

# My First contribution in Linux kernel

and it's not that hard!

#WMI

#ACPI

#RGB\_KEYBOARD



#Reverse\_engineering

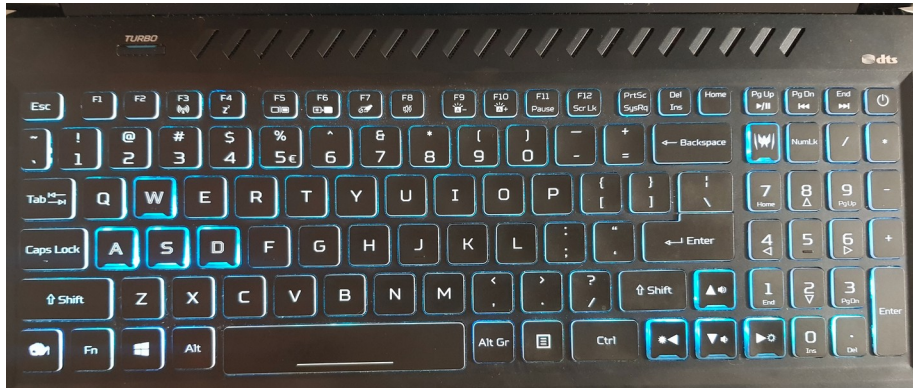
Presented by: Jafar Akhondali  
Oct, 2021

# Overview

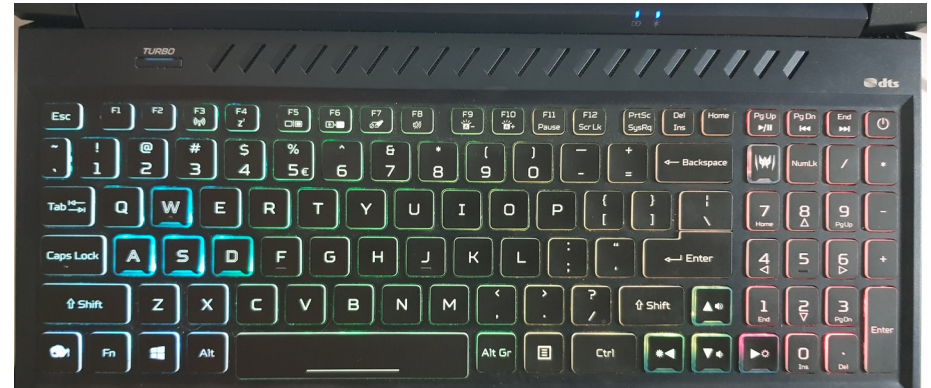
- Problem statement
- Where should I even start?
- How does the low-level operations work
- Implementing the solution in a kernel module
- Submitting the patch (not pull request!)

