Homework 4 – Machine Learning

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Problem 1 – SVM Weight Vector

Minimizing the norm of the weight vector w which is minimizing $J(w) = \frac{1}{2} ||w||^2$, is equivalent to maximizing $m = \frac{2}{||w||}$ which is the margin between closest samples and hyperplane. It means that we have bigger space between objects close to the support vector (hyperplane) which classifies different classes and we will have more accurate classification.

Problem 2 - LibLinear

The library has been installed and used to solve the problem with arguments '-c 1 -v 5 -q' for C=1 and 5fold in quiet mode. The code is attached. I ran the algorithm 10 times and shuffled the data for each run. Average accuracy for 10 runs was around 56%.

Problem 3 – AdaBoost

I have followed the procedure and calculated the weak learners, their directions, strong learners, their directions and accuracies. The code is attached. This the sample output:

```
The accuracy for round 1 is 75.00% with following weak learners:
6.0000 143.0000 96.0000 43.0000 142.0000 40.8000 1.1010 40.0000
The accuracy for round 2 is 75.00% with following weak learners:
6.0000 106.0000 78.0000 31.0000 142.0000 29.9000 0.5010 28.0000
The accuracy for round 3 is 75.00% with following weak learners:
6.0000 111.0000 44.0000 31.0000 142.0000 29.9000 0.5010 21.0000
Strong features are:
2 8 6
The final accuracy is 75.00% with following strong learners:
143.0000 28.0000 29.9000
The directions of strong selections are:
1 1 1
Note:
1 means that greater than theta is in class 1 and,
2 means that greater than theta is in class 2.
```

Appendix 1 - MATLAB Code

```
clear
close all
clc
tic
data = dlmread('pima-indians-diabetes.data.txt');
data = reshape(data,[],9);
active_feat = 2:4;
accuracy = zeros(1,10);
for i = 1:10
  rp = randperm(length(data));
  data=data(rp,:);
  train_data = sparse(data(:, active_feat));
train_label = data(:,end);
   model = train(train label, train data, '-c 1 -v 5 -q');
  accuracy(i) = model;
end
fprintf('\n\nThe mean accuracy is %4.2f%%:\n\n\n', mean(accuracy))
toc
clear
close all
clc
tic
AdaRun = 3;
data = dlmread('pima-indians-diabetes.data.txt');
data = reshape(data,[],9);
active feat = 1:8;
X = data(:,active feat);
Y = data(:,end);
Y(Y == 0) = -1;
[N, f] = size(X);
D = 1 / N * ones(N,1);
alpha = zeros(1,AdaRun);
h = zeros(N,AdaRun);
```

```
strong features = zeros(1,AdaRun);
strong learners = zeros(1,AdaRun);
strong directions = zeros(1,AdaRun);
weak learners = zeros(f,AdaRun);
weak directions = zeros(f,AdaRun);
for r = 1:AdaRun
  min error = inf;
  for i = 1:f
     theta = unique(X(:,i));
     weak error = inf;
     for j = 1:numel(theta)
       % Positive direction
       pred_labels = 2 * (X(:,i) > theta(j)) - 1;
       err = sum((Y \sim = pred_labels) .* D) ./ sum(D);
       if err < weak error
          weak learners(i,r) = theta(j);
          weak directions(i,r) = 1;
          weak_error = err;
       end
       if err < min error
          strong features(r) = i;
          min error = err;
          strong directions(r) = 1;
          h(:,r) = pred labels;
          strong learners(r) = theta(j);
       end
       % Negative Direction
       pred labels = 2 * (X(:,i) < theta(j)) - 1;
       err = sum((Y \sim = pred labels) .* D) ./ sum(D);
       if err < weak error
          weak learners(i,r) = theta(j);
          weak directions(i,r) = 2;
          weak error = err;
       if err < min error
          strong features(r) = i;
          min_error = err;
          strong directions(r) = 2;
          h(:,r) = pred labels;
          strong learners(r) = theta(j);
       end
     end
  end
  alpha(r) = 0.5 * log((1-min_error)/min_error);
  D = D .* exp(-alpha(r) .* Y .* h(:,r)) ...
     ./ sum(exp(-alpha(r) .* Y .* h(:,r)));
```

```
H = sign(h(:,1:r) * alpha(1,1:r)');
  fprintf(['\nThe accuracy for round %d is %4.2f%% ' ...
     'with following weak learners:\n\n'], ...
     r, sum(H==Y)/N*100)
  disp(weak_learners(:,r)')
end
H = sign(h * alpha');
fprintf ('\n\n\strong features are:\n\n')
disp(strong features)
fprintf(['The final accuracy is %4.2f%% with following ' ...
   'strong learners:\n\n'], sum(H==Y)/N*100)
disp(strong learners)
fprintf ('The directions of strong selections are:\n')
disp(strong directions)
fprintf (['Note: \n\t1 means that greater than theat is in class 1 and, ' ...
     '\n\t2 means that greater than theta is in class 2.\n\n\n'])
```

toc