP will be disabled;	
	This will depend on the last configuration.	



29. AT+CIPAP_CUR - Set IP address of softAP

ESP8266 only support class C IP address. This configuration will NOT store in Flash.

AT+CIPAP_CUR - Set IP address of ESP8266 softAP, won't save to Flash	
Example	AT+CIPAP_CUR="192.168.5.1","192.168.5.1","255.255.255.0"
Command	AT+CIPAP_CUR?
	+CIPAP_CUR: <ip></ip>
Response	
	OK
Parameters	<ip> string, IP address of ESP8266 softAP</ip>
Command	AT+CIPAP_CUR= <ip>[,<gateway>,<netmask>]</netmask></gateway></ip>
Response	OK
	<ip> string, IP address of ESP8266 softAP</ip>
Parameters	[<gateway>] gateway</gateway>
	[<netmask>] netmask</netmask>
	This configuration interacts with DHCP related AT commands (AT+CWDHCP
	related):
Notes	If enable static IP, DHCP will be disabled;
	If enable DHCP, static IP will be disabled;
	This will depend on the last configuration.



30. AT+CIPAP_DEF - Set IP address of softAP, save as default

ESP8266 only support class C IP address.

AT+ CIPAP_DEF - Set IP address of ESP8266 softAP, save to Flash	
Example	AT+CIPAP_DEF="192.168.5.1","192.168.5.1","255.255.255.0"
Command	AT+CIPAP_DEF?
	+CIPAP_DEF: <ip></ip>
Response	
	OK
Parameters	<ip> string, IP address of ESP8266 softAP</ip>
Command	AT+CIPAP_DEF= <ip>[,<gateway>,<netmask>]</netmask></gateway></ip>
Response	OK
	<ip> string, IP address of ESP8266 softAP</ip>
Parameters	[<gateway>] gateway</gateway>
	[<netmask>] netmask</netmask>
Notes	This configuration will store in Flash user parameter area.
	This configuration interacts with DHCP related AT commands (AT+CWDHCP
	related):
	If enable static IP, DHCP will be disabled;
	If enable DHCP, static IP will be disabled;
	This will depend on the last configuration.



31. AT+CWSTARTSMART - Start SmartConfig

SmartConfig is only available in station mode. SmartConfig can get protocol type (AirKiss or ESP-TOUCH) automatically by command "AT+CWSTARTSMART". Or users can use command "AT+CWSTARTSMART=<type>" to set a specific protocol type.

AT+CWSTARTSM	AT+CWSTARTSMART - Start SmartConfig	
Example	AT+CWMODE=1	
Example	AT+CWSTARTSMART	
Command	AT+CWSTARTSMART	
Response	ОК	
Parameters	none	
Notes	The type of SmartConfig will be ESP-Touch + AirKiss, if the command is "AT	
Notes	+CWSTARTSMART"	
Command	AT+CWSTARTSMART= <type></type>	
Response	ОК	
Parameters	<type> 1: ESP-Touch 2: AirKiss 3: ESP-Touch + AirKiss</type>	
	Message "Smart get wifi info" means Smart Config get AP's information successfully, then ESP8266 try to connect to target AP, print "WIFI	

32. AT+CWSTOPSMART – stop SmartConfig

AT+CWSTOPSMART stop SmartConfig	
Command	AT+CWSTOPSMART
Response	OK
Notes	No matter SmartConfig succeed or not, before any other AT commands please always call "AT+CWSTOPSMART" to release the buffer it took first.



5. TCP/IP Related AT Commands

5.1. Overview

TCP/IP	
Command	Description
AT+ CIPSTATUS	Get connection status
AT+CIPSTART	Establish TCP connection or register UDP port
AT+CIPSEND	Send data
AT+CIPSENDEX	Send data, if <length> or "\0" is met, data will be sent</length>
AT+CIPSENDBUF	Write data into TCP-send-buffer
AT+CIPBUFRESET	Reset segment ID count
AT+CIPBUFSTATUS	Check status of TCP-send-buffer
AT+CIPCHECKSEQ	Check if a specific segment is sent or not
AT+CIPCLOSE	Close TCP/UDP connection
AT+CIFSR	Get local IP address
AT+CIPMUX	Set multiple connections mode
AT+CIPSERVER	Configure as server
AT+CIPMODE	Set transmission mode
AT+SAVETRANSLINK	Save transparent transmission link to Flash
AT+CIPSTO	Set timeout when ESP8266 runs as TCP server
AT+CIUPDATE	Upgrade firmware through network
AT+PING	Function PING
AT+CIPDINFO	Show remote IP and remote port with "+IPD"