# What were the problems?

Gnu/Linux



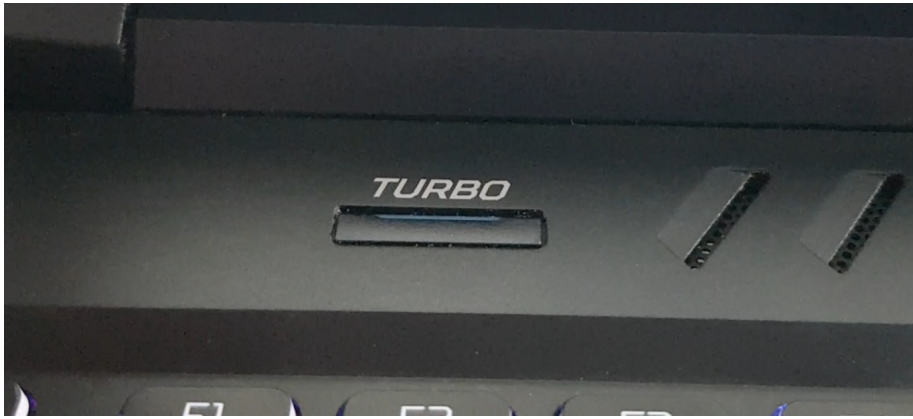
Windows



***Can't change keyboard color and effects in Linux***

# What were the problems?

Gnu/Linux



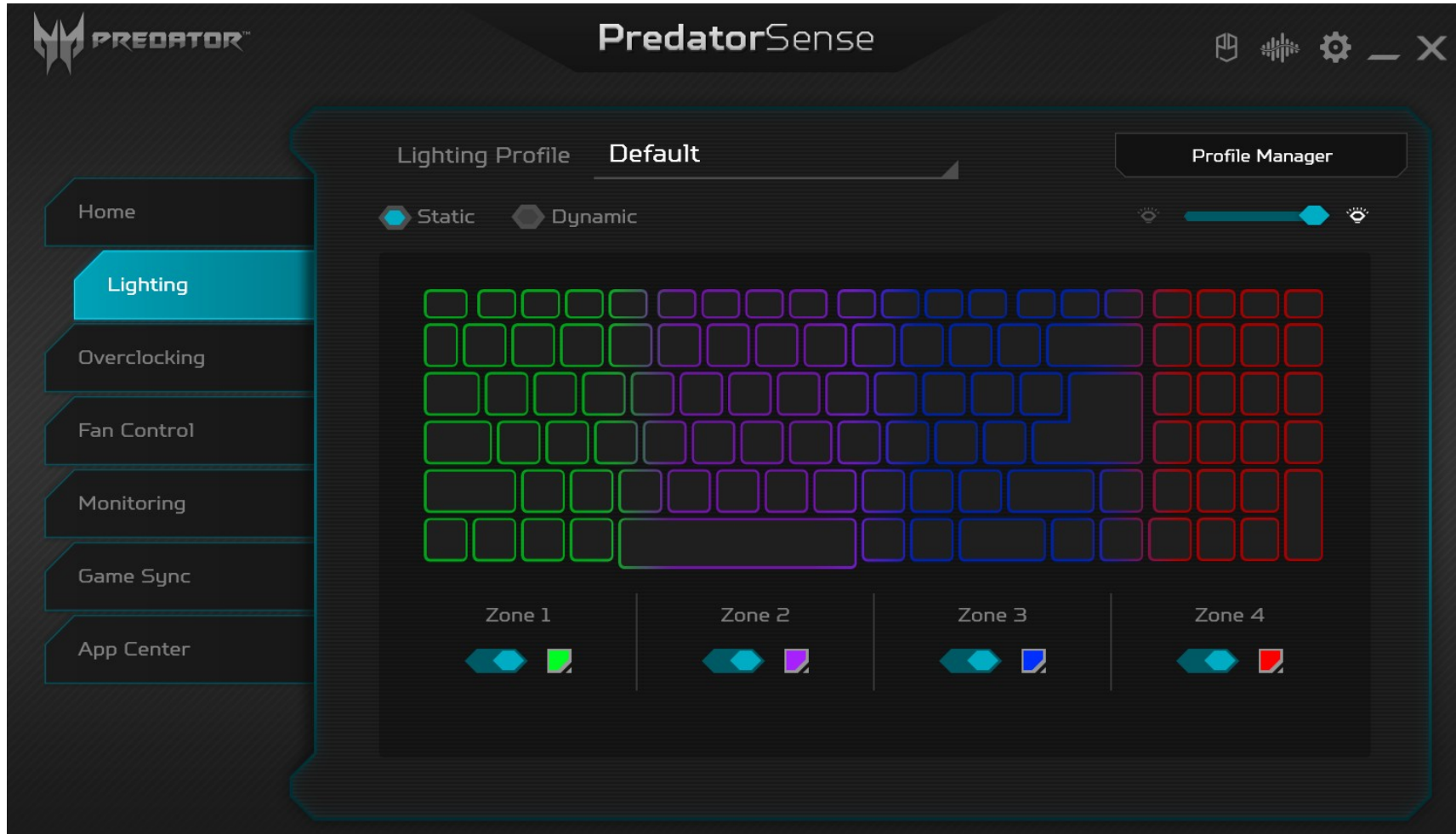
Windows



***Turbo mode only works in Windows***

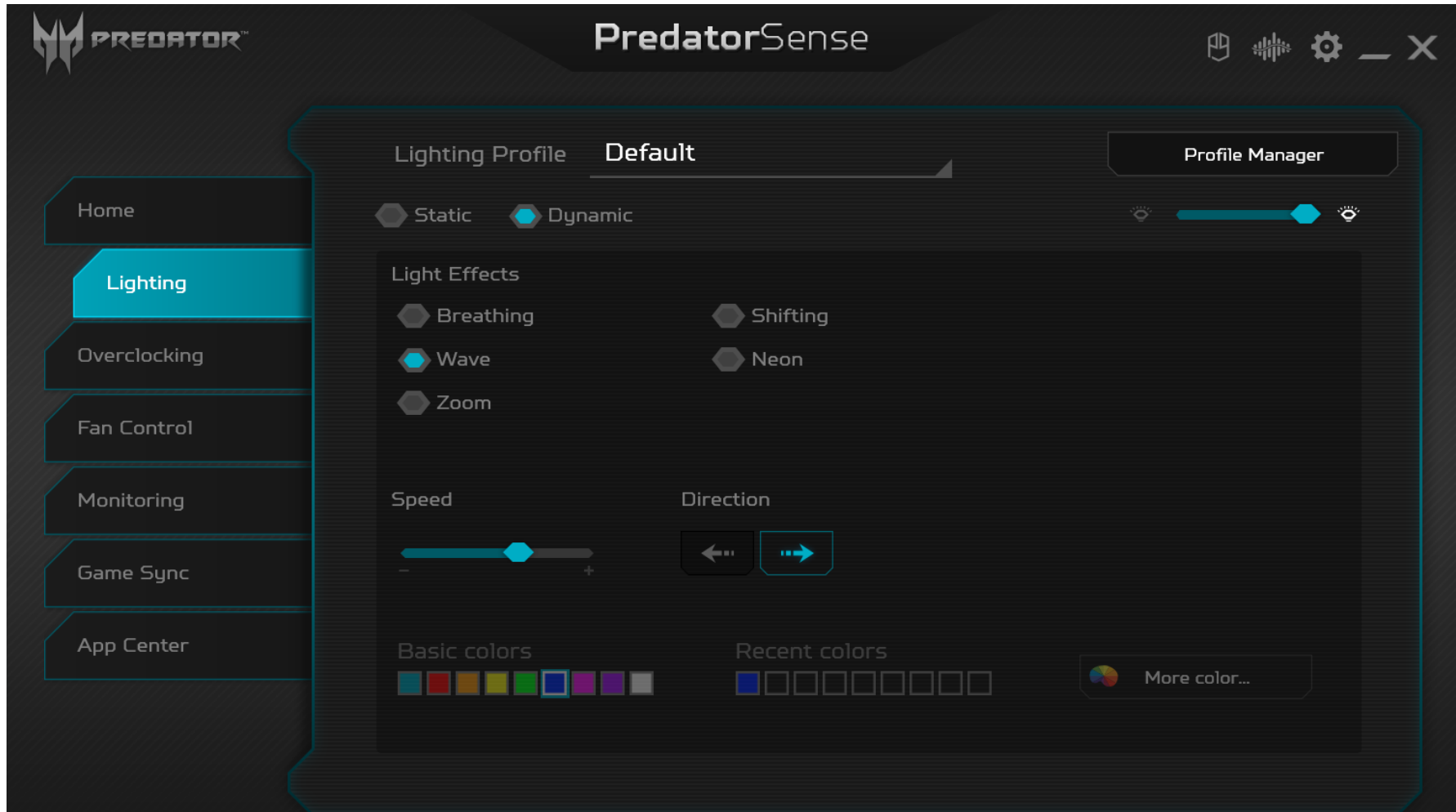
# Predator Sense:

Official Acer software to control software in windows



# Predator Sense:

Official Acer software to control software in windows



# Let's Google it

Reddit:

[https://www.reddit.com/r/linuxhardware/comments/jemxq2/linux\\_support\\_on\\_acer\\_predator\\_helios\\_300\\_2020/](https://www.reddit.com/r/linuxhardware/comments/jemxq2/linux_support_on_acer_predator_helios_300_2020/)

AskUbuntu:

<https://askubuntu.com/questions/1227139/how-to-enable-the-turbo-button-on-acer-predator-helios-300-in-ubuntu/1357954#1357954>

Github: No

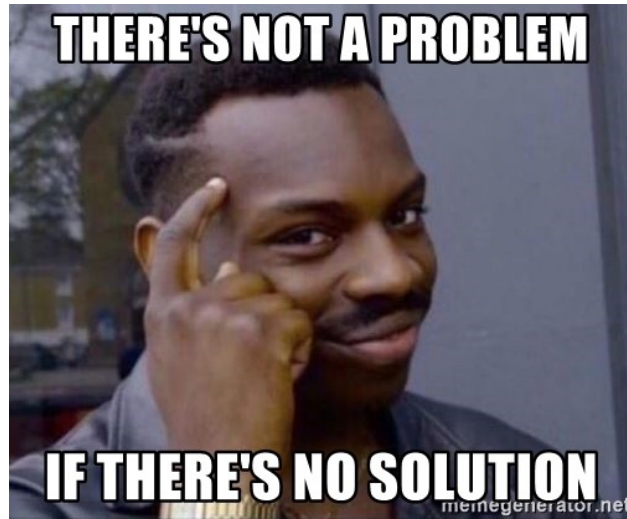
Acer Community:

