# Testing examples in saemix 3.0

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# Setup

- set up work directories
- two versions toggled by testMode
  - if testMode is FALSE, load the functions in R
    - if testMode is TRUE, load the library in a dev\_mode environment
- aim: check the examples used in the online documentation
  - all examples must run without error

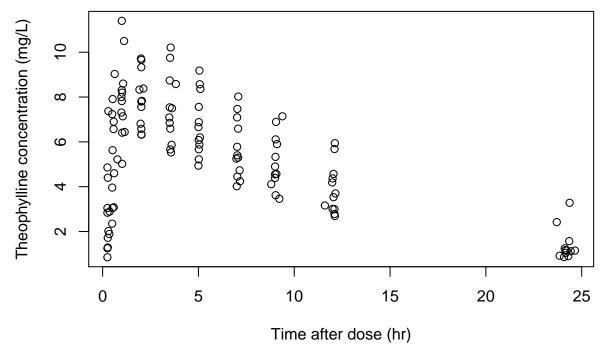
# Testing library

### Continuous response model

#### Theophylline

```
if(testMode)
  data(theo.saemix) else
    theo.saemix<-read.table(file.path(datDir, "theo.saemix.tab"), header=TRUE)

#Plotting the theophylline data
plot(Concentration~Time,data=theo.saemix,xlab="Time after dose (hr)",
ylab="Theophylline concentration (mg/L)")</pre>
```



```
saemix.data<-saemixData(name.data=theo.saemix,header=TRUE,sep=" ",na=NA,</pre>
  name.group=c("Id"),name.predictors=c("Dose","Time"),
  name.response=c("Concentration"),name.covariates=c("Weight","Sex"),
  units=list(x="hr",y="mg/L",covariates=c("kg","-")), name.X="Time")
## [1] "Weight" "Sex"
##
##
##
  The following SaemixData object was successfully created:
##
## Object of class SaemixData
##
       longitudinal data for use with the SAEM algorithm
## Dataset theo.saemix
##
       Structured data: Concentration ~ Dose + Time | Id
##
       X variable for graphs: Time (hr)
##
       covariates: Weight (kg), Sex (-)
##
         reference class for covariate Sex : 0
  model1cpt<-function(psi,id,xidep) {</pre>
    dose<-xidep[,1]</pre>
    tim<-xidep[,2]
    ka<-psi[id,1]
    V<-psi[id,2]</pre>
```

description="One-compartment model with first-order absorption",

dimnames=list(NULL, c("ka","V","CL"))),transform.par=c(1,1,1))

psi0=matrix(c(1.,20,0.5,0.1,0,-0.01),ncol=3,byrow=TRUE,

ypred<-dose\*ka/(V\*(ka-k))\*(exp(-k\*tim)-exp(-ka\*tim))</pre>

CL<-psi[id,3] k<-CL/V

return(ypred)

# Default model, no covariate

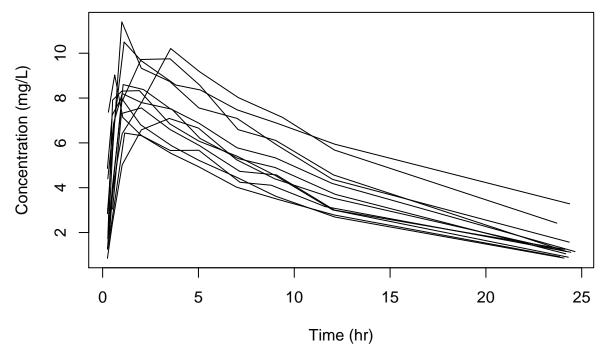
saemix.model<-saemixModel(model=model1cpt,</pre>

```
##
##
## The following SaemixModel object was successfully created:
##
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
    Model function: One-compartment model with first-order absorption Model type: structural
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
       dose<-xidep[,1]
##
##
      tim<-xidep[,2]
##
      ka<-psi[id,1]
      V<-psi[id,2]</pre>
      CL<-psi[id,3]
##
      k<-CL/V
##
##
       ypred<-dose*ka/(V*(ka-k))*(exp(-k*tim)-exp(-ka*tim))</pre>
##
      return(ypred)
##
      }
##
    Nb of parameters: 3
##
        parameter names: ka V CL
##
        distribution:
##
       Parameter Distribution Estimated
## [1,] ka
                 log-normal
                             Estimated
## [2,] V
                 log-normal
                              Estimated
## [3,] CL
                 log-normal
                              Estimated
    Variance-covariance matrix:
##
     ka V CL
## ka 1 0 0
## V
      0 1 0
## CL 0 0 1
    Error model: constant, initial values: a.1=1
      No covariate in the model.
##
##
       Initial values
##
                ka V
                          CL
## Pop.CondInit 1.0 20 0.50
## Cov.CondInit 0.1 0 -0.01
# Note: remove the options save=FALSE and save.graphs=FALSE
 # to save the results and graphs
saemix.options<-list(seed=632545,save=FALSE,save.graphs=FALSE, displayProgress=FALSE)
saemix.fit<-saemix(saemix.model,saemix.data,saemix.options)</pre>
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model fit by the SAEM algorithm
## -----
                Data
## Object of class SaemixData
       longitudinal data for use with the SAEM algorithm
## Dataset theo.saemix
##
       Structured data: Concentration ~ Dose + Time | Id
##
       X variable for graphs: Time (hr)
##
       covariates: Weight (kg), Sex (-)
        reference class for covariate Sex: 0
## Dataset characteristics:
##
      number of subjects:
##
      number of observations: 120
```

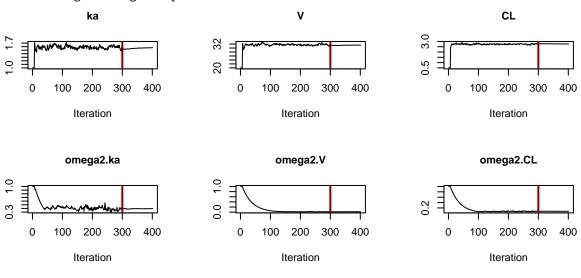
```
average/min/max nb obs: 10.00 / 10 / 10
## First 10 lines of data:
          Dose Time Concentration Weight Sex mdv cens occ ytype
      1 319.992 0.25 2.84
                                  79.6
## 1
                                        1
                                            0
                           6.57
## 2
     1 319.992 0.57
                                  79.6
                                        1
                                            0
## 3
    1 319.992 1.12
                         10.50
                                 79.6
                                                  1
                                       1
                                                         1
## 4 1 319.992 2.02
                          9.66
                                 79.6
                                      1
                          8.58
## 5 1 319.992 3.82
                                                0 1
                                  79.6 1
                                            0
                          8.36
     1 319.992 5.10
                                  79.6
                                       1
                                          0
                                                0 1
                                                         1
## 7
                                  79.6 1 0
     1 319.992 7.03
                           7.47
                                               0 1
    1 319.992 9.05
                          6.89
                                  79.6 1 0
                                               0 1
                                                        1
    1 319.992 12.12
                          5.94
                                               0 1
                                  79.6 1 0
                                                         1
                          3.28
## 10 1 319.992 24.37
                                  79.6 1 0
                                                         1
## -----
             Model
## -----
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
    Model function: One-compartment model with first-order absorption Model type: structural
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
##
      dose<-xidep[,1]
##
      tim<-xidep[,2]
##
      ka<-psi[id,1]
##
      V<-psi[id,2]</pre>
##
      CL<-psi[id,3]
##
      k<-CL/V
##
      ypred<-dose*ka/(V*(ka-k))*(exp(-k*tim)-exp(-ka*tim))</pre>
##
      return(ypred)
##
## <bytecode: 0x557cbc844590>
    Nb of parameters: 3
##
       parameter names: ka V CL
##
       distribution:
##
       Parameter Distribution Estimated
## [1,] ka
               log-normal Estimated
## [2,] V
               log-normal
                           Estimated
## [3,] CL
               log-normal
                           Estimated
   Variance-covariance matrix:
##
     ka V CL
## ka 1 0 0
## V 0 1 0
## CL 0 0 1
##
    Error model: constant, initial values: a.1=1
      No covariate in the model.
##
      Initial values
             ka V CL
## Pop.CondInit 1 20 0.5
## -----
         Key algorithm options ----
## ----
## -----
##
      Estimation of individual parameters (MAP)
##
      Estimation of standard errors and linearised log-likelihood
      Estimation of log-likelihood by importance sampling
##
##
      Number of iterations: K1=300, K2=100
      Number of chains: 5
##
```

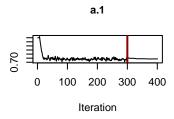
```
Seed: 632545
##
##
    Number of MCMC iterations for IS: 5000
##
##
       nb of simulated datasets used for npde: 1000
##
       nb of simulated datasets used for VPC: 100
##
    Input/output
##
       save the results to a file: FALSE
##
       save the graphs to files: FALSE
## -----
                Results
## -----
## ----- Fixed effects -----
## -----
     Parameter Estimate SE CV(%)
## [1,] ka
           1.57
                0.304 19.3
## [2,] V
           31.47
                 1.423 4.5
## [3,] CL
           2.77
                0.239 8.7
## [4,] a.1
           0.74
                0.057 7.7
## -----
## ----- Variance of random effects -----
## -----
## Parameter Estimate SE
                    CV(%)
## ka omega2.ka 0.397 0.1790 45
## V omega2.V 0.017
                0.0096 58
## CL omega2.CL 0.074 0.0360 49
## -----
## ----- Correlation matrix of random effects -----
## -----
       omega2.ka omega2.V omega2.CL
## omega2.ka 1 0
                     0
## omega2.V 0
               1
                     0
## omega2.CL 0
               0
                     1
## -----
## ----- Statistical criteria -----
## -----
## Likelihood computed by linearisation
   -2LL= 344.1136
##
     AIC = 358.1136
##
     BIC = 361.5079
##
## Likelihood computed by importance sampling
##
     -2LL= 345.4329
     AIC = 359.4329
##
     BIC = 362.8273
plot(saemix.fit)
```

## Plotting the data



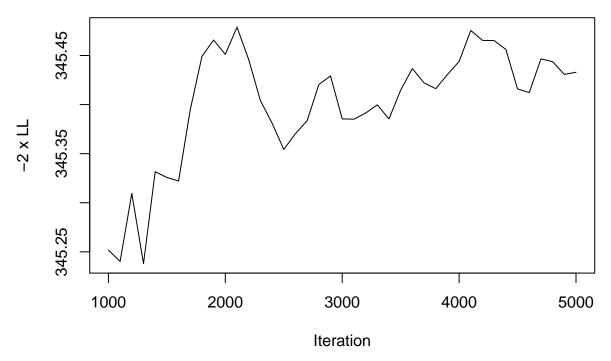
## Plotting convergence plots





## Plotting the likelihood

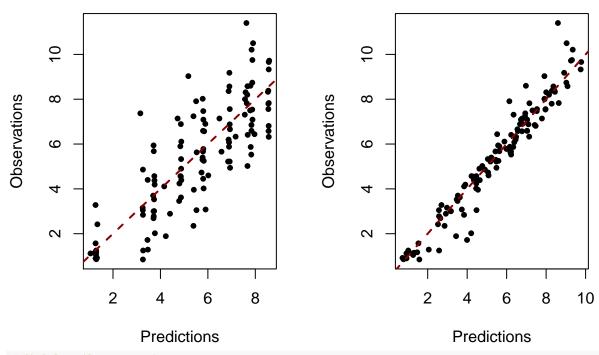
# -2xLL by Importance Sampling



## Plotting observations versus predictions

# **Population predictions**

# Individual predictions, MAP



```
dimnames=list(NULL, c("ka","V","CL"))),transform.par=c(1,1,1),
                         covariate.model=matrix(c(0,0,1,0,0,0),ncol=3,byrow=TRUE),fixed.estim=c(1,1,1)
                         covariance.model=matrix(c(1,0,0,0,1,1,0,1,1),ncol=3,byrow=TRUE),
                         omega.init=matrix(c(1,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,1),ncol=3,byrow=TRUE),error.model="combin
##
##
## The following SaemixModel object was successfully created:
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
    Model function: One-compartment model with first-order absorption Model type: structural
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
      dose<-xidep[,1]
##
##
      tim<-xidep[,2]
##
      ka<-psi[id,1]
##
      V<-psi[id,2]</pre>
##
      CL<-psi[id,3]
      k<-CL/V
##
##
      ypred<-dose*ka/(V*(ka-k))*(exp(-k*tim)-exp(-ka*tim))</pre>
##
      return(ypred)
##
      }
## <bytecode: 0x557cbc844590>
    Nb of parameters: 3
##
##
        parameter names: ka V CL
##
        distribution:
##
       Parameter Distribution Estimated
## [1,] ka
                log-normal
                             Estimated
## [2,] V
                log-normal
                              Estimated
## [3,] CL
                 log-normal
                              Estimated
##
    Variance-covariance matrix:
##
     ka V CL
## ka 1 0 0
## V
      0 1 1
## CL 0 1 1
    Error model: combined , initial values: a.1=1 b.1=1
    Covariate model:
##
       ka V CL
##
## [1,] 0 0 1
## [2,] 0 0 0
##
      Initial values
##
                ka V
## Pop.CondInit 1.0 20 0.50
## Cov.CondInit 0.1 0 -0.01
saemix.options<-list(seed=39546,save=FALSE,save.graphs=FALSE, displayProgress=FALSE)</pre>
saemix.fit<-saemix(saemix.model,saemix.data,saemix.options)</pre>
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model fit by the SAEM algorithm
## -----
                Data
## -----
## Object of class SaemixData
      longitudinal data for use with the SAEM algorithm
```

## Dataset theo.saemix

```
##
      Structured data: Concentration ~ Dose + Time | Id
##
      X variable for graphs: Time (hr)
##
      covariates: Weight (kg), Sex (-)
        reference class for covariate Sex : 0
##
## Dataset characteristics:
##
      number of subjects:
                             12
      number of observations: 120
      average/min/max nb obs: 10.00 / 10 / 10
##
## First 10 lines of data:
##
           Dose Time Concentration Weight Sex mdv cens occ ytype
      1 319.992 0.25
                          2.84
                                     79.6
                                           1
                                               0
                                                        1
      1 319.992 0.57
                             6.57
                                     79.6
## 2
                                               0
                                                        1
                                           1
                                                    0
                            10.50
## 3
      1 319.992 1.12
                                    79.6
                                           1
                                               0
                                                       1
                                                              1
     1 319.992 2.02
## 4
                             9.66
                                    79.6
                                           1
                                               0
                                                       1
## 5
      1 319.992 3.82
                            8.58
                                     79.6
                                               0
                                                       1
                                           1
                                                    0
## 6
      1 319.992 5.10
                             8.36
                                     79.6
                                           1
                                               0
                                                    0
                                                       1
## 7
      1 319.992 7.03
                             7.47
                                     79.6
                                               0
                                                    0 1
                                           1
                                                             1
## 8
      1 319.992 9.05
                             6.89
                                     79.6
                                                    0 1
     1 319.992 12.12
                             5.94
                                     79.6
                                          1 0
                                                    0 1
                                                             1
## 10 1 319.992 24.37
                              3.28
                                     79.6
                                           1 0
                                                    0 1
## -----
               Model
## -----
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
    Model function: One-compartment model with first-order absorption Model type: structural
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
##
      dose<-xidep[,1]
##
      tim<-xidep[,2]</pre>
##
      ka<-psi[id,1]
##
      V<-psi[id,2]</pre>
##
      CL<-psi[id,3]
##
      k<-CL/V
##
      ypred<-dose*ka/(V*(ka-k))*(exp(-k*tim)-exp(-ka*tim))</pre>
##
      return(ypred)
##
## <bytecode: 0x557cbc844590>
##
    Nb of parameters: 3
##
        parameter names: ka V CL
##
        distribution:
##
       Parameter Distribution Estimated
## [1,] ka
              log-normal
                             Estimated
## [2,] V
                log-normal
                             Estimated
## [3,] CL
                 log-normal
                             Estimated
##
   Variance-covariance matrix:
     ka V CL
## ka 1 0 0
      0 1 1
## V
## CL 0 1 1
    Error model: combined , initial values: a.1=1 b.1=1
##
    Covariate model:
##
         [,1] [,2] [,3]
## Weight
           0
                 0
##
      Initial values
##
                ka V
```

```
## Pop.CondInit 1.0 20 0.50
## Cov.CondInit 0.1 0 -0.01
## -----
## ---- Key algorithm options ----
## -----
    Estimation of individual parameters (MAP)
##
    Estimation of standard errors and linearised log-likelihood
    Estimation of log-likelihood by importance sampling
##
##
    Number of iterations: K1=300, K2=100
##
    Number of chains: 5
##
    Seed: 39546
    Number of MCMC iterations for IS: 5000
##
##
    Simulations:
##
       nb of simulated datasets used for npde: 1000
##
       nb of simulated datasets used for VPC: 100
##
    Input/output
##
       save the results to a file: FALSE
       save the graphs to files: FALSE
## -----
## ----
                Results
## -----
## ----- Fixed effects -----
## -----
     Parameter Estimate SE
                           CV(%) p-value
               1.5565 0.3050 19.6 -
## [1,] ka
              31.6621 1.4946 4.7 -
## [2,] V
## [3,] CL
                4.4308 1.9206 43.3 -
## [4,] beta_Weight(CL) -0.0067 0.0061 91.3 0.14
## [5,] a.1
          0.5734 0.1211 21.1 -
## [6,] b.1
            0.0748 0.0223 29.8 -
## -----
## ----- Variance of random effects -----
## -----
     Parameter Estimate SE CV(%)
## ka
      omega2.ka 0.412 0.179 44
## V
     omega2.V 0.019 0.011 56
## CL
    omega2.CL 0.064 0.031 48
## covar cov.V.CL 0.035 0.016 45
## -----
## ----- Correlation matrix of random effects -----
## -----
## omega2.ka omega2.V omega2.CL
## omega2.ka 1
          0
                  0
## omega2.V 0
                      1
               1
            1
## omega2.CL 0
                   1
## -----
## ----- Statistical criteria -----
## -----
## Likelihood computed by linearisation
##
      -2LL= 330.7213
##
      AIC = 350.7213
      BIC = 355.5704
##
##
## Likelihood computed by importance sampling
```

```
## -2LL= 333.9945

## AIC = 353.9945

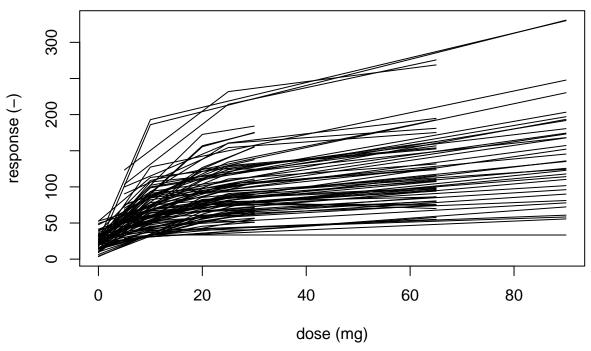
## BIC = 358.8436

## -----
```

#### Simulated PD

```
if(testMode) {
  data(PD1.saemix)
  data(PD2.saemix)
  } else {
    PD1.saemix<-read.table(file.path(datDir, "PD1.saemix.tab"), header=TRUE)
    PD2.saemix<-read.table(file.path(datDir, "PD1.saemix.tab"), header=TRUE)
  }
saemix.data<-saemixData(name.data=PD1.saemix,header=TRUE,name.group=c("subject"),</pre>
      name.predictors=c("dose"),name.response=c("response"),
      name.covariates=c("gender"), units=list(x="mg",y="-",covariates=c("-")))
## [1] "gender"
##
##
## The following SaemixData object was successfully created:
##
## Object of class SaemixData
       longitudinal data for use with the {\tt SAEM} algorithm
##
## Dataset PD1.saemix
##
       Structured data: response ~ dose | subject
##
       Predictor: dose (mg)
       covariates: gender (-)
##
         reference class for covariate gender: 0
modelemax<-function(psi,id,xidep) {</pre>
# input:
  psi : matrix of parameters (3 columns, E0, Emax, EC50)
  id : vector of indices
# xidep : dependent variables (same nb of rows as length of id)
  a vector of predictions of length equal to length of id
 dose<-xidep[,1]</pre>
  e0<-psi[id,1]
  emax<-psi[id,2]
  e50<-psi[id,3]
  f<-e0+emax*dose/(e50+dose)
  return(f)
}
# Plotting the data
plot(saemix.data,main="Simulated data PD1")
```

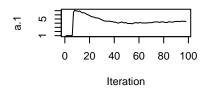
### Simulated data PD1

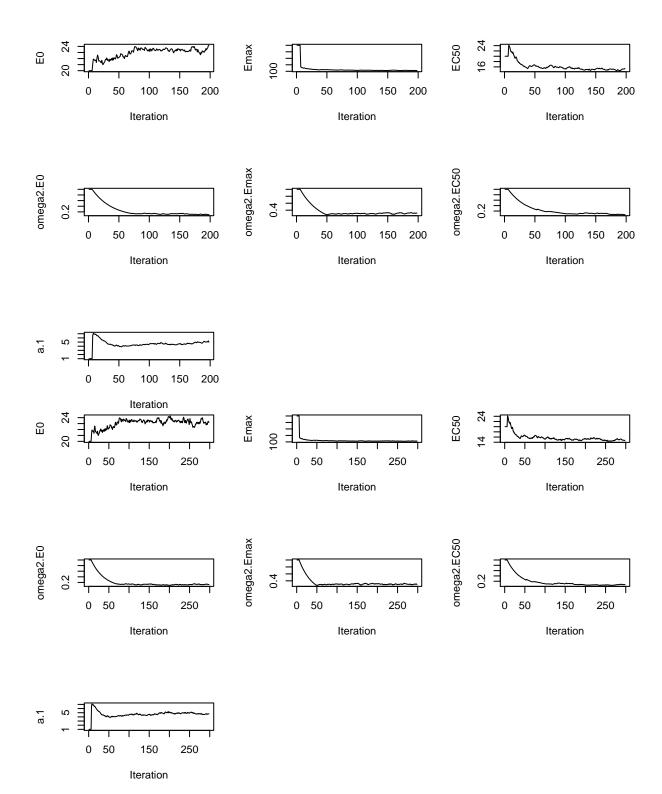


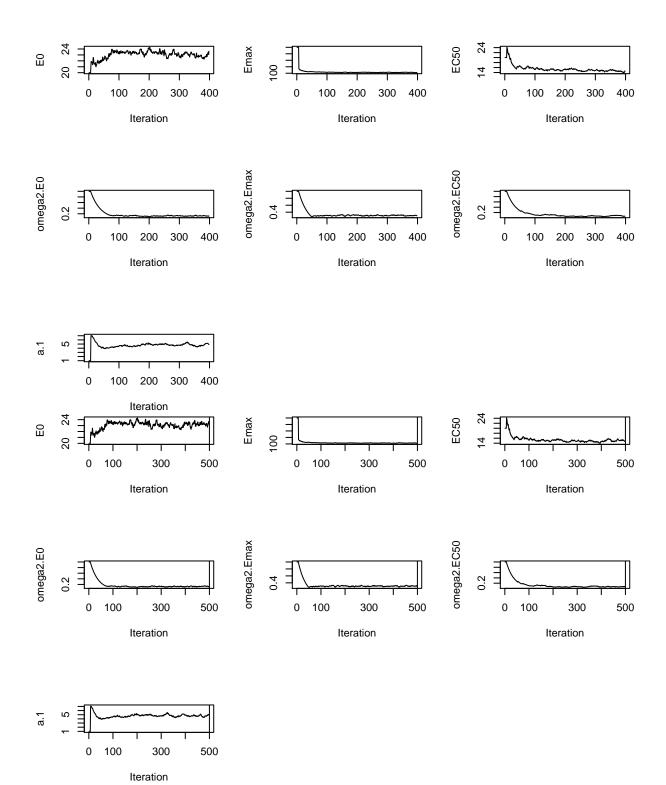
```
##
##
## The following SaemixModel object was successfully created:
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
     Model function: Emax growth model Model type: structural
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
## # input:
## #
       psi : matrix of parameters (3 columns, E0, Emax, EC50)
## #
       id : vector of indices
## #
       xidep: dependent variables (same nb of rows as length of id)
## # returns:
       a vector of predictions of length equal to length of id
## #
##
     dose<-xidep[,1]
##
     e0<-psi[id,1]
     emax<-psi[id,2]
##
##
     e50<-psi[id,3]
     f<-e0+emax*dose/(e50+dose)
##
##
     return(f)
## }
##
     Nb of parameters: 3
##
         parameter names: E0 Emax EC50
##
         distribution:
##
        Parameter Distribution Estimated
```