5.2. TCP/IP

1. AT+CIPSTATUS - Check network connection status

AT+CIPSTATUS - Check network connection status		
Command	AT+CIPSTATUS	
Response	STATUS: <stat> +CIPSTATUS:<link id=""/>,<type>,<remote_ip>,<remote_port>, <local_port>,<tetype></tetype></local_port></remote_port></remote_ip></type></stat>	
Parameters	<pre></pre>	



2. AT+CIPSTART – Establish TCP connection or UDP transmission

Please refer to documentation "4B-ESP8266__AT Command Examples" on how to use this command.

AT+CIPSTART - Function 1: Establish TCP connection		
Example	AT+CIPSTART="TCP", "iot.espressif.cn", 8000	
	AT+CIPSTART="TCP","192.168.101.110",1000	
Single connection	AT+CIPSTART=	
(AT+CIPMUX=0)	<type>,<remote ip="">,<remote port="">[,<tcp alive="" keep="">]</tcp></remote></remote></type>	
Multiple connection	AT+CIPSTART= <link id=""/> ,	
(AT+CIPMUX=1)	<type>,<remote ip="">,<remote port="">[,<tcp alive="" keep="">]</tcp></remote></remote></type>	
	ОК	
	or	
Response	ERROR	
Response		
	If TCP is connected already, returns	
	ALREADY CONNECT	
	ID of network connection (0~4), used for multi-connection	
	<type> string, "TCP" or "UDP"</type>	
	<remote ip=""> string, remote IP address</remote>	
Parameters	<remote port=""> string, remote port number</remote>	
raiailleteis	[<tcp alive="" keep="">] detection time interval when TCP is kept alive, this</tcp>	
	function is closed by default.	
	[<tcp alive="" keep="">] 0 : disable TCP keep-alive</tcp>	
	[<tcp alive="" keep="">] 1 ~ 7200 : detection time interval, unit: second</tcp>	



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AT+CIPSTART - Function 2: Register UDP port, start connection	
Example	AT+CIPSTART="UDP","192.168.101.110",1000,1002,2
Single connection	AT+CIPSTART= <type>,<remote ip="">,<remote port="">[,<udp local="" port="">,</udp></remote></remote></type>
(AT+CIPMUX=0)	<udp mode="">]</udp>
Multiple connection	AT+CIPSTART= <link id=""/> , <type>,<remote ip="">,<remote port="">[,<udp local<="" th=""></udp></remote></remote></type>
(AT+CIPMUX=1)	port>, <udp mode="">]</udp>
	ОК
	or
Response	ERROR
Kesponse	
	If connection already exists, returns
	ALREADY CONNECT
	<link id=""/> ID of network connection (0~4), used for multi-connection
	<type> string, "TCP" or "UDP"</type>
	<remote ip=""> string, remote IP</remote>
	<remote port=""> string, remote port</remote>
	[<udp local="" port="">] UDP port of ESP8266</udp>
Parameters	[<udp mode="">] In UDP transparent transmission, it has to be 0.</udp>
	[<udp mode="">] 0 : destination peer entity of UDP will not change.</udp>
	[<udp mode="">] 1 : destination peer entity of UDP can change once.</udp>
	[<udp mode="">] 2 : destination peer entity of UDP is allowed to change.</udp>
	Note: [<udp mode="">] can only be used when [<udp local="" port="">] is set.</udp></udp>

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3. AT+CIPSEND - Send data

Please refer to documentation "4B-ESP8266__AT Command Examples" for more examples.

AT+CIPSEND - Send data	
Single connection	(+CIPMUX=0)
	AT+CIPSEND= <length></length>
Multiple connection	(+CIPMUX=1)
Widitiple connection	AT+CIPSEND= <link id=""/> , <length></length>
UDP Transmission	AT+CIPSEND=[<link id=""/> ,] <length>[,<remote ip="">,<remote port="">]</remote></remote></length>
	Wrap return ">" after set command. Begins receive of serial data, when data
	length is met, starts transmission of data.
Response	If connection cannot be established or gets disconnected during send,
	returns
	ERROR
	If data is transmitted successfully, returns
	SEND OK
	link ID> ID of the connection (0~4), for multi-connect
Parameters	<length> data length, MAX 2048 bytes</length>
	[<remote ip="">] UDP transmission can set remote IP when send data</remote>
	[<remote port="">] UDP transmission can set remote port when send data</remote>
Command	AT+CIPSEND
	Wrap return ">" after execute command. Enters unvarnished transmission,
	20ms interval between each packet, maximum 2048 bytes per packet. When
	single packet containing "+++" is received, it returns to normal command
	mode. Please wait at least 1 second before sending next AT command.
Response	
	This command can only be used in transparent transmission mode which
	require to be single connection mode.
	For UDP transparent transmission, <udp mode=""> has to be 0 in command "AT</udp>
	+CIPSTART"