<https://community.acer.com/en/discussion/610885/acer-predator-helios-300-ubuntu-20-04-rgb-keyboard-backlight>

1~3 year old threads

<https://community.acer.com/en/discussion/632698/ph315-52-how-to-control-keyboard-backlight-on-linux>





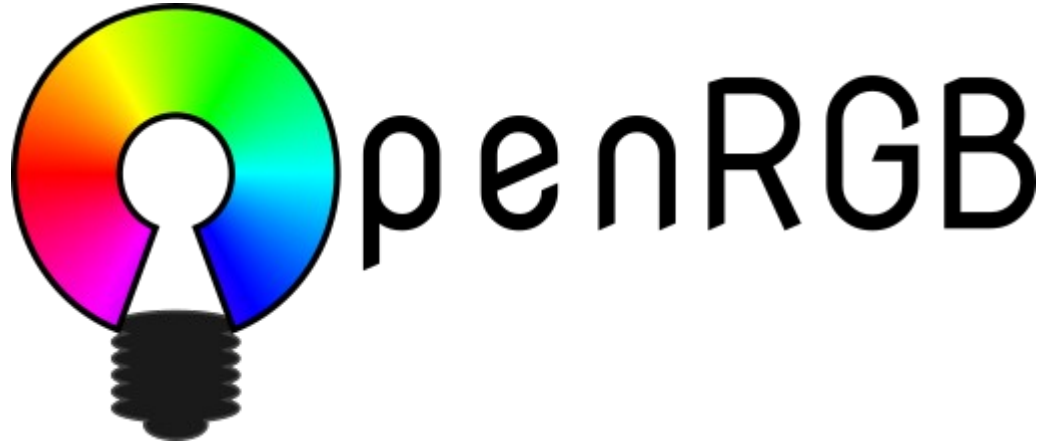
I just ignored keyboard colors for ~2 months

but ...

I do really LOVE RGB



OpenRGB



Open source RGB lighting control that doesn't depend on manufacturer software.

Opened issue on their Gitlab repository

No answers :-)

# Other solutions?

- Install Predator Sense on a virtual machine Windows image? Didn't work.
- Install Power shell on Windows? (we'll cover it later), but didn't help
- ?

## Let's begin

At this state, I was sure no one will implement this soon in Gnu/Linux.

But can I do this?

### Problems:

- 1) I'm not a C expert
- 2) I don't know how these low-level operations work
- 3) I don't know how to write a driver
- 4) I don't even know the list of things I need to know

# How does Predator Sense controls the hardware?!

**First idea:**

OpenRGB mostly tries to implement data transferred by USB.

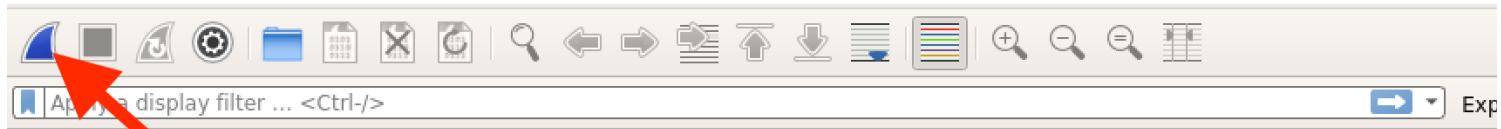
Let's see if Predator Sense uses USB!

But how can I check that?





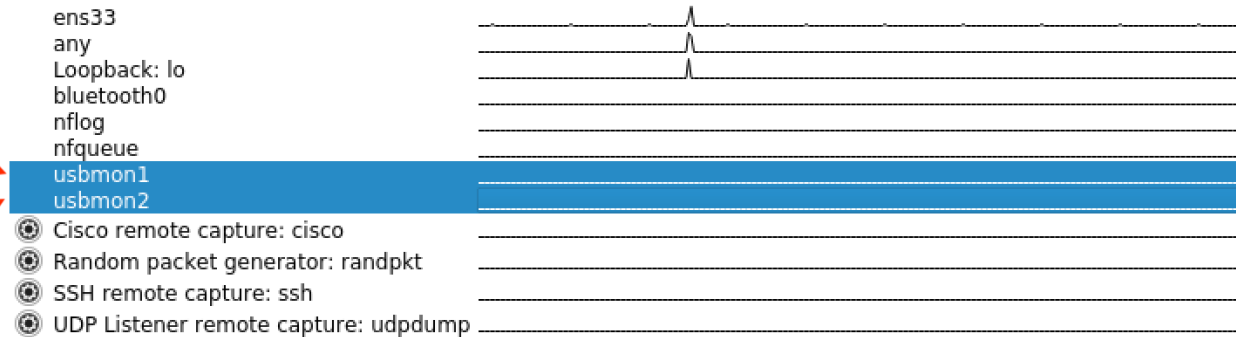
The world's foremost and widely-used network protocol analyzer



Welcome to Wireshark

## Capture

...using this filter:  All interfaces shown



# Let's dive deeper

- Monitor hard drive activities
- Monitor Windows registry changes
- Check files inside Predator Sense
- Check startup service for Predator Sense
- Reverse engineering?

# De-compiling Predator Sense



# dotPeek

part of dotUltimate

Free .NET Decompiler and Assembly  
Browser

# Source Code

The screenshot displays the JetBrains dotPeek application interface. On the left, the Assembly Explorer shows the project structure for PredatorSense (3.0.3146.0, x64, .Net Framework v4.5). The main pane shows the source code of the CommonFunction class in datorSense.cs. The code includes various using statements for System.Linq, System.Management, System.Runtime, System.Security, System.Text, System.Text.RegularExpressions, System.Threading.Tasks, System.Windows, System.Windows.Media, System.Windows.Media.Imaging, TsDotNetLib, and Windows.Networking.Connectivity. The class contains several public static fields for CPU and GPU angles and maximum frequencies, and public static strings for session parameters.

```
19 using System.Linq;
20 using System.Management;
21 using System.Runtime.CompilerServices;
22 using System.Runtime.InteropServices;
23 using System.Security;
24 using System.Text;
25 using System.Text.RegularExpressions;
26 using System.Threading.Tasks;
27 using System.Windows;
28 using System.Windows.Media;
29 using System.Windows.Media.Imaging;
30 using TsDotNetLib;
31 using Windows.Networking.Connectivity;
32
33 namespace PredatorSense
34 {
35     public class CommonFunction
36     {
37         public static int Last_CPU_Angle = 0;
38         public static int Current_CPU_Angle = 0;
39         public static int Current_CPU_MaxMHz = 0;
40         public static int Current_CPU_MaxAngle = 0;
41         public static int CPUNormal_MaxMHz = 0;
42         public static int CPUFaster_MaxMHz = 0;
43         public static int CPUBoosted_MaxMHz = 0;
44         public static int CPUTurbo_MaxMHz = 0;
45         public static int[] Last_GPU_Angle = new int[4];
46         public static int[] Current_GPU_Angle = new int[4];
47         public static int[] Current_GPU_MaxMHz = new int[4];
48         public static int[] Current_GPU_MaxAngle = new int[4];
49         public static int[] GPUNormal_MaxMHz = new int[4];
50         public static int[] GPUFaster_MaxMHz = new int[4];
51         public static int[] GPUBoosted_MaxMHz = new int[4];
52         public static int[] GPUTurbo_MaxMHz = new int[4];
53         public static string SESSION_COMMONPARAMETER = "CommonPatameter";
54         public static string SESSION_GAMEPATH = "GamePath";
55         public static string SESSION_HOTKEY_PROFILE = "HotkeyProfile";
56         public static string SESSION_LIGHTING_PROFILE = "LightingProfile";
```

