

VPN AND ITS CONFIGURATION

Hints/Mini Guide:

- 1. Choose a reputable free VPN service and sign up.**
- 2. Download and install the VPN client.**
- 3. Connect to a VPN server (choose the closest or any location).**
- 4. Verify your IP address has changed (use whatismyipaddress.com).**
- 5. Browse a website to confirm traffic is encrypted.**
- 6. Disconnect VPN and compare browsing speed and IP.**
- 7. Research VPN encryption and privacy features.**
- 8. Write a summary on VPN benefits and limitations.**

Outcome: Hands-on experience with VPNs and understanding of privacy tools.

Step 1: Choose and Sign Up for a Free VPN

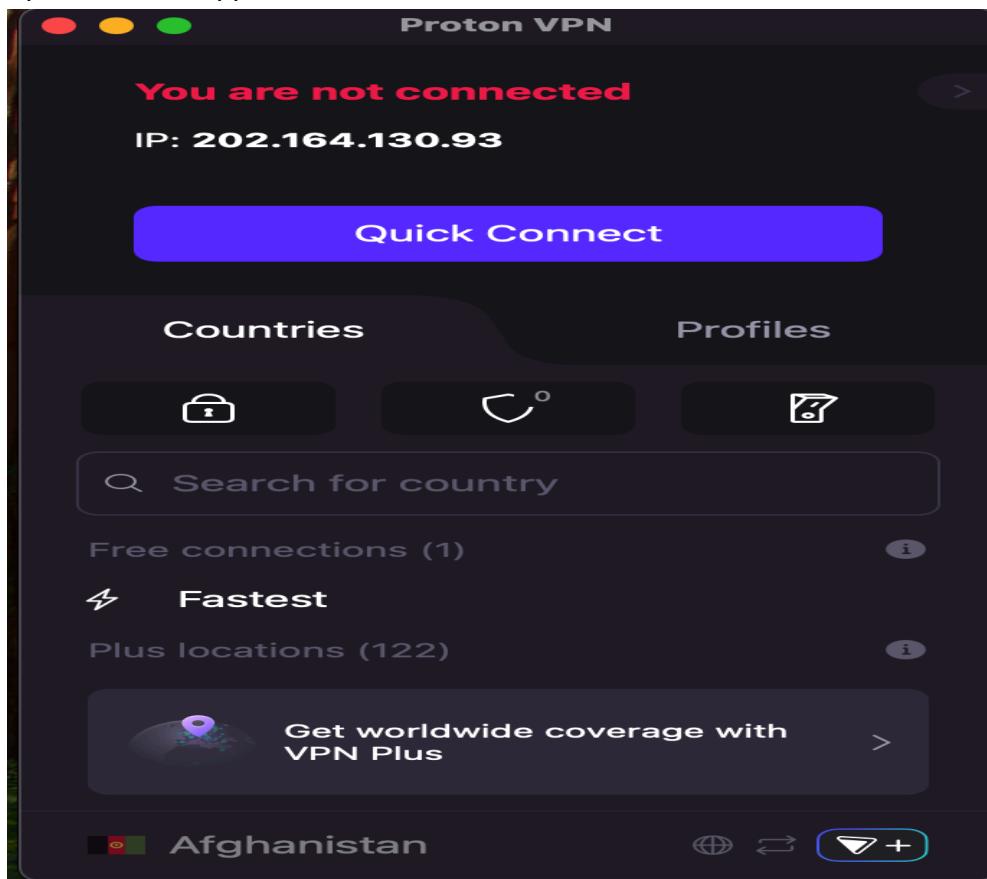
- Research a free, trusted VPN that does not log user activity.
 - Create an account if needed.
 - I have chosen and using protonvpn
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Step 2: Download and Install the VPN Client