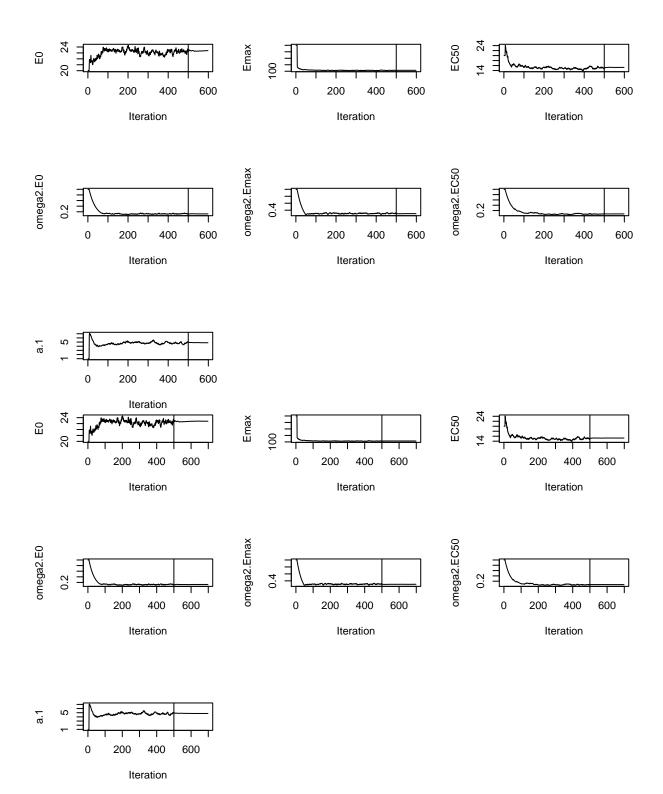
```
## [1,] EO
                  log-normal
                               Estimated
## [2,] Emax
                  log-normal
                               Estimated
## [3,] EC50
                  log-normal
                               Estimated
##
     Variance-covariance matrix:
        E0 Emax EC50
## E0
         1
## Emax 0
                   0
## EC50 0
              0
                   1
##
     Error model: constant , initial values: a.1=1
       No covariate in the model.
##
##
       Initial values
                EO Emax EC50
##
## Pop.CondInit 20 300
## Cov.CondInit 0
                      0
model2<-saemixModel(model=modelemax,description="Emax growth model",
       psi0=matrix(c(20,300,20,0,0,0),ncol=3,byrow=TRUE,dimnames=list(NULL,
       c("E0", "Emax", "EC50"))), transform.par=c(1,1,1),
       covariate.model=matrix(c(0,0,1), ncol=3,byrow=TRUE),fixed.estim=c(1,1,1))
##
##
## The following SaemixModel object was successfully created:
##
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
     Model function: Emax growth model Model type: structural
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
## # input:
      psi : matrix of parameters (3 columns, E0, Emax, EC50)
## #
       id : vector of indices
       xidep : dependent variables (same nb of rows as length of id)
       a vector of predictions of length equal to length of id
## #
##
     dose<-xidep[,1]
##
     e0<-psi[id,1]
##
     emax<-psi[id,2]
##
     e50<-psi[id,3]
##
     f<-e0+emax*dose/(e50+dose)
##
     return(f)
## }
##
     Nb of parameters: 3
##
         parameter names: E0 Emax EC50
##
         distribution:
##
        Parameter Distribution Estimated
## [1,] EO
                  log-normal
                               Estimated
## [2,] Emax
                  log-normal
                               Estimated
## [3,] EC50
                  log-normal
                               Estimated
     Variance-covariance matrix:
##
##
        E0 Emax EC50
## E0
         1
## Emax 0
              1
                   0
## EC50 0
              0
                   1
##
     Error model: constant , initial values: a.1=1
##
     Covariate model:
##
        E0 Emax EC50
```

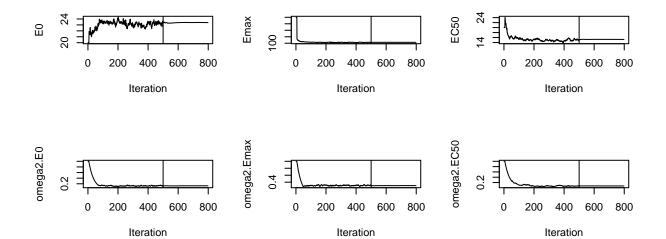
```
## [1,] 0
                 0
##
        Initial values
##
                   E0 Emax EC50
## Pop.CondInit 20
                       300
                               20
## Cov.CondInit
\# SE not computed as not needed for the test
saemix.options<-list(algorithms=c(0,1,1),nb.chains=3,seed=765754,</pre>
        nbiter.saemix=c(500,300),save=FALSE,save.graphs=FALSE)
fit1<-saemix(model1,saemix.data,saemix.options)</pre>
    24
                                                                        EC50
Ю
                                        150
        0
            20
                40
                    60
                         80 100
                                             0
                                                20
                                                     40
                                                        60
                                                             80 100
                                                                                0
                                                                                    20
                                                                                        40
                                                                                             60
                                                                                                 80 100
                Iteration
                                                    Iteration
                                                                                        Iteration
                                    omega2.Emax
                                                                        omega2.EC50
omega2.E0
        0
            20
                40
                    60
                         80
                            100
                                             0
                                                20
                                                     40
                                                        60
                                                             80
                                                                                0
                                                                                    20
                                                                                        40
                                                                                             60
                                                                                                 80 100
                Iteration
                                                    Iteration
                                                                                        Iteration
```

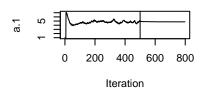










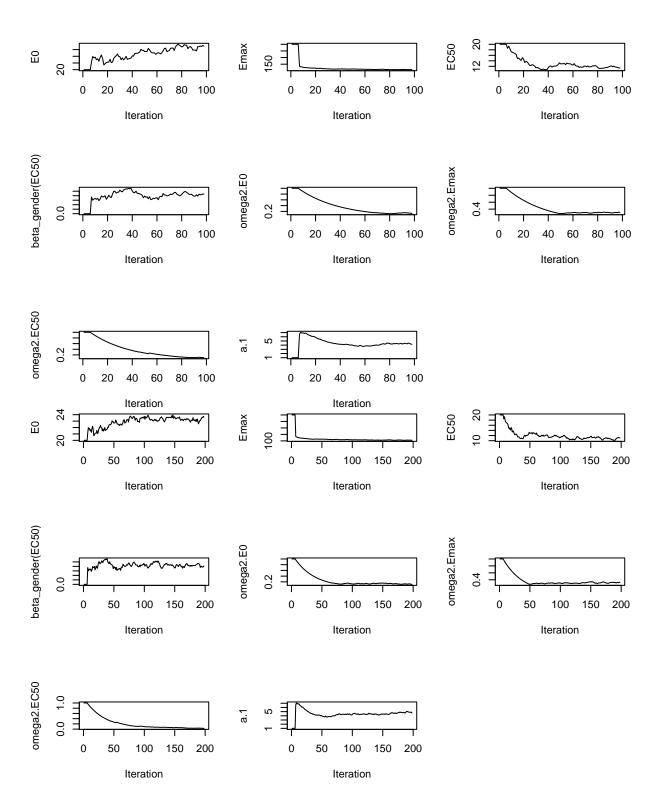


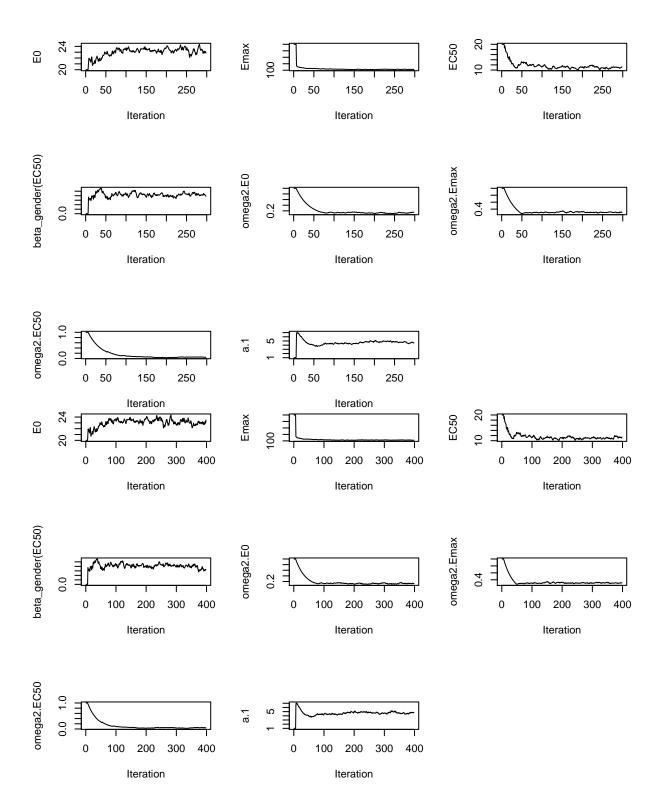
```
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model fit by the SAEM algorithm
##
                 Data
   Object of class SaemixData
##
       longitudinal data for use with the SAEM algorithm
  Dataset PD1.saemix
##
       Structured data: response ~ dose | subject
##
       Predictor: dose (mg)
##
       covariates: gender (-)
         reference class for covariate gender: 0
##
  Dataset characteristics:
##
       number of subjects:
                                 100
##
       number of observations: 300
##
       average/min/max nb obs: 3.00 / 3 / 3
## First 10 lines of data:
##
      subject dose response gender mdv cens occ ytype
## 1
                 0 11.2870
                                       0
            1
                                   1
## 2
            1
                10 63.6114
                                   1
                                       0
                                            0
                                                1
## 3
                90 122.9170
            1
                                   1
                                       0
## 4
            2
                 0
                    15.0514
                                   1
                                       0
                                            0
                                                1
            2
                10
                    39.5296
            2
## 6
                90
                    60.8522
                                       0
                                            0
                                   1
                                                1
##
            3
                 0
                     25.5390
                                   1
                                            0
            3
## 8
                 10
                    58.0035
                                       0
                                   1
                                            0
                                                1
                                                       1
            3
                90
                    81.1173
                                   1
                                       0
                                            0
                                                1
                                                       1
            4
                  0
                     22.1446
                                   1
                                       0
                                            0
                                                1
                                                       1
                 Model
```

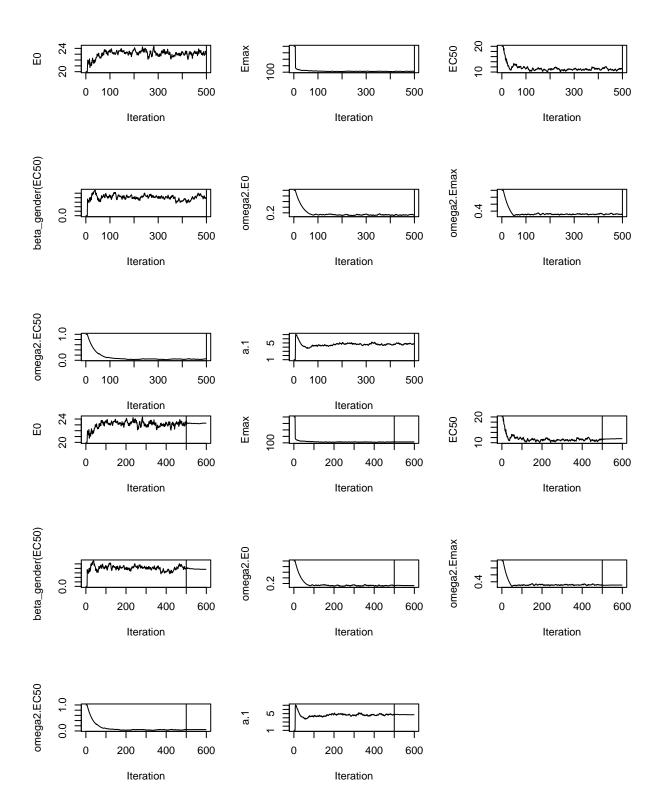
```
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
    Model function: Emax growth model Model type: structural
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
## # input:
      psi : matrix of parameters (3 columns, E0, Emax, EC50)
      id : vector of indices
## # xidep : dependent variables (same nb of rows as length of id)
## # returns:
## # a vector of predictions of length equal to length of id
##
   dose<-xidep[,1]
##
    e0<-psi[id,1]
##
    emax<-psi[id,2]
##
    e50<-psi[id,3]
##
    f<-e0+emax*dose/(e50+dose)
##
    return(f)
## }
## <bytecode: 0x557cc00a2298>
   Nb of parameters: 3
##
       parameter names: E0 Emax EC50
##
       distribution:
##
       Parameter Distribution Estimated
## [1,] EO
            log-normal
                          Estimated
## [2,] Emax
              log-normal Estimated
            log-normal
## [3,] EC50
                           Estimated
    Variance-covariance matrix:
       EO Emax EC50
## E0
      1 0
## Emax 0
          1
## EC50 0
            0
                1
    Error model: constant, initial values: a.1=1
      No covariate in the model.
##
##
      Initial values
##
             EO Emax EC50
## Pop.CondInit 20 300 20
         Key algorithm options ----
## -----
##
      Estimation of individual parameters (MAP)
##
      Estimation of standard errors and linearised log-likelihood
##
      Estimation of log-likelihood by importance sampling
##
      Number of iterations: K1=500, K2=300
     Number of chains: 3
##
##
      Seed: 765754
##
      Number of MCMC iterations for IS: 5000
##
      Simulations:
##
         nb of simulated datasets used for npde: 1000
##
         nb of simulated datasets used for VPC: 100
##
      Input/output
##
         save the results to a file: FALSE
##
         save the graphs to files: FALSE
## -----
                      Results
## -----
## ----- Fixed effects -----
```

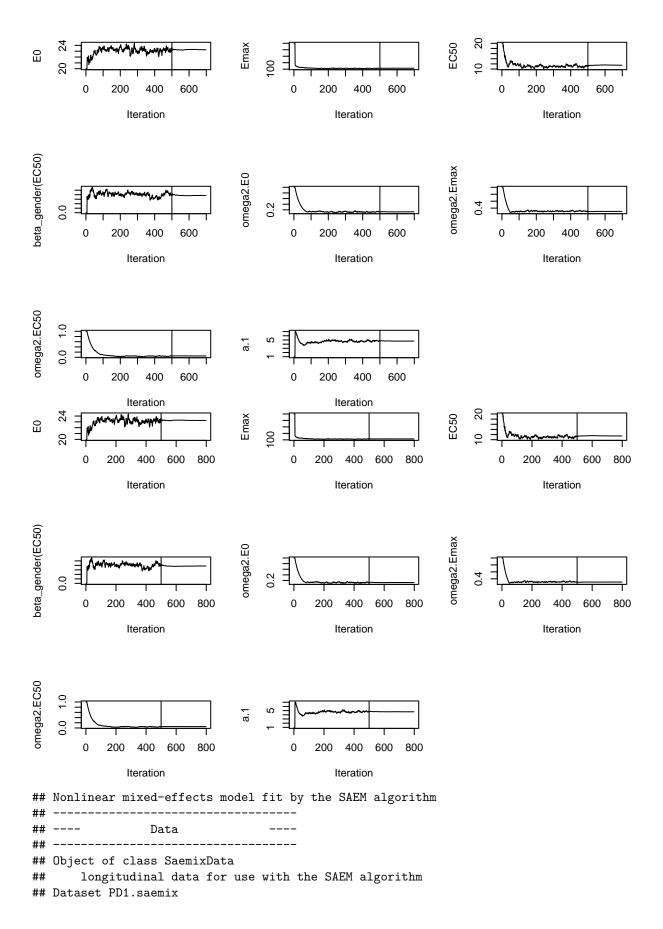
```
##
     Parameter Estimate SE CV(%)
## [1,] E0 23.4 1.08 4.6
## [2,] Emax
           107.2
                6.09 5.7
## [3,] EC50
           15.2
                0.77 5.0
## [4,] a.1
           4.8 0.42 8.8
## -----
## ----- Variance of random effects -----
## -----
##
             Estimate SE
                       CV(%)
     Parameter
     omega2.E0 0.128 0.028 22
## E0
## Emax omega2.Emax 0.302 0.045 15
## EC50 omega2.EC50 0.071 0.027 38
## -----
## ----- Correlation matrix of random effects -----
## -----
##
         omega2.E0 omega2.Emax omega2.EC50
## omega2.E0 1 0
## omega2.Emax 0
               1
                        0
               0
## omega2.EC50 0
                        1
## -----
## ----- Statistical criteria -----
## -----
## Likelihood computed by linearisation
     -2LL= 2463.063
##
     AIC = 2477.063
##
     BIC = 2495.299
## Likelihood computed by importance sampling
##
     -2LL= 2466.154
##
     AIC = 2480.154
##
     BIC = 2498.39
```

fit2<-saemix(model2, saemix.data, saemix.options)</pre>







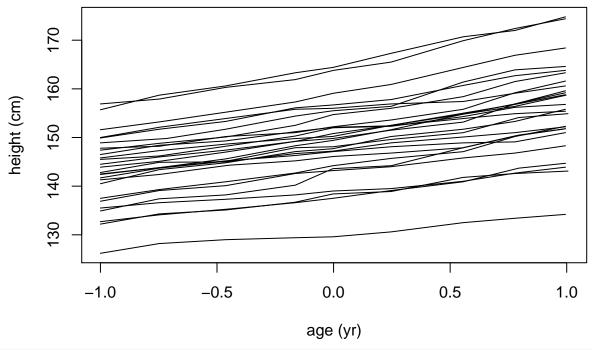


```
##
      Structured data: response ~ dose | subject
##
      Predictor: dose (mg)
##
      covariates: gender (-)
        reference class for covariate gender: 0
##
## Dataset characteristics:
##
      number of subjects:
                              100
##
      number of observations: 300
      average/min/max nb obs: 3.00 / 3 / 3
##
## First 10 lines of data:
##
      subject dose response gender mdv cens occ ytype
           1
                0 11.2870
                                1
                                    0
## 2
               10 63.6114
           1
                                    0
                                1
                                            1
## 3
              90 122.9170
           1
                                1
                                            1
                                                  1
## 4
           2
              0 15.0514
                                   0
                                1
                                            1
## 5
           2 10 39.5296
                                   0
                                        0
                                1
                                            1
## 6
           2
              90 60.8522
                                1
                                   0
                                        0
                                            1
## 7
           3
              0 25.5390
                                   0
                                        0
                                1
                                            1
                                                  1
## 8
           3 10 58.0035
                                   0
## 9
           3 90 81.1173
                                   0
                                        0
                                            1
                                                  1
                                1
## 10
           4
                0 22.1446
                                        0
                                                  1
## -----
                Model
## -----
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
    Model function: Emax growth model Model type: structural
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
## # input:
      psi : matrix of parameters (3 columns, E0, Emax, EC50)
## #
      id : vector of indices
      xidep: dependent variables (same nb of rows as length of id)
## # returns:
## #
      a vector of predictions of length equal to length of id
##
    dose<-xidep[,1]
##
    e0<-psi[id,1]
##
    emax<-psi[id,2]
##
    e50<-psi[id,3]
##
    f<-e0+emax*dose/(e50+dose)
##
    return(f)
## }
## <bytecode: 0x557cc00a2298>
    Nb of parameters: 3
##
        parameter names: E0 Emax EC50
        distribution:
##
       Parameter Distribution Estimated
## [1,] EO
                 log-normal
                              Estimated
## [2,] Emax
                 log-normal
                              Estimated
## [3,] EC50
                 log-normal
                              Estimated
##
    Variance-covariance matrix:
##
       EO Emax EC50
## E0
        1
             0
## Emax 0
             1
                  0
## EC50 0
             0
                  1
##
    Error model: constant , initial values: a.1=1
##
    Covariate model:
```

```
[,1] [,2] [,3]
## gender
        0 0 1
  Initial values
##
        EO Emax EC50
## Pop.CondInit 20 300
## Cov.CondInit 0
## -----
## ---- Key algorithm options ----
  _____
##
     Estimation of individual parameters (MAP)
     Estimation of standard errors and linearised log-likelihood
##
     Estimation of log-likelihood by importance sampling
##
    Number of iterations: K1=500, K2=300
##
    Number of chains: 3
##
    Seed: 765754
##
    Number of MCMC iterations for IS: 5000
##
    Simulations:
##
       nb of simulated datasets used for npde: 1000
##
       nb of simulated datasets used for VPC: 100
##
     Input/output
##
       save the results to a file: FALSE
       save the graphs to files: FALSE
## -----
                 Results
## -----
## ----- Fixed effects ------
     Parameter Estimate SE CV(%) p-value
## [1,] EO
                  23.24 1.072 4.6 -
                 107.20 6.120 5.7 -
## [2,] Emax
                  11.45 0.980 8.6 -
## [3,] EC50
## [4,] beta_gender(EC50) 0.39 0.099 25.6 4.7e-05
## [5,] a.1
           4.72 0.407 8.6 -
## ----- Variance of random effects -----
## -----
##
     Parameter Estimate SE CV(%)
## EO
     omega2.E0 0.129 0.028 22
                   0.045 15
## Emax omega2.Emax 0.307
## EC50 omega2.EC50 0.052 0.022 43
## -----
## ----- Correlation matrix of random effects -----
## -----
##
          omega2.EO omega2.Emax omega2.EC50
## omega2.E0 1 0
                          0
## omega2.Emax 0
                 1
             0
                         1
## omega2.EC50 0
## -----
## ----- Statistical criteria -----
## -----
## Likelihood computed by linearisation
##
      -2LL= 2448.635
##
     AIC = 2464.635
##
     BIC = 2485.477
```

```
##
## Likelihood computed by importance sampling
        -2LL= 2452.279
##
##
        AIC = 2468.279
         BIC = 2489.121
## -----
wstat<-(-2)*(fit1["results"]["ll.is"]-fit2["results"]["ll.is"])</pre>
cat("LRT test for covariate effect on EC50: p-value=",1-pchisq(wstat,1),"\n")
## LRT test for covariate effect on EC50: p-value= 0.0001954234
Oxford boys
if(testMode)
  data(oxboys.saemix) else
    oxboys.saemix<-read.table(file.path(datDir, "oxboys.saemix.tab"), header=TRUE)
saemix.data<-saemixData(name.data=oxboys.saemix,header=TRUE,</pre>
      name.group=c("Subject"),name.predictors=c("age"),name.response=c("height"),
     units=list(x="yr",y="cm"))
##
##
## The following SaemixData object was successfully created:
## Object of class SaemixData
       longitudinal data for use with the SAEM algorithm
## Dataset oxboys.saemix
##
       Structured data: height ~ age | Subject
##
       Predictor: age (yr)
```

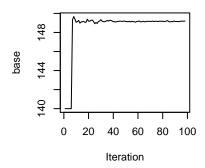
# plot the data
plot(saemix.data)

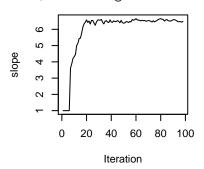


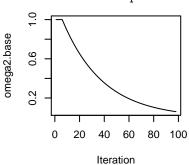
```
##
##
## The following SaemixModel object was successfully created:
##
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
     Model function: Linear model Model type: structural
##
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
##
     x<-xidep[,1]
##
     base<-psi[id,1]
     slope<-psi[id,2]</pre>
##
##
     f<-base+slope*x
##
     return(f)
## }
     Nb of parameters: 2
##
         parameter names: base slope
##
##
         distribution:
##
        Parameter Distribution Estimated
## [1,] base
                  log-normal
                                Estimated
## [2,] slope
                  normal
                                Estimated
```

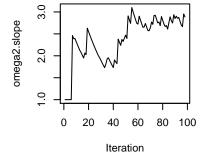
```
Variance-covariance matrix:
##
##
         base slope
## base
##
  slope
                   1
     Error model: constant , initial values: a.1=1
##
##
       No covariate in the model.
##
       Initial values
                 base slope
##
## Pop.CondInit 140
saemix.options<-list(algorithms=c(1,1,1),nb.chains=1,seed=201004,</pre>
      save=FALSE, save.graphs=FALSE)
saemix.fit<-saemix(saemix.model,saemix.data,saemix.options)</pre>
```

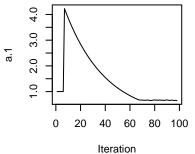
## The number of subjects is small, increasing the number of chains to 2 to improve convergence

