



Unsupervised Domain Adaptation for Semantic Segmentation

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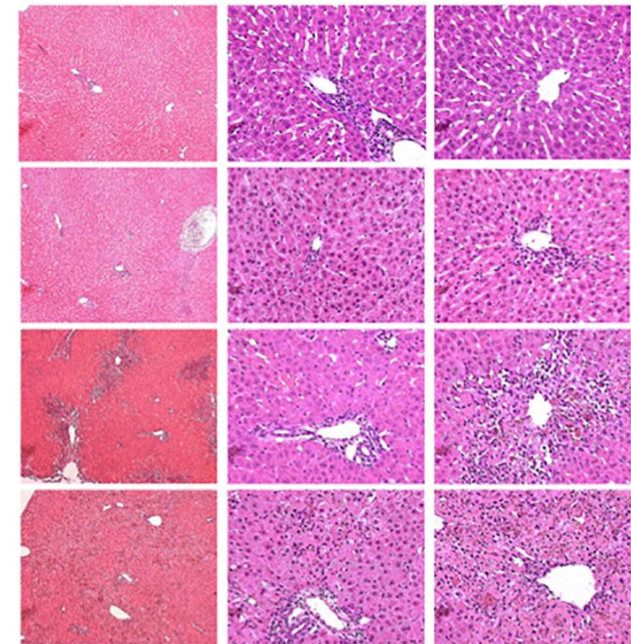
Problem- Distribution Shift



Satellite images
(different seasons)

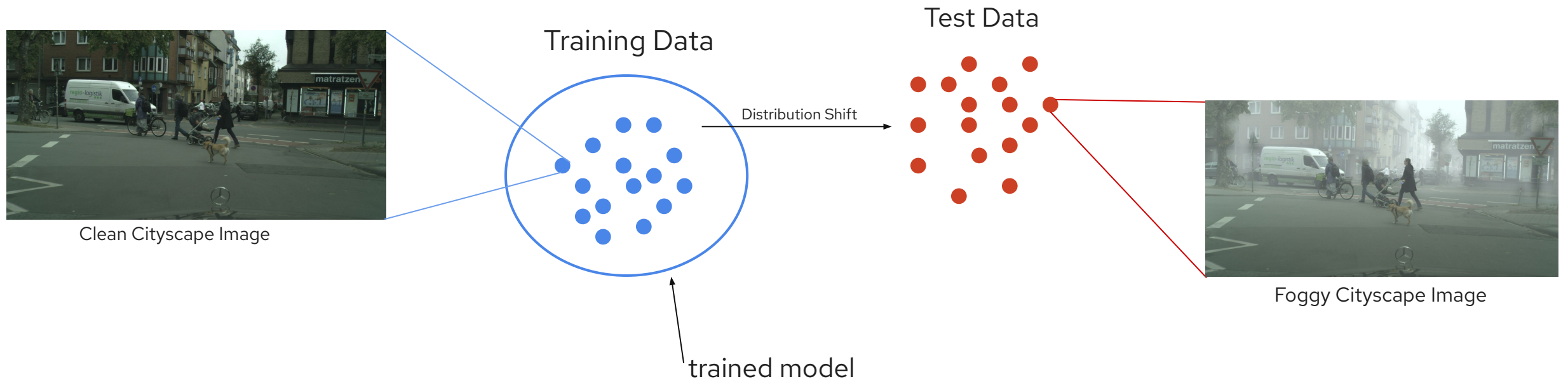


Autonomous driving
(different weather)