At the bottom, the Find Results pane shows "No search results available" with the instruction "Use Shift+F12". An "Activate Windows" watermark is visible in the bottom right corner.



# Searching for RGB

## In Predator Sense Source Code

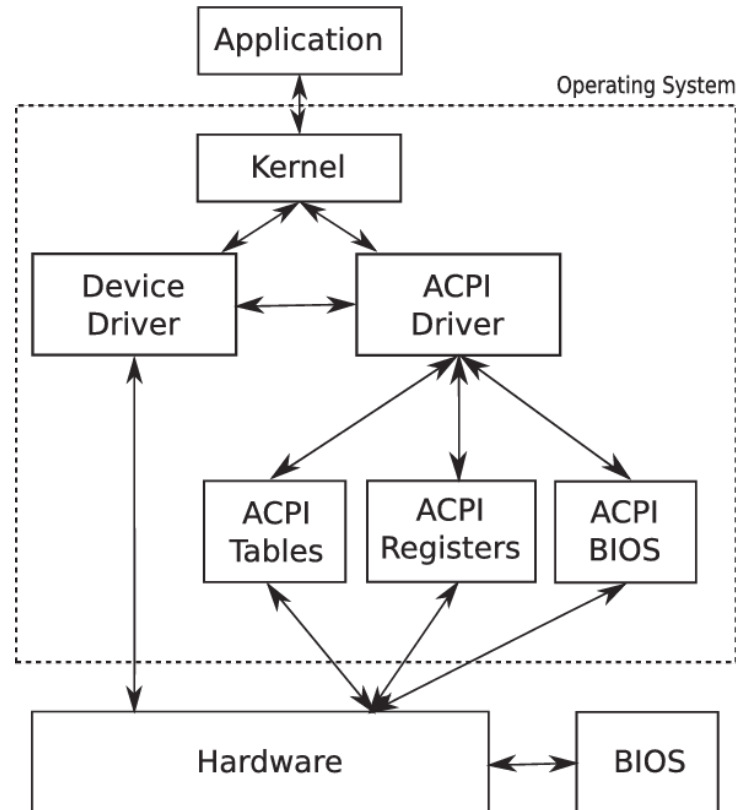
The screenshot displays the Visual Studio IDE with the 'Assembly Explorer' on the left and the 'PredatorSense.cs' file open in the main editor. The 'Assembly Explorer' shows the project structure, including the 'rgb' search filter. The main editor shows the 'LightingPage.cs' file with a search result highlighted at line 734.

```
704 case 0:
705     num2 = 0.0;
706     break;
707 case 50:
708     num2 = 0.5;
709     break;
710 case 100:
711     num2 = 1.0;
712     break;
713 default:
714     num2 = 1.0;
715     break;
716 }
717 try
718 {
719     LightingProfileXML lightingProfileXml = new LightingProfileXML(CommonFunction.lighting_profile_path + this.current_lighting_prof
720 for (int index = 0; index < ((IEnumerable<string>) this.ZoneName).Count<string>()); ++index)
721 {
722     Color color = (Color) ColorConverter.ConvertFromString(lightingProfileXml.lightingeffects_group_content.lightingeffects_conten
723     ulong uint64_1 = Convert.ToUInt64(Math.Floor(Convert.ToDouble((object) color.R, (IFormatProvider) CultureInfo.InvariantCulture
724     ulong uint64_2 = Convert.ToUInt64(Math.Floor(Convert.ToDouble((object) color.G, (IFormatProvider) CultureInfo.InvariantCulture
725     ulong uint64_3 = Convert.ToUInt64(Math.Floor(Convert.ToDouble((object) color.B, (IFormatProvider) CultureInfo.InvariantCulture
726     if (index + 1 == 1)
727         input = (ulong) (1L | (long) uint64_1 << 8 | (long) uint64_2 << 16 | (long) uint64_3 << 24);
728     else if (index + 1 == 2)
729         input = (ulong) (2L | (long) uint64_1 << 8 | (long) uint64_2 << 16 | (long) uint64_3 << 24);
730     else if (index + 1 == 3)
731         input = (ulong) (4L | (long) uint64_1 << 8 | (long) uint64_2 << 16 | (long) uint64_3 << 24);
732     else if (index + 1 == 4)
733         input = (ulong) (8L | (long) uint64_1 << 8 | (long) uint64_2 << 16 | (long) uint64_3 << 24);
734     WMIFunction.WMISetGamingRgbKbSetting(input).GetAwaiter();
735 }
736 }
737 catch (Exception ex)
738 {
739     TsDotNetLib.Log.LogWrite(this._log, LogType.Exception, MethodBase.GetCurrentMethod().Name, "ex = " + ex.ToString());
740 }
741 }
```

# WMI & ACPI

Windows Management Instrumentation(WMI)  
Advanced Configuration and Power Interface(ACPI)

WMI Is a subset of ACPI which allows interacting with low-level hardware features of a system.