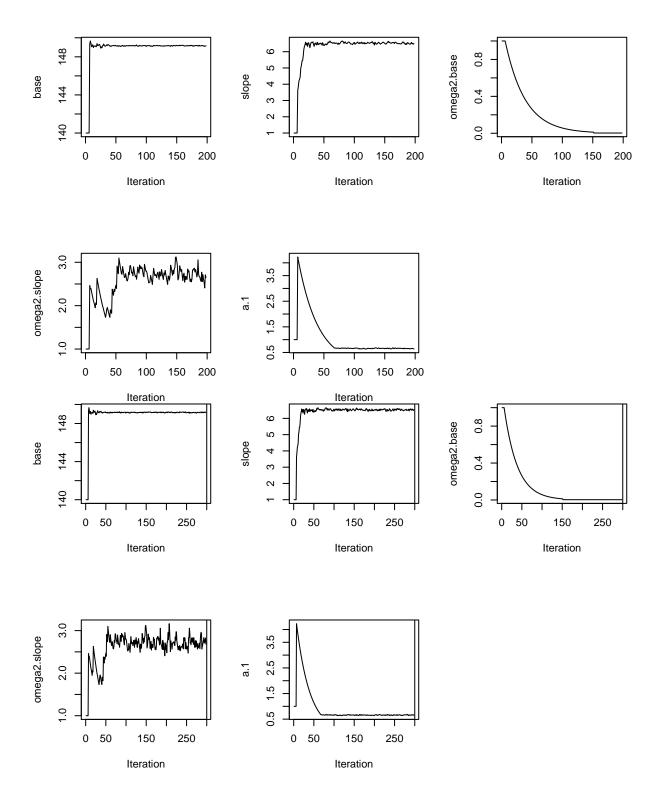


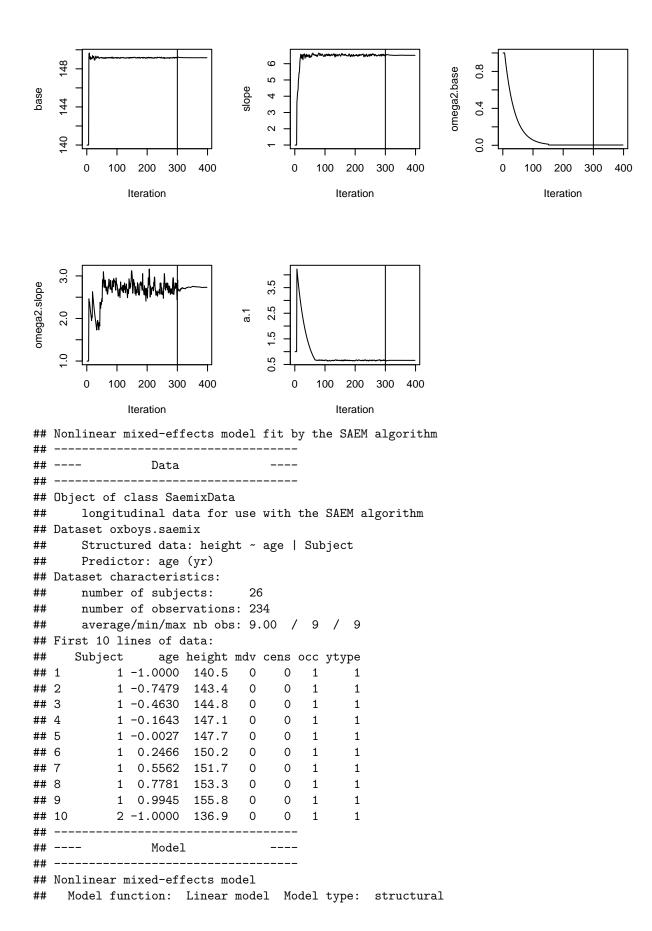












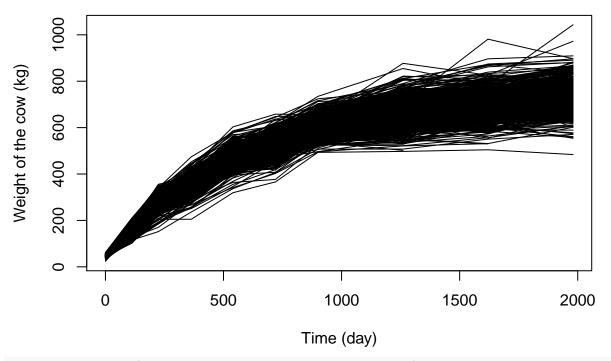
```
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
##
   x<-xidep[,1]
##
   base<-psi[id,1]
##
    slope<-psi[id,2]
##
   f<-base+slope*x
##
   return(f)
## }
## <bytecode: 0x557cc02bd3f0>
   Nb of parameters: 2
##
       parameter names: base slope
##
       distribution:
##
      Parameter Distribution Estimated
## [1,] base log-normal Estimated
## [2,] slope normal Estimated
## Variance-covariance matrix:
##
      base slope
## base
        1
             1
## slope 1
  Error model: constant, initial values: a.1=1
##
     No covariate in the model.
##
     Initial values
##
           base slope
## Pop.CondInit 140 1
## -----
       Key algorithm options ----
## -----
##
     Estimation of individual parameters (MAP)
     Estimation of standard errors and linearised log-likelihood
##
##
     Estimation of log-likelihood by importance sampling
     Number of iterations: K1=300, K2=100
##
     Number of chains: 2
##
##
     Seed: 201004
##
     Number of MCMC iterations for IS: 5000
##
     Simulations:
##
        nb of simulated datasets used for npde: 1000
##
        nb of simulated datasets used for VPC: 100
##
     Input/output
##
        save the results to a file: FALSE
        save the graphs to files: FALSE
## -----
                   Results
## -----
## ----- Fixed effects -----
## -----
      Parameter Estimate SE CV(%)
## [1,] base 149.16 1.563 1.0
           1.563 1.0
6.51 0.331 5.1
0.66
## [2,] slope
## [3,] a.1
## -----
## ----- Variance of random effects -----
      Parameter Estimate SE CV(%)
## base omega2.base 0.0029 0.00079 28
## slope omega2.slope 2.7361 0.79109 29
```

```
## covar cov.base.slope 0.0564 0.02087 37
## -----
## ----- Correlation matrix of random effects -----
           omega2.base omega2.slope
## omega2.base 1.00 0.64
## omega2.slope 0.64 1.00
## -----
## ----- Statistical criteria -----
## -----
## Likelihood computed by linearisation
      -2LL= 726.5422
##
      AIC = 738.5422
##
      BIC = 746.0908
##
##
## Likelihood computed by importance sampling
      -2LL= 726.5619
##
##
      AIC = 738.5619
     BIC = 746.1105
##
```

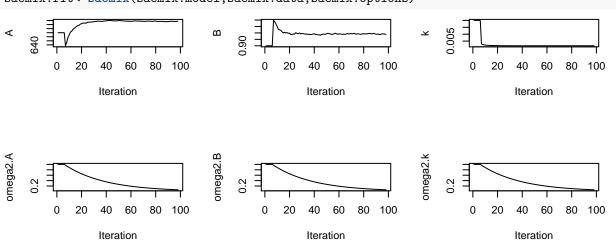
#### Cow

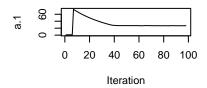
```
if(testMode)
  data(cow.saemix) else
    cow.saemix<-read.table(file.path(datDir, "cow.saemix.tab"), header=TRUE)</pre>
saemix.data<-saemixData(name.data=cow.saemix,header=TRUE,name.group=c("cow"),</pre>
      name.predictors=c("time"),name.response=c("weight"),
      name.covariates=c("birthyear","twin","birthrank"),
      units=list(x="days",y="kg",covariates=c("yr","-","-")))
## [1] "birthyear" "twin"
                                "birthrank"
##
##
## The following SaemixData object was successfully created:
## Object of class SaemixData
##
       longitudinal data for use with the SAEM algorithm
## Dataset cow.saemix
##
       Structured data: weight ~ time | cow
##
       Predictor: time (days)
##
       covariates: birthyear (yr), twin (-), birthrank (-)
         reference class for covariate twin : 1
growthcow<-function(psi,id,xidep) {</pre>
  x < -xidep[,1]
  a<-psi[id,1]
 b<-psi[id,2]
 k < -psi[id,3]
 f < -a*(1-b*exp(-k*x))
 return(f)
}
```

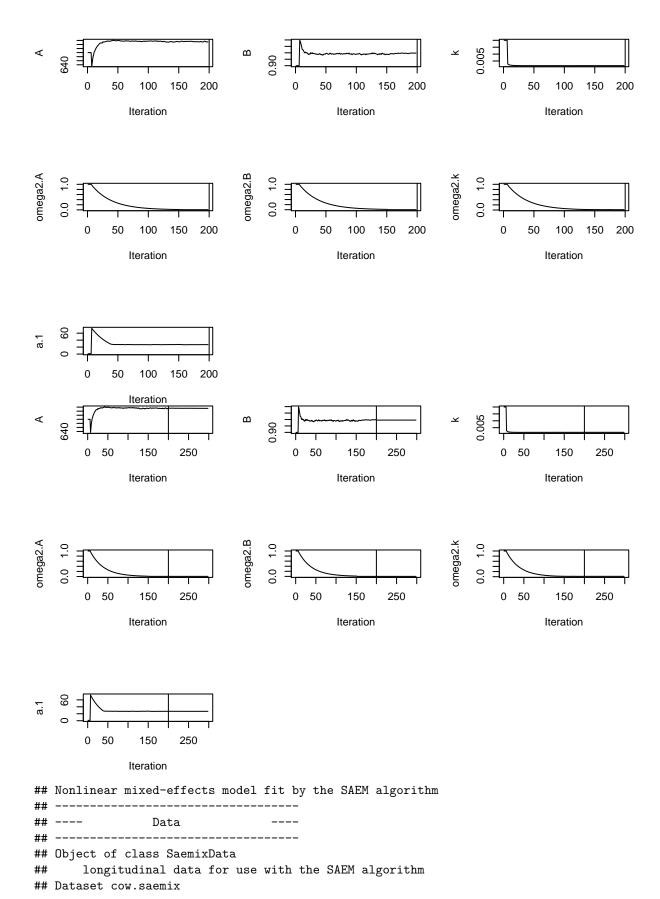
```
saemix.model<-saemixModel(model=growthcow,</pre>
      description="Exponential growth model",
      psi0=matrix(c(700,0.9,0.02,0,0,0),ncol=3,byrow=TRUE,
        dimnames=list(NULL,c("A","B","k"))),transform.par=c(1,1,1),fixed.estim=c(1,1,1),
      covariate.model=matrix(c(0,0,0),ncol=3,byrow=TRUE),
      \texttt{covariance.model=matrix(c(1,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,1),ncol=3,byrow=TRUE),}
      omega.init=matrix(c(1,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,1),ncol=3,byrow=TRUE),error.model="constant")
##
##
## The following SaemixModel object was successfully created:
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
     Model function: Exponential growth model Model type: structural
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
    x < -xidep[,1]
##
     a<-psi[id,1]
##
    b<-psi[id,2]
    k<-psi[id,3]
##
     f < -a*(1-b*exp(-k*x))
##
##
     return(f)
## }
##
    Nb of parameters: 3
         parameter names: A B k
##
##
         distribution:
##
       Parameter Distribution Estimated
## [1,] A
                 log-normal
                              Estimated
## [2,] B
                  log-normal
                               Estimated
## [3,] k
                  log-normal
                               Estimated
    Variance-covariance matrix:
##
##
   ABk
## A 1 0 0
## B 0 1 0
## k 0 0 1
     Error model: constant , initial values: a.1=1
       No covariate in the model.
##
##
       Initial values
##
                  Α
                     В
## Pop.CondInit 700 0.9 0.02
## Cov.CondInit 0 0.0 0.00
saemix.options<-list(algorithms=c(1,1,1),nb.chains=1,nbiter.saemix=c(200,100),</pre>
             seed=4526,save=FALSE,save.graphs=FALSE)
# Plotting the data
plot(saemix.data,xlab="Time (day)",ylab="Weight of the cow (kg)")
```



saemix.fit<-saemix(saemix.model,saemix.data,saemix.options)</pre>







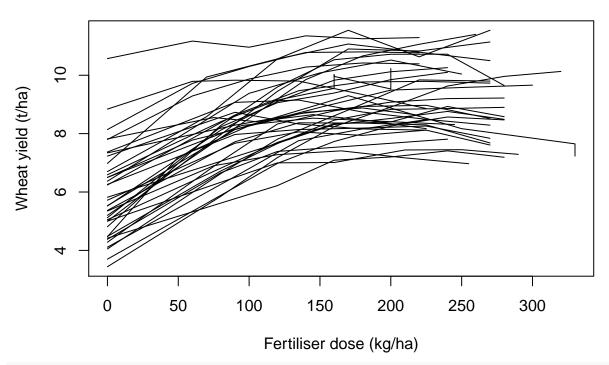
```
##
      Structured data: weight ~ time | cow
##
      Predictor: time (days)
##
      covariates: birthyear (yr), twin (-), birthrank (-)
       reference class for covariate twin : 1
##
## Dataset characteristics:
##
      number of subjects:
                           560
      number of observations: 5455
      average/min/max nb obs: 9.74 / 7 / 10
##
## First 10 lines of data:
##
        cow time weight birthyear twin birthrank mdv cens occ ytype
## 1 1988005
             0
                 44.0
                         1988
                                  1
                                           3
                                               0
## 2 1988005 112 173.4
                           1988
                                           3
                                               0
                                                   0
                                                      1
                                  1
                         1988
## 3 1988005 224 292.8
                                                      1
                                  1
                                           3
                                                   0
                                                            1
## 4 1988005 364 364.6
                         1988 1
                                           3
                                             0
                                                   0
                                                      1
## 5 1988005 540 490.4
                         1988 1
                                           3 0
                                                   0
                                                      1
                         1988
## 6 1988005
             720 522.0
                                  1
                                           3
                                              0
                                                   0
                                                      1
## 7 1988005 900 601.1
                         1988
                                1
                                           3 0
                                                   0
                                                     1
                                                            1
## 8 1988005 1260 698.1
                         1988
                                           3 0
## 9 1988005 1620 657.7
                          1988
                                           3 0
                                                   0 1
                                  1
                                                            1
## 10 1988005 1980 776.7
                          1988
                                  1
                                           3 0
                                                   0
                                                            1
## -----
             Model
## -----
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
    Model function: Exponential growth model Model type: structural
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
##
    x < -xidep[,1]
    a<-psi[id,1]
##
##
    b<-psi[id,2]
    k<-psi[id,3]
##
    f < -a*(1-b*exp(-k*x))
##
    return(f)
## }
## <bytecode: 0x557cc0de58c0>
##
    Nb of parameters: 3
##
       parameter names: A B k
##
       distribution:
##
      Parameter Distribution Estimated
## [1,] A
               log-normal
                           Estimated
## [2,] B
               log-normal
                           Estimated
## [3,] k
               log-normal
                           Estimated
##
   Variance-covariance matrix:
   ABk
## A 1 0 0
## B O 1 O
## k 0 0 1
    Error model: constant, initial values: a.1=1
##
      No covariate in the model.
##
      Initial values
##
               Α
## Pop.CondInit 700 0.9 0.02
## -----
## ---- Key algorithm options ----
## -----
```

```
##
     Estimation of individual parameters (MAP)
##
     Estimation of standard errors and linearised log-likelihood
##
     Estimation of log-likelihood by importance sampling
##
     Number of iterations: K1=200, K2=100
##
     Number of chains: 1
##
     Seed: 4526
##
     Number of MCMC iterations for IS: 5000
##
     Simulations:
##
        nb of simulated datasets used for npde: 1000
##
        nb of simulated datasets used for VPC: 100
##
     Input/output
##
        save the results to a file: FALSE
        save the graphs to files: FALSE
## -----
                 Results
## -----
## ----- Fixed effects -----
## -----
    Parameter Estimate SE
                        CV(%)
## [1,] A
        7.5e+02 2.9e+00 0.38
## [2,] B
           9.4e-01 1.2e-03 0.13
## [3,] k
            1.6e-03 1.2e-05 0.72
          2.7e+01 3.0e-01 1.11
## [4,] a.1
## -----
## ----- Variance of random effects -----
## -----
##
  Parameter Estimate SE
                       CV(%)
## A omega2.A 6.4e-03 4.4e-04 7.0
## B omega2.B 4.7e-05 5.2e-05 110.6
## k omega2.k 1.4e-02 1.4e-03
## -----
## ----- Correlation matrix of random effects -----
## -----
        omega2.A omega2.B omega2.k
## omega2.A 1
          0
                      0
## omega2.B 0
               1
## omega2.k 0
             0
## ----- Statistical criteria -----
## -----
## Likelihood computed by linearisation
##
      -2LL= 53706.64
      AIC = 53720.64
##
##
      BIC = 53750.93
## Likelihood computed by importance sampling
##
      -2LL= 53731.51
##
      AIC = 53745.51
     BIC = 53775.8
```

#### Wheat yield

```
if(testMode)
  data(yield.saemix) else
    yield.saemix<-read.table(file.path(datDir, "yield.saemix.tab"), header=TRUE)
saemix.data<-saemixData(name.data=yield.saemix,header=TRUE,name.group=c("site"),</pre>
      name.predictors=c("dose"),name.response=c("yield"),
      name.covariates=c("soil.nitrogen"),units=list(x="kg/ha",y="t/ha",covariates=c("kg/ha")))
## [1] "soil.nitrogen"
##
## The following SaemixData object was successfully created:
##
## Object of class SaemixData
       longitudinal data for use with the SAEM algorithm
## Dataset yield.saemix
##
       Structured data: yield ~ dose | site
       Predictor: dose (kg/ha)
##
##
       covariates: soil.nitrogen (kg/ha)
# Model: linear + plateau
yield.LP<-function(psi,id,xidep) {</pre>
 x < -xidep[,1]
 ymax<-psi[id,1]</pre>
 xmax<-psi[id,2]</pre>
  slope<-psi[id,3]</pre>
  f<-ymax+slope*(x-xmax)
  \#' cat(length(f), " ", length(ymax), "\n")
 f[x>xmax]<-ymax[x>xmax]
  return(f)
}
saemix.model<-saemixModel(model=yield.LP,description="Linear plus plateau model",</pre>
        psi0=matrix(c(8,100,0.2,0,0),ncol=3,byrow=TRUE,dimnames=list(NULL,
            c("Ymax", "Xmax", "slope"))),covariate.model=matrix(c(0,0,0),ncol=3,byrow=TRUE),
        transform.par=c(0,0,0),covariance.model=matrix(c(1,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,1),ncol=3,
            byrow=TRUE),error.model="constant")
##
##
## The following SaemixModel object was successfully created:
##
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
##
     Model function: Linear plus plateau model Model type: structural
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
##
    x < -xidep[,1]
##
     ymax<-psi[id,1]</pre>
##
    xmax<-psi[id,2]
##
     slope<-psi[id,3]</pre>
##
     f<-ymax+slope*(x-xmax)
     #' cat(length(f)," ",length(ymax),"\n")
##
##
    f[x>xmax]<-ymax[x>xmax]
##
    return(f)
## }
```

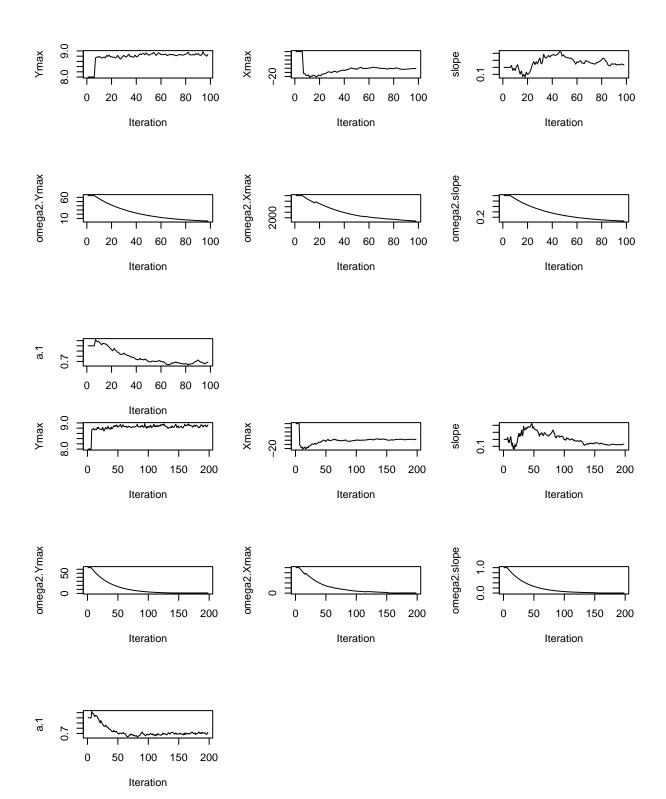
```
##
     Nb of parameters: 3
##
         parameter names: Ymax Xmax slope
##
         distribution:
        Parameter Distribution Estimated
##
##
  [1,] Ymax
                  normal
                                Estimated
   [2,] Xmax
                                Estimated
##
                  normal
   [3,] slope
                  normal
                                Estimated
##
##
     Variance-covariance matrix:
##
         Ymax Xmax slope
## Ymax
            1
                 0
                        0
##
  Xmax
                        0
   slope
##
     Error model: constant , initial values: a.1=1
##
##
       No covariate in the model.
##
       Initial values
##
                Ymax Xmax slope
## Pop.CondInit
                    8
                      100
                             0.2
## Cov.CondInit
                             0.0
saemix.options<-list(algorithms=c(1,1,1),nb.chains=1,seed=666,</pre>
       save=FALSE, save.graphs=FALSE)
# Plotting the data
plot(saemix.data,xlab="Fertiliser dose (kg/ha)", ylab="Wheat yield (t/ha)")
```

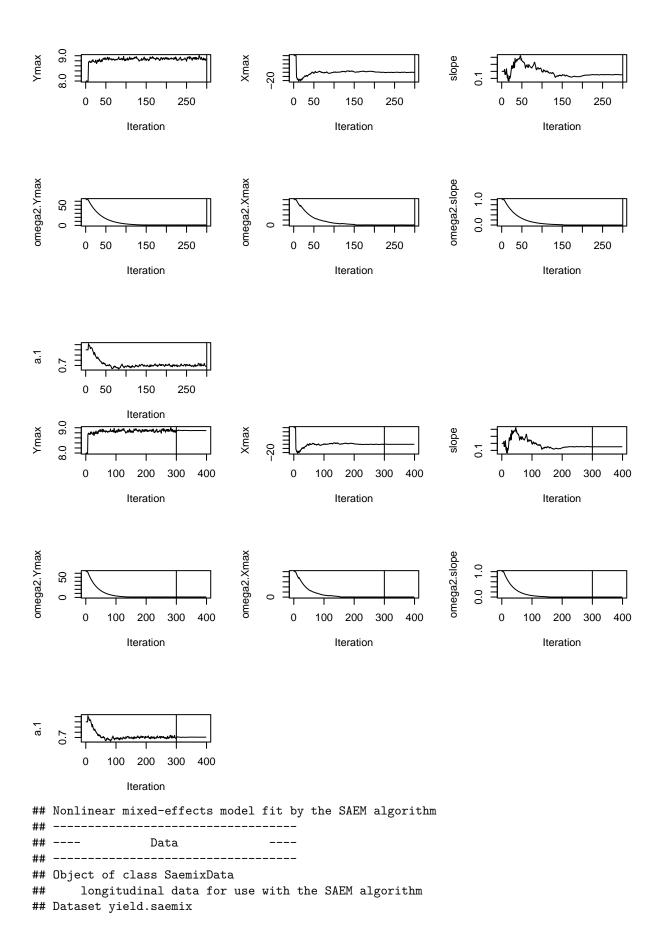


saemix.fit<-saemix(saemix.model,saemix.data,saemix.options)</pre>

## The number of subjects is small, increasing the number of chains to 2 to improve convergence

40





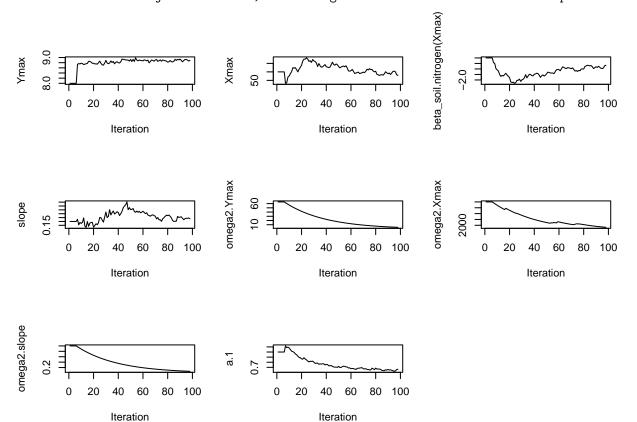
```
##
      Structured data: yield ~ dose | site
##
      Predictor: dose (kg/ha)
##
      covariates: soil.nitrogen (kg/ha)
## Dataset characteristics:
      number of subjects:
##
      number of observations: 224
      average/min/max nb obs: 6.05 / 5 / 8
## First 10 lines of data:
     site dose yield soil.nitrogen mdv cens occ ytype
##
## 1 1901
          0 6.70
                             70 0
## 2 1901
          70 8.58
                             70 0
## 3 1901 120 10.56
                             70 0
                                       0
## 4 1901 170 11.54
                             70 0
                                       0
## 5 1901 220 10.63
                             70 0
                                       0
## 6 1901 270 11.54
                            70 0
                                       0 1
## 7 1902
          0 6.98
                             80 0
                                       0
## 8 1902
          70 9.94
                             80 0
                                      0 1
## 9 1902 120 10.56
                             80 0
## 10 1902 170 11.07
                             80 0
## -----
              Model
## -----
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
    Model function: Linear plus plateau model Model type: structural
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
    x < -xidep[,1]
##
    ymax<-psi[id,1]</pre>
##
    xmax<-psi[id,2]</pre>
##
    slope<-psi[id,3]</pre>
##
    f<-ymax+slope*(x-xmax)
    #' cat(length(f)," ",length(ymax),"\n")
##
##
    f[x>xmax]<-ymax[x>xmax]
##
    return(f)
## }
## <bytecode: 0x557cc6059018>
##
    Nb of parameters: 3
##
       parameter names: Ymax Xmax slope
##
       distribution:
##
       Parameter Distribution Estimated
## [1,] Ymax
             normal Estimated
## [2,] Xmax
                          Estimated
              normal
## [3,] slope normal
                           Estimated
    Variance-covariance matrix:
##
       Ymax Xmax slope
## Ymax
         1
              0
## Xmax
          0
               1
                    0
## slope
          0
               0
                    1
    Error model: constant, initial values: a.1=1
##
      No covariate in the model.
##
      Initial values
##
              Ymax Xmax slope
## Pop.CondInit 8 100 0.2
## -----
## ---- Key algorithm options ----
```

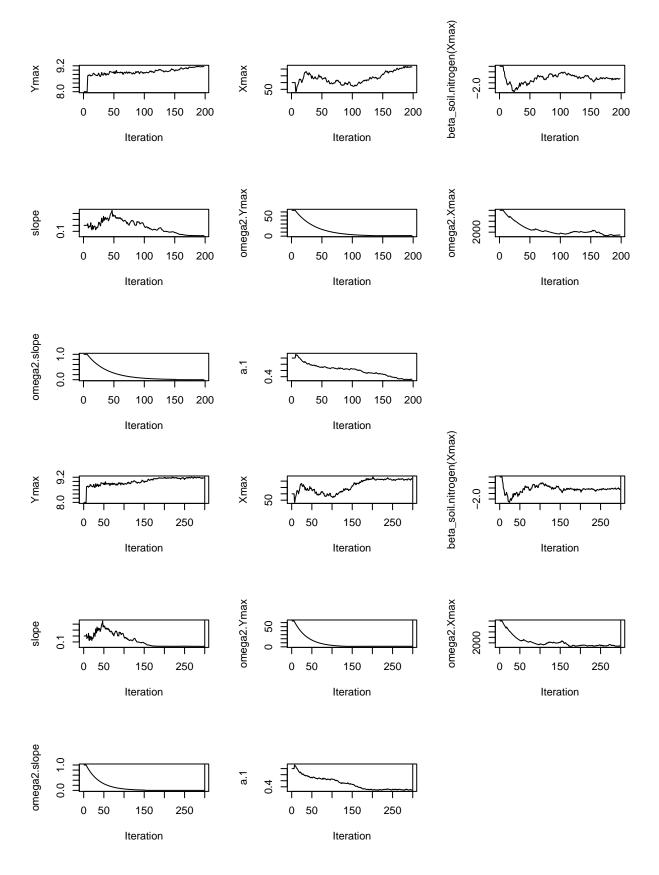
```
##
     Estimation of individual parameters (MAP)
##
     Estimation of standard errors and linearised log-likelihood
##
     Estimation of log-likelihood by importance sampling
##
     Number of iterations: K1=300, K2=100
##
     Number of chains: 2
##
     Seed: 666
     Number of MCMC iterations for IS: 5000
##
##
     Simulations:
##
        nb of simulated datasets used for npde: 1000
##
        nb of simulated datasets used for VPC: 100
##
     Input/output
##
        save the results to a file: FALSE
        save the graphs to files: FALSE
## ----
                   Results
## ----- Fixed effects -----
## -----
      Parameter Estimate SE
                         CV(%)
## [1,] Ymax 8.89 0.176 2.0
## [2,] Xmax
            19.75
                   5.089 25.8
## [3,] slope
                   0.037 24.7
              0.15
              0.71
                   0.041 5.8
## [4,] a.1
## -----
## ----- Variance of random effects -----
      Parameter Estimate SE
                              CV(%)
## Ymax omega2.Ymax 1.0e+00 0.2659
## Xmax omega2.Xmax 5.3e+01 38.0311
## slope omega2.slope 9.2e-06 0.0018 19486
## -----
## ----- Correlation matrix of random effects -----
            omega2.Ymax omega2.Xmax omega2.slope
                     0
## omega2.Ymax 1
## omega2.Xmax 0
                               0
## omega2.slope 0
                  0
                               1
## -----
## ----- Statistical criteria -----
## -----
## Likelihood computed by linearisation
      -2LL= 616.5701
      AIC = 630.5701
##
      BIC = 641.8466
##
## Likelihood computed by importance sampling
      -2LL= 616.5048
##
##
       AIC = 630.5048
##
       BIC = 641.7812
## -----
# Comparing the likelihoods obtained by linearisation and importance sampling
# to the likelihood obtained by Gaussian Quadrature
```