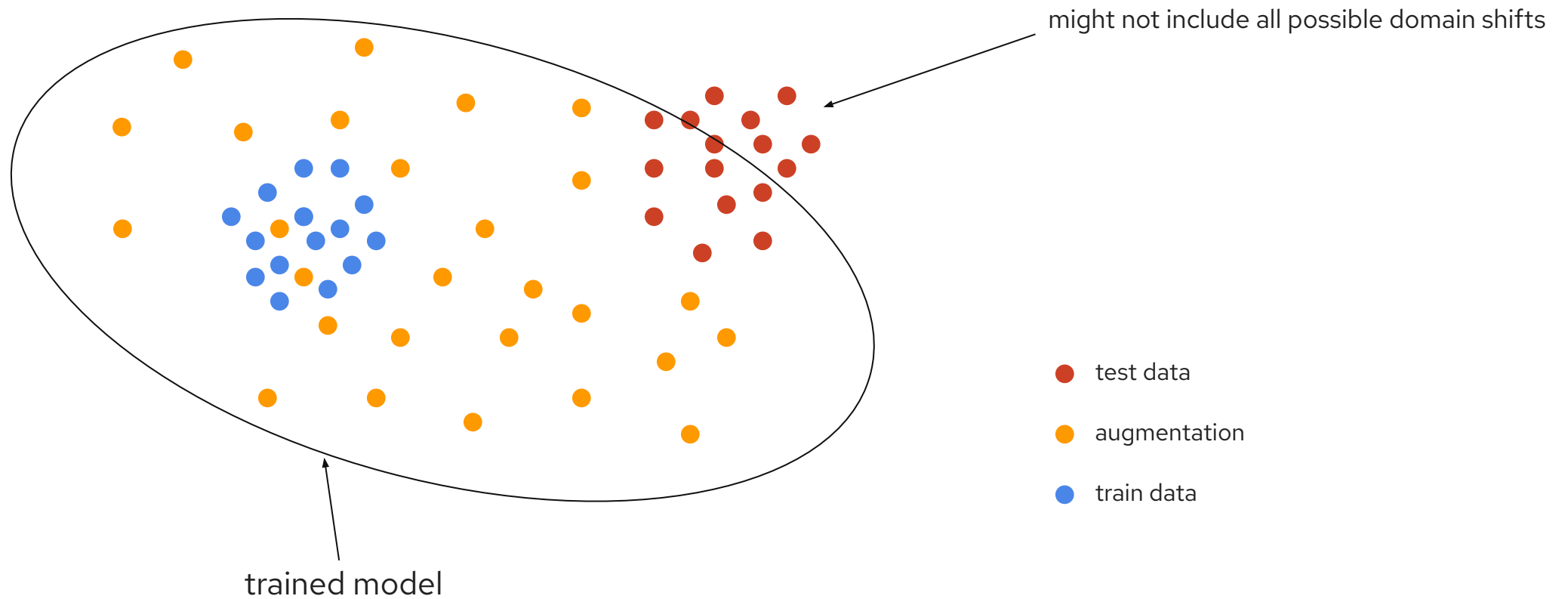


Medical images
(different stains)