# WMI Explorer

## A mini tool to view\interact with WMI Methods

Classes (1550) Search

Quick Filter:

Classes

Name	Lazy...	Description	Path
AcerBiosConfiguration...	False	Acer BIOS Setting To...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AcerGamingFunction	False	Class used to Gamin...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AcpiControlStatus	False	ACPI control and status	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AcpiGenAddr	False	Generic Address Des...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AcpiPct	False	Acpi_PCT	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AcpiPss	False	Processor Performan...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AcpiPssState	False	Acpi_PSS State	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
ACPITrace	False	ACPI Driver Trace Pr...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
ActivityTransfer	False	Activity Transfer Event	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AllocateSegment	False	Segment allocation	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AllocationTick	False	Allocation Tick	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
ALPC	False	ALPC Event	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
ALPC_Receive_Mess...	False	ALPC Receive Mess...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
ALPC_Send_Message	False	ALPC Send Message	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
ALPC_Unwait	False	ALPC Unwait	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
ALPC_Wait_For_New...	False	ALPC Wait For New ...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
ALPC_Wait_For_Reply	False	ALPC Wait For Reply	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AMLIEvalData1	False	AMLi Eval Trace Pro...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AMLIEvalData1_Type...	False	AMLi Eval Trace Pro...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AntiStarvationBoost	False	Anti Starvation Boost ...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
APGeAction	False	APGe WMI Method, V...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
APGeEvent	False	APGe WMI Event, Ve...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AtaportGuid	False	ATA Port Driver Traci...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AuthenticodeVerificati...	False	AuthenticodeVerificati...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AUTHFWCFG	False	AuthFw NetShell Plugin	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AutoBoostClearFloor	False	AutoBoost Clear Floo...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AutoBoostEntryExhau...	False	AutoBoost Entry Exha...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AutoBoostSetFloor	False	AutoBoost Set Floor ...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
BatteryControl	False	Class used to control ...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
BatteryCycleCount	False	Battery Cycle Count	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
BatteryFullChargedCa...	False	Battery Fully Charged...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
BatteryRuntime	False	Estimated Runtime	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
BatteryStaticData	False	Battery Static Data	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...

Instances (1) Properties (2) Methods (25) Query Script Logging

Class Properties

Property Name	Type	Enumeration Available	Lazy	Description
Active	Boolean	False	False	
InstanceName	String	False	False	

**AcerGamingFunction Class**

Class used to Gaming Function, Version 2.76

**Class Qualifiers:**

Description  
dynamic - True  
guid - {7A4DDFE7-5B5D-40B4-8595-4408E0CC7F56}  
Locale - MS10x409  
provider - WmiProv  
WMI - True

**Properties:**

Active - Boolean

Qualifiers: CIMTYPE, read

[Description Not Available]

# Playing with RGB Colors

## And check WMI changes

WMI Explorer 2.0.0.2 (Administrator)

File Launch Help

Computer: DESKTOP-UDA2M7U [Connect] Mode: ☒ Asynchronous ☐ Synchronous Class Enumeration Options: Filter: % ☐ Include System Classes ☐ Include CIM Classes ☐ Include Perf Classes ☐ Include MSFT Classes [Refresh Classes]

Namespaces: \\DESKTOP-UDA2M7U\ROOT\WMI\ms\_409

Classes (1550) Search: Quick Filter: [ ]

Name	Lazy...	Description	Path
AcerBiosConfiguration...	False	Acer BIOS Setting To...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AcerGamingFunction	False	Class used to Gamin...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AcpiControlStatus	False	ACPI control and status	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AcpiGenAddr	False	Generic Address Des...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AcpiPct	False	Acpi _PCT	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AcpiPss	False	Processor Performan...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AcpiPssState	False	Acpi _PSS State	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
ACPITrace	False	ACPI Driver Trace Pr...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
ActivityTransfer	False	Activity Transfer Event	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AllocateSegment	False	Segment allocation	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AllocationTick	False	Allocation Tick	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
ALPC	False	ALPC Event	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
ALPC_Receive_Mess...	False	ALPC Receive Mess...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
ALPC_Send_Message	False	ALPC Send Message	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
ALPC_Unwait	False	ALPC Unwait	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
ALPC_Wait_For_New...	False	ALPC Wait For New ...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
ALPC_Wait_For_Reply	False	ALPC Wait For Reply	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AMLEvalData1	False	AMLI Eval Trace Pro...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AMLEvalData1_Type...	False	AMLI Eval Trace Pro...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AntiStarvationBoost	False	Anti Starvation Boost...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
APGeAction	False	APGe WMI Method, V...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
APGeEvent	False	APGe WMI Event, Ve...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AtaportGuid	False	ATA Port Driver Traci...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AuthenticcodeVerificati...	False	AuthenticcodeVerificati...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AUTHFWCFG	False	AuthFw NetShell Plugin	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AutoBoostClearFloor	False	AutoBoost Clear Floo...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AutoBoostEntryExhau...	False	AutoBoost Entry Exha...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
AutoBoostSetFloor...	False	AutoBoost Set Floor ...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
BatteryControl	False	Class used to control...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
BatteryCycleCount	False	Battery Cycle Count	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
BatteryFullChargedCa...	False	Battery Fully Charged...	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
BatteryRuntime	False	Estimated Runtime	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...
BatteryStaticData	False	Battery Static Data	\\DESKTOP-UDA2M...

Instances (1) Properties (2) Methods (25) Query Script Logging

Instance Options: Quick Filter: [ ] ☐ Show Null Values ☐ Show System Properties [Refresh Instances] [Refresh Object]

Instances: AcerGamingFunction InstanceName=ACPI\PNP0C14\APGe\_0

Properties: \*InstanceName: ACPI\PNP0C14\APGe\_0, Active: True

Methods (25): GetCPUOverclockingProfile, GetGamingFanBehavior, GetGamingFanSpeed, GetGamingFanTable, GetGamingKBBBacklight, GetGamingLED, GetGamingLEDBehavior, GetGamingLEDColor, GetGamingMiscSetting, GetGamingProfile, GetGamingProfileSetting, GetGamingRgbKb, SetCPUOverclockingProfile, SetGamingFanBehavior, SetGamingFanSpeed, SetGamingFanTable, SetGamingKBBBacklight, SetGamingLED, SetGamingLEDBehavior, SetGamingLEDColor, SetGamingMiscSetting, SetGamingProfile, SetGamingProfileSetting, SetGamingRgbKb

WQL Query (Selected Object): Query: SELECT \* FROM AcerGamingFunction WHERE InstanceName='ACPI\PNP0C14\APGe\_0'

Showing 1550 cached classes for ROOT\WMI from 11:32:16 Retrieved 1 instances from AcerGamingFunction

Activate Windows Go to Settings to activate Windows now [Execute]

Time to Enumerate Instances: 00:00.003

# Playing with RGB Colors

## And check WMI changes

Execute Method

GetGamingKBBacklight Method for  
\\DESKTOP-UDA2M7U\ROOT\WMI:AcerGamingFunction

Input Parameters

This method doesn't have any Input Parameters.

Output Parameters

Properties	
gmOutput	Byte[] Array
[0]	1
[1]	5
[2]	100
[3]	0
[4]	0
[5]	255
[6]	255

Copy Output

Execute

Close

Successfully executed method.

# What is the meaning of these bytes?!

Change Keyboard Animation Direction:  
From **Left-To-Right** to **Right-To-Left**

Before	3	6	100	8	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
After	3	6	100	8	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

# What is the meaning of these bytes?!

Change Keyboard Animation Color:  
From **Blue** to **White**

Blue RGB color: 0, 0, 255

Before	1	5	100	0	0	0	0	255	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
After	1	5	100	0	0	255	255	255	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

White RGB color: 255, 255, 255

# Let's wrap it up

Byte	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Action	Effect Mode	Speed	Brightness	Unknown	Animation Direction	RGB Red	RGB Green	RGB Blue



# Implementing the solution

- 1) How can I interact with WMI functions in Linux?
- 2) How can I implement it in C programming language?
- 3) Can I simply use GUID and method name in Linux?
- 4) Where should I start?