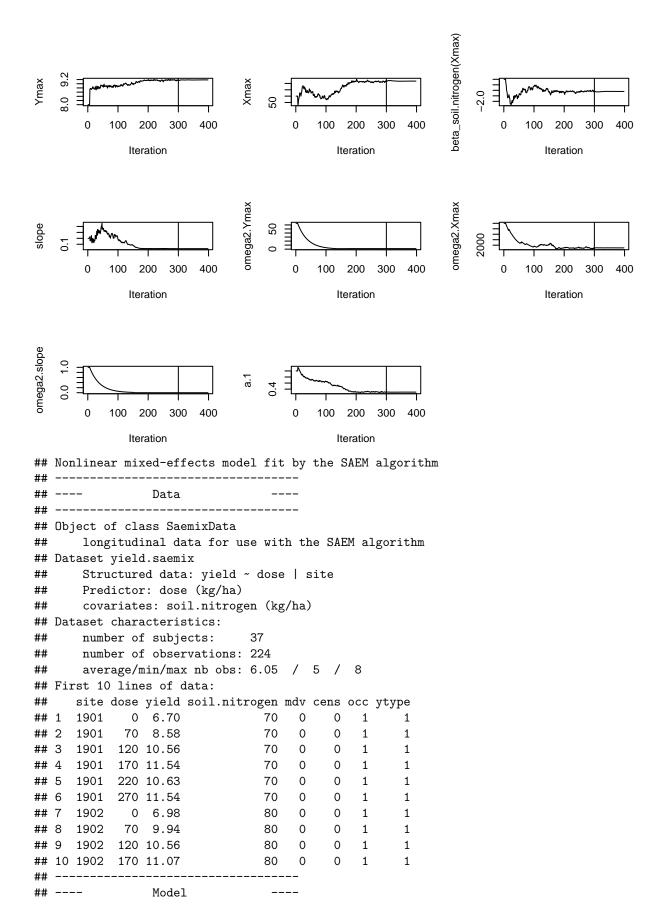
```
saemix.fit<-llgq.saemix(saemix.fit)</pre>
   cat("LL by Importance sampling, LL_IS=", saemix.fit["results"]["11.is"], "\n")
   cat("LL by linearisation, LL_lin=",saemix.fit["results"]["ll.lin"],"\n")
   cat("LL by Gaussian Quadrature, LL_GQ=",saemix.fit["results"]["ll.gq"],"\n")
## LL by Importance sampling, LL_IS= -308.2524
## LL by linearisation, LL_lin= -308.2851
## LL by Gaussian Quadrature, LL GQ= -308.2772
# Testing for an effect of covariate soil.nitrogen on Xmax
saemix.model2<-saemixModel(model=yield.LP,description="Linear plus plateau model",</pre>
         psi0=matrix(c(8,100,0.2,0,0,0),ncol=3,byrow=TRUE,dimnames=list(NULL,
            c("Ymax", "Xmax", "slope"))),covariate.model=matrix(c(0,1,0),ncol=3,byrow=TRUE),
         transform.par=c(0,0,0),covariance.model=matrix(c(1,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,1),ncol=3,
             byrow=TRUE),error.model="constant")
##
##
## The following SaemixModel object was successfully created:
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
     Model function: Linear plus plateau model Model type: structural
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
     x < -xidep[,1]
##
##
    ymax<-psi[id,1]</pre>
    xmax<-psi[id,2]
##
     slope<-psi[id,3]</pre>
##
     f<-ymax+slope*(x-xmax)
     #' cat(length(f)," ",length(ymax),"\n")
##
##
     f[x>xmax]<-ymax[x>xmax]
##
     return(f)
## }
## <bytecode: 0x557cc6059018>
##
     Nb of parameters: 3
##
         parameter names: Ymax Xmax slope
##
         distribution:
##
        Parameter Distribution Estimated
## [1,] Ymax
                  normal
                               Estimated
## [2,] Xmax
                  normal
                               Estimated
## [3,] slope
                  normal
                               Estimated
     Variance-covariance matrix:
         Ymax Xmax slope
##
          1
                 0
## Ymax
## Xmax
            0
                 1
## slope
                       1
##
     Error model: constant , initial values: a.1=1
##
    Covariate model:
##
        Ymax Xmax slope
## [1,]
          0
                1
##
       Initial values
##
                Ymax Xmax slope
## Pop.CondInit
                   8 100
                            0.2
## Cov.CondInit
                            0.0
                   0
                        0
```

# saemix.fit2<-saemix(saemix.model2,saemix.data,saemix.options)</pre>

## The number of subjects is small, increasing the number of chains to 2 to improve convergence







```
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
    Model function: Linear plus plateau model Model type: structural
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
##
    x<-xidep[,1]
##
    ymax<-psi[id,1]</pre>
    xmax<-psi[id,2]
##
    slope<-psi[id,3]</pre>
    f<-ymax+slope*(x-xmax)
##
##
    #' cat(length(f)," ",length(ymax),"\n")
    f[x>xmax]<-ymax[x>xmax]
##
    return(f)
## }
## <bytecode: 0x557cc6059018>
    Nb of parameters: 3
##
        parameter names: Ymax Xmax slope
##
       distribution:
##
       Parameter Distribution Estimated
              normal Estimated
## [1,] Ymax
              normal
## [2,] Xmax
                          Estimated
## [3,] slope normal
                          Estimated
   Variance-covariance matrix:
##
       Ymax Xmax slope
## Ymax
       1 0 0
## Xmax
          0 1
## slope
          0
             0
                   1
   Error model: constant, initial values: a.1=1
   Covariate model:
              [,1] [,2] [,3]
##
## soil.nitrogen 0 1 0
##
      Initial values
##
              Ymax Xmax slope
## Pop.CondInit 8 100 0.2
## Cov.CondInit 0 0 0.0
         Key algorithm options ----
## -----
##
      Estimation of individual parameters (MAP)
##
      Estimation of standard errors and linearised log-likelihood
##
      Estimation of log-likelihood by importance sampling
##
      Number of iterations: K1=300, K2=100
      Number of chains: 2
##
##
      Seed: 666
##
      Number of MCMC iterations for IS: 5000
##
      Simulations:
##
         nb of simulated datasets used for npde: 1000
##
         nb of simulated datasets used for VPC: 100
##
      Input/output
##
         save the results to a file: FALSE
##
         save the graphs to files: FALSE
                    Results
## -----
## ----- Fixed effects -----
```

```
Estimate SE CV(%) p-value
##
      Parameter
## [1,] Ymax
                         9.184 0.1919 2.1 -
                         218.403 15.7188 7.2 -
## [2,] Xmax
## [3,] beta_soil.nitrogen(Xmax) -1.106 0.1715 15.5 5.8e-11
## [4,] slope
                         0.026 0.0012 4.7 -
## [5.] a.1
                          0.302 0.0192 6.4 -
## -----
## ----- Variance of random effects -----
      Parameter Estimate SE
                              CV(%)
## Ymax omega2.Ymax 1.3e+00 3.2e-01 24
## Xmax omega2.Xmax 1.0e+03 2.9e+02 28
## slope omega2.slope 2.9e-05 1.1e-05 38
## -----
## ----- Correlation matrix of random effects -----
  omega2.Ymax omega2.Xmax omega2.slope
## omega2.Ymax 1 0 0
## omega2.Xmax 0
## omega2.slope 0
                    0
## -----
## ----- Statistical criteria -----
## -----
## Likelihood computed by linearisation
     -2LL= 389.099
##
      AIC = 405.099
      BIC = 417.9863
##
##
## Likelihood computed by importance sampling
##
      -2LL= 380.8696
      AIC = 396.8696
##
     BIC = 409.7569
# BIC for the two models
 cat("Model without covariate, BIC=",saemix.fit["results"]["bic.is"],"\n")
 cat("Model with covariate, BIC=",saemix.fit2["results"]["bic.is"],"\n")
 pval<-1-pchisq(-2*saemix.fit["results"]["ll.is"]+2*saemix.fit2["results"]["ll.is"],1)</pre>
 cat("
       LRT: p=",pval,"\n")
## Model without covariate, BIC= 641.7812
## Model with covariate, BIC= 409.7569
##
        LRT: p=0
```

# Discrete data model

### Binary response model

Toenail data

• TODO

```
- add diagnostics (npd-categorical?)
if(testMode)
  data(toenail.saemix) else
    toenail.saemix<-read.table(file.path(datDir, "toenail.saemix.tab"), header=TRUE)
saemix.data<-saemixData(name.data=toenail.saemix,name.group=c("id"),name.predictors=c("time","y"), name</pre>
                          name.covariates=c("treatment"),name.X=c("time"))
## [1] "treatment"
##
##
## The following SaemixData object was successfully created:
## Object of class SaemixData
       longitudinal data for use with the SAEM algorithm
##
## Dataset toenail.saemix
##
       Structured data: y ~ time + y | id
##
       X variable for graphs: time ()
##
       covariates: treatment (-)
         reference class for covariate treatment : 0
##
binary.model<-function(psi,id,xidep) {</pre>
  tim<-xidep[,1]</pre>
  y < -xidep[,2]
  inter<-psi[id,1]</pre>
  slope<-psi[id,2]</pre>
  logit<-inter+slope*tim</pre>
  pevent<-exp(logit)/(1+exp(logit))</pre>
  logpdf<-rep(0,length(tim))</pre>
  P.obs = (y==0)*(1-pevent)+(y==1)*pevent
  logpdf <- log(P.obs)</pre>
  return(logpdf)
}
saemix.model<-saemixModel(model=binary.model,description="Binary model",</pre>
                            modeltype="likelihood",
                            psi0=matrix(c(0,-.5,0,0.5),ncol=2,byrow=TRUE,dimnames=list(NULL,c("theta1","t
                            transform.par=c(0,0), covariate.model=c(0,1),covariance.model=matrix(c(1,0,0,
##
##
## The following SaemixModel object was successfully created:
##
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
     Model function: Binary model Model type: likelihood
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
     tim<-xidep[,1]</pre>
##
##
     y<-xidep[,2]
     inter<-psi[id,1]</pre>
##
##
     slope<-psi[id,2]
     logit<-inter+slope*tim</pre>
##
##
     pevent<-exp(logit)/(1+exp(logit))</pre>
     logpdf<-rep(0,length(tim))</pre>
##
```

P.obs = (y==0)\*(1-pevent)+(y==1)\*pevent

##

```
##
    logpdf <- log(P.obs)</pre>
##
    return(logpdf)
## }
##
    Nb of parameters: 2
##
        parameter names: theta1 theta2
##
        distribution:
       Parameter Distribution Estimated
## [1,] theta1 normal
                           Estimated
              normal
## [2,] theta2
                           Estimated
    Variance-covariance matrix:
        theta1 theta2
## theta1
            1
             0
## theta2
##
   Covariate model:
##
       theta1 theta2
## [1,]
         0
##
      Initial values
##
             theta1 theta2
## Pop.CondInit
                  0 -0.5
## Cov.CondInit
                       0.5
saemix.options<-list(seed=1234567,save=FALSE,save.graphs=FALSE, displayProgress=FALSE, nb.chains=10, fix</pre>
binary.fit<-saemix(saemix.model,saemix.data,saemix.options)</pre>
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model fit by the SAEM algorithm
## -----
             Data
## -----
## Object of class SaemixData
##
      longitudinal data for use with the SAEM algorithm
## Dataset toenail.saemix
      Structured data: y ~ time + y | id
##
##
      X variable for graphs: time ()
##
      covariates: treatment (-)
       reference class for covariate treatment : 0
## Dataset characteristics:
      number of subjects:
##
                            294
##
      number of observations: 1908
      average/min/max nb obs: 6.49 / 1 / 7
## First 10 lines of data:
     id
             time y y.1 treatment mdv cens occ ytype
## 1
     1 0.0000000 1 1 1 0
                                       0
                                          1
## 2
    1 0.8571429 1 1
                              1
                                  0
                                       0
      1 3.5357143 1
## 3
                     1
                              1
                                  0
                                       0
                              1 0
## 4
     1 4.5357143 0 0
                                      0
## 5
     1 7.5357143 0 0
## 6
     1 10.0357143 0
                              1
                     Ω
                                  Ω
                                       Ω
                                         1
## 7
      1 13.0714286 0
                     0
                              1
                                  0
                                       0
## 8 2 0.0000000 0
                     0
                              0 0
                                       0
                                         1
## 9 2 0.9642857 0 0
## 10 2 2.0000000 1 1
                              0 0
                                       0 1
## -----
```

Model

```
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
    Model function: Binary model Model type: likelihood
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
    tim<-xidep[,1]
##
##
    y < -xidep[,2]
##
    inter<-psi[id,1]</pre>
##
    slope<-psi[id,2]</pre>
##
    logit<-inter+slope*tim</pre>
##
    pevent<-exp(logit)/(1+exp(logit))</pre>
##
    logpdf<-rep(0,length(tim))</pre>
##
    P.obs = (y==0)*(1-pevent)+(y==1)*pevent
##
    logpdf <- log(P.obs)</pre>
##
    return(logpdf)
## }
## <bytecode: 0x557cc29874c0>
##
    Nb of parameters: 2
##
       parameter names: theta1 theta2
##
       distribution:
##
      Parameter Distribution Estimated
## [1,] theta1 normal Estimated
                        Estimated
## [2,] theta2 normal
  Variance-covariance matrix:
       theta1 theta2
##
## theta1
           1 0
## theta2
           0
## Covariate model:
##
     [,1] [,2]
## treatment 0
##
     Initial values
            theta1 theta2
## Pop.CondInit 0 -0.5
## Cov.CondInit
                 0 0.5
## -----
## ---- Key algorithm options ----
## -----
##
     Estimation of individual parameters (MAP)
##
     Estimation of log-likelihood by importance sampling
##
     Number of iterations: K1=300, K2=100
     Number of chains: 10
##
##
     Seed: 1234567
##
     Number of MCMC iterations for IS: 5000
##
     Simulations:
##
         nb of simulated datasets used for npde: 1000
##
         nb of simulated datasets used for VPC: 100
##
     Input/output
##
         save the results to a file: FALSE
         save the graphs to files: FALSE
## -----
                    Results
## -----
## ----- Fixed effects -----
## -----
##
     Parameter
                        Estimate
## [1,] theta1
                          -2.20
```

```
## [2,] theta2
## [3,] beta_treatment(theta2) -0.47
## -----
## ----- Variance of random effects -----
## -----
##
      Parameter
                Estimate
## theta1 omega2.theta1 59.3
## theta2 omega2.theta2 1.1
## -----
## ----- Correlation matrix of random effects -----
##
           omega2.theta1 omega2.theta2
## omega2.theta1 1
                     0
## omega2.theta2 0
                    1
## ----- Statistical criteria -----
##
## Likelihood computed by importance sampling
      -2LL= 1116.755
##
     AIC = 1128.755
     BIC = 1150.856
 _____
```

### Categorical response model

- Knee pain after 3, 7 and 10 days of treatment compared to baseline (time=0)
  - longitudinal ordinal model with 5 categories

X variable for graphs: time ()

##

- similar results to Monolix in terms of parameter estimates
- SE don't seem so off, but still higher than Monolix (but computed with linearisation anyway)
- Comparing the 3 covariate models model with Age on alp1 and treatment on beta best

```
if(testMode)
  data(knee.saemix) else
   knee.saemix<-read.table(file.path(datDir, "knee.saemix.tab"), header=TRUE)
saemix.data<-saemixData(name.data=knee.saemix,name.group=c("id"),</pre>
                        name.predictors=c("y", "time"), name.X=c("time"),
                        name.covariates = c("Age", "Sex", "treatment"))
## Column name(s) do(es) not exist in the dataset, please check
## Remove columns 1 ( )
## No valid name given, attempting automatic recognition
## Automatic recognition of columns y successful
## [1] "Age"
                   "Sex"
                               "treatment"
##
##
## The following SaemixData object was successfully created:
## Object of class SaemixData
##
       longitudinal data for use with the SAEM algorithm
## Dataset knee.saemix
       Structured data: y ~ y + time | id
##
```

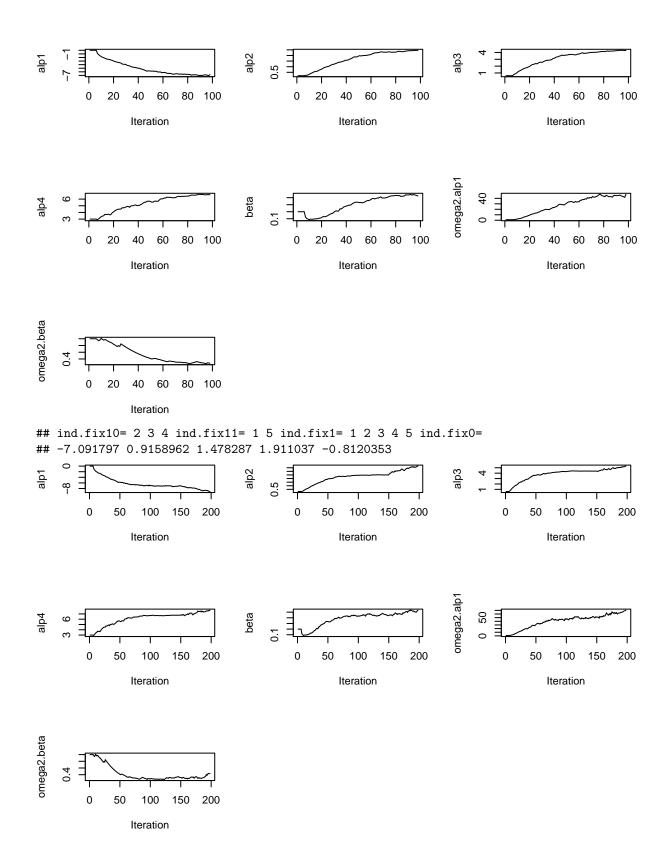
```
##
       covariates: Age (-), Sex (-), treatment (-)
##
         reference class for covariate Sex : 0
##
         reference class for covariate treatment : 0
ordinal.model<-function(psi,id,xidep) {</pre>
  y < -xidep[,1]
  time<-xidep[,2]
  alp1<-psi[id,1]
  alp2<-psi[id,2]
  alp3<-psi[id,3]
  alp4<-psi[id,4]
  beta<-psi[id,5]
  logit1<-alp1 + beta*time</pre>
  logit2<-logit1+alp2
  logit3<-logit2+alp3
  logit4<-logit3+alp4</pre>
  pge1<-exp(logit1)/(1+exp(logit1))</pre>
  pge2<-exp(logit2)/(1+exp(logit2))
  pge3<-exp(logit3)/(1+exp(logit3))
  pge4<-exp(logit4)/(1+exp(logit4))
  logpdf<-rep(0,length(y))</pre>
  P.obs = (y==1)*pge1+(y==2)*(pge2 - pge1)+(y==3)*(pge3 - pge2)+(y==4)*(pge4 - pge3)+(y==5)*(1 - pge4)
  logpdf <- log(P.obs)</pre>
 return(logpdf)
}
covmodel3<-covmodel2<-covmodel1<-matrix(data=0,ncol=5,nrow=3)</pre>
covmodel1[1:2,1]<-1
covmodel1[,5]<-1
covmodel2[1,1] < -covmodel2[3,5] < -1
covmodel2<-covmodel<-matrix(data=0,ncol=5,nrow=3)</pre>
covmodel3[1,1] < -1
saemix.model<-saemixModel(model=ordinal.model,description="Ordinal categorical model",modeltype="likeli")</pre>
                           psi0=matrix(c(0,0.2, 0.6, 3, 0.2),ncol=5,byrow=TRUE,dimnames=list(NULL,c("alp
                           transform.par=c(0,1,1,1,1),omega.init=diag(rep(1,5)), covariance.model = diag
##
##
## The following SaemixModel object was successfully created:
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
     Model function: Ordinal categorical model Model type: likelihood
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
     y<-xidep[,1]
##
##
     time<-xidep[,2]
##
     alp1<-psi[id,1]
##
     alp2<-psi[id,2]
##
     alp3<-psi[id,3]
##
     alp4<-psi[id,4]
##
     beta<-psi[id,5]
##
##
     logit1<-alp1 + beta*time</pre>
##
     logit2<-logit1+alp2
```