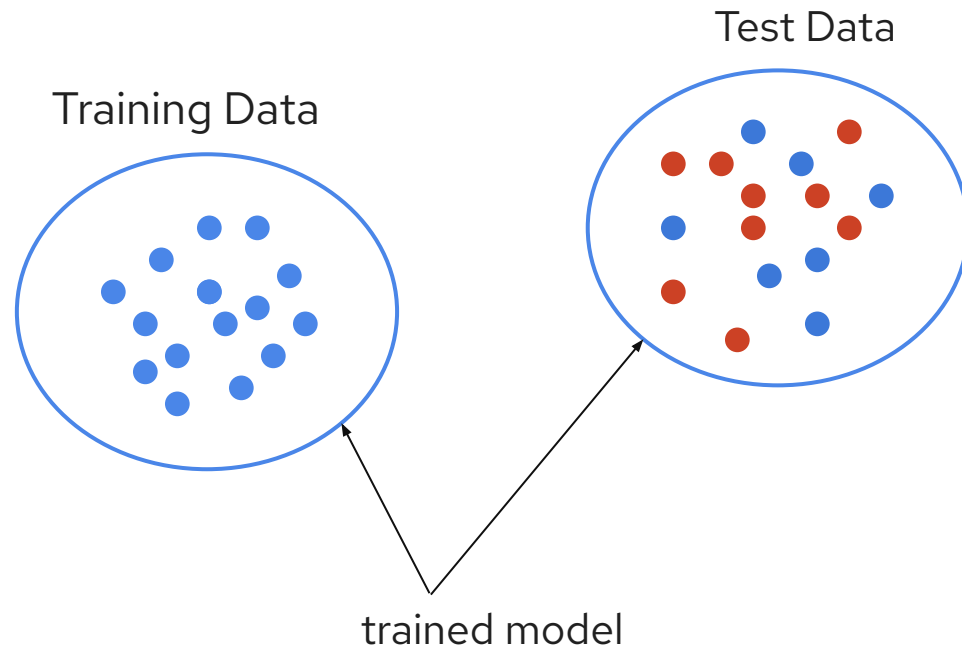
Problem- Distribution Shift



Solution 1 - Augmentation



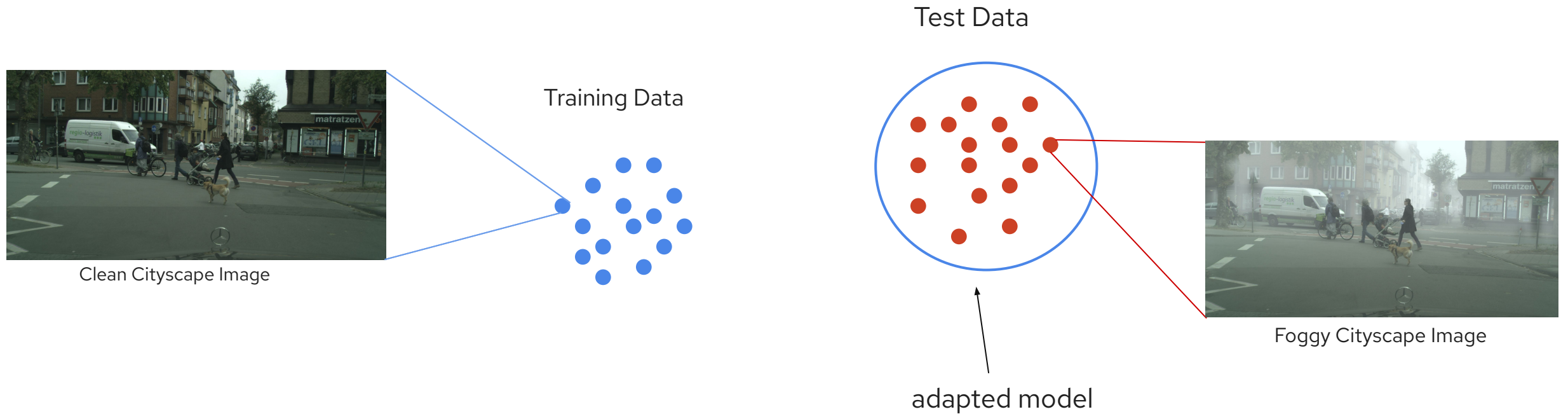
Solution 2 - Add Data from that Distribution



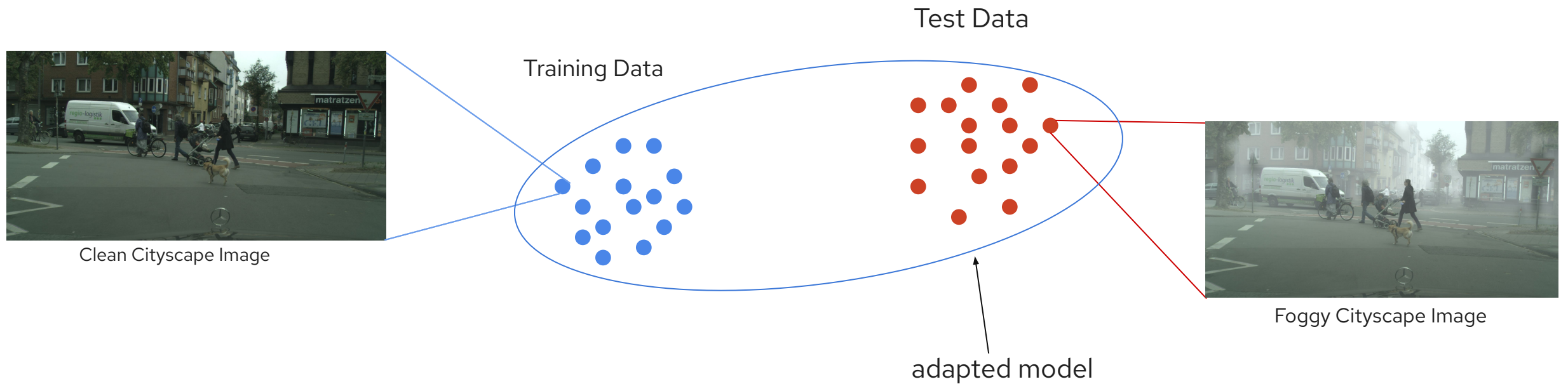
Drawback:

- Retraining Needed
- Annotation Effort

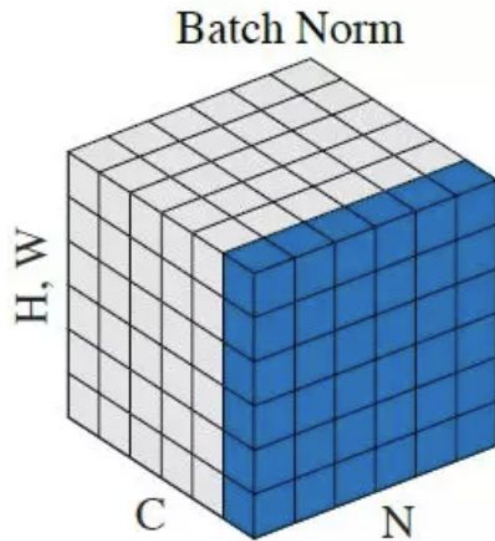
Solution 3 - Test Time Adaptation



Solution 3 - Test Time Adaptation



Batch Normalization



Input: Values of x over a mini-batch: $\mathcal{B} = \{x_{1\dots m}\}$;

Parameters to be learned: γ, β

Output: $\{y_i = \text{BN}_{\gamma, \beta}(x_i)\}$

$$\mu_{\mathcal{B}} \leftarrow \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m x_i \quad // \text{ mini-batch mean}$$

$$\sigma_{\mathcal{B}}^2 \leftarrow \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (x_i - \mu_{\mathcal{B}})^2 \quad // \text{ mini-batch variance}$$

$$\hat{x}_i \leftarrow \frac{x_i - \mu_{\mathcal{B}}}{\sqrt{\sigma_{\mathcal{B}}^2 + \epsilon}} \quad // \text{ normalize}$$

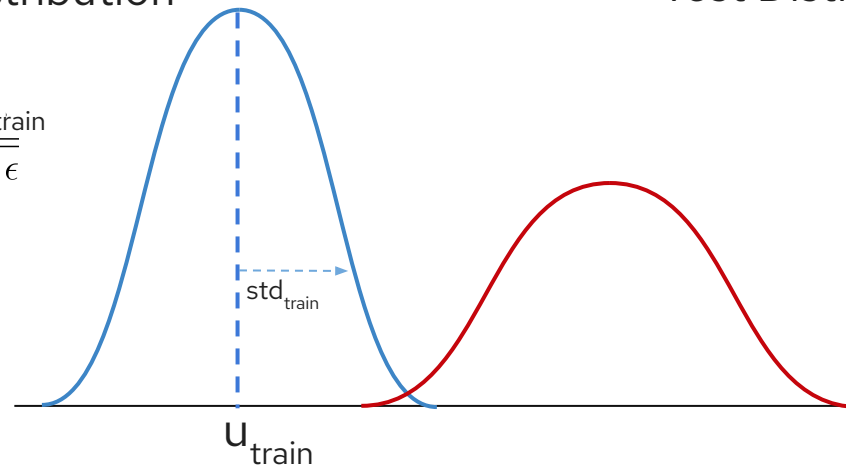
$$y_i \leftarrow \gamma \hat{x}_i + \beta \equiv \text{BN}_{\gamma, \beta}(x_i) \quad // \text{ scale and shift}$$

Adaptive Batch Normalization (AdaBN)

