



Tier 0 Medium Offensive

During an assessment, it is very common for us to transfer files to and from a target system. This module covers file transfer techniques leveraging tools commonly available across all versions of Windows and Linux systems.

By Saezel

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Windows File Transfer Methods

Download the file flag.txt from the web root using wget from the Pwnbox. Submit the contents of the file as your answer.

Answer: b1a4ca918282fcd96004565521944a3b

Download flag.txt

```
└$ wget <target-ip>/flag.txt
```

After successfully downloaded, view the content of the file.

```
└─$ cat flag.txt
```

Upload the attached file named upload_win.zip to the target using the method of your choice. Once uploaded, unzip the archive, and run "hasher upload_win.txt" from the command line. Submit the generated hash as your answer.

Answer: f458303ea783c224c6b4e7ef7f17eb9d

Download the upload_win.zip to the attacker machine:

```
└─$ wget
```

https://academy.hackthebox.com/storage/modules/24/upload_win.zip

Run webserver on attacker machine

```
└─$ python -m http.server 8000
```

Connect to target via RDP:

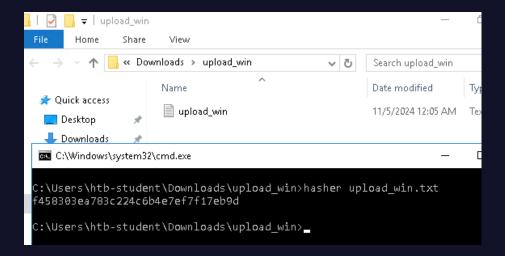
```
$ xfreerdp /v:<target-ip> /u:htb-student /p:HTB_@cademy_stdnt!
```

Download file from attacker machine:

```
firefox:/> http://<target-ip>:8000/upload_win.zip
```

Extract the .zip archive and run command prompt in that directory.

```
└─$ hasher upload_win.txt
```



Linux File Transfer Methods

Download the file flag.txt from the web root using Python from the Pwnbox. Submit the contents of the file as your answer.

Answer: 5d21cf3da9c0ccb94f709e2559f3ea50

Create a python file to download the flag.txt file

```
└$ nano getflag.py
```

Give exec permission to getflag.py

Execute getflag.py and get the flag

```
└─$ python getflag.py
```

```
b python getflag.py
5d21cf3da9c0ccb94f709e2559f3ea50
```

Upload the attached file named upload_nix.zip to the target using the method of your choice. Once uploaded, SSH to the box, extract the file, and run "hasher <extracted file>" from the command line. Submit the generated hash as your answer.

Answer: 159cfe5c65054bbadb2761cfa359c8b0

wget from the target machine failed. Instead, I'll host a webserver on my attacker machine.

```
└─$ python3 -m http.server
```

Download the file to the attacker machine:

```
L_$ wget
https://academy.hackthebox.com/storage/modules/24/upload_nix.zip
```

SSH to the target:

```
L_$ ssh htb-student@<target-ip>
```

From the target machine, download the file from my attacker machine.

```
htb-student $ wget <attacker-ip>:8000/upload_nix.zip
```

Attempt to unzip the file

```
htb-student $ unzip upload_nix.zip
```

```
htb-student@nix04:~$ unzip upload_nix.zip

Command 'unzip' not found, but can be installed with:

apt install unzip
Please ask your administrator.
```

Unzip is not installed in target machine.

- 1. You can unzip on attacker machine and download that to the target machine.
- 2. Find an alternative program that can unzip. I will proceed to find alternatives

└─ htb-student \$ compgen -c | grep -i zip

```
htb-student@nix04:~$ compgen -c | grep -i zip
gzip
bzip2recover
gpg-zip
gunzip
bzip2
zipdetails
bunzip2
```

After some research, I use gunzip:

└─ htb-student \$ gunzip -S .zip upload_nix.zip

└ htb-student \$ ls

htb-student@nix04:~\$ ls
upload_nix

Finally, check the hash:

 \vdash htb-student \$ hasher upload_nix

htb-student@nix04:~\$ hasher upload_nix 159cfe5c65054bbadb2761cfa359c8b0