
* This program allows two people to play the game connect 4. The object of this game is to place 4 of your pieces in a row in the game board. The 4 pieces can be either horizontal, vertical, or diagonal. The player gets to choose a column and their token slides down the column until it hits the bottom or it lands on another piece. If the player enters U or u the last moves undone and the board returns to the state it was before the last move. This can continue until the board is empty. Each time U (or u) is entered the turn changes. If the X player entered U, this undo's O's last move and it becomes O's turn again. Also, if the player enters P (or p) all the boards that occurred after each of the moves that have been made are printed.

* @author Safa Patel

```
#include <iostream>
#include <iomanip>
#include <string>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
// Function to display the current game board
// Receives a 2D array representing the game board
// Does not return anything
void displayBoard(char grid[6][7])
   // Code for displaying the game board
   cout << "0 1 2 3 4 5 6 " << "\n";
   for (int row = 0; row < 6; row++)
       cout << "\t";
       for (int column = 0; column < 7; column++)</pre>
           cout << grid[row][column] << " ";</pre>
       cout << endl;</pre>
   }
}
// Function to check if a move is valid in a given column
// Receives a column index and a 2D array representing the game board
// Returns a boolean indicating whether the move is valid or not
```

```
bool validMove(int column, char grid[6][7])
{
   // Code for checking if the move is valid
  return column >= 0 && column < 7 && grid[0][column] == '-';
}
// Function to make a move in a given column
// Receives a column index, a player token, and a 2D array representing the game board
// Does not return anything
void makeMove(int column, char player, char grid[6][7])
   // Code for making a move in the specified column
   for (int row = 6 - 1; row >= 0; row--)
       if (grid[row][column] == '-')
           grid[row][column] = player;
           return;
       }
   }
}
// Function to check if a player has won the game
// Receives a player token and a 2D array representing the game board
// Returns a boolean indicating whether the player has won or not
bool checkWin(char player, char grid[6][7])
   // Check horizontal
   for (int row = 0; row < 6; row++)
       for (int col = 0; col < 7 - 3; col++)
       {
           if (grid[row][col] == player && grid[row][col + 1] == player &&
               grid[row][col + 2] == player && grid[row][col + 3] == player)
           {
              return true;
       }
   }
   // Check vertical
   for (int row = 0; row < 6 - 3; row++)
```

```
{
       for (int col = 0; col < 7; col++)
           if (grid[row][col] == player && grid[row + 1][col] == player &&
               grid[row + 2][col] == player && grid[row + 3][col] == player)
           {
               return true;
       }
   }
   // Check diagonal (down-right)
   for (int row = 0; row < 6 - 3; row++)</pre>
       for (int col = 0; col < 7 - 3; col++)
           if (grid[row][col] == player && grid[row + 1][col + 1] == player &&
               grid[row + 2][col + 2] == player && grid[row + 3][col + 3] == player)
           {
               return true;
           }
       }
   }
   // Check diagonal (down-left)
   for (int row = 0; row < 6 - 3; row++)
       for (int col = 3; col < 7; col++)</pre>
       {
           if (grid[row][col] == player && grid[row + 1][col - 1] == player &&
               grid[row + 2][col - 2] == player && grid[row + 3][col - 3] == player)
           {
               return true;
       }
   return false;
// Function to check if the game board is full
// Receives a 2D array representing the game board
// Returns a boolean indicating whether the board is full or not
```