Training Distribution

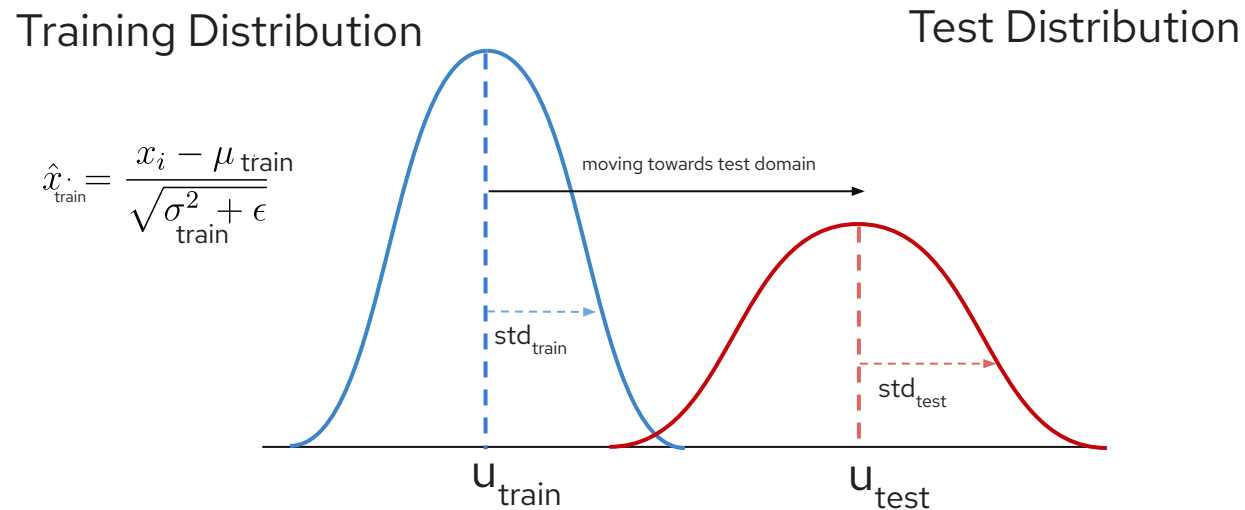
Test Distribution

$$\hat{x}_{\text{train}} = \frac{x_i - \mu_{\text{train}}}{\sqrt{\sigma_{\text{train}}^2 + \epsilon}}$$

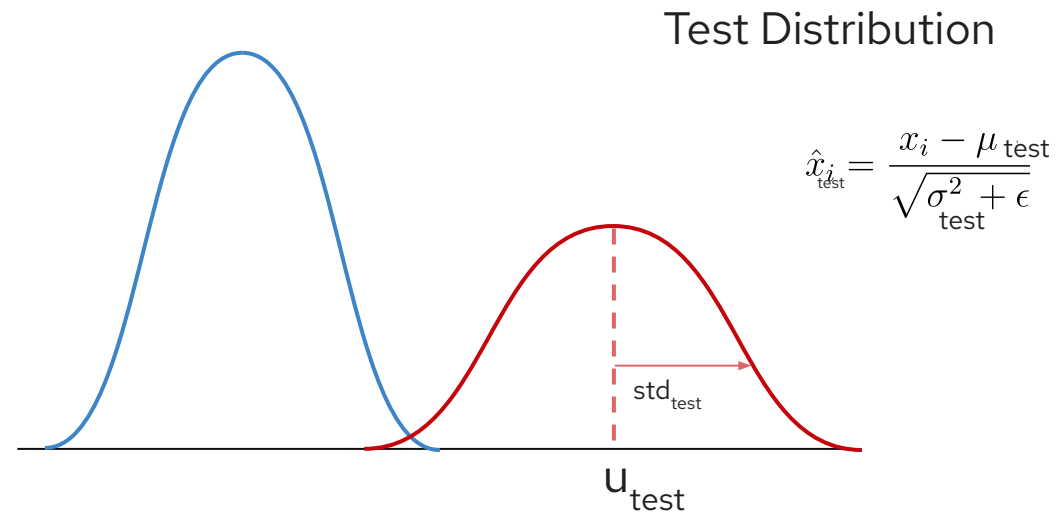


Adaptive Batch Normalization (AdaBN)