# Faustus

Experimental unofficial Linux platform driver module for **ASUS TUF Gaming series** laptops

Looks exactly like what I'm trying to do, but for Asus ( my laptop is Acer)

- What did he change?!
- He modified a file related to Asus WMI in Linux kernel
- For some reason, WMI Method names are not available in Linux! I'll have to look for equivalent Method IDs

# What are the changes in Faustus?

Let's detect Faustus changes with actual kernel code for Asus-wmi driver in Linux Kernel  
( linux/drivers/platform/x86/asus-wmi.c )

```
kernel.c (/home/black-hole/projects/devops/backend/phoenix/TESTME)
#include <linux/pci.h>
#include <linux/pci_hotplug.h>
#include <linux/hwmon.h>
#include <linux/hwmon-sysfs.h>
#include <linux/debugfs.h>
#include <linux/seq_file.h>
#include <linux/platform_data/x86/asus-wmi.h>
#include <linux/platform_device.h>
#include <linux/thermal.h>
#include <linux/acpi.h>
#include <linux/dmi.h>
#include <acpi/video.h>

#include "asus-wmi.h"

MODULE_AUTHOR("Corentin Chary <corentin.chary@gmail.com>,"
              "Yong Wang <yong.y.wang@intel.com>");
MODULE_DESCRIPTION("Asus Generic WMI Driver");
MODULE_LICENSE("GPL");

#define to_asus_wmi_driver(pdev) \
    (container_of(pdev, struct asus_wmi_driver, platform_driver))

#define ASUS_WMI_MGMT_GUID "97845ED0-4E6D-11DE-8A39-0800200C9A66"

#define NOTIFY_BRNUP_MIN 0x11
#define NOTIFY_BRNUP_MAX 0x1f
#define NOTIFY_BRNDOWN_MIN 0x20
#define NOTIFY_BRNDOWN_MAX 0x2e
#define NOTIFY_KBD_BRTUP 0xc4
#define NOTIFY_KBD_BRTDOWN 0xc5
#define NOTIFY_KBD_BRTTOGGLE 0xc7

#define ASUS_FAN_DESC "cpu_fan"
#define ASUS_FAN_MFUN 0x13
#define ASUS_FAN_SFUN_READ 0x06
#define ASUS_FAN_SFUN_WRITE 0x07
#define ASUS_FAN_CTRL_MANUAL 1

faustus.c (/home/black-hole/projects/devops/backend/phoenix/TESTME)
/* WMI Methods */
#define ASUS_WMI_METHODID_SPEC 0x43455053 /* BIOS SPECification */
#define ASUS_WMI_METHODID_SFBD 0x44424653 /* Set First Boot Device */
#define ASUS_WMI_METHODID_GLCD 0x44434C47 /* Get LCD status */
#define ASUS_WMI_METHODID_GPID 0x44495047 /* Get Panel ID?? (Resol) */
#define ASUS_WMI_METHODID_QMOD 0x444F4D51 /* Quiet Mode */
#define ASUS_WMI_METHODID_SPLV 0x4C425053 /* Set Panel Light Valve */
#define ASUS_WMI_METHODID_AGFN 0x4E464741 /* FaN? */
#define ASUS_WMI_METHODID_SFUN 0x4E554653 /* FUNCTIONalities */
#define ASUS_WMI_METHODID_SDSP 0x50534453 /* Set DiSPlay output */
#define ASUS_WMI_METHODID_GDSP 0x50534447 /* Get DiSPlay output */
#define ASUS_WMI_METHODID_DEVP 0x50564544 /* DEVICE Policy */
#define ASUS_WMI_METHODID_OSVR 0x5256534F /* OS VeRsion */
#define ASUS_WMI_METHODID_DCTS 0x53544344 /* Device status (DCTS) */
#define ASUS_WMI_METHODID_DSTS 0x53545344 /* Device status (DSTS) */
#define ASUS_WMI_METHODID_BSTS 0x53545342 /* Bios Status ? */
#define ASUS_WMI_METHODID_DEVS 0x53564544 /* DEVICE Set */
#define ASUS_WMI_METHODID_CFVS 0x53564643 /* CPU Frequency Volt Set */
#define ASUS_WMI_METHODID_KBFT 0x5446424B /* KeyBoard Filter */
#define ASUS_WMI_METHODID_INIT 0x54494E49 /* INIialize */
#define ASUS_WMI_METHODID_HKEY 0x59454B48 /* Hot KEY ?? */

#define ASUS_WMI_UNSUPPORTED_METHOD 0xFFFFFFFF

/* Wireless */
#define ASUS_WMI_DEVID_HW_SWITCH 0x00010001
#define ASUS_WMI_DEVID_WIRELESS_LED 0x00010002
#define ASUS_WMI_DEVID_CWAP 0x00010003
#define ASUS_WMI_DEVID_WLAN 0x00010011
#define ASUS_WMI_DEVID_WLAN_LED 0x00010012
#define ASUS_WMI_DEVID_BLUETOOTH 0x00010013
#define ASUS_WMI_DEVID_GPS 0x00010015
#define ASUS_WMI_DEVID_WIMAX 0x00010017
#define ASUS_WMI_DEVID_WWAN3G 0x00010019
#define ASUS_WMI_DEVID_UWB 0x00010021

/* Leds */
/* 0x000200XX and 0x000400XX */
#define ASUS_WMI_DEVID_LED1 0x00020011
```

# Faustus

Let's ask the creator of Faustus how he did find the method IDs



**JafarAkhondali** commented on Mar 5



Hi,  
May I know how did you find these device addresses?

```
#define ASUS_WMI_DEVID_KBD_RGB      0x00100056  
#define ASUS_WMI_DEVID_KBD_RGB2    0x00100057
```



**hackbnw** commented on Mar 7

Owner



Hi, trial and error mostly. It can be guessed by examining DSDT very carefully, as they are taking a very specific pattern of arguments consistent with RGB.



# Implementing a WMI Driver in Linux

- <https://lwn.net/Articles/367630/> (2009)
- <https://lwn.net/Articles/391230/> (2010)
- <https://wiki.ubuntu.com/Kernel/Reference/WMI>
- I strongly suggest to read above resources yourself, cause they are not suitable for this presentation
- TLDR; we'll need a table called "Discrete System Descriptor Table" (DSDT)
- This table is available on `/sys/firmware/acpi/tables/DSDT`
- After reading above resources several times, I realized there is an interesting section in DSDT called Managed Object Format (MOF)

# Managed Object Format (MOF)

## WQxx buffers

A lot of WMI implementations contain a WQxx declaration in the DSDT.