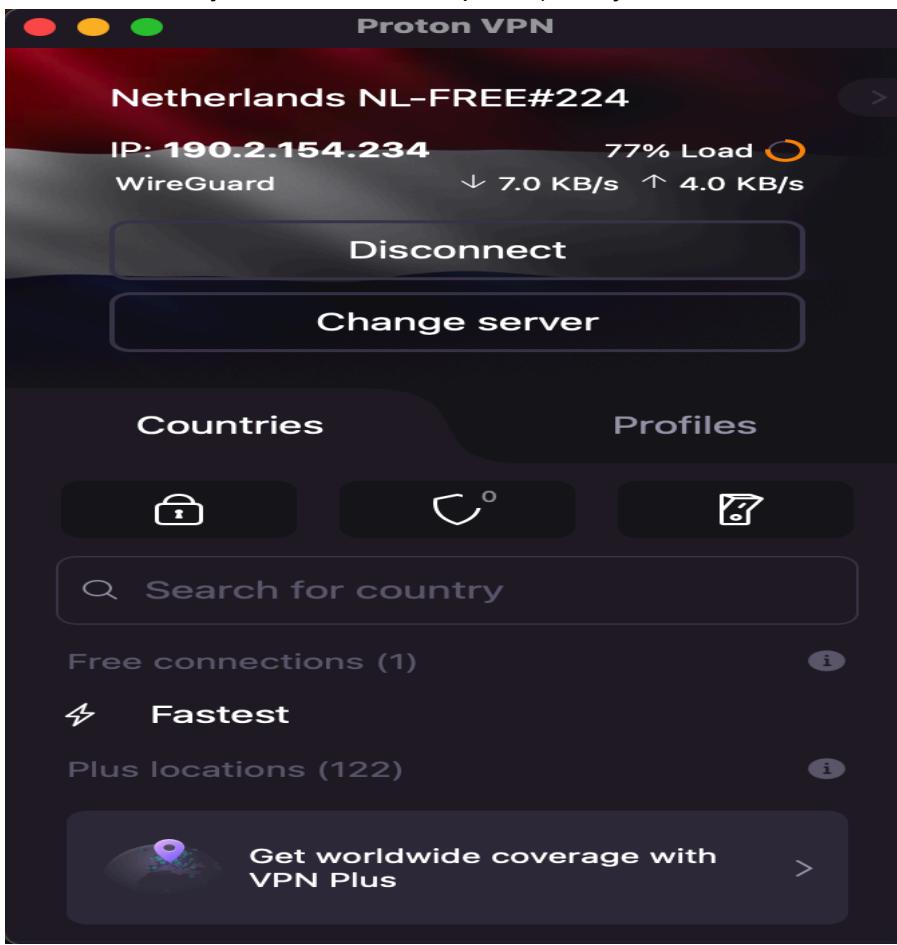
- Use the official website.
 - Install it on your computer or mobile device.
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Step 3: Connect to a VPN Server

- Open the VPN app.



- Choose a nearby server for better speed (or any other location to test).



Step 4: Verify Your IP Address Has Changed

- Visit whatismyipaddress.com before and after connecting.

The screenshot shows a web browser displaying the "WhatIsMyIPAddress.com" website. The URL bar shows the site's address. The main content area displays the user's IP information:

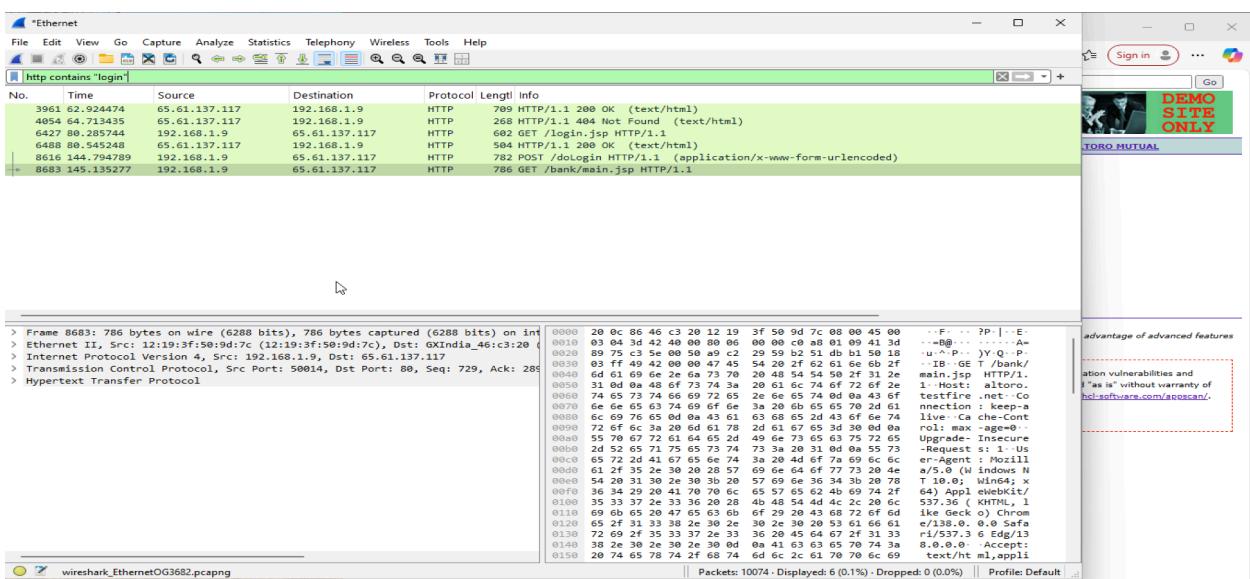
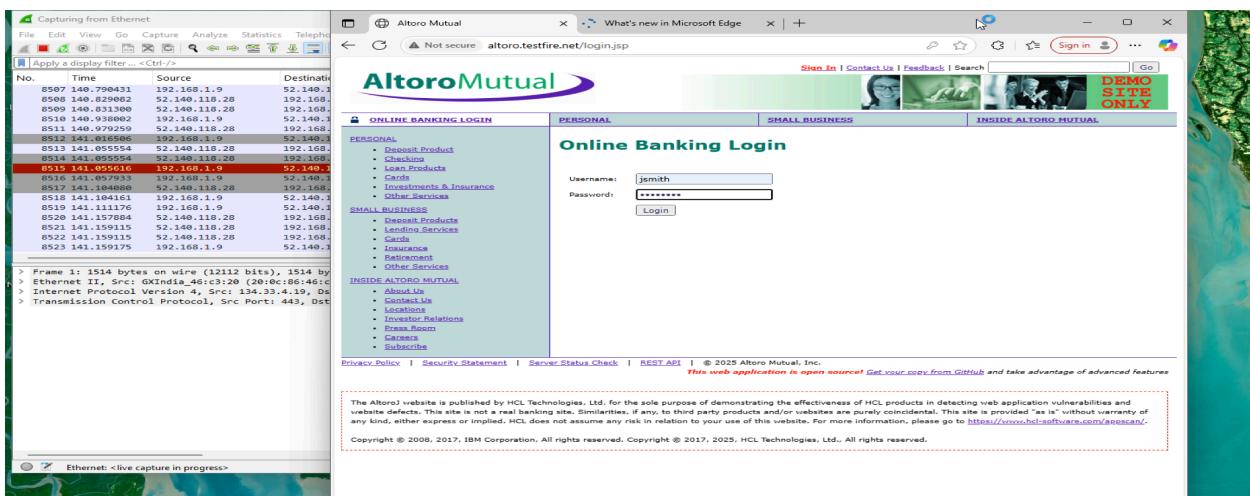
- My IP Address is:**
- IPv4:** 190.2.154.234
- IPv6:** Not detected