}

```
bool boardFull(char grid[6][7])
{
   // Code for checking if the board is full
   for (int col = 0; col < 7; col++)</pre>
      if (grid[0][col] == '-')
           return false;
   }
  return true;
}
// Function to check if a column is full
// Receives a column index and a 2D array representing the game board
// Returns a boolean indicating whether the column is full or no
bool columnFull(int column, char grid[6][7])
  // Code for checking if the column is ful
  if (grid[0][column] == '-')
      return false;
  return true;
}
// Define Node structure
class Node
  public:
      Node* next;
       char grid[6][7];
       Node(char currentGrid[6][7], bool printBoard = true)
           for (int i = 0; i < 6; i++)
               for (int j = 0; j < 7; j++)
               {
                   grid[i][j] = currentGrid[i][j];
           }
```

```
// Print the board only if printBoard is true
           if (printBoard) {
               displayBoard(grid);
           }
           next = nullptr;
       }
};
// Define UndoLinkedList
class UndoLinkedList
   public:
       Node* head;
       UndoLinkedList(char initialGrid[6][7])
           head = new Node(initialGrid);
           for (int i = 0; i < 6; i++)</pre>
               for (int j = 0; j < 7; j++)
                   head->grid[i][j] = initialGrid[i][j];
               }
           }
       }
       // Function to delete the latest node in the linked list
       void deleteNode()
       {
           if(head->next == nullptr)
               return;
           Node* temp = head;
           head = head->next;
           delete temp;
       }
       // Function to add a new node to the linked list
       void addNode()
```

```
Node* newNodePointer = new Node(head->grid, false);
           for(int i = 0; i < 6; i++)
               for(int j = 0; j < 7; j++)
                   newNodePointer->grid[i][j] = head->grid[i][j];
           }
           newNodePointer-> next = head;
           head = newNodePointer;
       }
       // Function to print the current state of the board
       void printCurrentBoard()
           displayBoard(head->grid);
       }
       // Function to print all moves in the linked list
       void printAllMoves()
           Node* current = head;
           vector<Node*> moves;
           while (current != nullptr)
               moves.push back(current);
              current = current->next;
           }
           // Print moves in reverse order
           for (int i = moves.size() - 1; i >= 0; i--)
               displayBoard(moves[i]->grid);
};
// Main function for the Connect 4 game
// Manages the overall game logic, including setup, user input, and game state updates
// Does not receive any parameters
```

{

```
// Returns an integer indicating the program's exit status
int main()
   // Introduction and game setup
   cout << "This is the Game Connect 4." << endl;</pre>
   cout << "Each player should place an X or an O in the space " << endl;</pre>
   cout << "by entering the column you want to place the piece." << endl;</pre>
   cout << "The piece will fall until it reaches the bottom or " << endl;</pre>
   cout << "the current pieces in the board. When X or O gets 4 in " << endl;</pre>
   cout << "a row (either horizontally, vertically, or diagonally, " << endl;</pre>
   cout << "then that person wins. The user can enter Q (or q) to " << endl;</pre>
   cout << "end the game early." << endl;</pre>
   cout << "Let's get started!!!" << endl;</pre>
   // Initialize the game board with empty spaces
   char grid[6][7];
   for (int row = 0; row < 6; row++)
       for (int col = 0; col < 7; col++)</pre>
           grid[row][col] = '-';
   }
   // Set current player to 'X' and initialize game over to false
   char currentPlayer = 'X';
   bool gameover = false;
   // Instantiation of the UndoLinkedList object, undoList
   UndoLinkedList undoList(grid);
   // Main game loop
   while (!gameover)
       // Take in user move for which column they want to put their piece
       int column;
       cout << "It is " << currentPlayer << "'s turn." << endl;</pre>
       cout << "Enter a column to place your piece.";</pre>
       string input;
       cin >> input;
       cout << endl;</pre>
```

```
// Check if the player wants to quit the game or undo a move or print boards in
the linked list
       if (input == "Q" || input == "q")
           cout << "Ending Game" << endl;</pre>
           break;
       } else if(input == "U" || input == "u")
           if (undoList.head->next != nullptr)
           {
               undoList.deleteNode();
               displayBoard(undoList.head->grid);
               currentPlayer = (currentPlayer == 'X') ? '0' : 'X';
           }
           else
               undoList.deleteNode();
               displayBoard(undoList.head->grid);
       }
       else if (input == "P" || input == "p")
           undoList.printAllMoves();
       else
           // Convert user input of a string number to an int
           column = stoi(input);
           // Check if the chosen column is already full
           if (columnFull(column, grid))
           {
               cout << "column chosen is already full" << endl;</pre>
           }
           // Manages the game's turn-based logic, makes sure the moves are valid, and
checks for a win or a draw, ultimately updating the game state
           if (column >= 0 && column <= 6 && validMove(column, grid))</pre>
           {
               undoList.addNode();
               makeMove(column, currentPlayer, undoList.head->grid);
```

```
displayBoard(undoList.head->grid);
                if (checkWin(currentPlayer, grid))
                    displayBoard(undoList.head->grid);
                    cout << endl;</pre>
                    cout << "Game is Over, Player " << currentPlayer << " got 4 in a</pre>
row!!!! " << endl;
                    gameover = true;
                }
                else if (boardFull(grid))
                    displayBoard(undoList.head->grid);
                    cout << "Board is Full, It's a Draw!!!" << endl;</pre>
                    gameover = true;
                    break;
                }
                else
                {
                    currentPlayer = (currentPlayer == 'X') ? 'O' : 'X';
           }
           else
           {
               cout << "Please enter a valid column" << endl;</pre>
       }
   }
   return 0;
}
```