Started on	Friday, 11 October 2024, 1:10 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Friday, 11 October 2024, 1:10 PM
Time taken	9 secs
Marks	0.00/5.00
Grade	<b>0.00</b> out of 10.00 ( <b>0</b> %)
Question 1	
Not answered	
Marked out of 1.00	
player chooses rand	n 100 euros' and 2 card 'You have won 500 euros'. The third and fourth envelope contain only 'Sorry, next time' cards. The domly an envelope and from the chosen envelope he chooses a card. What is the probability that the player loses?  X  ct answer is: 0.69642857142857
Question 2  Not answered  Marked out of 2.00	
The refuse ratios fo What is the probab  One possible correct	produced in four factories. The first factory produces 460 cars per day, the second 200, the third 380, while the fourth 460. r the factories are 7%; 6%; 1% and 7%, respectively. ility that we find a junk car?  X  Et answer is: 0.05346666666667  Rider and we found it perfect. What is the probability that it had been produced in the second factory?
One possible correc	ct answer is: 0.13241301591773

Válasza helytelen.

## ${\tt Question}~3$

Not answered

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

Create a MATLAB function that approximates the probability in the following experiment with simulations!

Two fair dice are thrown. Find the probability that the sum of the numbers obtained is 8.

The number of simulation should be  $N = 10^3$ . The variable p should store the approximation, i.e. the relative frequency.

Use semicolons when defining variables!

With the Check button the code is free to run.

## For example:

Test	Result
rand('seed',36);	0.141
<pre>disp(sim());</pre>	

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

► Show/hide question author's solution (Octave)

## Question 4

Not answered

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

Create a MATLAB function that approximates the probability in the following experiment with simulations!

Two fair dice are thrown. Find the probability that the two numbers equal.

The number of simulation should be  $N = 10^3$ . The variable p should store the approximation, i.e. the relative frequency.

Use semicolons when defining variables!

With the Check button the code is free to run.

## For example:

Test	t	Result
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0.168
disp	o(sim());	

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
1 | function p = sim()
2 | N = 10^3;
3 | p = ;
5 | end
```

► Show/hide question author's solution (Octave)

■ Homework 3

Jump to...

Homework 5 ►



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