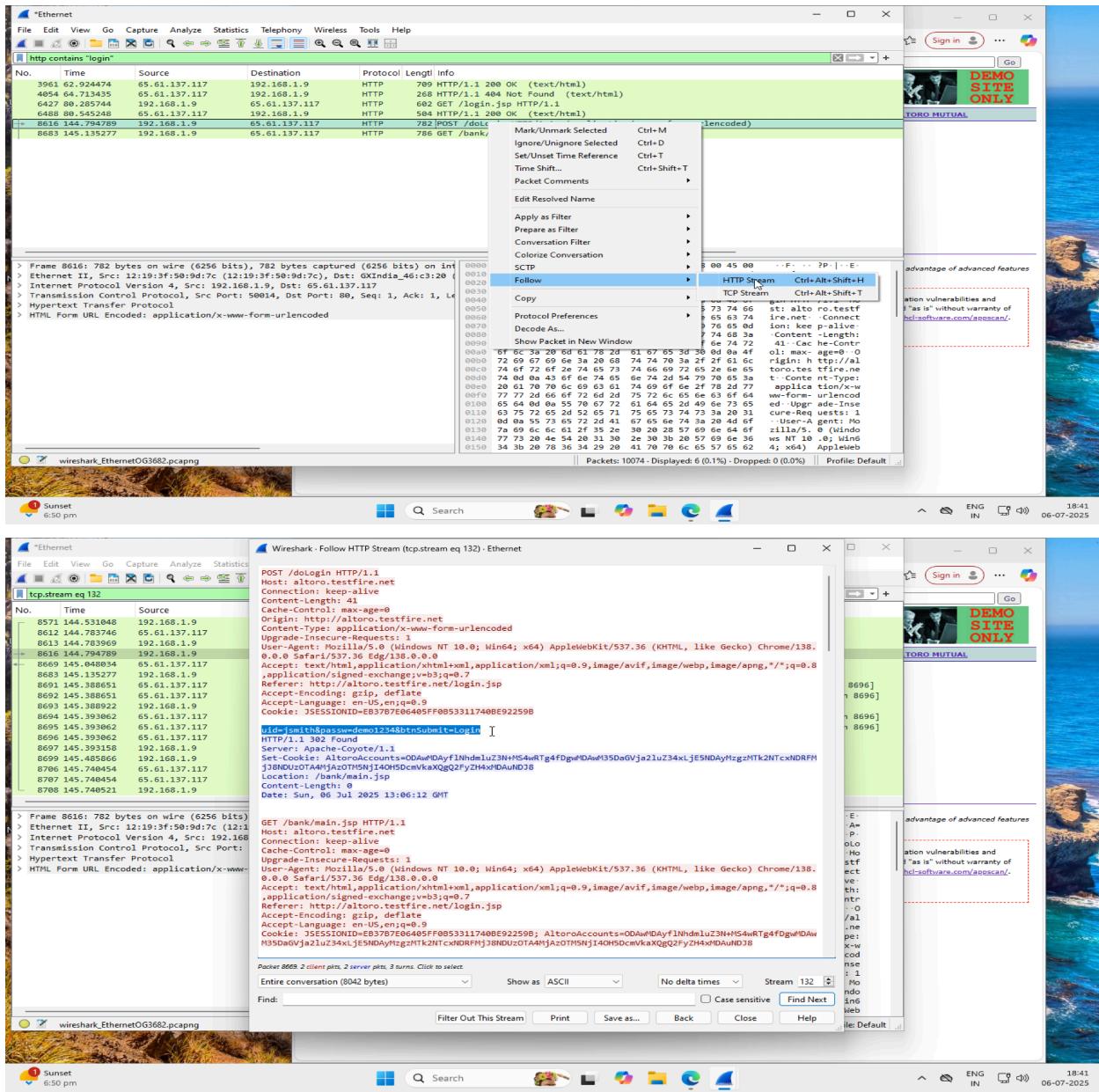
Below this, it says "Looks like you're using a VPN!" and shows a map of Europe with a red pin indicating the IP address location. At the bottom, it shows the ISP as "WorldStream LATAM". There is also a red button labeled "RATE YOUR VPN".

- Note your original IP vs. the new IP.

Step 5: Browse a Website to Confirm Traffic Encryption

- Visit a secure website (HTTPS).
- Notice if the VPN shows a secure tunnel is active.
- Optional: Use Wireshark to observe encrypted traffic (advanced).
- Why is http dangerous?