4. AT+CIPSENDEX - Send data

AT+CIPSENDEX - Send data	
Single connection	(+CIPMUX=0)
	AT+CIPSENDEX= <length></length>
Multiple connection	(+CIPMUX=1)
Multiple connection	AT+CIPSENDEX= <link id=""/> , <length></length>
UDP Transmission	AT+CIPSENDEX=[<link id=""/> ,] <length>[,<remote ip="">,<remote port="">]</remote></remote></length>
	Wrap return ">" after set command. Begins receive of serial data, when data
	length or "\0" is met, starts transmission of data.
	So if sending "\0" is needed, please send it as "\\0"
Response	If connection cannot be established or gets disconnected during send,
i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	returns
	ERROR
	If data is transmitted successfully, returns
	SEND OK
Parameters	ID > ID of the connection (0~4), for multi-connect
Parameters	<length> data length, MAX 2048 bytes</length>



5. AT+CIPSENDBUF – Write data into TCP-send-buffer

This command only write data into TCP-send-buffer, so it can be called continually, needn't wait for "SEND OK"; if a TCP segment is sent successfully, it will return <segment ID>,SEND OK. Before data <length> is met, input "+++" can switch back from data mode to command mode, and discard the data received before, cancel the "AT+CIPSENDBUF".

AT+CIPSENDBUF - Write data into TCP-send-buffer	
Single connection	(+CIPMUX=0)
	AT+CIPSENDBUF= <length></length>
Multiple connection	(+CIPMUX=1)
Multiple connection	AT+CIPSENDBUF= <link id=""/> , <length></length>
	<current id="" segment="">,<segment id="" of="" sent="" successfully="" which=""></segment></current>
	ОК
	>
	Wrap return ">" begins receiving of serial data, when data <length> is met,</length>
	send it; data more than <length> will be discarded, and returns "busy"</length>
	If connection cannot be established,or it's not a TCP connection , or buffer
Response	full, or some other error occurred, returns
	ERROR
	If data is transmitted successfully,
	(1) for single connection, returns
	<segment id="">,SEND OK</segment>
	(2) for multiple connection, returns
	k ID>,<segment id="">,SEND OK</segment>
	ID of the connection (0~4), for multi-connect
Parameters	<segment id=""> uint32, starts from 1, add 1 every time be called;</segment>
raiailleteis	<length> data length, data more than <length> will be discarded, MAX 2048</length></length>
	bytes



6. AT+CIPBUFSTATUS - Check status of TCP-send-buffer

AT+CIPBUFSTATUS	- Check status of TCP-send-buffer
	Single connection:
	AT+CIPBUFSTATUS returns 20,15,10,200,7
	20: means the latest segment ID is 19, next time we call AT
	+CIPSENDBUF, the segment ID returned will be 20;
	15: means TCP segment of which ID is 15 is the latest segment that
Example	sent (may not succeed);
	10: means TCP segment of which ID is 10 sent successfully;
	200: TCP-send-buffer remain 200 bytes that available;
	7: available TCP queue number, it's not reliable; when queue number is 0,
	no more TCP data can be sent.
	(+CIPMUX=0)
Single connection	AT+CIPBUFSTATUS
	(+CIPMUX=1)
Multiple connection	AT+CIPBUFSTATUS= <link id=""/>
	<next id="" segment="">, < segment ID of which has sent >, < segment ID of</next>
	which sent successfully>, <remain buffer="" size="">, <queue number=""></queue></remain>
Response	OK
	If connection is not established,returns
	ERROR
	<link ID> ID of the connection (0~4), for multi-connect
	<next id="" segment=""> next segment ID will be got by AT+CIPSENDBUF;</next>
	<segment has="" id="" of="" sent="" which=""> the latest segment that sent (may not</segment>
	succeed);
Parameters	<segment id="" of="" sent="" successfully="" which=""> the latest segment that sent</segment>
	successfully;
	<remain buffer="" size=""> TCP-send-buffer remain buffer size;</remain>
	<queue number=""> available TCP queue number, it's not reliable; when</queue>
	queue number is 0, no more TCP data can be sent.



