

# emax.digital scheduled crawler mvp challenge

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## PLEASE IMPLEMENT EVERYTHING IN TYPESCRIPT

### Preferred would be an implementation on NestJS

#### 1. Requirements:

You need to have `docker` and `docker-compose` installed.

#### 2. Start the application

You can start the application by running `docker-compose up` in the root folder. This will start the two servers `engine`, `crawler` and the message broker `RabbitMQ` and automatically install all necessary dependencies, including npm libraries. You will see all logs in the terminal running the application with `docker-compose up`.

Hot reload is enabled for `crawler` and `engine`, meaning when you save a file in the project, the server or script will restart automatically.

If you want to install additional npm libraries, use `docker-compose` and execute the following command inside the root folder:

For engine: `docker-compose exec engine npm i lodash`

For crawler: `docker-compose exec engine npm i lodash`

#### 3. GET endpoint `get-title` for `engine`

Create an endpoint in `engine` with the path `get-title` that accepts GET requests (use the pre-installed npm library `express`). The endpoint should accept one query param: `asin`. An `asin` is a unique identifier of amazon for a specific product (example `asin: B000RL5C0K`).

You can access `engine` through the following url: `http://localhost:3030`.

#### 4. Send task from `engine` to `crawler` using RabbitMQ

When receiving a GET request in `get-title` send a task with the `asin` to a queue in `RabbitMQ` (use the pre-installed npm library `amqplib`).

The `crawler` should listen to this queue and receive the task with the `asin`. In the context of `RabbitMQ` this means that `engine` is the `publisher` and `crawler` is the `consumer`.

From within the application you can connect to `RabbitMQ` using following url: `amqp://queue`

*Without finishing 2.:* Send the task to the queue when the script starts without using the endpoint.

#### 5. Scrape title of detail page of given `asin` on amazon

When receiving a task from `RabbitMQ` in `crawler`, the `crawler` should visit the detail page according the the `asin` and fetch the title (use the pre-installed npm library `puppeteer` for this). There is already a function called `getBrowser` to initialize the browser for scraping. Use `console.log()` to return the title. The url can be built like this: `https://amazon.de/dp/${asin}`.

*Without finishing 3.:* Scrape the title of any `asin` when the script starts without consuming from `RabbitMQ`.

#### 6. Scheduled scraping

Add a new endpoint `get-title-scheduled` that accepts 2 arguments, `asin` and `crontab`. When a request is posted to the endpoint, start a `schedule` that gets the title of the amazon detail page (like above) according to the given `crontab`.

For example: This is posted to the `get-title-scheduled` endpoint:

```
{"asin": "B000RL5C0K", "crontab": "0 * * * *"} 
```

In this case, the crawler should get the title of the amazon detail page for `B000RL5C0K` every hour.

Add another endpoint to stop this specific `schedule`.

#### 7. To think about (no code needed)

This service will run in a stateless kubernetes cluster. What are the implications and possible issues? How will the service behave when scaling it horizontally?