The WQxx buffers are declared as follows:

```
Name (WQM0, Buffer (0x047A)
{
    /* 0000 */    0x46, 0x4F, 0x4D, 0x42, 0x01, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00,
    /* 0008 */    0x6A, 0x04, 0x00, 0x00, 0xD8, 0x11, 0x00, 0x00,
    ...
}
```


These are generally large blobs of Managed Object Format (MOF) binary data embedded in the AML. Windows will evaluate the WQxx() buffer which returns to Windows the MOF binary which describes all data blocks, WMI methods, and events for the device in a compressed binary format. As yet, there don't seem to be any MOF decompilers that can reverse engineer these blobs back into the MOF language, so we are at the mercy of getting descriptions of the MOF from the BIOS vendor to figure out how this maps to the WMI AML methods described inside the MOF.

# Decompiling MOF file

Luckily, someone commented a solution to de-compile MOF format on <https://lwn.net>.

It's possible to use a CLI tool (wmiofck.exe) in Windows Driver Development Kit to decompile MOF data.

And now we can detect related Method ID of a method name!



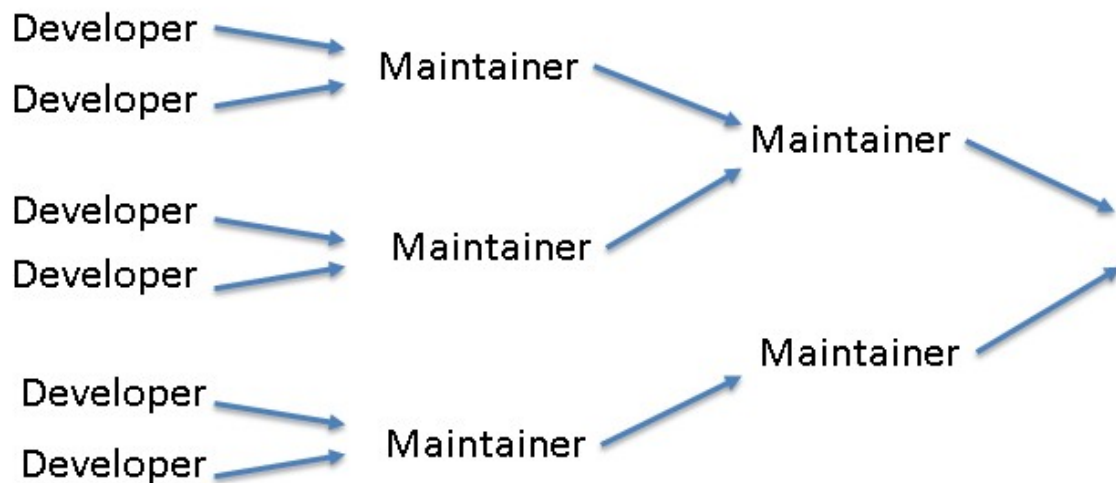
```
//...
#define SetGamingKBBacklight 20
typedef struct _SetGamingKBBacklight_IN
{
    UCHAR gmInput[16];
    #define SetGamingKBBacklight_IN_gmInput_SIZE sizeof(UCHAR[16])
    #define SetGamingKBBacklight_IN_gmInput_ID 1
} SetGamingKBBacklight_IN, *PSetGamingKBBacklight_IN;
//...
```

# Adding the feature in Linux kernel





# Adding the feature in Linux kernel



# My first contribution in Linux kernel

- 1) Register events when Acer gaming functions GUID is found
- 2) Communicate with user-space when data is passed to driver using a character device
- 3) Pass data to specific WMI method
- 4) Clone Linux kernel source code and create a patch file
- 5) Check & apply Linux kernel contribution guide line  
<https://www.kernel.org/doc/html/latest/process/submitting-patches.html>
- 6) Find required reviewer(s) related to your patch
- 7) Join the mailing list related to your changes
- 8) Send patch file using “git send-email” to not mess email patch format
- 9) Wait for kernel maintainers to review your code
- 10) Answer to maintainers comments
- 11) Fix comments, send new version of patch as new version, Repeat until it's accepted
- 12) My first patch link: <https://www.spinics.net/lists/platform-driver-x86/msg25742.html>
- 13) And surprise! My patch got rejected :))

# Why did my first patch got rejected?

- Linux kernel already have a sub-module for controlling LEDs, but it misses some features for my case
- I wasn't able to merge this patch into Linux kernel, so instead I did almost same steps for Implementing Turbo mode feature, and was able to ship it to Linux Kernel
- Final patch for turbo mode (that got accepted):  
<https://www.spinics.net/lists/platform-driver-x86/msg27223.html>
- As many people need these features, I've made a project on Github to install it as a kernel module:  
<https://github.com/JafarAkhondali/acer-helios-300-rgb-keyboard-linux-module>
- Some users tried this on their laptops and surprisingly the project worked on other Acer Predator series (such as Nitro and Triton)
- Someone started implementing a GUI for this tool

# My favorite phrases from Linux Kernel Coding Style

#سُئِس - ماست  
احاديث لينوس توروالدز (ع)

- “First off, I’d suggest printing out a copy of the GNU coding standards, and NOT read it. Burn them, it’s a great symbolic gesture.”
- Indentation: “Tabs are 8 characters, and thus indentations are also 8 characters. There are heretic movements that try to make indentations 4 (or even 2!) characters deep, and that is akin to trying to define the value of PI to be 3.”

Now, some people will claim that having 8-character indentations makes the code move too far to the right, and makes it hard to read on a 80-character terminal screen. The answer to that is that if you need more than 3 levels of indentation, you’re screwed anyway, and should fix your program.

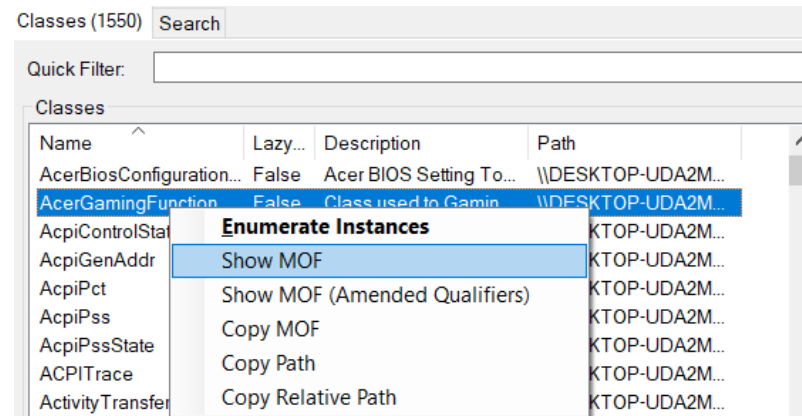
- Don’t put multiple assignments on a single line. Kernel coding style is super simple. Avoid tricky expressions.