7. AT+CIPCHECKSEQ – Check if specific segment sent successfully or not

AT+CIPCHECKSEQ - Check if specific segment sent successfully or not	
Single connection	(+CIPMUX=0)
	AT+CIPCHECKSEQ= <segment id=""></segment>
Multiple connection	(+CIPMUX=1)
Multiple connection	AT+CIPCHECKSEQ= <link id=""/> , <segment id=""></segment>
	[<link id=""/> ,] <segment id=""> ,<status></status></segment>
Response	ОК
	If connection is not established,returns
	ERROR
	<link ID> ID of the connection (0~4), for multi-connect
Parameters	<segment id=""> segment ID got by AT+CIPSENDBUF;</segment>
	<status> TRUE, sent successfully; FALSE, send fail</status>
Note	Only keep status of the latest 32 segments at most.

8. AT+CIPBUFRESET – Reset segment ID count

AT+CIPBUFRESET - Reset segment ID count	
Single connection	(+CIPMUX=0)
	AT+CIPBUFRESET
Multiple connection	(+CIPMUX=1)
	AT+CIPBUFRESET= <link id=""/>
	ОК
Response	If connection is not established or there are still TCP data wait for sending,
	returns
	ERROR
Parameters	k ID> ID of the connection (0~4), for multi-connect



9. AT+CIPCLOSE - Close TCP or UDP connection

AT+CIPCLOSE - Close TCP or UDP connection		
Multiple connection	AT+CIPCLOSE= <link id=""/>	
	ОК	
Response	or	
	ERROR	
	link ID> ID no. of connection to close, when ID=5, all connections will be	
Parameters	closed.	
	(ID=5 has no effect in server mode)	
Single connection	AT+CIPCLOSE	
	ОК	
Dognance	or	
Response	If no such connection, returns	
	ERROR	

10. AT+CIFSR - Get local IP address

AT+CIFSR - Get local IP address		
Command	AT+ CIFSR	
	+ CIFSR: <ip address=""></ip>	
Response		
	OK	
	ERROR	
	<ip address=""></ip>	
Parameters	IP address of ESP8266 softAP	
	IP address of ESP8266 station	
Note	Only after ESP8266 station connected to AP, station IP can be got and inquiried.	

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11. AT+CIPMUX - Enable multiple connections

AT+ CIPMUX - Enable multiple connections or not		
Example	AT+CIPMUX=1	
Command	AT+CIPMUX?	
	+ CIPMUX: <mode></mode>	
Response		
	OK	
Parameters	<mode>0 single connection</mode>	
raiailleteis	<mode>1 multiple connection</mode>	
Command	AT+CIPMUX= <mode></mode>	
	ОК	
Response		
	If already connected, returns	
	Link is builded	
Parameters	The same as above.	
	1. "AT+CIPMUX=1" can only be set when transparent transmission disabled	
Notes	("AT+CIPMODE=0")	
	2. This mode can only be changed after all connections are disconnected.	
	3. If TCP server is started, has to delete TCP server first, then change to single	
	connection is allowed.	



12. AT+CIPSERVER - Configure as TCP server

Server monitor will automatically be created when Server is created. When a client is connected to the server, it will take up one connection, be gave an id.

AT+CIPSERVER - Configure as TCP server		
Example	AT+CIPMUX=1	
	AT+CIPSERVER=1,1001	
Command	AT+CIPSERVER= <mode>[,<port>]</port></mode>	
Response	ОК	
Parameters	<mode> 0 Delete server</mode>	
	<mode> 1 Create server</mode>	
	<port> port number, default is 333</port>	
Notes	Server can only be created when AT+CIPMUX=1	



13. AT+CIPMODE - Set transfer mode

UART-WiFi passthrough mode (transparent transmission) can only be enabled in TCP single connection mode or UDP of which remote IP and port won't change (parameter <UDP mode> is 0 when using command "AT+CIPSTART" to create a UDP transmission).

During UART-WiFi passthrough transmission, if it is TCP connection and the TCP connection breaks, ESP8266 will keep trying to reconnect until "+++" is inputed to quit from transmission. After "+++", please wait at least 1 second before sending next AT command.