Learning mean and variance from test data

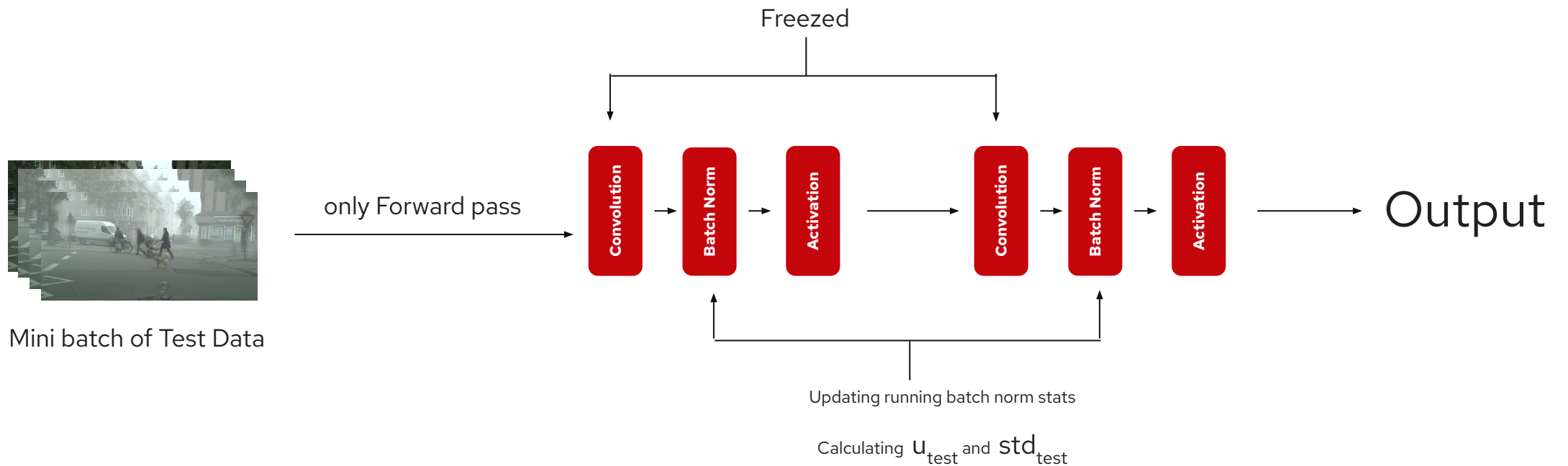


Adaptive Batch Normalization (AdaBN)



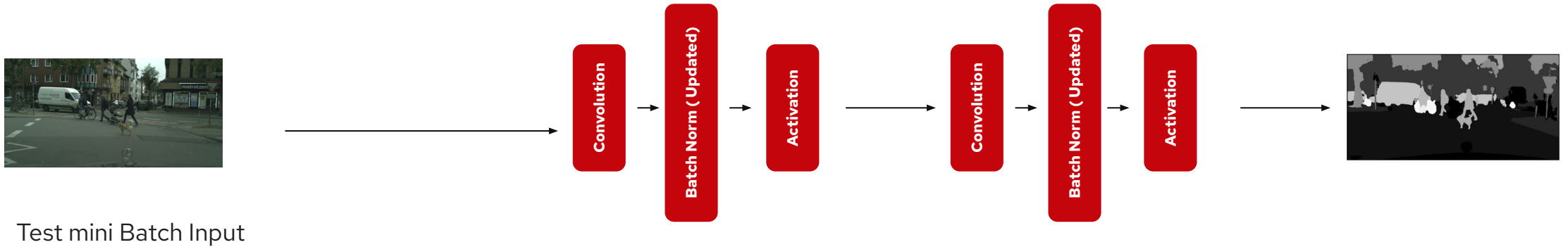
Adaptive Batch Normalization (AdaBN)

Iteratively Forward feed mini batches of Test Data



Adaptive Batch Normalization (AdaBN)