# My favorite phrases from Linux Kernel Coding Style

#سُئِس - ماست  
احاديث لينوس توروالدز (ع)

- Encoding the type of a function into the name (so-called Hungarian notation) is brain damaged - the compiler knows the types anyway and can check those, and it only confuses the programmer. No wonder MicroSoft makes buggy programs.
- Comments are good, but there is also a danger of over-commenting. NEVER try to explain HOW your code works in a comment: it's much better to write the code so that the working is obvious, and it's a waste of time to explain badly written code.
- Generally, you want your comments to tell WHAT your code does, not HOW.

# The thing that I wish I knew sooner



# The thing that I wish I knew sooner

MOF

```
[WMI, dynamic: ToInstance, provider("WmiProv"), Locale("MS\\0x409"), Description("Class used to Gaming Function, Version 2.76"), guid("{7A4DDFE7-5B5D-40B4-8595-4408E0CC7F56}")]
class AcerGamingFunction
{
    [key, read] string InstanceName;
    [read] boolean Active;
    [WmiMethodId(1), Implemented, read, write, Description("Set Acer Gaming Profile Configuration.")] void SetGamingProfile([in] uint64 gmlInput, [out] uint32 gmOutput);
    [WmiMethodId(2), Implemented, read, write, Description("Set Acer Gaming LED Behavior.")] void SetGamingLED([in] uint64 gmlInput, [out] uint32 gmOutput);
    [WmiMethodId(3), Implemented, read, write, Description("Get Acer Gaming Profile Configuration.")] void GetGamingProfile([in] uint32 gmlInput, [out] uint64 gmOutput);
    [WmiMethodId(4), Implemented, read, write, Description("Get Acer Gaming LED Behavior.")] void GetGamingLED([in] uint32 gmlInput, [out] uint64 gmOutput);
    [WmiMethodId(5), Implemented, read, write, Description("Get Acer Gaming System Information.")] void GetGamingSysInfo([in] uint32 gmlInput, [out] uint64 gmOutput);
    [WmiMethodId(6), Implemented, read, write, Description("Set Acer Gaming RGB Keyboard Setting.")] void SetGamingRgbKb([in] uint32 gmlInput, [out] uint64 gmOutput);
    [WmiMethodId(7), Implemented, read, write, Description("Get Acer Gaming RGB Keyboard Setting.")] void GetGamingRgbKb([in] uint32 gmlInput, [out] uint64 gmOutput);
    [WmiMethodId(8), Implemented, read, write, Description("Set Acer Gaming Profile Setting.")] void SetGamingProfileSetting([in] uint64 gmlInput, [out] uint32 gmOutput);
    [WmiMethodId(9), Implemented, read, write, Description("Get Acer Gaming Profile Setting.")] void GetGamingProfileSetting([in] uint32 gmlInput, [out] uint64 gmOutput);
    [WmiMethodId(10), Implemented, read, write, Description("Set Acer Gaming LED Group Behavior.")] void SetGamingLEDBehavior([in] uint64 gmlInput, [out] uint32 gmOutput);
    [WmiMethodId(11), Implemented, read, write, Description("Get Acer Gaming LED Group Behavior.")] void GetGamingLEDBehavior([in] uint32 gmlInput, [out] uint64 gmOutput);
    [WmiMethodId(12), Implemented, read, write, Description("Set Acer Gaming LED Group Color.")] void SetGamingLEDColor([in] uint64 gmlInput, [out] uint32 gmOutput);
    [WmiMethodId(13), Implemented, read, write, Description("Get Acer Gaming LED Group Color.")] void GetGamingLEDColor([in] uint32 gmlInput, [out] uint64 gmOutput);
    [WmiMethodId(14), Implemented, read, write, Description("Set Acer Gaming Fan Group Behavior.")] void SetGamingFanBehavior([in] uint64 gmlInput, [out] uint32 gmOutput);
    [WmiMethodId(15), Implemented, read, write, Description("Get Acer Gaming Fan Group Behavior.")] void GetGamingFanBehavior([in] uint32 gmlInput, [out] uint64 gmOutput);
    [WmiMethodId(16), Implemented, read, write, Description("Set Acer Gaming Fan Group Speed.")] void SetGamingFanSpeed([in] uint64 gmlInput, [out] uint32 gmOutput);
    [WmiMethodId(17), Implemented, read, write, Description("Get Acer Gaming Fan Group Speed.")] void GetGamingFanSpeed([in] uint32 gmlInput, [out] uint64 gmOutput);
    [WmiMethodId(18), Implemented, read, write, Description("Set Acer Gaming Fan Table.")] void SetGamingFanTable([in] uint64 gmlInput, [out] uint32 gmOutput);
    [WmiMethodId(19), Implemented, read, write, Description("Get Acer Gaming Fan Table.")] void GetGamingFanTable([out] uint64 gmOutput);
    [WmiMethodId(20), Implemented, read, write, Description("Set Acer Gaming Keyboard Backlight Behavior.")] void SetGamingKBBacklight([in, MAX(16)] uint8 gmlInput[], [out] uint32 gmOutput);
    [WmiMethodId(21), Implemented, read, write, Description("Get Acer Gaming Keyboard Backlight Behavior.")] void GetGamingKBBacklight([out] uint8 gmReturn, [out, MAX(15)] uint8 gmOutput[]);
    [WmiMethodId(22), Implemented, read, write, Description("Set Acer Gaming Miscellaneous Setting.")] void SetGamingMiscSetting([in] uint64 gmlInput, [out] uint32 gmOutput);
    [WmiMethodId(23), Implemented, read, write, Description("Get Acer Gaming Miscellaneous Setting.")] void GetGamingMiscSetting([in] uint32 gmlInput, [out] uint64 gmOutput);
    [WmiMethodId(24), Implemented, read, write, Description("Set CPU Overclocking Profile.")] void SetCPUOverclockingProfile([in] uint8 OCProfile, [in, MAX(512)] uint8 OCStructure[], [out] uint8 ReturnCode, [out, MAX(3)] uint8 Reserved[]);
    [WmiMethodId(25), Implemented, read, write, Description("Get CPU Overclocking Profile.")] void GetCPUOverclockingProfile([in, MAX(4)] uint8 Reserved[], [out] uint8 ReturnCode, [out] uint8 ReturnOCProfile, [out, MAX(512)] uint8 OCStructure[]);
};
```

# Thanks for your time!

- Questions?
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- Twitter: [@theDeallocated](https://twitter.com/theDeallocated)
- Github: <https://github.com/JafarAkhondali/>
- Other ways:  
<https://akhondali.ir/>