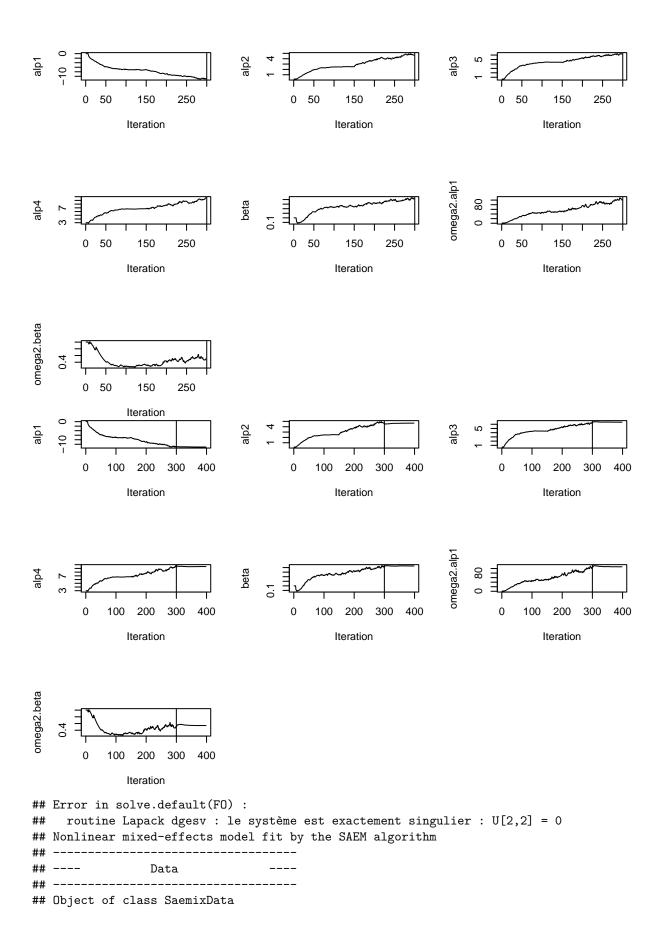
```
##
           logit3<-logit2+alp3
##
           logit4<-logit3+alp4
##
          pge1<-exp(logit1)/(1+exp(logit1))
           pge2<-exp(logit2)/(1+exp(logit2))
##
##
          pge3<-exp(logit3)/(1+exp(logit3))
##
           pge4<-exp(logit4)/(1+exp(logit4))
##
           logpdf<-rep(0,length(y))</pre>
           P.obs = (y=1)*pge1+(y=2)*(pge2 - pge1)+(y=3)*(pge3 - pge2)+(y=4)*(pge4 - pge3)+(y=5)*(1 -
##
##
           logpdf <- log(P.obs)</pre>
##
##
           return(logpdf)
## }
##
          Nb of parameters: 5
##
                    parameter names: alp1 alp2 alp3 alp4 beta
##
                    distribution:
##
                  Parameter Distribution Estimated
## [1,] alp1
                                        normal
                                                                       Estimated
## [2,] alp2
                                        log-normal Estimated
## [3,] alp3
                                         log-normal
                                                                   Estimated
## [4,] alp4
                                         log-normal
                                                                       Estimated
## [5,] beta
                                         log-normal
                                                                       Estimated
          Variance-covariance matrix:
                  alp1 alp2 alp3 alp4 beta
##
                                                0
## alp1
                         1
                                    0
                                                0
                                                            0
                                                                       0
## alp2
                         0
                                    0
## alp3
                         0
                                    0
                                                0
                                                            0
                         0
                                    0
                                                0
                                                            0
                                                                       0
## alp4
## beta
##
               No covariate in the model.
##
                Initial values
##
                                     alp1 alp2 alp3 alp4 beta
## Pop.CondInit
                                           0 0.2 0.6
                                                                              3 0.2
saemix.model.cov1<-saemixModel(model=ordinal.model,description="Ordinal categorical model",modeltype="1</pre>
                                                            psi0=matrix(c(0,0.2, 0.6, 3, 0.2),ncol=5,byrow=TRUE,dimnames=list(NULL,c("alp
                                                            transform.par=c(0,1,1,1,1),omega.init=diag(rep(1,5)), covariance.model = diag
                                                            covariate.model = covmodel)
##
##
## The following SaemixModel object was successfully created:
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
          Model function: Ordinal categorical model Model type: likelihood
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
##
           y < -xidep[,1]
##
           time<-xidep[,2]
##
           alp1<-psi[id,1]
##
           alp2<-psi[id,2]
##
           alp3<-psi[id,3]
##
           alp4<-psi[id,4]
##
           beta<-psi[id,5]
##
##
           logit1<-alp1 + beta*time</pre>
##
           logit2<-logit1+alp2
```

```
##
           logit3<-logit2+alp3
##
           logit4<-logit3+alp4
##
          pge1<-exp(logit1)/(1+exp(logit1))
           pge2<-exp(logit2)/(1+exp(logit2))
##
##
          pge3<-exp(logit3)/(1+exp(logit3))
##
          pge4<-exp(logit4)/(1+exp(logit4))
##
           logpdf<-rep(0,length(y))</pre>
           P.obs = (y=1)*pge1+(y=2)*(pge2 - pge1)+(y=3)*(pge3 - pge2)+(y=4)*(pge4 - pge3)+(y=5)*(1 -
##
##
           logpdf <- log(P.obs)</pre>
##
##
          return(logpdf)
## }
##
          Nb of parameters: 5
##
                    parameter names: alp1 alp2 alp3 alp4 beta
##
                    distribution:
##
                  Parameter Distribution Estimated
## [1,] alp1
                                        normal
                                                                      Estimated
## [2,] alp2
                                        log-normal Estimated
## [3,] alp3
                                         log-normal Estimated
## [4,] alp4
                                         log-normal
                                                                      Estimated
## [5,] beta
                                         log-normal
                                                                      Estimated
          Variance-covariance matrix:
                  alp1 alp2 alp3 alp4 beta
##
                                                0
## alp1
                         1
                                    0
                                                                       0
                                                0
                                                           0
## alp2
                         0
                                    0
## alp3
                         0
                                    0
                                                0
                                                           0
                         0
                                    0
                                                0
                                                            0
                                                                       0
## alp4
## beta
##
               No covariate in the model.
##
                Initial values
##
                                     alp1 alp2 alp3 alp4 beta
## Pop.CondInit
                                           0 0.2 0.6
                                                                              3 0.2
saemix.model.cov2<-saemixModel(model=ordinal.model,description="Ordinal categorical model",modeltype="1
                                                                     psi0=matrix(c(0,0.2, 0.6, 3, 0.2),ncol=5,byrow=TRUE,dimnames=list(NULL,c(
                                                                     transform.par=c(0,1,1,1,1),omega.init=diag(rep(1,5)), covariance.model =
                                                                     covariate.model = covmodel2)
##
##
## The following SaemixModel object was successfully created:
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
          Model function: Ordinal categorical model Model type: likelihood
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
##
           y < -xidep[,1]
##
          time<-xidep[,2]
##
           alp1<-psi[id,1]
##
           alp2<-psi[id,2]
##
           alp3<-psi[id,3]
##
           alp4<-psi[id,4]
##
           beta<-psi[id,5]
##
##
           logit1<-alp1 + beta*time</pre>
##
           logit2<-logit1+alp2
```

```
##
           logit3<-logit2+alp3
##
           logit4<-logit3+alp4
##
          pge1<-exp(logit1)/(1+exp(logit1))
           pge2<-exp(logit2)/(1+exp(logit2))
##
##
          pge3<-exp(logit3)/(1+exp(logit3))
##
          pge4<-exp(logit4)/(1+exp(logit4))
##
           logpdf<-rep(0,length(y))</pre>
           P.obs = (y=1)*pge1+(y=2)*(pge2 - pge1)+(y=3)*(pge3 - pge2)+(y=4)*(pge4 - pge3)+(y=5)*(1 -
##
##
           logpdf <- log(P.obs)</pre>
##
##
          return(logpdf)
## }
##
          Nb of parameters: 5
##
                    parameter names: alp1 alp2 alp3 alp4 beta
##
                    distribution:
##
                  Parameter Distribution Estimated
## [1,] alp1
                                        normal
                                                                       Estimated
## [2,] alp2
                                        log-normal Estimated
## [3,] alp3
                                         log-normal Estimated
## [4,] alp4
                                         log-normal
                                                                       Estimated
## [5,] beta
                                         log-normal
                                                                       Estimated
          Variance-covariance matrix:
                  alp1 alp2 alp3 alp4 beta
##
                                                0
## alp1
                         1
                                    0
                                                                       0
                                                0
                                                            0
## alp2
                         0
                                    0
## alp3
                         0
                                    0
                                                0
                                                            0
                         0
                                    0
                                                0
                                                            0
                                                                       0
## alp4
## beta
##
               No covariate in the model.
##
                Initial values
##
                                     alp1 alp2 alp3 alp4 beta
## Pop.CondInit
                                           0 0.2 0.6
                                                                              3 0.2
saemix.model.cov3<-saemixModel(model=ordinal.model,description="Ordinal categorical model",modeltype="1</pre>
                                                                       psi0=matrix(c(0,0.2, 0.6, 3, 0.2),ncol=5,byrow=TRUE,dimnames=list(NULL,c
                                                                       transform.par=c(0,1,1,1,1),omega.init=diag(rep(1,5)), covariance.model =
                                                                        covariate.model = covmodel3)
##
##
## The following SaemixModel object was successfully created:
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
          Model function: Ordinal categorical model Model type: likelihood
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
##
           y < -xidep[,1]
##
          time<-xidep[,2]
##
           alp1<-psi[id,1]
##
           alp2<-psi[id,2]
##
           alp3<-psi[id,3]
##
           alp4<-psi[id,4]
##
           beta<-psi[id,5]
##
##
           logit1<-alp1 + beta*time</pre>
##
           logit2<-logit1+alp2
```

```
##
              logit3<-logit2+alp3
##
              logit4<-logit3+alp4
##
             pge1<-exp(logit1)/(1+exp(logit1))
##
              pge2<-exp(logit2)/(1+exp(logit2))
##
             pge3<-exp(logit3)/(1+exp(logit3))
##
             pge4<-exp(logit4)/(1+exp(logit4))
##
              logpdf<-rep(0,length(y))</pre>
               P.obs = (y=-1)*pge1+(y=-2)*(pge2 - pge1)+(y=-3)*(pge3 - pge2)+(y=-4)*(pge4 - pge3)+(y=-5)*(1 - pge-2)*(pge4 - pge3)+(y=-1)*(pge4 - pge3)+(y=-1)*(pge4 - pge3)+(y=-1)*(pge4 - pge3)+(y=-1)*(pge4 - pge4)+(pge4 - p
##
##
              logpdf <- log(P.obs)</pre>
##
##
             return(logpdf)
## }
##
             Nb of parameters: 5
##
                         parameter names: alp1 alp2 alp3 alp4 beta
##
                         distribution:
##
                      Parameter Distribution Estimated
## [1,] alp1
                                                  normal
                                                                                        Estimated
## [2,] alp2
                                                  log-normal
                                                                                        Estimated
## [3,] alp3
                                                                                       Estimated
                                                  log-normal
## [4,] alp4
                                                  log-normal
                                                                                        Estimated
## [5,] beta
                                                  log-normal
                                                                                        Estimated
             Variance-covariance matrix:
##
                      alp1 alp2 alp3 alp4 beta
## alp1
                                             0
                                                           0
                               1
                                                                                        0
                                             0
                                                           0
                                                                          0
## alp2
                               0
## alp3
                               0
                                             0
                                                           0
                                                                          0
                               0
                                             0
                                                           0
                                                                          0
                                                                                        0
## alp4
## beta
##
             Covariate model:
##
                      alp1 alp2 alp3 alp4 beta
## [1,]
                                             0
## [2,]
                               0
                                             0
                                                           0
                                                                          0
                                                                                        0
## [3,]
                               0
                    Initial values
##
                                             alp1 alp2 alp3 alp4 beta
## Pop.CondInit
                                                     0 0.2 0.6
                                                                                                3 0.2
## Cov.CondInit
                                                           0.0 0.0
                                                                                                       0.0
saemix.options<-list(seed=632545,save=FALSE,save.graphs=FALSE, nb.chains=5)</pre>
ord.fit<-saemix(saemix.model,saemix.data,saemix.options)</pre>
```

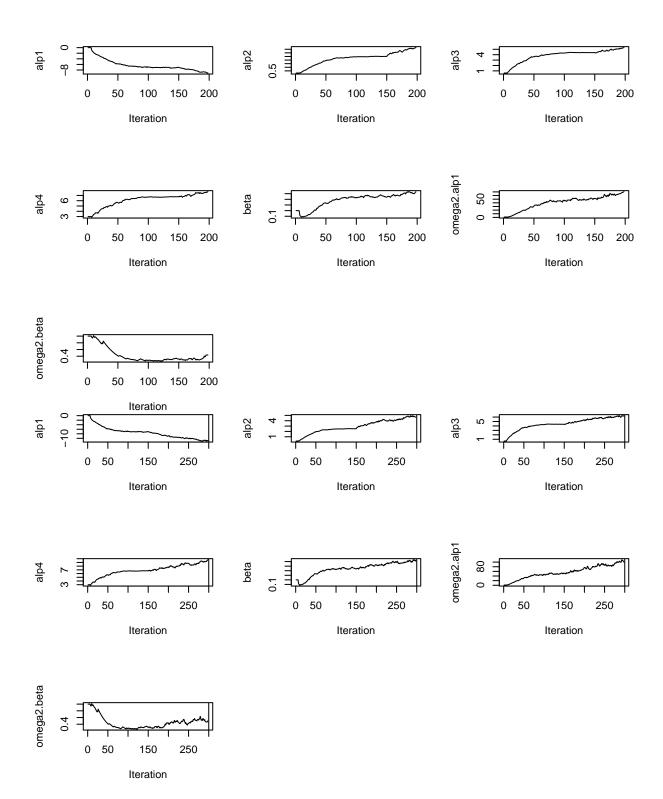


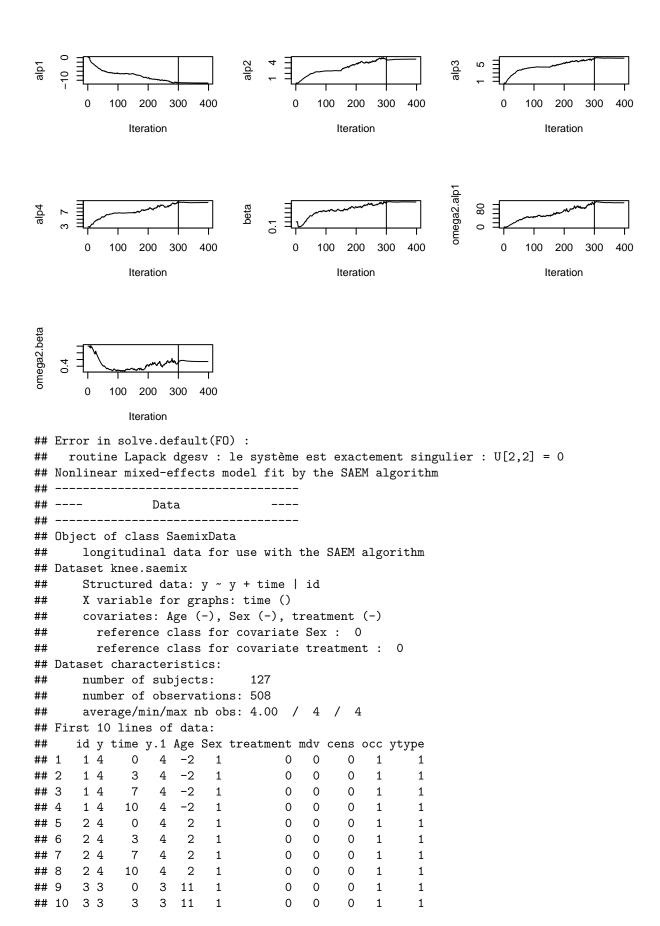


```
##
              longitudinal data for use with the SAEM algorithm
## Dataset knee.saemix
##
              Structured data: y ~ y + time | id
##
              X variable for graphs: time ()
              covariates: Age (-), Sex (-), treatment (-)
##
##
                  reference class for covariate Sex : 0
                  reference class for covariate treatment : 0
## Dataset characteristics:
##
              number of subjects:
                                                                 127
              number of observations: 508
##
              average/min/max nb obs: 4.00 / 4 / 4
## First 10 lines of data:
            id y time y.1 Age Sex treatment mdv cens occ ytype
                                    4 -2
## 1
             14
                             0
                                                    1
                                                                           0
## 2
              1 4
                             3
                                     4 -2
                                                                           0
                                                                                    0
                                                                                               0
                                                   1
                                                                                                       1
                            7
## 3
              1 4
                                     4 -2
                                                    1
                                                                           0
                                                                                  0
                                                                                              0
                                                                                                       1
## 4
             1 4
                          10
                                     4 -2 1
                                                                           0
                                                                                  0
                                                                                              0
                                                                                                      1
## 5
             2 4
                       0
                                    4 2 1
                                                                           0
                                                                                  0
## 6
             2 4
                        3 4 2 1
                                                                           0
                                                                                  0
                                                                                         0 1
                           7 4 2
## 7
             2 4
                                                    1
                                                                           0
                                                                                  0
                                                                                             0
                                                                                         0
## 8
           2 4
                       10 4 2 1
                                                                           0 0
                                                                                                  1
                                                                                                                    1
## 9 3 3
                       0 3 11
                                                   1
                        3 3 11
## 10 3 3
                                                                           0
                                                                                              0 1
                                                      1
                                                                                                                    1
## -----
## ----
                               Model
## -----
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
          Model function: Ordinal categorical model Model type: likelihood
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
          y<-xidep[,1]
##
##
          time<-xidep[,2]
##
          alp1<-psi[id,1]
##
          alp2<-psi[id,2]
##
          alp3<-psi[id,3]
##
          alp4<-psi[id,4]
##
          beta<-psi[id,5]
##
          logit1 < -alp1 + beta*time
##
##
          logit2<-logit1+alp2</pre>
##
          logit3<-logit2+alp3
##
          logit4<-logit3+alp4
##
          pge1<-exp(logit1)/(1+exp(logit1))
          pge2<-exp(logit2)/(1+exp(logit2))
##
##
          pge3<-exp(logit3)/(1+exp(logit3))
          pge4<-exp(logit4)/(1+exp(logit4))
##
          logpdf<-rep(0,length(y))</pre>
          P.obs = (y=1)*pge1+(y=2)*(pge2 - pge1)+(y=3)*(pge3 - pge2)+(y=4)*(pge4 - pge3)+(y=5)*(1 -
##
##
          logpdf <- log(P.obs)</pre>
##
##
          return(logpdf)
## }
## <bytecode: 0x557cbccc0c38>
##
          Nb of parameters: 5
##
                   parameter names: alp1 alp2 alp3 alp4 beta
```

```
##
      distribution:
##
     Parameter Distribution Estimated
## [1,] alp1
          normal Estimated
            log-normal Estimated
## [2,] alp2
## [3,] alp3
             log-normal
                      Estimated
## [4,] alp4
            log-normal
                      Estimated
          log-normal
## [5.] beta
                       Estimated
  Variance-covariance matrix:
##
     alp1 alp2 alp3 alp4 beta
## alp1
       1 0 0 0
## alp2
        0
          0 0
              0
## alp3
        0
                   0
          0
              0
      0
## alp4
           0
                   0
## beta
        0
              0
          0
##
     No covariate in the model.
##
     Initial values
##
           alp1 alp2 alp3 alp4 beta
## Pop.CondInit 0 0.2 0.6 3 0.2
## -----
       Key algorithm options ----
 _____
##
     Estimation of individual parameters (MAP)
##
     Estimation of standard errors and linearised log-likelihood
     Estimation of log-likelihood by importance sampling
##
     Number of iterations: K1=300, K2=100
##
     Number of chains: 5
     Seed: 632545
##
     Number of MCMC iterations for IS: 5000
##
##
     Simulations:
        nb of simulated datasets used for npde: 1000
##
##
        nb of simulated datasets used for VPC: 100
##
     Input/output
##
        save the results to a file: FALSE
##
        save the graphs to files: FALSE
## -----
                 Results
## -----
## ----- Fixed effects -----
## -----
##
     Parameter Estimate SE CV(%)
## [1,] alp1 -11.22 1.64 15
              4.67 1.57 34
## [2,] alp2
## [3,] alp3
             6.49 1.39 21
              9.49 2.71 29
## [4,] alp4
             0.64 0.14 22
## [5,] beta
## -----
## ----- Variance of random effects -----
## -----
     Parameter Estimate SE CV(%)
## alp1 omega2.alp1 107.58 NA NA
## beta omega2.beta 0.54 NA NA
## ----- Correlation matrix of random effects -----
## -----
```

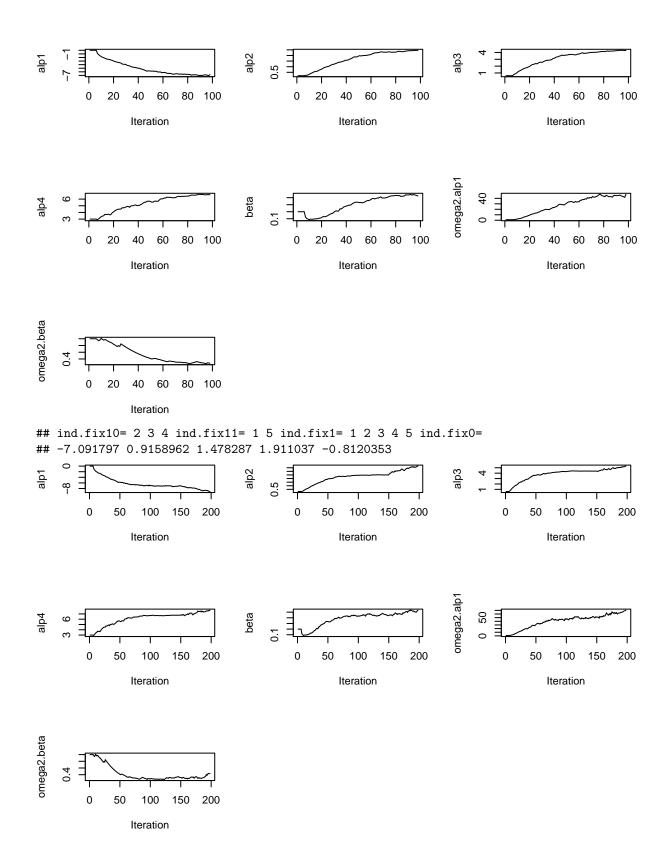
```
omega2.alp1 omega2.beta
##
## omega2.alp1 1
   omega2.beta 0
                      Statistical criteria
   Likelihood computed by linearisation
          -2LL= 5968.801
##
##
          AIC = 5984.801
          BIC = 6007.554
##
##
   Likelihood computed by importance sampling
##
##
          -2LL= 869.1684
          AIC = 885.1684
##
##
          BIC = 907.9219
ord.fit.cov1<-saemix(saemix.model.cov1,saemix.data,saemix.options)
                                      0.5
        0
            20
               40
                   60
                        80
                           100
                                          0
                                              20
                                                  40
                                                      60
                                                          80
                                                             100
                                                                            0
                                                                                20
                                                                                    40
                                                                                        60
                                                                                            80
                                                                                               100
               Iteration
                                                  Iteration
                                                                                    Iteration
                                                                    omega2.alp1
                                                                        40
                                  beta
        0
            20
               40
                   60
                        80 100
                                          0
                                              20
                                                  40
                                                      60
                                                          80
                                                              100
                                                                            0
                                                                                20
                                                                                    40
                                                                                        60
                                                                                            80
                                                                                               100
               Iteration
                                                  Iteration
                                                                                    Iteration
omega2.beta
        0
            20
               40
                   60
                        80 100
               Iteration
## ind.fix10= 2 3 4 ind.fix11= 1 5 ind.fix1= 1 2 3 4 5 ind.fix0=
## -7.091797 0.9158962 1.478287 1.911037 -0.8120353
```

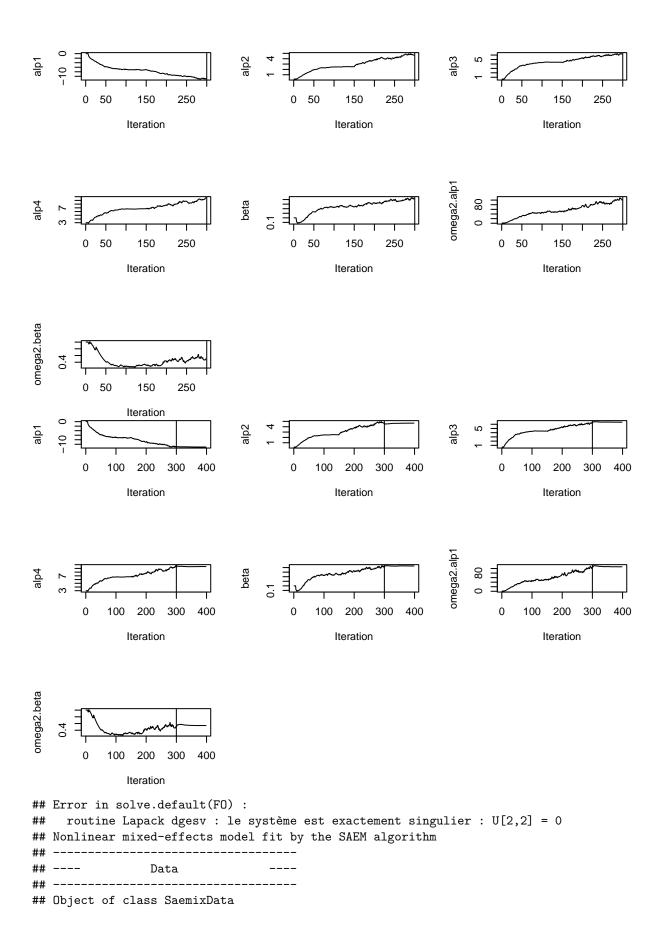




```
Model
## -----
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
          Model function: Ordinal categorical model Model type: likelihood
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
          y<-xidep[,1]
##
          time<-xidep[,2]
##
          alp1<-psi[id,1]
##
          alp2<-psi[id,2]
          alp3<-psi[id,3]
##
           alp4<-psi[id,4]
##
          beta<-psi[id,5]
##
##
           logit1<-alp1 + beta*time</pre>
##
          logit2<-logit1+alp2
##
          logit3<-logit2+alp3
##
          logit4<-logit3+alp4
##
          pge1<-exp(logit1)/(1+exp(logit1))
##
          pge2<-exp(logit2)/(1+exp(logit2))
##
          pge3<-exp(logit3)/(1+exp(logit3))
##
          pge4<-exp(logit4)/(1+exp(logit4))
##
          logpdf<-rep(0,length(y))</pre>
##
          P.obs = (y=1)*pge1+(y=2)*(pge2 - pge1)+(y=3)*(pge3 - pge2)+(y=4)*(pge4 - pge3)+(y=5)*(1 -
##
           logpdf <- log(P.obs)</pre>
##
##
          return(logpdf)
## }
## <bytecode: 0x557cbccc0c38>
       Nb of parameters: 5
##
                   parameter names: alp1 alp2 alp3 alp4 beta
##
                   distribution:
##
                 Parameter Distribution Estimated
                              normal Estimated
## [1,] alp1
                              log-normal Estimated log-normal Estimated
## [2,] alp2
## [3,] alp3
## [4,] alp4
                                    log-normal Estimated
                               log-normal
## [5,] beta
                                                                 Estimated
        Variance-covariance matrix:
                 alp1 alp2 alp3 alp4 beta
##
## alp1 1 0 0 0
                  0
                              0
                                         0
                                                     0
## alp2
                                                         0
## alp3
                   0
                               0
                                             0
## alp4 0
                                              0
                                                         0
                                                                    0
                               0
                                              0
## beta
##
               No covariate in the model.
##
               Initial values
##
                                  alp1 alp2 alp3 alp4 beta
## Pop.CondInit 0 0.2 0.6 3 0.2
## -----
## ---- Key algorithm options ----
##
               Estimation of individual parameters (MAP)
##
               Estimation of standard errors and linearised log-likelihood
```

```
##
     Estimation of log-likelihood by importance sampling
##
     Number of iterations: K1=300, K2=100
     Number of chains: 5
##
##
     Seed: 632545
##
     Number of MCMC iterations for IS: 5000
##
     Simulations:
        nb of simulated datasets used for npde: 1000
        nb of simulated datasets used for VPC: 100
##
##
     Input/output
##
       save the results to a file: FALSE
        save the graphs to files: FALSE
## -----
                 Results
## -----
## ----- Fixed effects -----
## -----
##
     Parameter Estimate SE CV(%)
## [1,] alp1 -11.22 1.64 15
## [2,] alp2
             4.67 1.57 34
             6.49 1.39 21
## [3,] alp3
## [4,] alp4
             9.49 2.71 29
## [5,] beta
             0.64 0.14 22
## -----
## ----- Variance of random effects -----
## -----
     Parameter Estimate SE CV(%)
## alp1 omega2.alp1 107.58 NA NA
## beta omega2.beta 0.54 NA NA
## ----- Correlation matrix of random effects -----
## -----
##
          omega2.alp1 omega2.beta
## omega2.alp1 1
                   0
## omega2.beta 0
                   1
## ----- Statistical criteria -----
## -----
## Likelihood computed by linearisation
##
      -2LL= 5968.801
##
      AIC = 5984.801
##
      BIC = 6007.554
## Likelihood computed by importance sampling
##
     -2LL= 869.1684
      AIC = 885.1684
      BIC = 907.9219
##
ord.fit.cov2<-saemix(saemix.model.cov2,saemix.data,saemix.options)
```