Inferring on test data



Experimental setup

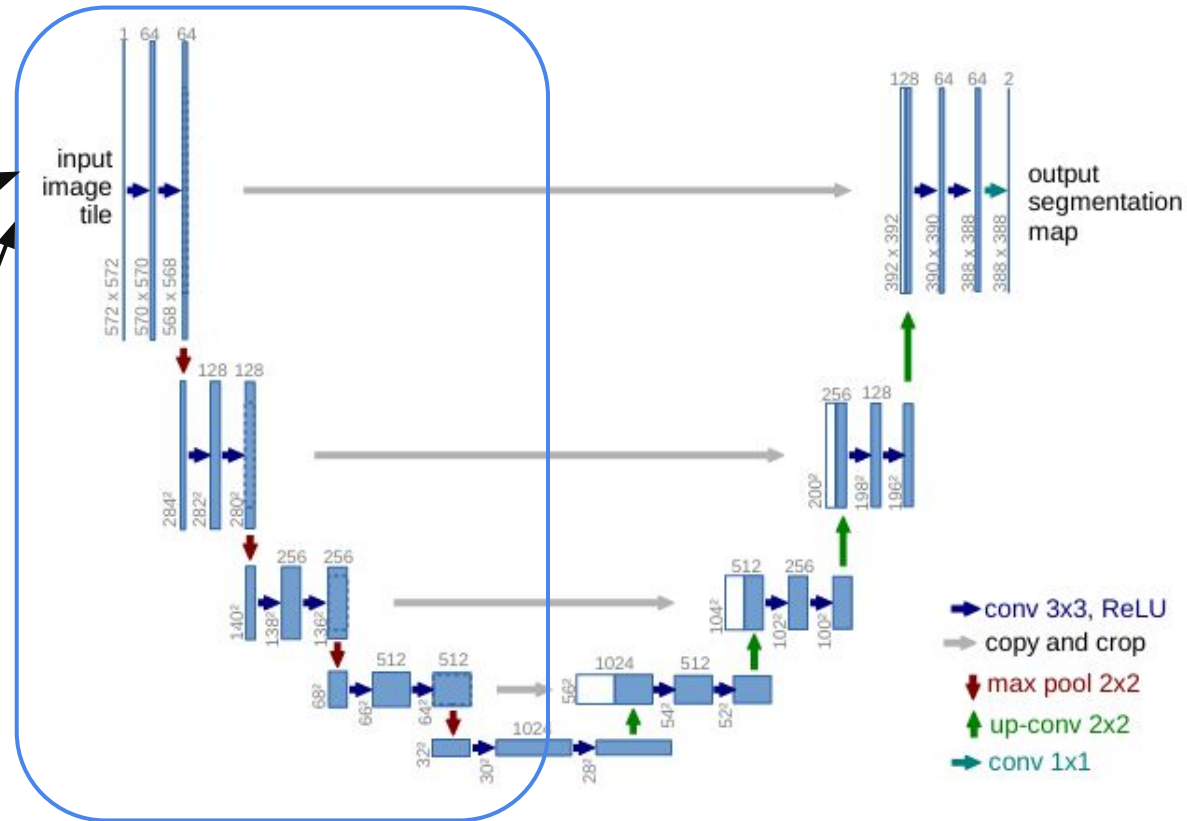
U-net architecture

2 baseline models:

1. Normal cityscape

2. Augmented cityscape

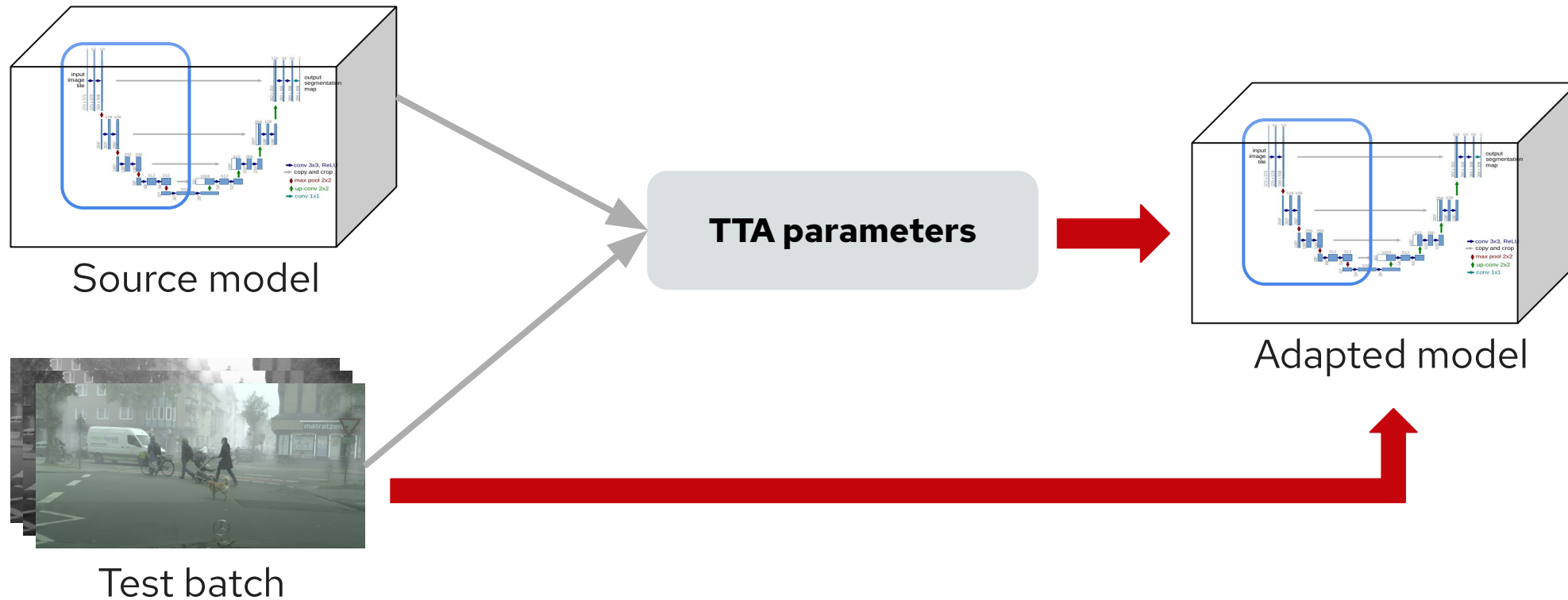
(flip, rotate, color, gamma distortions)



Encoder : Resnet50

$$\text{LOSS} = L_{\text{CE}} + L_{\text{DICE}}$$

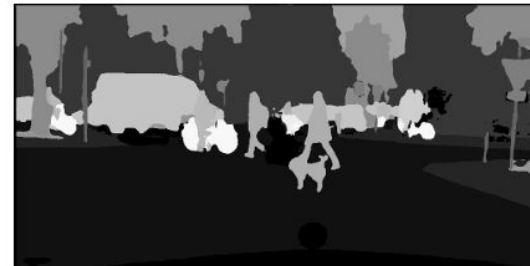
Experimental setup



Baseline Model Results

	Normal	Fog 0.005	Fog 0.01	Fog 0.02
w/o Aug	0.7	0.68	0.64	0.55
w/ Aug	0.72	0.7	0.67	0.62

Normal CityScape



Foggy CityScape



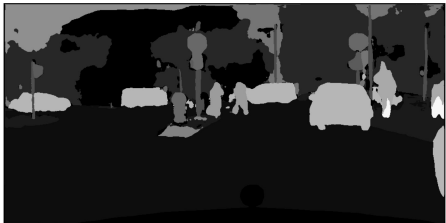
After TTN Results



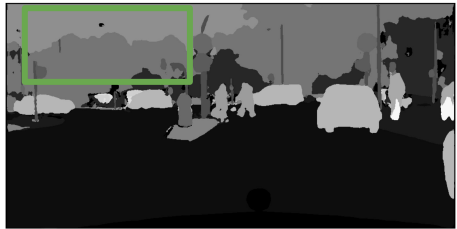
Fog 0.02, Batch size 8

Test:Train	No mix	0.2	0.5	1	Baseline
w/o aug	0.645	0.645	0.639	0.631	0.55
w/ Aug	0.689	0.693	0.691	0.682	0.62

Baseline model



After TTN





Weakness and Shortcomings

- Recomputing statistics during inference introduces additional computational costs, which may not be ideal for time-sensitive applications
- For substantial domain shifts, recalibrating the statistics may not be sufficient