If it is a normal TCP transmission and TCP connection breaks, ESP8266 will prompt " [LOSED", and won't try to reconnect. Users can call "AT+CIPSTART" to create a connection again if it's needed.

AT+ CIPMODE - Set transfer mode	
Example	AT+CIPMODE=1
Command	AT+CIPMODE?
	+ CIPMODE: <mode></mode>
Response	
	OK
Parameters	same as below
Command	AT+CIPMODE= <mode></mode>
	OK
Response	If already connected, returns
	Link is builded
Parameters	<mode>0 normal mode</mode>
rarameters	<mode>1 UART-WiFi passthrough mode</mode>
Notes	This configuration would NOT save into Flash.



14. AT+SAVETRANSLINK – Save transparent transmission link to Flash

AT+SAVETRANSLINK - Save transparent transmission link to Flash		
Example	AT+SAVETRANSLINK=1,"192.168.6.110",1002,"TCP"	
Command	AT+SAVETRANSLINK = <mode>,<remote ip="">,<remote port="">[,<type>][,<tcp< th=""></tcp<></type></remote></remote></mode>	
Command	keep alive>][, <udp local="" port="">]</udp>	
	ОК	
Response	or	
	ERROR	
	<mode></mode>	
	0: normal mode, cancel enter UART-WiFi passthrough mode when power on	
	1 : save UART-WiFi passthrough mode	
	<remote ip=""> remote IP</remote>	
	<remote port=""> remote port</remote>	
Parameters	[<type>] TCP or UDP, default to be "TCP"</type>	
	[<tcp alive="" keep="">] TCP keep alive, default to be disabled</tcp>	
	0: disable TCP keep alive	
	1 ~ 7200: keep-alive detect time interval, unit: 500 ms	
	[<udp local="" port="">] local port if enter UDP transparent transmission when</udp>	
	power on.	
	This command will save the UART-WiFi passthrough mode and its link into	
	Flash user parameter area,ESP8266 will enter UART-WiFi passthrough	
Notes	mode since next power on.	
	As long as the IP, port numerical conformance to specification, we will save	
	them to Flash	



15. AT+CIPSTO - Set TCP server timeout

AT+ CIPSTO - Set TCP server timeout		
AT+CIPMUX=1		
Example	AT+CIPSERVER=1,1001	
	AT+CIPSTO=10	
Command	AT+CIPSTO?	
	+ CIPSTO: <time></time>	
Response		
	ОК	
Parameters	The same as below.	
Command	AT+CIPSTO= <time></time>	
Response	OK	
Parameters	<time> TCP server timeout, range 0~7200 seconds</time>	
	ESP8266 as TCP server, will disconnect to TCP client that didn't communicate	
Notes	with it even if timeout.	
	If AT+CIPSTO=0, it will never timeout. We don't recommend that.	

16. AT+PING – Function Ping

AT+PING - Function Ping		
Example	AT+PING="192.168.1.1"	
	AT+PING="www.baidu.com"	
Command	AT+PING= <ip></ip>	
	+ <time></time>	
Response		
	OK	
	Or	
	ERROR // means ping fail	
Parameters	Param description	
	<ip> : string, host IP or domain name</ip>	
	<time> : response time of ping</time>	



17. AT+ClUPDATE - Update through network

Firmware upgrade depends on network condition. It will return ERROR if upgrade fail, please wait a while.

- If using Espressif AT BIN (\esp_iot_sdk\bin\at), "AT+CIUPDATE" will download new AT BIN from Espressif Cloud.
- If using user-compiled AT BIN, users need to make their own "AT+CIUPDATE" to upgrade, Espressif provide a demo in \esp_iot_sdk\example\at. AT BINs on server have to be named as "user1.bin" and "user2.bin"

AT+ CIUPDATE - update through network	
Command	AT+CIUPDATE
	+CIUPDATE: <n></n>
Response	
	ОК
Parameters	<n> 1 found server</n>
	<n> 2 connect server</n>
	<n> 3 got edition</n>
	<n> 4 start update</n>

18. AT+CIPDINFO - Show remote IP and port with "+IPD"

AT+CIPDINFO - Show remote IP and port with "+IPD" (received data from network)		
Example	AT+CIPDINFO=1	
Command	AT+CIPDINFO= <mode></mode>	
	ОК	
Response	Or	
	ERROR	
	Param description	
Parameters	<mode> 0: won't show remote IP and port with "+IPD"</mode>	
	<mode> 1: show remote IP and port with "+IPD"</mode>	