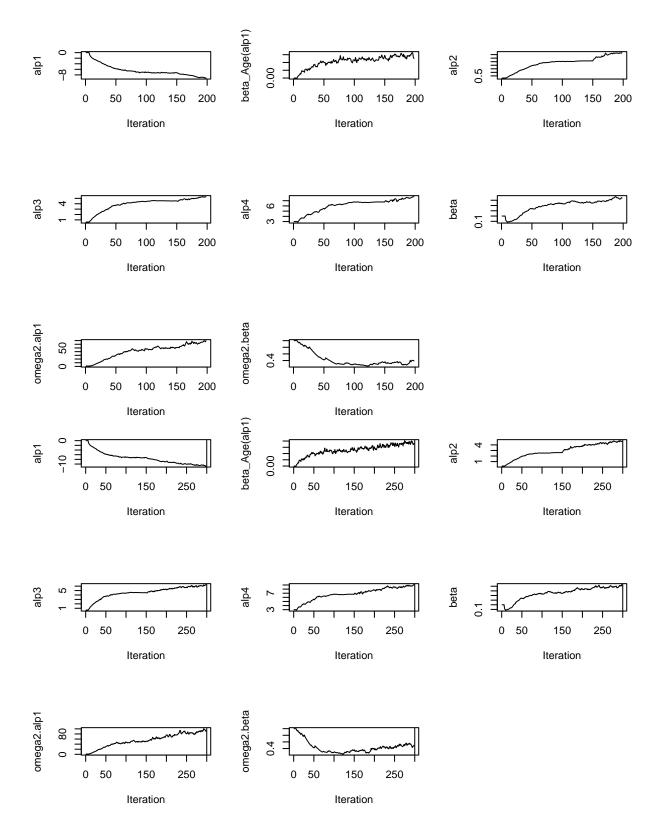


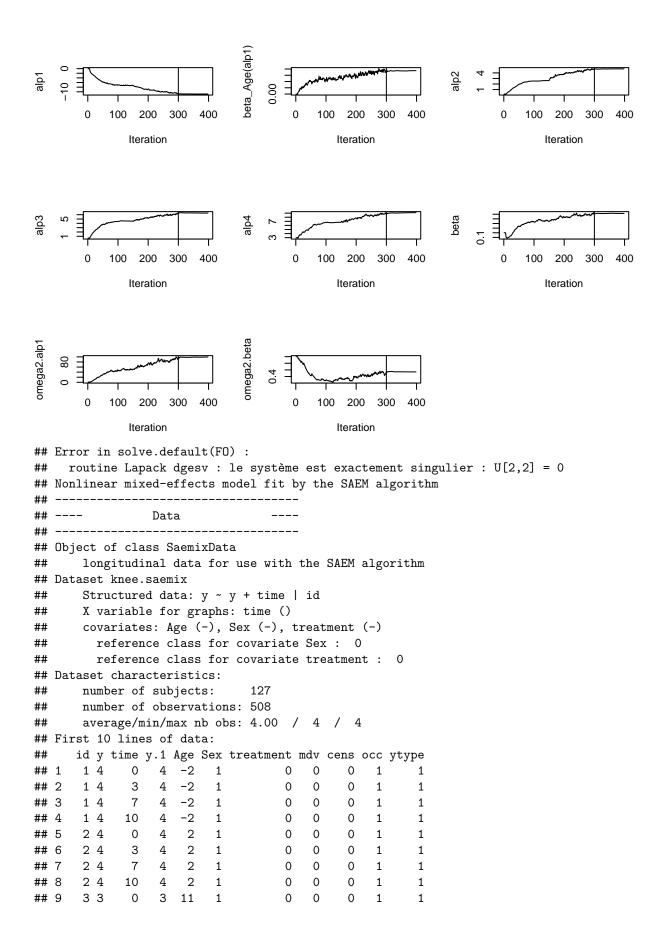


```
##
              longitudinal data for use with the SAEM algorithm
## Dataset knee.saemix
##
              Structured data: y ~ y + time | id
              X variable for graphs: time ()
##
              covariates: Age (-), Sex (-), treatment (-)
##
##
                  reference class for covariate Sex : 0
                  reference class for covariate treatment : 0
## Dataset characteristics:
##
              number of subjects:
                                                                 127
              number of observations: 508
##
              average/min/max nb obs: 4.00 / 4 / 4
## First 10 lines of data:
            id y time y.1 Age Sex treatment mdv cens occ ytype
                                    4 -2
## 1
             14
                             0
                                                    1
                                                                            0
## 2
              1 4
                             3
                                     4 -2
                                                                            0
                                                                                    0
                                                                                               0
                                                    1
                                                                                                        1
                            7
## 3
              1 4
                                     4 -2
                                                    1
                                                                            0
                                                                                   0
                                                                                               0
                                                                                                        1
## 4
             1 4
                          10
                                     4 -2 1
                                                                            0
                                                                                  0
                                                                                              0
                                                                                                       1
                                    4 2 1
## 5
             2 4
                        0
                                                                            0
                                                                                  0
## 6
             2 4
                        3 4 2 1
                                                                            0
                                                                                  0
                                                                                          0
                                   4 2
                           7
## 7
             2 4
                                                    1
                                                                            0
                                                                                  0
                                                                                             0
                                                                                          0
## 8
            2 4
                       10 4 2
                                                    1
                                                                            0 0
                                                                                                    1
                                                                                                                    1
## 9 3 3
                        0 3 11
                                                    1
                        3 3 11
## 10 3 3
                                                                            0
                                                                                               0 1
                                                      1
                                                                                                                    1
## -----
## ----
                                Model
## -----
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
          Model function: Ordinal categorical model Model type: likelihood
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
          y<-xidep[,1]
##
##
          time<-xidep[,2]
##
          alp1<-psi[id,1]
##
          alp2<-psi[id,2]
##
          alp3<-psi[id,3]
##
          alp4<-psi[id,4]
##
          beta<-psi[id,5]
##
          logit1 < -alp1 + beta*time
##
##
          logit2<-logit1+alp2</pre>
##
          logit3<-logit2+alp3
##
          logit4<-logit3+alp4
##
          pge1<-exp(logit1)/(1+exp(logit1))
          pge2<-exp(logit2)/(1+exp(logit2))
##
##
          pge3<-exp(logit3)/(1+exp(logit3))
          pge4<-exp(logit4)/(1+exp(logit4))
          logpdf<-rep(0,length(y))</pre>
##
          P.obs = (y=1)*pge1+(y=2)*(pge2 - pge1)+(y=3)*(pge3 - pge2)+(y=4)*(pge4 - pge3)+(y=5)*(1 -
##
##
          logpdf <- log(P.obs)</pre>
##
##
          return(logpdf)
## }
## <bytecode: 0x557cbccc0c38>
##
          Nb of parameters: 5
##
                   parameter names: alp1 alp2 alp3 alp4 beta
```

```
##
      distribution:
##
     Parameter Distribution Estimated
## [1,] alp1
          normal Estimated
## [2,] alp2
            log-normal Estimated
## [3,] alp3
             log-normal
                      Estimated
## [4,] alp4
            log-normal
                      Estimated
          log-normal
## [5.] beta
                       Estimated
  Variance-covariance matrix:
##
     alp1 alp2 alp3 alp4 beta
## alp1
       1 0 0 0
## alp2
        0
          0
             0
              0
## alp3
        0
          0
                   0
              0
      0
## alp4
           0
                   0
## beta
       0
              0 0
          0
##
     No covariate in the model.
##
     Initial values
##
           alp1 alp2 alp3 alp4 beta
## Pop.CondInit 0 0.2 0.6 3 0.2
## -----
       Key algorithm options ----
## -----
##
     Estimation of individual parameters (MAP)
##
     Estimation of standard errors and linearised log-likelihood
     Estimation of log-likelihood by importance sampling
##
##
     Number of iterations: K1=300, K2=100
##
     Number of chains: 5
##
     Seed: 632545
     Number of MCMC iterations for IS: 5000
##
##
     Simulations:
        nb of simulated datasets used for npde: 1000
##
##
        nb of simulated datasets used for VPC: 100
##
     Input/output
##
        save the results to a file: FALSE
##
        save the graphs to files: FALSE
## -----
                 Results
## -----
## ----- Fixed effects -----
## -----
##
     Parameter Estimate SE CV(%)
## [1,] alp1 -11.22 1.64 15
              4.67 1.57 34
## [2,] alp2
## [3,] alp3
             6.49 1.39 21
## [4,] alp4
              9.49 2.71 29
             0.64 0.14 22
## [5,] beta
## -----
## ----- Variance of random effects -----
## -----
     Parameter Estimate SE CV(%)
## alp1 omega2.alp1 107.58 NA NA
## beta omega2.beta 0.54 NA NA
## ----- Correlation matrix of random effects -----
## -----
```

```
omega2.alp1 omega2.beta
##
## omega2.alp1 1
##
   omega2.beta 0
##
                       Statistical criteria
   Likelihood computed by linearisation
          -2LL= 5968.801
##
##
          AIC = 5984.801
##
          BIC = 6007.554
##
   Likelihood computed by importance sampling
##
##
          -2LL= 869.1684
          AIC = 885.1684
##
          BIC = 907.9219
##
##
ord.fit.cov3<-saemix(saemix.model.cov3,saemix.data,saemix.options)</pre>
                                   beta_Age(alp1)
    0
alp1
                                                                           0.5
                                       0.00
        0
            20
                40
                    60
                         80
                            100
                                            0
                                               20
                                                    40
                                                       60
                                                            80
                                                               100
                                                                               0
                                                                                   20
                                                                                       40
                                                                                           60
                                                                                               80
                                                                                                   100
                Iteration
                                                   Iteration
                                                                                       Iteration
                                        9
                                                                       beta
        0
            20
                40
                    60
                         80 100
                                            0
                                               20
                                                    40
                                                       60
                                                            80 100
                                                                               0
                                                                                   20
                                                                                       40
                                                                                           60
                                                                                               80
                                                                                                   100
                Iteration
                                                   Iteration
                                                                                       Iteration
                                   omega2.beta
omega2.alp1
    4
    0
                    60
                         80
                            100
                                                    40
        0
            20
                40
                                            0
                                                20
                                                        60
                                                            80
                                                               100
                Iteration
                                                   Iteration
## ind.fix10= 3 4 5 ind.fix11= 1 2 6 ind.fix1= 1 2 3 4 5 6 ind.fix0=
## -7.267067 0.133898 0.9609994 1.506956 1.910955 -0.8007291
```





```
## 10 3 3 3 3 11 1 0 0 0 1 1
## -----
                               Model
## -----
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
         Model function: Ordinal categorical model Model type: likelihood
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
          y<-xidep[,1]
##
##
          time<-xidep[,2]
##
          alp1<-psi[id,1]
          alp2<-psi[id,2]
          alp3<-psi[id,3]
##
##
          alp4<-psi[id,4]
##
          beta<-psi[id,5]
##
##
          logit1 < -alp1 + beta*time
##
          logit2<-logit1+alp2
##
          logit3<-logit2+alp3
##
          logit4<-logit3+alp4
##
          pge1<-exp(logit1)/(1+exp(logit1))
##
          pge2<-exp(logit2)/(1+exp(logit2))
##
          pge3<-exp(logit3)/(1+exp(logit3))
##
          pge4<-exp(logit4)/(1+exp(logit4))
##
          logpdf<-rep(0,length(y))</pre>
##
          P.obs = (y=1)*pge1+(y=2)*(pge2 - pge1)+(y=3)*(pge3 - pge2)+(y=4)*(pge4 - pge3)+(y=5)*(1 -
##
          logpdf <- log(P.obs)</pre>
##
##
         return(logpdf)
## }
## <bytecode: 0x557cbccc0c38>
##
       Nb of parameters: 5
##
                  parameter names: alp1 alp2 alp3 alp4 beta
##
                  distribution:
##
                Parameter Distribution Estimated
                            normal Estimated
## [1,] alp1
                            log-normal Estimated log-normal Estimated
## [2,] alp2
## [3,] alp3
## [4,] alp4
                                  log-normal
                                                             Estimated
                              log-normal
## [5,] beta
                                                                Estimated
##
       Variance-covariance matrix:
                alp1 alp2 alp3 alp4 beta
## alp1
                   1 0 0 0
## alp2 0
                             0
                                        0
                                                     0
## alp3 0 0 0 0 0
## alp4 0 0 0 0
## beta 0 0 0
                                                     0
       Covariate model:
              [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5]
## Age 1 0 0 0 0
              Initial values
##
##
                             alp1 alp2 alp3 alp4 beta
## Pop.CondInit 0 0.2 0.6 3 0.2
## Cov.CondInit 0 0.0 0.0 0 0.0
## -----
```

```
## ---- Key algorithm options ----
## -----
     Estimation of individual parameters (MAP)
##
##
     Estimation of standard errors and linearised log-likelihood
##
     Estimation of log-likelihood by importance sampling
##
     Number of iterations: K1=300, K2=100
##
     Number of chains: 5
     Seed: 632545
##
##
     Number of MCMC iterations for IS: 5000
##
     Simulations:
##
        nb of simulated datasets used for npde: 1000
##
        nb of simulated datasets used for VPC: 100
##
     Input/output
##
        save the results to a file: FALSE
##
        save the graphs to files: FALSE
## -----
                  Results
  -----
## ----- Fixed effects ------
## -----
## Parameter Estimate SE CV ## [1,] alp1 -10.96 1.698 15
                           CV(%) p-value
## [2,] beta_Age(alp1) 0.19 0.084 45
                                0.013
## [3,] alp2
                  4.72 1.622 34
## [4,] alp3
                 6.39 1.372 21
## [5,] alp4
                 9.10 2.585 28
## [6,] beta
                  0.62 0.135 22
## ----- Variance of random effects -----
## -----
      Parameter Estimate SE CV(%)
## alp1 omega2.alp1 99.28
                    NA NA
## beta omega2.beta 0.54
                    NA NA
## ----- Correlation matrix of random effects -----
          omega2.alp1 omega2.beta
## omega2.alp1 1
                    0
## omega2.beta 0
## -----
## ----- Statistical criteria -----
## -----
## Likelihood computed by linearisation
##
      -2LL= 5955.436
##
      AIC = 5973.436
##
      BIC = 5999.034
## Likelihood computed by importance sampling
##
      -2LL= 866.072
      AIC = 884.072
##
      BIC = 909.6697
## -----
```

```
# Comparing the 3 covariate models - model with Age on alp1 and treatment on beta best
compare.saemix(ord.fit.cov1,ord.fit.cov2, ord.fit.cov3)
## Likelihoods calculated by importance sampling
##
          AIC
                    BIC BIC.cov
## 1 885.1684 907.9219 897.5482
## 2 885.1684 907.9219 897.5482
## 3 884.0720 909.6697 899.2960
Count data model
  • Vraies données TODO ??? (difficile à trouver :-/)
       - contacté David Atkins (tutorial in 2013 on analysing count data with GLMM and GEE): dataset
         on gender differences in drinking patterns that would be great to use as an example in saemix
       - Salamanders data from the glmmTMB package
           * fit successful when using only the data for one species
           * but error when using more than one species with a recurrent error message (solve.default...)
             TODO investigate
           * note: error in the previous version of Poisson model (factorial(y) instead of log(factorial(y)))?
epilepsy<-MASS::epil
saemix.data<-saemixData(name.data=epilepsy, name.group=c("subject"),</pre>
                         name.predictors=c("period","y"),name.response=c("y"),
                         name.covariates=c("trt","base", "age"),
                         units=list(x="2-week",y="",covariates=c("","","yr")))
## [1] "trt" "base" "age"
##
## The following SaemixData object was successfully created:
##
## Object of class SaemixData
##
       longitudinal data for use with the SAEM algorithm
## Dataset epilepsy
       Structured data: y ~ period + y | subject
##
##
       X variable for graphs: period (2-week)
##
       covariates: trt (), base (), age (yr)
         reference class for covariate trt : placebo
## Poisson model with one parameter
countmodel.poisson<-function(psi,id,xidep) {</pre>
  y < -xidep[,2]
  lambda<-psi[id,1]</pre>
  logp <- -lambda + y*log(lambda) - log(factorial(y))</pre>
  return(logp)
}
## Generalised Poisson model
countmodel.genpoisson<-function(psi,id,xidep) {</pre>
```

y<-xidep[,1]
delta<-psi[id,1]
lambda<-psi[id,2]
logp <- -lambda
pos.ind <- which(y>0)

```
logp[pos.ind] \leftarrow log(lambda) + (y-1)*log(lambda+y*delta) - (lambda+y*delta) - log(factorial(y))
  return(logp)
}
## Poisson model wtih Zero-Inflation
countmodel.zip<-function(psi,id,xidep) {</pre>
 y < -xidep[,2]
 lambda<-psi[id,1]</pre>
  p0<-psi[id,2]
  logp <- log(1-p0) -lambda + y*log(lambda) - log(factorial(y))</pre>
  logp0 \leftarrow log(p0+(1-p0)*exp(-lambda))
  logp[y==0] < -logp0[y==0]
  return(logp)
}
saemix.model.poi<-saemixModel(model=countmodel.poisson,description="count model Poisson",modeltype="lik</pre>
                           psi0=matrix(c(0.5),ncol=1,byrow=TRUE,dimnames=list(NULL, c("lambda"))),
                           transform.par=c(1))
##
##
## The following SaemixModel object was successfully created:
##
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
     Model function: count model Poisson Model type: likelihood
##
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
##
     y < -xidep[,2]
##
     lambda<-psi[id,1]</pre>
##
     logp <- -lambda + y*log(lambda) - log(factorial(y))</pre>
##
     return(logp)
## }
##
     Nb of parameters: 1
##
         parameter names: lambda
##
         distribution:
        Parameter Distribution Estimated
##
## [1,] lambda
                  log-normal
                                Estimated
     Variance-covariance matrix:
##
##
          lambda
## lambda
       No covariate in the model.
##
##
       Initial values
##
                lambda
## Pop.CondInit
                    0.5
saemix.model.zip<-saemixModel(model=countmodel.zip,description="count model ZIP",modeltype="likelihood"</pre>
                               psi0=matrix(c(0.5,0.2),ncol=2,byrow=TRUE,dimnames=list(NULL, c("lambda","
                               transform.par=c(1,3), #omega.init=matrix(c(0.5,0,0,0.3),ncol=2,byrow=TRUE
                               covariance.model=matrix(c(1,0,0,0),ncol=2,byrow=TRUE))
##
## The following SaemixModel object was successfully created:
```

## Nonlinear mixed-effects model

```
Model function: count model ZIP Model type: likelihood
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
##
     y < -xidep[,2]
     lambda<-psi[id,1]</pre>
##
##
     p0<-psi[id,2]
     logp <- log(1-p0) -lambda + y*log(lambda) - log(factorial(y))</pre>
##
     logp0 \leftarrow log(p0+(1-p0)*exp(-lambda))
     logp[y==0] < -logp0[y==0]
##
##
     return(logp)
## }
##
     Nb of parameters: 2
##
         parameter names:
                            lambda p0
##
         distribution:
##
        Parameter Distribution Estimated
## [1,] lambda
                                Estimated
                  log-normal
## [2,] p0
                  logit
                                Estimated
##
     Variance-covariance matrix:
##
          lambda p0
               1 0
## lambda
## p0
               0
                  0
##
       No covariate in the model.
##
       Initial values
##
                lambda p0
                   0.5 0.2
## Pop.CondInit
saemix.model.gp<-saemixModel(model=countmodel.zip,description="Generalised Poisson model",modeltype="li
                               psi0=matrix(c(0.5,0.2),ncol=2,byrow=TRUE,dimnames=list(NULL, c("delta","1
                               transform.par=c(1,1), #omega.init=matrix(c(0.5,0,0,0.3),ncol=2,byrow=TRUE
                               covariance.model=matrix(c(1,0,0,0),ncol=2,byrow=TRUE))
##
##
## The following SaemixModel object was successfully created:
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
     Model function: Generalised Poisson model Model type: likelihood
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
    y < -xidep[,2]
##
     lambda<-psi[id,1]
##
##
     p0<-psi[id,2]
##
     logp <- log(1-p0) -lambda + y*log(lambda) - log(factorial(y))</pre>
##
     logp0 \leftarrow log(p0+(1-p0)*exp(-lambda))
     logp[y==0] < -logp0[y==0]
##
##
     return(logp)
## }
##
     Nb of parameters: 2
##
         parameter names: delta lambda
##
         distribution:
##
        Parameter Distribution Estimated
## [1,] delta
                  log-normal
                                Estimated
  [2,] lambda
                  log-normal
##
     Variance-covariance matrix:
          delta lambda
##
## delta
              1
                      0
```

## lambda

0

```
##
      No covariate in the model.
##
      Initial values
               delta lambda
##
## Pop.CondInit 0.5
                       0.2
saemix.options<-list(seed=632545,save=FALSE,save.graphs=FALSE, displayProgress=FALSE)</pre>
poisson.fit<-saemix(saemix.model.poi,saemix.data,saemix.options)</pre>
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model fit by the SAEM algorithm
## -----
              Data
## -----
## Object of class SaemixData
##
      longitudinal data for use with the SAEM algorithm
## Dataset epilepsy
##
      Structured data: y ~ period + y | subject
##
      X variable for graphs: period (2-week)
##
      covariates: trt (), base (), age (yr)
        reference class for covariate trt : placebo
##
## Dataset characteristics:
##
      number of subjects:
                             59
##
      number of observations: 236
##
      average/min/max nb obs: 4.00 / 4 / 4
## First 10 lines of data:
     subject period y y.1
                           trt base age mdv cens occ ytype
## 1
           1
                 1 5 5 placebo
                                  11 31
                                           0
                                                0
                                                    1
## 2
           1
                 2 3
                      3 placebo
                                  11 31
                                           0
                                                0
## 3
           1
                 3 3
                       3 placebo
                                  11 31
                                           0
                                                Ω
                                                    1
## 4
           1
                 4 3
                       3 placebo
                                  11 31
                                           0
                       3 placebo
## 5
           2
                1 3
                                  11 30
                                           0
                                                0
                                                    1
          2
## 6
                2 5
                       5 placebo
                                  11 30
                3 3
           2
                       3 placebo
                                  11 30
                                                  1
## 7
                                           0
                                                0
## 8
           2
                 4 3
                       3 placebo
                                  11
                                      30
                                           0
                                                   1
                                                         1
## 9
           3
                1 2 2 placebo
                                   6
                                      25
                                           0
                                               0
                                                         1
                                                  1
                 2 4 4 placebo
                                      25
                                           0
                                                         1
## -----
               Model
## -----
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
    Model function: count model Poisson Model type: likelihood
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
    y<-xidep[,2]
##
##
    lambda<-psi[id,1]</pre>
    logp <- -lambda + y*log(lambda) - log(factorial(y))</pre>
##
##
    return(logp)
## }
## <bytecode: 0x557cbd953e38>
##
    Nb of parameters: 1
##
        parameter names: lambda
##
        distribution:
##
       Parameter Distribution Estimated
## [1,] lambda
                log-normal
    Variance-covariance matrix:
##
##
         lambda
```

```
## lambda
##
     No covariate in the model.
##
     Initial values
##
           lambda
## Pop.CondInit 0.5
  _____
      Key algorithm options ----
## -----
##
     Estimation of individual parameters (MAP)
##
     Estimation of standard errors and linearised log-likelihood
     Estimation of log-likelihood by importance sampling
##
     Number of iterations: K1=300, K2=100
     Number of chains: 1
##
     Seed: 632545
##
     Number of MCMC iterations for IS: 5000
##
     Simulations:
##
        nb of simulated datasets used for npde: 1000
##
        nb of simulated datasets used for VPC: 100
##
     Input/output
##
        save the results to a file: FALSE
##
        save the graphs to files: FALSE
## -----
## ----
                  Results
## -----
## ----- Fixed effects -----
## -----
##
     Parameter Estimate SE CV(%)
## [1,] lambda 5.1 0.71 14
## ----- Variance of random effects -----
## -----
       Parameter Estimate SE CV(%)
##
## lambda omega2.lambda 0.9
                     0.21 23
## ----- Correlation matrix of random effects -----
##
            omega2.lambda
## omega2.lambda 1
## -----
## ----- Statistical criteria -----
## -----
## Likelihood computed by linearisation
      -2LL= 60096.92
##
      AIC = 60102.92
##
      BIC = 60109.15
##
## Likelihood computed by importance sampling
      -2LL= 1402.095
##
##
      AIC = 1408.095
##
      BIC = 1414.327
genpoisson.fit<-saemix(saemix.model.gp,saemix.data,saemix.options)</pre>
```

