Titanic Project

Data Exploration & Visualization

- 1. How many passengers survived and how many didn't? Plot a bar chart.
- 2. What percentage of males vs females survived? Use a countplot or pie chart.
- 3. Compare survival rate across passenger classes (Pclass). Which class had the highest survival rate?
- 4. Plot the age distribution. Then, compare the average age of survivors vs non-survivors.
- 5. Do passengers with family (SibSp or Parch) have higher survival rates?
- 6. What is the survival rate for passengers who paid more than the average fare?
- 7. Create a new column dividing passengers into "child" (Age < 16), "adult", and "senior" (Age > 60). Which group survived the most?
- 8. Check for missing values in the dataset. How did you handle them before modeling?
- 9. Create a heatmap showing correlation between numerical columns. What insights can you draw?
- 10. Plot survival counts for each Embarked location (Embarked). Which location had the highest survival rate?

Modeling with Random Forest

- 11. Train a Random Forest classifier and print the accuracy.
- 12. What happens to the accuracy when you change n_estimators (e.g., 10, 100, 500)?
- 13. Use .predict() to make predictions for the first 10 rows. Compare with actual survival values.
- 14. Plot a confusion matrix for the Random Forest model. Explain what the matrix tells you.
- 15. List the top 3 most important features according to the Random Forest model.

- 16. Use cross_val_score to evaluate model performance. What's the average accuracy across folds?
- 17. Try changing max_depth of the Random Forest. How does it affect accuracy and overfitting?
- 18. Compare Random Forest accuracy with a simple Decision Tree. Which performs better and why?

Critical Thinking & Interpretation

- 19. What 3 factors seem to affect survival the most based on your analysis and model?
- 20. If you were going to improve the model, what extra data (features) would you collect and why?