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19. +IPD - Receive network data

+IPD - Receive network data		
Single connection	(+CIPMUX=0)	
	+IPD, <len>[,<remote ip="">,<remote port="">]:<data></data></remote></remote></len>	
Multiple connection	(+CIPMUX=1)	
Multiple connection	+IPD, <id>,<len>[,<remote ip="">,<remote port="">]:<data></data></remote></remote></len></id>	
	<pre><remote ip=""> remote IP, enabled by command "AT+CIPDINFO=1"</remote></pre>	
	<remote port=""> remote port, enabled by command "AT+CIPDINFO=1"</remote>	
Parameters	<id> id no. of connection</id>	
	<len> data length</len>	
	<data> data received</data>	
Notes	When the module receives network data, it will send the data through the	
	serial port using +IPD command.	



6. Appendix

ESP8266 AT commands below will save configuration parameters into flash:

AT Command	Example	
Save into flash user parameter area		
AT+UART_DEF	AT+UART_DEF=115200,8,1,0,3	
AT+CWDHCP_DEF	AT+CWDHCP_DEF=1,1	
AT+CIPSTAMAC_DEF	AT+CIPSTAMAC_DEF="18:fe:35:98:d3:7b"	
AT+CIPAPMAC_DEF	AT+CIPAPMAC_DEF="1a:fe:36:97:d5:7b"	
AT+CIPSTA_DEF	AT+CIPSTA_DEF="192.168.6.100"	
AT+CIPAP_DEF	AT+CIPAP_DEF="192.168.5.1"	
AT+CWDHCPS_DEF	AT+CWDHCPS_DEF=1,3,"192.168.4.10","192.168.4.15"	
AT+SAVETRANSLINK	AT+SAVETRANSLINK =1,"192.168.6.10",1001	
Save into flash system parameter area		
AT+CWMODE_DEF	AT+CWMODE_DEF=3	
AT+CWJAP_DEF	AT+CWJAP_DEF="abc", "0123456789"	
AT+CWSAP_DEF	AT+CWSAP_DEF="ESP8266","12345678",5,3	
AT+CWAUTOCONN	AT+CWAUTOCONN=1	

- Only if the configuration changes, we will write the new configuration into Flash.
- To 512KB flash, default setting:

```
user parameter area is 0\times3C000 \sim 0\times40000, 16KB; system parameter area is 0\times7C000\sim0\times80000, 16KB
```

• To 1024KB flash, default setting:

```
user parameter area is 0x7C000 \sim 0x80000, 16KB; system parameter area is 0xFC000 \sim 0x100000, 16KB.
```

• If users compile AT themselves, please refer to document "2A-ESP8266__IOT_SDK_User_Manual" chapter "Flash Map". User parameter area is the "User param" area in chapter "Flash Map", system parameter area is always the last 16KB of flash.



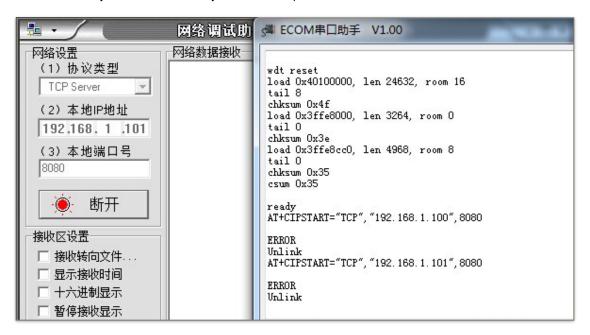
7. Q&A

If you have any questions about AT Commands, please contact us (support-at@espressif.com) with information as follows:

• Version info of AT: Using "AT+GMR" to get the version info.

Hardware Module info: example Ai-thinker ESP-01

• Screenshot or steps of the test steps, for example:



Log:

```
ets Jan 8 2013,rst cause: 1, boot mode: (3,3)

load 0x40100000, len 26336, room 16

tail 0
  chksum 0xde
load 0x3ffe8000, len 5672, room 8

tail 0
  chksum 0x69
load 0x3ffe9630, len 8348, room 8

tail 4
  chksum 0xcb
  csum 0xcb
  SDK version: 0.9.1
  addr not ack when tx write cmd
  mode : sta(18: fe: 34: 97: d5: 7b) + softAP(1a: fe: 34: 97: d5: 7b)
```