## ind.fix10= 2 ind.fix11= 1 ind.fix1= 1 2 ind.fix0=

```
## 1.659812 -3.239705
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model fit by the SAEM algorithm
## -----
## ----
              Data
## -----
## Object of class SaemixData
      longitudinal data for use with the SAEM algorithm
## Dataset epilepsy
##
      Structured data: y ~ period + y | subject
##
      X variable for graphs: period (2-week)
##
      covariates: trt (), base (), age (yr)
##
        reference class for covariate trt : placebo
## Dataset characteristics:
##
      number of subjects:
                            59
##
      number of observations: 236
##
      average/min/max nb obs: 4.00 / 4 / 4
## First 10 lines of data:
                          trt base age mdv cens occ ytype
     subject period y y.1
                                11 31
               15
## 1
         1
                    5 placebo
                                       0
               2 3 3 placebo
                                 11 31
## 2
          1
                                         0
## 3
         1
               3 3 3 placebo
                                11 31 0
                                              0
                                                 1
## 4
         1
               4 3 3 placebo
                                 11 31 0
               1 3
## 5
         2
                      3 placebo
                                 11 30
                                         0
                                             0
                                                 1
                                                       1
        2 2 5 5 placebo
2 3 3 3 placebo
                                 11 30
## 6
                                         0
                                             0
                                                 1
                                                       1
## 7
                                 11 30
                                        0 0 1
## 8
         2
               4 3 3 placebo
                                 11 30 0 0 1
                                6 25 0 0 1 1
6 25 0 0 1 1
## 9
          3
               1 2 2 placebo
          3 24 4 placebo
## 10
         Model
## -----
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
    Model function: Generalised Poisson model Model type: likelihood
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
##
    y < -xidep[,2]
##
    lambda<-psi[id,1]</pre>
##
    p0<-psi[id,2]
##
    logp <- log(1-p0) -lambda + y*log(lambda) - log(factorial(y))</pre>
##
    logp0 \leftarrow log(p0+(1-p0)*exp(-lambda))
##
    logp[y==0] < -logp0[y==0]
##
    return(logp)
## }
## <bytecode: 0x557cc03542b8>
##
    Nb of parameters: 2
        parameter names: delta lambda
##
       distribution:
       Parameter Distribution Estimated
## [1,] delta
               log-normal Estimated
## [2,] lambda log-normal
                           Estimated
   Variance-covariance matrix:
##
        delta lambda
## delta
          1
## lambda
          0
                  0
   No covariate in the model.
##
```

```
##
     Initial values
##
           delta lambda
## Pop.CondInit 0.5 0.2
  _____
        Key algorithm options ----
  _____
##
     Estimation of individual parameters (MAP)
##
     Estimation of standard errors and linearised log-likelihood
##
     Estimation of log-likelihood by importance sampling
##
     Number of iterations: K1=300, K2=100
##
     Number of chains: 1
     Seed: 632545
##
     Number of MCMC iterations for IS: 5000
##
     Simulations:
##
        nb of simulated datasets used for npde: 1000
##
        nb of simulated datasets used for VPC: 100
##
     Input/output
        save the results to a file: FALSE
##
##
        save the graphs to files: FALSE
## -----
## ----
                  Results
## -----
## ----- Fixed effects -----
## -----
##
     Parameter Estimate SE
                         CV(%)
## [1,] delta 5.314 0.747 14
## [2,] lambda 0.041
                    0.024 58
## ----- Variance of random effects -----
## -----
                Estimate SE CV(%)
      Parameter
                     0.21 24
## delta omega2.delta 0.86
## -----
## ----- Correlation matrix of random effects ----
##
            omega2.delta
## omega2.delta 1
## ----- Statistical criteria -----
## -----
## Likelihood computed by linearisation
##
      -2LL= 60647.88
      AIC = 60655.88
##
      BIC = 60664.19
##
## Likelihood computed by importance sampling
##
      -2LL= 1381.329
##
      AIC = 1389.329
      BIC = 1397.639
zippoisson.fit<-saemix(saemix.model.zip,saemix.data,saemix.options)
## ind.fix10= 2 ind.fix11= 1 ind.fix1= 1 2 ind.fix0=
## 1.59917 -3.019205
```

```
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model fit by the SAEM algorithm
## -----
             Data
## -----
## Object of class SaemixData
      longitudinal data for use with the SAEM algorithm
## Dataset epilepsy
      Structured data: y ~ period + y | subject
##
##
      X variable for graphs: period (2-week)
##
      covariates: trt (), base (), age (yr)
       reference class for covariate trt : placebo
## Dataset characteristics:
      number of subjects:
##
      number of observations: 236
##
      average/min/max nb obs: 4.00 / 4 / 4
## First 10 lines of data:
     subject period y y.1
##
                           trt base age mdv cens occ ytype
## 1
                1 5 5 placebo
                                 11 31
                                         0
## 2
               2 3 3 placebo
                                 11 31
         1
                                        0
               3 3 3 placebo
## 3
          1
                                 11 31
                                        0
                                             0
## 4
               4 3 3 placebo
         1
                                11 31
                                       0
                                             0
                                                1
## 5
         2
               1 3 3 placebo
                                11 30
                                        0
               2 5
         2
                     5 placebo
                                 11 30
## 6
                                        0
                                             0
                                                 1
                                                      1
         2 3 3 3 placebo
2 4 3 3 placebo
## 7
                                 11 30
                                        0
                                             0
                                                1
                                                      1
## 8
                                        0 0 1
                                 11 30
## 9
         3
               1 2 2 placebo
                                6 25 0 0 1
                                                     1
## 10
         3
               2 4 4 placebo
                                6 25 0
                                             0 1
                                                      1
             Model
## -----
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
    Model function: count model ZIP Model type: likelihood
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
    y < -xidep[,2]
##
##
    lambda<-psi[id,1]
##
    p0<-psi[id,2]
    logp <- log(1-p0) -lambda + y*log(lambda) - log(factorial(y))</pre>
##
##
    logp0 \leftarrow log(p0+(1-p0)*exp(-lambda))
##
    logp[y==0] < -logp0[y==0]
##
    return(logp)
## }
## <bytecode: 0x557cc03542b8>
    Nb of parameters: 2
##
##
       parameter names: lambda p0
##
       distribution:
##
       Parameter Distribution Estimated
## [1,] lambda log-normal Estimated
## [2,] p0
            logit
                           Estimated
    Variance-covariance matrix:
##
        lambda p0
## lambda
         1 0
             0 0
## p0
##
      No covariate in the model.
##
      Initial values
```

```
##
           lambda p0
## Pop.CondInit 0.5 0.2
## -----
## ---- Key algorithm options ----
## -----
##
     Estimation of individual parameters (MAP)
     Estimation of standard errors and linearised log-likelihood
     Estimation of log-likelihood by importance sampling
##
##
     Number of iterations: K1=300, K2=100
##
    Number of chains: 1
##
     Seed: 632545
     Number of MCMC iterations for IS: 5000
##
##
     Simulations:
##
        nb of simulated datasets used for npde: 1000
##
        nb of simulated datasets used for VPC: 100
##
     Input/output
##
       save the results to a file: FALSE
        save the graphs to files: FALSE
## -----
## ----
                 Results
## -----
## ----- Fixed effects -----
## -----
     Parameter Estimate SE
                        CV(%)
## [1,] lambda 5.320 0.748 14
## [2,] p0
          0.041 0.024 58
## ----- Variance of random effects -----
     Parameter Estimate SE CV(%)
## lambda omega2.lambda 0.86 0.21 24
## -----
## ----- Correlation matrix of random effects -----
            omega2.lambda
##
## omega2.lambda 1
## -----
## ----- Statistical criteria -----
## -----
## Likelihood computed by linearisation
     -2LL= 61045.94
##
      AIC = 61053.94
      BIC = 61062.25
## Likelihood computed by importance sampling
      -2LL= 1381.314
##
##
      AIC = 1389.314
##
     BIC = 1397.624
  ______
  • Meantimes, simulated data
# Settings
param \leftarrow c(39.1, 0.0388, 0.1)
omega<-c(0.5, 0.5) # SD=50\%
```

```
paramSimul<-c(param, omega)</pre>
parnam<-c("alpha", "beta", "risk", "omega.alpha", "omega.beta")
nsuj < -40
xtim<-c(0.0, 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80, 85, 90, 95, 100)
partab<-as.data.frame(matrix(data=0,nrow=nsuj,ncol=2,dimnames=list(NULL,parnam[1:2])))</pre>
for(i in 1:2) partab[,i]<-rnorm(nsuj,mean=log(param[i]),sd=omega[i])</pre>
partab[(1+nsuj/2):nsuj,2]<-partab[(1+nsuj/2):nsuj,2]+param[3]</pre>
for(i in 1:2) partab[,i] <-exp(partab[,i])</pre>
psim<-data.frame()</pre>
for(itim in xtim) {
  lambda<-partab[,1]*exp(-partab[,2]*itim)</pre>
  psim<-rbind(psim,lambda)</pre>
}
datsim<-data.frame(id=rep(1:nsuj,each=length(xtim)),time=rep(xtim,nsuj),lambda=unlist(psim))</pre>
rownames(datsim)<-NULL</pre>
ysim<-rpois(dim(datsim)[1], lambda=datsim$lambda)</pre>
# summary(datsim)
datsim$y<-ysim
datsim$risk<-ifelse(datsim$id>(nsuj/2),1,0)
saemix.data<-saemixData(name.data=datsim,name.group=c("id"),name.predictors=c("time","y"), name.covaria</pre>
## Column name(s) do(es) not exist in the dataset, please check
## Remove columns 1 ( )
## No valid name given, attempting automatic recognition
## Automatic recognition of columns y successful
## [1] "risk"
##
##
## The following SaemixData object was successfully created:
##
## Object of class SaemixData
##
       longitudinal data for use with the SAEM algorithm
## Dataset datsim
       Structured data: y ~ time + y | id
##
       X variable for graphs: time ()
##
##
       covariates: risk (-)
         reference class for covariate risk: 0
# Model
countData.model<-function(psi,id,xidep) {</pre>
  tim \leftarrow xidep[,1]
  y <- xidep[,2]
  alpha <- psi[id,1]
  beta <- psi[id,2]</pre>
  lambda <- alpha*exp(-beta*tim)</pre>
  logpdf <- rep(0,length(tim))</pre>
  logpdf <- -lambda + y*( (log(alpha) - beta*tim )) - log(factorial(y))</pre>
  return(logpdf)
```

```
saemix.model.true<-saemixModel(model=countData.model,description="Count data model", modeltype="likelih")</pre>
                               psi0=matrix(c(param[1:2],0,param[3]),ncol=2,byrow=TRUE,dimnames=list(NUL
                               covariate.model=matrix(c(0,1),ncol=2), omega.init = diag(c(0.5,0.5)),
                                transform.par=c(1,1), covariance.model=matrix(c(1,0,0,1), ncol=2))
##
##
## The following SaemixModel object was successfully created:
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
##
    Model function: Count data model Model type: likelihood
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
    tim <- xidep[,1]</pre>
##
##
    y \leftarrow xidep[,2]
    alpha <- psi[id,1]</pre>
##
##
     beta <- psi[id,2]</pre>
##
     lambda <- alpha*exp(-beta*tim)</pre>
##
##
     logpdf <- rep(0,length(tim))</pre>
     logpdf <- -lambda + y*( (log(alpha) - beta*tim )) - log(factorial(y))</pre>
##
##
     return(logpdf)
## }
##
    Nb of parameters: 2
##
        parameter names: alpha beta
        distribution:
##
##
       Parameter Distribution Estimated
## [1,] alpha log-normal
                              Estimated
## [2,] beta
                log-normal
                               Estimated
##
    Variance-covariance matrix:
##
         alpha beta
## alpha
           1
                  0
## beta
             0
                  1
   Covariate model:
##
       alpha beta
## [1,]
          0
       Initial values
##
##
               alpha beta
## Pop.CondInit 39.1 0.0388
## Cov.CondInit 0.0 0.1000
# Running saemix
saemix.options<-list(seed=123456,save=FALSE,save.graphs=FALSE, fim=FALSE, displayProgress=FALSE)</pre>
count.fit<-try(saemix(saemix.model.true,saemix.data,saemix.options))</pre>
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model fit by the SAEM algorithm
                 Data
## -----
## Object of class SaemixData
       longitudinal data for use with the SAEM algorithm
## Dataset datsim
##
       Structured data: y ~ time + y | id
##
       X variable for graphs: time ()
```

```
##
      covariates: risk (-)
        reference class for covariate risk: 0
##
## Dataset characteristics:
##
      number of subjects:
      number of observations: 840
##
      average/min/max nb obs: 21.00 / 21 / 21
## First 10 lines of data:
     id time y y.1 risk mdv cens occ ytype
## 1
      1
           0 40 40
                      0
                          0
                              0
## 2
          5 24 24
                      0 0
      1
                              Ω
## 3
      1
         10 16 16
                      0 0
## 4
         15 18 18
                      0 0
                                 1
                              0
      1
                                 1
## 5
         20 10 10
                                       1
      1
                      0 0
                              0
## 6
      1 25 7 7
                      0 0
                             0 1
## 7
      1 30 1 1
                      0 0
                             0 1
      1 35 3
## 8
                 3
                      0 0
                             0 1
## 9
      1 40 5
                 5
                      0 0
                            0 1
                                        1
## 10 1
          45 1
                      0 0
               Model
## -----
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
    Model function: Count data model Model type: likelihood
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
    tim <- xidep[,1]</pre>
##
    y <- xidep[,2]
##
    alpha <- psi[id,1]</pre>
##
    beta <- psi[id,2]
##
    lambda <- alpha*exp(-beta*tim)</pre>
##
##
    logpdf <- rep(0,length(tim))</pre>
##
    logpdf <- -lambda + y*( (log(alpha) - beta*tim )) - log(factorial(y))</pre>
##
    return(logpdf)
## }
## <bytecode: 0x557cc22521a8>
##
    Nb of parameters: 2
##
       parameter names: alpha beta
##
       distribution:
##
       Parameter Distribution Estimated
## [1,] alpha log-normal Estimated
## [2,] beta log-normal Estimated
   Variance-covariance matrix:
        alpha beta
## alpha 1
## beta
##
    Covariate model:
##
       [,1] [,2]
## risk
         0
      Initial values
              alpha
## Pop.CondInit 39.1 0.0388
## Cov.CondInit 0.0 0.1000
## -----
## ---- Key algorithm options ----
```

```
##
     Estimation of individual parameters (MAP)
##
     Estimation of log-likelihood by importance sampling
     Number of iterations: K1=300, K2=100
##
##
     Number of chains: 2
##
     Seed: 123456
##
     Number of MCMC iterations for IS: 5000
##
     Simulations:
##
        nb of simulated datasets used for npde: 1000
##
        nb of simulated datasets used for VPC: 100
##
     Input/output
##
        save the results to a file: FALSE
##
        save the graphs to files: FALSE
  ______
                  Results
  ----- Fixed effects ------
  ______
##
     Parameter
                 Estimate
## [1,] alpha
                  35.716
## [2,] beta
                  0.047
## [3,] beta_risk(beta) -0.064
## -----
## ----- Variance of random effects -----
## -----
      Parameter
                Estimate
## alpha omega2.alpha 0.21
## beta omega2.beta 0.22
## ----- Correlation matrix of random effects -----
## -----
##
            omega2.alpha omega2.beta
## omega2.alpha 1
                     0
## omega2.beta 0
                     1
## ----- Statistical criteria -----
## -----
##
## Likelihood computed by importance sampling
##
      -2LL= 3590.901
##
      AIC = 3602.901
##
      BIC = 3613.034
```

#### Time-to-event

#### TTE model - simulated data

TTE data simulated according to a Weibull model, hazard defined by shape  $(\beta)$  and scale  $(\lambda)$  as:

$$h(t) = \frac{\beta}{\lambda} \left(\frac{t}{\lambda}\right)^{\beta - 1}$$

```
# Simulating TTE data
set.seed(12345)
nsuj < -50
xtim < -c(0)
tte.data<-data.frame(id=rep(1:nsuj,each=length(xtim)),time=rep(xtim,nsuj))
psiM<-data.frame(lambda=seq(1.6,2,length.out=length(unique(tte.data$id))),beta = 2)</pre>
simul.tte<-function(psi,id,xidep) {</pre>
  T<-xidep
  N <- nrow(psi)
  Nj <- length(T)
  censoring time = 3
  lambda <- psi[id,1]</pre>
  beta <- psi[id,2]</pre>
  obs <-rep(0,length(T))
  for (i in (1:N)){
    obs[id==i] <- rweibull(n=length(id[id==i]), shape=beta[i], scale=lambda[i])
  obs[obs>censoringtime] <- censoringtime
  return(obs)
preds <- simul.tte(psiM, tte.data$id, tte.data[,c("time")])</pre>
tte.data$y<-0
tte.data$tlat<-preds
dat1<-tte.data[,c("id","time","y")]</pre>
dat2<-tte.data[,c("id","tlat","y")]</pre>
dat2$y<-as.integer(dat2$tlat>0 & dat2$tlat<3)</pre>
colnames(dat2)[2]<-"time"</pre>
tte.data<-rbind(dat1,dat2)
tte.data<-tte.data[order(tte.data$id, tte.data$time),]</pre>
tte.psiM<-psiM
# Simulate T from Weibull (check)
if(FALSE) {
  lambda < -2
  beta<-2
  nsim<-5000
  # By hand
  q1<-runif(nsim)
  # tevent<-lambda*exp(log(q1)/beta)</pre>
  \texttt{tevent} < -\texttt{lambda*exp}(\texttt{log}(-\texttt{log}(\texttt{q1}))/\texttt{beta})
  tevent<-sort(tevent)</pre>
# plot(tevent, exp(-(tevent/lambda) ^beta))
  tevent2<-sort(rweibull(nsim, shape=beta, scale=lambda))</pre>
  plot(tevent, tevent2)
  abline(0,1)
saemix.data<-saemixData(name.data=tte.data, name.group=c("id"),</pre>
  name.predictors=c("time"), name.response="y")
```

```
##
##
## The following SaemixData object was successfully created:
##
## Object of class SaemixData
       longitudinal data for use with the SAEM algorithm
##
## Dataset tte.data
       Structured data: y ~ time | id
##
       Predictor: time ()
tte.model<-function(psi,id,xidep) {</pre>
  T<-xidep[,1]
  N <- nrow(psi)
  Nj <- length(T)
  # censoringtime = 6
  censoring time = \max(T)
  lambda <- psi[id,1]</pre>
  beta <- psi[id,2]
  init <- which(T==0)</pre>
  cens <- which(T==censoringtime)</pre>
  ind <- setdiff(1:Nj, append(init,cens))</pre>
  hazard <- (beta/lambda)*(T/lambda)^(beta-1)
  H <- (T/lambda)^beta</pre>
  logpdf <- rep(0,Nj)</pre>
  logpdf[cens] <- -H[cens] + H[cens-1]</pre>
  logpdf[ind] <- -H[ind] + H[ind-1] + log(hazard[ind])</pre>
  return(logpdf)
}
saemix.model<-saemixModel(model=tte.model,description="time model",modeltype="likelihood",</pre>
  psi0=matrix(c(1,2),ncol=2,byrow=TRUE,dimnames=list(NULL, c("lambda","beta"))),
  transform.par=c(1,1),covariance.model=matrix(c(1,0,0,1),ncol=2, byrow=TRUE))
##
##
## The following SaemixModel object was successfully created:
##
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
     Model function: time model Model type: likelihood
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
##
     T<-xidep[,1]
##
     N <- nrow(psi)
##
     Nj <- length(T)
##
     # censoringtime = 6
##
     censoringtime = max(T)
##
     lambda <- psi[id,1]</pre>
##
     beta <- psi[id,2]
     init <- which(T==0)</pre>
##
##
     cens <- which(T==censoringtime)</pre>
##
     ind <- setdiff(1:Nj, append(init,cens))</pre>
##
     hazard <- (beta/lambda)*(T/lambda)^(beta-1)
     H <- (T/lambda)^beta</pre>
##
##
     logpdf <- rep(0,Nj)</pre>
##
     logpdf[cens] <- -H[cens] + H[cens-1]</pre>
     logpdf[ind] <- -H[ind] + H[ind-1] + log(hazard[ind])</pre>
```

```
##
     return(logpdf)
## }
##
     Nb of parameters: 2
         parameter names: lambda beta
##
##
         distribution:
        Parameter Distribution Estimated
##
## [1,] lambda
                   log-normal
                                Estimated
## [2,] beta
                   log-normal
                                Estimated
##
     Variance-covariance matrix:
##
          lambda beta
## lambda
               1
## beta
               0
                     1
       No covariate in the model.
##
       Initial values
##
                 lambda beta
## Pop.CondInit
                      1
saemix.model<-saemixModel(model=tte.model,description="time model",modeltype="likelihood",</pre>
  psi0=matrix(c(1,2),ncol=2,byrow=TRUE,dimnames=list(NULL, c("lambda","beta"))),
  transform.par=c(1,1),covariance.model=matrix(c(1,0,0,0),ncol=2, byrow=TRUE))
##
##
## The following SaemixModel object was successfully created:
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
     Model function: time model Model type: likelihood
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
     T<-xidep[,1]
##
##
     N <- nrow(psi)
     Nj <- length(T)
##
##
     # censoringtime = 6
##
     censoring time = max(T)
##
     lambda <- psi[id,1]</pre>
     beta <- psi[id,2]
##
##
     init <- which(T==0)</pre>
##
     cens <- which(T==censoringtime)</pre>
     ind <- setdiff(1:Nj, append(init,cens))</pre>
##
##
     hazard <- (beta/lambda)*(T/lambda)^(beta-1)
##
     H <- (T/lambda)^beta</pre>
     logpdf <- rep(0,Nj)</pre>
##
     logpdf[cens] <- -H[cens] + H[cens-1]</pre>
##
     logpdf[ind] <- -H[ind] + H[ind-1] + log(hazard[ind])</pre>
##
##
     return(logpdf)
## }
##
     Nb of parameters: 2
##
         parameter names: lambda beta
##
         distribution:
##
        Parameter Distribution Estimated
## [1,] lambda
                   log-normal
                                Estimated
   [2,] beta
                   log-normal
     Variance-covariance matrix:
##
##
          lambda beta
                     0
## lambda
               1
## beta
```

```
##
      No covariate in the model.
##
      Initial values
##
              lambda beta
## Pop.CondInit
                 1
saemix.options<-list(seed=632545,save=FALSE,save.graphs=FALSE, displayProgress=FALSE)</pre>
tte.fit<-saemix(saemix.model,saemix.data,saemix.options)</pre>
## ind.fix10= 2 ind.fix11= 1 ind.fix1= 1 2 ind.fix0=
## 0.3733829 2.393744
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model fit by the SAEM algorithm
## -----
              Data
## -----
## Object of class SaemixData
      longitudinal data for use with the SAEM algorithm
## Dataset tte.data
##
      Structured data: y ~ time | id
      Predictor: time ()
## Dataset characteristics:
      number of subjects:
                             50
##
      number of observations: 100
      average/min/max nb obs: 2.00 / 2 / 2
## First 10 lines of data:
     id
            time y mdv cens occ ytype
     1 0.0000000 0 0
## 1
                         0
## 51 1 0.9152915 1 0
                         0
                             1
## 2 2 0.0000000 0 0 1
## 52 2 0.5857074 1 0 0 1
## 3 3 0.0000000 0 0
                        0
## 53  3  0.8447454  1  0  0  1
## 4 4 0.0000000 0 0 1
## 54 4 0.5648408 1
                    0 0 1
## 5 5 0.0000000 0
                    0
                         0
## 55 5 1.4458047 1
## -----
               Model
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
    Model function: time model Model type: likelihood
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
##
    T<-xidep[,1]
##
    N <- nrow(psi)
##
    Nj <- length(T)
##
    # censoringtime = 6
##
    censoring time = max(T)
##
    lambda <- psi[id,1]</pre>
##
    beta <- psi[id,2]
##
    init <- which(T==0)</pre>
##
    cens <- which(T==censoringtime)</pre>
##
    ind <- setdiff(1:Nj, append(init,cens))</pre>
##
    hazard <- (beta/lambda)*(T/lambda)^(beta-1)
##
    H <- (T/lambda)^beta</pre>
##
    logpdf <- rep(0,Nj)</pre>
```

logpdf[cens] <- -H[cens] + H[cens-1]</pre>

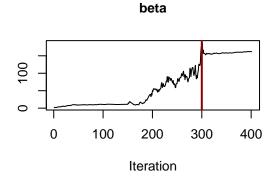
```
logpdf[ind] <- -H[ind] + H[ind-1] + log(hazard[ind])</pre>
##
   return(logpdf)
## }
## <bytecode: 0x557cc3545720>
##
   Nb of parameters: 2
      parameter names: lambda beta
##
      distribution:
##
     Parameter Distribution Estimated
##
## [1,] lambda log-normal Estimated
 [2,] beta
            log-normal
                     Estimated
   Variance-covariance matrix:
##
       lambda beta
## lambda
        1
          0
              0
## beta
##
     No covariate in the model.
##
     Initial values
##
           lambda beta
## Pop.CondInit 1 2
 -----
       Key algorithm options ----
  _____
##
##
     Estimation of individual parameters (MAP)
##
     Estimation of standard errors and linearised log-likelihood
     Estimation of log-likelihood by importance sampling
##
##
     Number of iterations: K1=300, K2=100
##
     Number of chains: 1
     Seed: 632545
##
     Number of MCMC iterations for IS: 5000
##
##
     Simulations:
##
       nb of simulated datasets used for npde: 1000
##
       nb of simulated datasets used for VPC: 100
##
     Input/output
##
       save the results to a file: FALSE
##
       save the graphs to files: FALSE
## -----
                 Results
## -----
## ----- Fixed effects -----
## -----
##
     Parameter Estimate SE
                         CV(%)
## [1,] lambda 1.4 0.58 41
            162.2 5675.89 3500
## [2,] beta
## -----
## ----- Variance of random effects -----
## -----
       Parameter Estimate SE CV(%)
##
## lambda omega2.lambda 0.48 0.21 44
## -----
## ----- Correlation matrix of random effects -----
## -----
##
            omega2.lambda
## omega2.lambda 1
## -----
## ----- Statistical criteria -----
```

```
##
## Likelihood computed by linearisation
         -2LL= 573.0104
##
##
         AIC = 581.0104
         BIC = 588.6585
##
##
## Likelihood computed by importance sampling
         -2LL= 122.2899
##
##
         AIC = 130.2899
##
         BIC = 137.938
plot(tte.fit, plot.type="convergence")
```

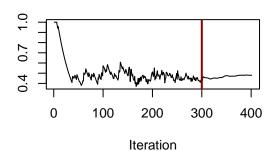
## Plotting convergence plots

# 0. 100 200 300 400 Iteration

lambda



#### omega2.lambda



#### TTE model - lung cancer

- create dataset for saemix (once) using the lung data from the survival package
- changes
  - saemix format: added time=0
  - created one column for status (dead or alive, recoded as 1/0) and one for censoring (0/1)
  - removed subjects with missing age, institution, sex, or ph scores (ecog and karno)

```
if(FALSE) {
   library(survival)
   data(cancer)
   cancer$cens<-as.integer(cancer$status==1) # censored=1, non-censored=0
   cancer$status<-cancer$status<-1 # dead=1, alive=0</pre>
```

```
cancer<-cbind(id=1:dim(cancer)[1],cancer)
cancer2<-cancer
cancer2$time<-0
cancer2$status<-0
cancer2$status<-0
lung.saemix<-rbind(cancer2, cancer)
lung.saemix<-lung.saemix[order(lung.saemix$id, lung.saemix$time),]
lung.saemix*sex<-lung.saemix[sex-1
lung.saemix<-lung.saemix[,c("id","time","status","cens","inst","age", "sex", "ph.ecog", "ph.karno", "hasnoNA<-function(xmat)
    apply(xmat,1,function(x) sum(is.na(x))==0)
lung.saemix<-lung.saemix[hasnoNA(lung.saemix[,5:9]),]
write.table(lung.saemix, file.path(datDir, "lung.saemix.tab"), quote=F, row.names=F)
}</pre>
```