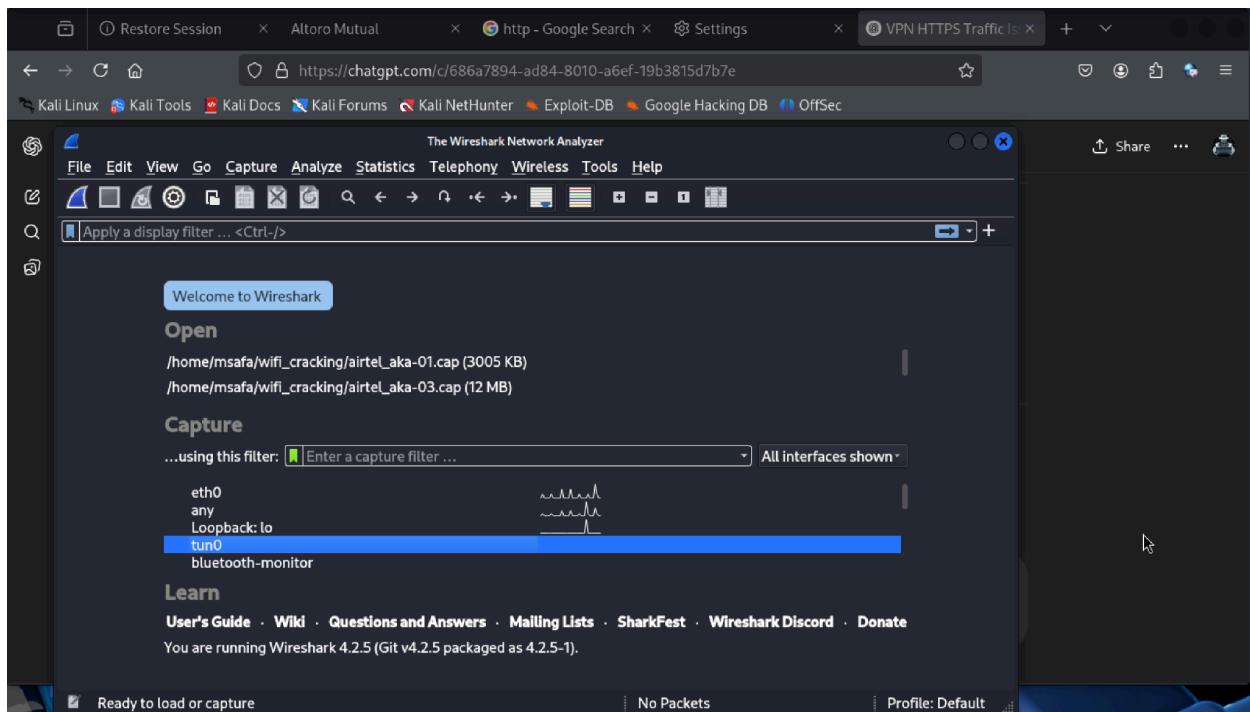




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msafa@kali:~$ sudo su
[sudo] password for msafa: reforged
(msafa㉿kali)-[~/home/msafa]$ bash vpn.sh
Select a VPN configuration: [language: en-US,en;q=0.8]
1) /etc/openvpn/ca149_tcp443.ovpn encoding: gzip, deflate
2) /etc/openvpn/Tryhackme.ovpn
3) /home/msafa/.cache/.fr-kkZsK7/vpnbook-openvpn-ca149/vpnbook-ca149-udp53.ovpn
4) /home/msafa/.cache/.fr-GTv5v2/vpnbook-openvpn-ca149/vpnbook-ca149-udp25000.ovpn
5) /home/msafa/.cache/.fr-m6xDjd/vpnbook-openvpn-ca149/vpnbook-ca149-tcp443.ovpn
6) /home/msafa/.cache/.fr-yv25Tv/vpnbook-openvpn-ca149/vpnbook-ca149-tcp443.ovpn
7) /home/msafa/.cache/.fr-5lit0B/vpnbook-openvpn-ca149/vpnbook-ca149-tcp80.ovpn
8) /home/msafa/.cache/.fr-sbDabi/vpnbook-openvpn-ca149/vpnbook-ca149-tcp80.ovpn
9) /home/msafa/Downloads/Canada_tcp.ovpn
10) /home/msafa/Downloads/vpnbook-openvpn-uk68/vpnbook-uk68-tcp443.ovpn
11) /home/msafa/Downloads/vpnbook-openvpn-uk68/vpnbook-uk68-udp53.ovpn
12) /home/msafa/Downloads/vpnbook-openvpn-uk68/vpnbook-uk68-tcp80.ovpn
13) /home/msafa/Downloads/vpnbook-openvpn-uk68/vpnbook-uk68-udp25000.ovpn
14) /home/msafa/Downloads/Msft.ovpn
Enter the number of the VPN you want to use: 14
Connecting using: /home/msafa/Downloads/Msft.ovpn

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The last two images shows how to connect into a vpn – open vpn server and capture the encrypted packets from wireshark

Step 6: Disconnect VPN and Compare Browsing Speed & IP

- Disconnect the VPN.
- Recheck your IP address — it should revert to your real one.
- Note any speed differences with/without the VPN.

Step 7: Research VPN Encryption & Privacy Features

- Learn about:
 - Tunneling protocols (OpenVPN, WireGuard, IKEv2).
 - No-logs policy.
 - DNS leak protection.
 - Kill switch features.
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Step 8: Write a Short Summary

- Explain how a VPN:
 - Encrypts traffic.
 - Masks IP addresses.
 - Helps avoid tracking.
- Mention limitations:
 - Free VPN speed/data limits.
 - Some websites may block VPN IPs.
 - Not a substitute for other security measures.