#### Checks

- The Surv function from the survival package creates a survival object for use as the response in a model formula.
  - one entry for each subject that is the survival time, which is followed by a + if the subject was censored
  - transform lung.saemix in the Surv format to check the survival function w/r saemix fit
- Weibull model
  - parametric survival function

$$S(t) = e^{-\left(\frac{t}{\lambda}\right)^{\beta}}$$

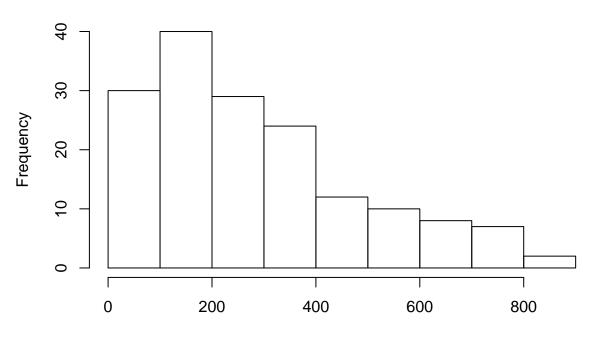
• Also tried computing a SE for S(t) using the delta-method where the vector of derivatives for the survival function of Weibull model are:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{\delta S}{\delta \lambda} \\ \frac{\delta S}{\delta \beta} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\beta}{\lambda} & \left(\frac{t}{\lambda}\right)^{\beta} e^{-\left(\frac{t}{\lambda}\right)^{\beta}} \\ -\ln\left(\frac{t}{\lambda}\right) & \left(\frac{t}{\lambda}\right)^{\beta} e^{-\left(\frac{t}{\lambda}\right)^{\beta}} \end{pmatrix}$$

• works pretty well compared to the non-parametric KM estimate

```
if(testMode)
  data(lung.saemix) else
    lung.saemix<-read.table(file.path(datDir, "lung.saemix.tab"), header=TRUE)
hist(lung.saemix$time[lung.saemix$status==1])</pre>
```

# Histogram of lung.saemix\$time[lung.saemix\$status == 1]



lung.saemix\$time[lung.saemix\$status == 1]

```
# Note: missing data in pat.karno, wt.loss and meal.cal
if (FALSE)
    print(summary(lung.saemix))
saemix.data<-saemixData(name.data=lung.saemix,header=TRUE,name.group=c("id"),</pre>
      name.predictors=c("time", "status", "cens"), name.response=c("status"),
      name.covariates=c("age", "sex", "ph.ecog", "ph.karno", "pat.karno", "wt.loss", "meal.cal"),
      units=list(x="days",y="",covariates=c("yr","","-","%","%","cal","pounds")))
## [1] "age"
                    "sex"
                                "ph.ecog"
                                             "ph.karno" "pat.karno" "wt.loss"
## [7] "meal.cal"
##
##
## The following SaemixData object was successfully created:
##
## Object of class SaemixData
##
       longitudinal data for use with the SAEM algorithm
## Dataset lung.saemix
##
       Structured data: status ~ time + status + cens | id
##
       X variable for graphs: time (days)
##
       covariates: age (yr), sex (), ph.ecog (-), ph.karno (%), pat.karno (%), wt.loss (cal), meal.cal
         reference class for covariate sex : 0
weibulltte.model<-function(psi,id,xidep) {</pre>
  T<-xidep[,1]
  y<-xidep[,2] # events (1=event, 0=no event)
  cens<-which(xidep[,3]==1) # censoring times (subject specific)</pre>
  init <- which(T==0)</pre>
  lambda <- psi[id,1] # Parameters of the Weibull model</pre>
  beta <- psi[id,2]</pre>
```

```
Nj <- length(T)
  ind <- setdiff(1:Nj, append(init,cens)) # indices of events</pre>
  hazard <- (beta/lambda)*(T/lambda)^(beta-1) # ln(H')
  H \leftarrow (T/lambda)^beta # ln(H)
  logpdf \leftarrow rep(0,Nj) # ln(l(T=0))=0
  logpdf[cens] <- -H[cens] + H[cens-1] # ln(l(T=censoring time))</pre>
  logpdf[ind] <- -H[ind] + H[ind-1] + log(hazard[ind]) # ln(l(T=event time))</pre>
  return(logpdf)
saemix.model<-saemixModel(model=weibulltte.model,description="time model",modeltype="likelihood",</pre>
  psi0=matrix(c(1,2),ncol=2,byrow=TRUE,dimnames=list(NULL, c("lambda","beta"))),
  transform.par=c(1,1),covariance.model=matrix(c(1,0,0,0),ncol=2, byrow=TRUE))
##
##
## The following SaemixModel object was successfully created:
##
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
     Model function: time model Model type: likelihood
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
     T<-xidep[,1]
##
     y<-xidep[,2] # events (1=event, 0=no event)
     cens<-which(xidep[,3]==1) # censoring times (subject specific)</pre>
##
##
     init <- which(T==0)</pre>
##
     lambda <- psi[id,1] # Parameters of the Weibull model</pre>
##
     beta <- psi[id,2]
##
     Nj <- length(T)
##
##
     ind <- setdiff(1:Nj, append(init,cens)) # indices of events</pre>
##
     hazard <- (beta/lambda)*(T/lambda)^(beta-1) # ln(H')</pre>
##
     H <- (T/lambda)^beta # ln(H)</pre>
##
     logpdf \leftarrow rep(0,Nj) # ln(1(T=0))=0
##
     logpdf[cens] <- -H[cens] + H[cens-1] # ln(l(T=censoring time))</pre>
     logpdf[ind] <- -H[ind] + H[ind-1] + log(hazard[ind]) # ln(l(T=event time))</pre>
##
     return(logpdf)
##
## }
     Nb of parameters: 2
##
##
         parameter names: lambda beta
         distribution:
##
        Parameter Distribution Estimated
##
## [1,] lambda
                  log-normal
                                Estimated
## [2,] beta
                  log-normal
                                 Estimated
##
     Variance-covariance matrix:
##
          lambda beta
## lambda
               1
               0
## beta
                     0
##
       No covariate in the model.
##
       Initial values
##
                 lambda beta
## Pop.CondInit
                  1
```

```
saemix.options<-list(seed=632545,save=FALSE,save.graphs=FALSE, displayProgress=FALSE)
tte.fit<-saemix.model,saemix.data,saemix.options)</pre>
```

```
## ind.fix10= 2 ind.fix11= 1 ind.fix1= 1 2 ind.fix0=
## 5.952352 0.5214079
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model fit by the SAEM algorithm
## -----
               Data
## -----
## Object of class SaemixData
      longitudinal data for use with the SAEM algorithm
## Dataset lung.saemix
##
      Structured data: status ~ time + status + cens | id
##
      X variable for graphs: time (days)
##
      covariates: age (yr), sex (), ph.ecog (-), ph.karno (%), pat.karno (%), wt.loss (cal), meal.cal
        reference class for covariate sex : 0
## Dataset characteristics:
      number of subjects:
##
      number of observations: 450
##
      average/min/max nb obs: 2.00 / 2 / 2
## First 10 lines of data:
##
     id time status cens status.1 age sex ph.ecog ph.karno pat.karno wt.loss
## 1
      1
           0
                 0
                      0
                               0 74
                                      0
                                              1
                                                     90
                                                              100
## 2
      1 306
                 1
                      0
                               1 74
                                      0
                                              1
                                                     90
                                                              100
                                                                      NA
## 3
      2
           0
                 0
                      0
                               0 68
                                      0
                                              0
                                                     90
                                                               90
                                                                      15
## 4
      2 455
                      0
                              1 68
                                                     90
                                                               90
                                                                      15
                 1
                                     0
                                              0
## 5
      3 0
                 0
                      0
                              0 56
                                                     90
                                                               90
                                                                      15
     3 1010
## 6
                 0
                      1
                              0 56
                                     Ο
                                              Ω
                                                    90
                                                               90
                                                                      15
## 7
      4
                 0
                      0
                               0
                                                     90
                                                               60
                                                                      11
        0
                                 57
                                              1
## 8
      4 210
                                                               60
                                                                      11
                  1
                      Ω
                               1 57
                                     0
                                              1
                                                     90
## 9
      5
         0
                      0
                               0 60
                                                    100
                                                               90
                                                                       0
## 10 5 883
                  1
                      0
                               1
                                 60
                                              Ω
                                                    100
                                                               90
                                                                       0
##
     meal.cal mdv cens.1 occ ytype
## 1
        1175
              0
                      0
                         1
## 2
        1175
              0
                      0
                         1
                                1
## 3
        1225
                         1
               0
                      0
                                1
## 4
         1225
               0
                      0
                         1
                                1
## 5
         NA
               0
                      0
                         1
## 6
          NA
               0
                      0 1
                         1
## 7
         1150
               0
                      0
                               1
## 8
         1150
               0
                      0
                         1
                               1
## 9
           NA
                0
                      0
                         1
           NA
                0
                      0
                         1
               Model
## -----
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
    Model function: time model Model type: likelihood
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
    T < -xidep[,1]
    y<-xidep[,2] # events (1=event, 0=no event)
##
    cens<-which(xidep[,3]==1) # censoring times (subject specific)</pre>
##
##
    init <- which(T==0)</pre>
    lambda <- psi[id,1] # Parameters of the Weibull model</pre>
```

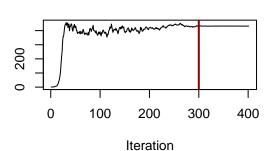
```
##
    beta <- psi[id,2]
##
    Nj <- length(T)
##
    ind <- setdiff(1:Nj, append(init,cens)) # indices of events</pre>
##
##
    hazard <- (beta/lambda)*(T/lambda)^(beta-1) # ln(H')
##
    H <- (T/lambda)^beta # ln(H)</pre>
    logpdf \leftarrow rep(0,Nj) # ln(1(T=0))=0
##
    logpdf[cens] <- -H[cens] + H[cens-1] # ln(1(T=censoring time))</pre>
##
    logpdf[ind] <- -H[ind] + H[ind-1] + log(hazard[ind]) # ln(l(T=event time))</pre>
##
    return(logpdf)
## }
## <bytecode: 0x557cc64986c0>
    Nb of parameters: 2
##
       parameter names: lambda beta
##
       distribution:
##
      Parameter Distribution Estimated
## [1,] lambda log-normal Estimated
  [2,] beta
              log-normal Estimated
    Variance-covariance matrix:
##
        lambda beta
## lambda 1 0
           0
     No covariate in the model.
##
     Initial values
##
            lambda beta
## Pop.CondInit 1 2
       Key algorithm options ----
##
      Estimation of individual parameters (MAP)
##
      Estimation of standard errors and linearised log-likelihood
##
      Estimation of log-likelihood by importance sampling
##
     Number of iterations: K1=300, K2=100
##
     Number of chains: 1
##
     Seed: 632545
##
     Number of MCMC iterations for IS: 5000
##
     Simulations:
##
         nb of simulated datasets used for npde: 1000
##
         nb of simulated datasets used for VPC: 100
##
     Input/output
##
         save the results to a file: FALSE
         save the graphs to files: FALSE
## -----
                    Results
## -----
## ----- Fixed effects -----
## -----
      Parameter Estimate SE CV(%)
## [1,] lambda 431.8 51.60 12
               1.3 0.19 14
## [2,] beta
## ----- Variance of random effects -----
## -----
        Parameter Estimate SE CV(%)
##
```

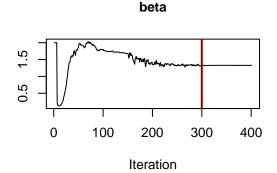
```
## lambda omega2.lambda 0.009
                                0.17 1858
   ----- Correlation matrix of random effects -----
##
##
                omega2.lambda
## omega2.lambda 1
       ----- Statistical criteria ------
  Likelihood computed by linearisation
##
        -2LL= 5189.352
        AIC = 5197.352
##
##
        BIC = 5211.017
##
## Likelihood computed by importance sampling
        -2LL= 2269.357
##
##
        AIC = 2277.357
        BIC = 2291.021
##
```

#### plot(tte.fit, plot.type="convergence")

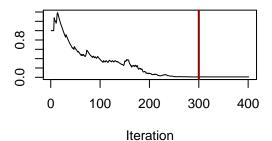
lambda

#### ## Plotting convergence plots





#### omega2.lambda



```
ypred<-predict(tte.fit)</pre>
```

```
## No fitted values of type ipred available
# Use survival package to assess Survival curve
if(FALSE) {
   library(survival)
```

```
lung.surv<-lung.saemix[lung.saemix$time>0,]
 lung.surv$status<-lung.surv$status+1</pre>
 Surv(lung.surv$time, lung.surv$status) # 1=censored, 2=dead
 f1 <- survfit(Surv(time, status) ~ 1, data = lung.surv)</pre>
 xtim<-seq(0,max(lung.saemix$time), length.out=200)</pre>
 estpar<-tte.fit@results@fixed.effects
 estse<-tte.fit@results@se.fixed
 ypred<-exp(-(xtim/estpar[1])^(estpar[2]))</pre>
# Computing SE for the survival curve based on linearised FIM (probably not a good idea) through the de
 invfim<-solve(tte.fit@results@fim[1:2,1:2])</pre>
 xcal<- (xtim/estpar[1])^estpar[2]</pre>
 dsdbeta<- -log(xtim/estpar[1]) * xcal *exp(-xcal)</pre>
 dsdalpha<- estpar[2]/estpar[1] * xcal *exp(-xcal)</pre>
 xmat<-rbind(dsdalpha, dsdbeta)</pre>
       x1<-t(xmat[,1:3]) %*% invfim %*% xmat[,1:3]
 sesurv<-rep(0,length(xcal))</pre>
 for(i in 1:length(xcal))
    sesurv[i] <-sqrt(t(xmat[,i]) %*% invfim %*% xmat[,i])</pre>
 plot(f1, xlab = "Days", ylab = "Overall survival probability")
 lines(xtim,ypred, col="red",lwd=2)
 lines(xtim,ypred+1.96*sesurv, col="red",lwd=1, lty=2)
 lines(xtim,ypred-1.96*sesurv, col="red",lwd=1, lty=2)
 \# ypred2 < -exp(-(xtim/(estpar[1]-1.96*sqrt(invfim[1,1])))^(estpar[2]+1.96*sqrt(invfim[2,2])))
 \# ypred3 < -exp(-(xtim/(estpar[1]+1.96*sqrt(invfim[1,1])))^(estpar[2]+1.96*sqrt(invfim[2,2])))
 # lines(xtim,ypred2, col="blue",lwd=1, lty=2)
 # lines(xtim,ypred3, col="blue",lwd=1, lty=2)
```

#### RTTE model

- again difficult to find real data
- simulated data
  - Exemple simulé de Belhal **TODO**
  - data from the Monolix documentation: absolutely no indication where the data comes from (weibull\_data.txt for the weibullRTTE.mlxtran project in the demo)
- search for real data
  - asked Ulrika Simonsson for the RTTE data on post-operative pain (Pain Medicine 2015)
  - data on events in Gaucher disease used for the ENSAI workshops (but few events)
  - discretised PCA events during warfarin treatment? (from the warfarin PK/PD) (but threshold?)

```
# Simulating TTE data
set.seed(12345)

nsuj<-50
xtim<-c(0)
tte.data<-data.frame(id=rep(1:nsuj,each=length(xtim)),time=rep(xtim,nsuj))
psiM<-data.frame(lambda=seq(1.6,2,length.out=length(unique(tte.data$id))),beta = 2)

simul.tte<-function(psi,id,xidep) {
   T<-xidep
   N <- nrow(psi)</pre>
```

```
Nj <- length(T)
  censoringtime = 3
  lambda <- psi[id,1]</pre>
  beta <- psi[id,2]
  obs <-rep(0,length(T))</pre>
  for (i in (1:N)){
    obs[id==i] <- rweibull(n=length(id[id==i]), shape=beta[i], scale=lambda[i])
  obs[obs>censoringtime] <- censoringtime
  return(obs)
}
preds <- simul.tte(psiM, tte.data$id, tte.data[,c("time")])</pre>
tte.data$y<-0
tte.data$tlat<-preds
dat1<-tte.data[,c("id","time","y")]</pre>
dat2<-tte.data[,c("id","tlat","y")]</pre>
dat2$y<-as.integer(dat2$tlat>0 & dat2$tlat<3)</pre>
colnames(dat2)[2]<-"time"</pre>
tte.data<-rbind(dat1,dat2)</pre>
tte.data<-tte.data[order(tte.data$id, tte.data$time),]
tte.psiM<-psiM
# Simulate T from Weibull (check)
if(FALSE) {
  lambda<-2
  beta < -2
  nsim<-5000
  # By hand
  q1<-runif(nsim)
  # tevent<-lambda*exp(log(q1)/beta)</pre>
  tevent<-lambda*exp(log(-log(q1))/beta)
  tevent<-sort(tevent)</pre>
# plot(tevent, exp(-(tevent/lambda)^beta))
  tevent2<-sort(rweibull(nsim, shape=beta, scale=lambda))</pre>
  plot(tevent, tevent2)
  abline(0,1)
}
saemix.data<-saemixData(name.data=tte.data, name.group=c("id"),</pre>
  name.predictors=c("time"), name.response="y")
##
##
## The following SaemixData object was successfully created:
##
## Object of class SaemixData
       longitudinal data for use with the SAEM algorithm
## Dataset tte.data
##
       Structured data: y ~ time | id
##
       Predictor: time ()
```

```
tte.model<-function(psi,id,xidep) {</pre>
  T < -xidep[,1]
  N <- nrow(psi)
  Nj <- length(T)
  # censoringtime = 6
  censoring time = max(T)
  lambda <- psi[id,1]</pre>
  beta <- psi[id,2]
  init <- which(T==0)</pre>
  cens <- which(T==censoringtime)</pre>
  ind <- setdiff(1:Nj, append(init,cens))</pre>
  hazard <- (beta/lambda)*(T/lambda)^(beta-1)
  H <- (T/lambda)^beta</pre>
  logpdf <- rep(0,Nj)</pre>
  logpdf[cens] <- -H[cens] + H[cens-1]</pre>
  logpdf[ind] <- -H[ind] + H[ind-1] + log(hazard[ind])</pre>
  return(logpdf)
}
saemix.model<-saemixModel(model=tte.model,description="time model",modeltype="likelihood",</pre>
  psi0=matrix(c(1,2),ncol=2,byrow=TRUE,dimnames=list(NULL, c("lambda","beta"))),
  transform.par=c(1,1),covariance.model=matrix(c(1,0,0,1),ncol=2, byrow=TRUE))
##
##
## The following SaemixModel object was successfully created:
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
     Model function: time model Model type: likelihood
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
##
     T < -xidep[,1]
     N <- nrow(psi)
##
##
     Nj <- length(T)
##
     # censoringtime = 6
     censoring time = max(T)
##
     lambda <- psi[id,1]</pre>
     beta <- psi[id,2]
##
##
     init <- which(T==0)</pre>
     cens <- which(T==censoringtime)</pre>
##
##
     ind <- setdiff(1:Nj, append(init,cens))</pre>
##
     hazard <- (beta/lambda)*(T/lambda)^(beta-1)
     H <- (T/lambda)^beta</pre>
##
##
     logpdf <- rep(0,Nj)</pre>
     logpdf[cens] <- -H[cens] + H[cens-1]</pre>
##
##
     logpdf[ind] <- -H[ind] + H[ind-1] + log(hazard[ind])</pre>
##
     return(logpdf)
## }
##
     Nb of parameters: 2
##
         parameter names: lambda beta
##
         distribution:
##
        Parameter Distribution Estimated
## [1,] lambda
                   log-normal
                                 Estimated
## [2,] beta
                   log-normal
                                  Estimated
     Variance-covariance matrix:
```

```
lambda beta
## lambda
               1
## beta
               0
       No covariate in the model.
##
##
       Initial values
##
                lambda beta
## Pop.CondInit
saemix.model<-saemixModel(model=tte.model, description="time model", modeltype="likelihood",</pre>
  psi0=matrix(c(1,2),ncol=2,byrow=TRUE,dimnames=list(NULL, c("lambda","beta"))),
 transform.par=c(1,1),covariance.model=matrix(c(1,0,0,0),ncol=2, byrow=TRUE))
##
##
## The following SaemixModel object was successfully created:
##
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
##
     Model function: time model Model type: likelihood
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
     T<-xidep[,1]
##
     N <- nrow(psi)
##
     Nj <- length(T)
##
     # censoringtime = 6
##
##
     censoring time = max(T)
##
     lambda <- psi[id,1]</pre>
     beta <- psi[id,2]
##
##
     init <- which(T==0)</pre>
##
     cens <- which(T==censoringtime)</pre>
##
     ind <- setdiff(1:Nj, append(init,cens))</pre>
##
     hazard <- (beta/lambda)*(T/lambda)^(beta-1)
     H <- (T/lambda)^beta</pre>
##
##
     logpdf <- rep(0,Nj)</pre>
##
     logpdf[cens] <- -H[cens] + H[cens-1]</pre>
##
     logpdf[ind] <- -H[ind] + H[ind-1] + log(hazard[ind])</pre>
##
     return(logpdf)
## }
##
     Nb of parameters: 2
##
         parameter names: lambda beta
##
         distribution:
        Parameter Distribution Estimated
##
## [1,] lambda
                   log-normal
                                Estimated
## [2,] beta
                   log-normal
                                Estimated
     Variance-covariance matrix:
##
##
          lambda beta
## lambda
              1
## beta
               0
##
       No covariate in the model.
##
       Initial values
##
                 lambda beta
## Pop.CondInit
saemix.options<-list(seed=632545,save=FALSE,save.graphs=FALSE, displayProgress=FALSE)</pre>
tte.fit<-saemix(saemix.model,saemix.data,saemix.options)
## ind.fix10= 2 ind.fix11= 1 ind.fix1= 1 2 ind.fix0=
```

```
## 0.3733829 2.393744
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model fit by the SAEM algorithm
## -----
## ----
              Data
## -----
## Object of class SaemixData
      longitudinal data for use with the SAEM algorithm
## Dataset tte.data
      Structured data: y ~ time | id
      Predictor: time ()
## Dataset characteristics:
##
      number of subjects:
                             50
##
      number of observations: 100
     average/min/max nb obs: 2.00 / 2 / 2
## First 10 lines of data:
            time y mdv cens occ ytype
     1 0.0000000 0 0
                        0 1
## 1
## 51 1 0.9152915 1
## 2 2 0.0000000 0 0 1
## 52 2 0.5857074 1
                    0 0 1
## 3 3 0.0000000 0 0 1
## 53 3 0.8447454 1
## 4 4 0.0000000 0 0 1
## 54 4 0.5648408 1
                    0
                        0 1
## 5 5 0.0000000 0 0 1
## 55 5 1.4458047 1 0 0 1
            Model
## Nonlinear mixed-effects model
    Model function: time model Model type: likelihood
## function(psi,id,xidep) {
##
    T<-xidep[,1]
##
    N <- nrow(psi)
##
    Ni <- length(T)
##
    # censoringtime = 6
##
    censoringtime = max(T)
##
    lambda <- psi[id,1]</pre>
##
    beta <- psi[id,2]
##
    init <- which(T==0)</pre>
    cens <- which(T==censoringtime)</pre>
##
    ind <- setdiff(1:Nj, append(init,cens))</pre>
    hazard <- (beta/lambda)*(T/lambda)^(beta-1)
##
##
    H <- (T/lambda)^beta</pre>
    logpdf <- rep(0,Nj)</pre>
    logpdf[cens] <- -H[cens] + H[cens-1]</pre>
##
    logpdf[ind] <- -H[ind] + H[ind-1] + log(hazard[ind])</pre>
##
##
    return(logpdf)
## }
## <bytecode: 0x557cc0789180>
##
    Nb of parameters: 2
##
       parameter names: lambda beta
##
       distribution:
##
       Parameter Distribution Estimated
```

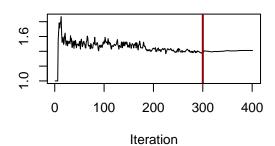
```
## [1,] lambda
             log-normal
                       Estimated
## [2,] beta
          log-normal Estimated
  Variance-covariance matrix:
##
      lambda beta
## lambda 1
## beta
          0
               0
    No covariate in the model.
##
     Initial values
##
           lambda beta
## Pop.CondInit 1 2
        Key algorithm options ----
  _____
##
     Estimation of individual parameters (MAP)
##
     Estimation of standard errors and linearised log-likelihood
##
     Estimation of log-likelihood by importance sampling
##
     Number of iterations: K1=300, K2=100
##
     Number of chains: 1
##
     Seed: 632545
##
     Number of MCMC iterations for IS: 5000
##
     Simulations:
##
        nb of simulated datasets used for npde: 1000
##
        nb of simulated datasets used for VPC: 100
##
     Input/output
##
        save the results to a file: FALSE
        save the graphs to files: FALSE
## -----
                 Results
## -----
## ----- Fixed effects -----
## -----
     Parameter Estimate SE CV(%)
##
## [1,] lambda 1.4 0.58 41
            162.2 5675.89 3500
## [2,] beta
## ----- Variance of random effects -----
## -----
##
       Parameter
                Estimate SE CV(%)
## lambda omega2.lambda 0.48 0.21 44
## -----
## ----- Correlation matrix of random effects -----
## -----
##
            omega2.lambda
## omega2.lambda 1
## ----- Statistical criteria -----
## Likelihood computed by linearisation
##
      -2LL= 573.0104
      AIC = 581.0104
##
##
      BIC = 588.6585
## Likelihood computed by importance sampling
##
     -2LL= 122.2899
```

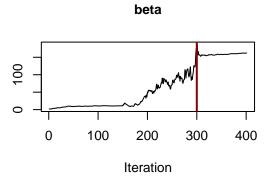
```
## AIC = 130.2899
## BIC = 137.938
## -----
```

## plot(tte.fit, plot.type="convergence")

## Plotting convergence plots

## lambda





## omega2.lambda

