### **Project Proposal**

**Title: Traffic Control System** 

### **Group number:2**

## <u>Information of the group members:</u>

Name	ID
1. Tapo Datta	41230301560
2. Md Safayet	41230301527
3. Showrub	41230301554
4. Ashraful Islam	41230301443
5. Twuhed Ahmad Rifat	41230301559

Project Feature	Language
1. Real-Time Traffic Monitoring	
•Sensor Integration: Collects data from traffic sensors, cameras, and GPS devices.	
•Vehicle Tracking: Monitors vehicle speed, density, and flow in real-time.	
•Traffic Heatmaps: Visualizes traffic congestion on a map for easy analysis.	
2. Dynamic Traffic Signal Control	
•Adaptive Signal Timing: Adjusts traffic light timings based on real-time traffic conditions.	
•Priority Management: Gives priority to high-traffic lanes or emergency vehicles.	
•Remote Control: Allows traffic operators to manually override signals if needed.	C++
3. Pedestrian Crossing Management	
•Dedicated Pedestrian Phases: Includes specific timings for pedestrian crossings at intersections.	
•Crosswalk Detection: Uses cameras to detect pedestrians waiting to cross.	
•Audible Alerts: Provides audio signals for visually impaired pedestrians.	
4. Violation Detection and Enforcement	
•Red Light Violation Detection: Identifies vehicles running red lights using cameras.	
•Speeding Detection: Monitors vehicle speed and flags speeding violations.	
•Automatic Fine Issuance: Issues fines to violating vehicles and maintains a	
violation database.	
•License Plate Recognition: Uses AI to identify vehicles involved in violations.	

#### 5. Emergency Vehicle Priority

- •Emergency Vehicle Detection: Detects ambulances, fire trucks, and police vehicles using transmitters or cameras.
- •**Priority Routing**: Adjusts traffic signals to create a green wave for emergency vehicles.
- •Real-Time Alerts: Notifies traffic operators about the presence of emergency vehicles.

#### 6. Analytics and Reporting

- •Traffic Pattern Analysis: Provides insights into peak traffic hours, congestion hotspots, and traffic trends.
- •Incident Reports: Logs accidents, road closures, and other incidents for analysis.
- •Custom Reports: Generates reports for city planners and traffic authorities.

#### 7. User Interfaces

- •Operator Dashboard: A centralized interface for traffic operators to monitor and control the system.
  - •Real-time traffic data visualization.
  - •Manual signal override options.
  - Incident and violation alerts.

#### •Mobile App for Drivers:

- •Real-time traffic updates.
- •Route suggestions and navigation.
- •Notifications about traffic violations and fines.

#### •Public Web Portal:

- •Displays live traffic conditions.
- Provides information about road closures and construction.

#### 8. Integration with Smart City Systems

- •Public Transportation: Coordinates traffic signals with buses and trams for smoother transit.
- •Parking Management: Provides real-time parking availability information.
- •Weather Integration: Adjusts traffic signals based on weather conditions (e.g., heavy rain, snow).

### 9. Machine Learning and Al

- •Congestion Prediction: Uses historical and real-time data to predict traffic jams.
- •Anomaly Detection: Identifies unusual traffic patterns (e.g., accidents, roadblocks).

•Optimization Algorithms: Continuously improves traffic signal timings for maximum efficiency.

#### 10. IoT and Hardware Integration

- •Traffic Sensors: Detects vehicle presence, speed, and density.
- •Smart Cameras: Captures real-time video feeds for violation detection and traffic monitoring.
- •Microcontrollers: Controls traffic signals and interfaces with sensors (e.g., Arduino, Raspberry Pi).

#### 11. Cloud and Scalability

- •Cloud Storage: Stores traffic data, violation records, and analytics reports.
- •Scalable Infrastructure: Uses cloud platforms (e.g., AWS, GCP) to handle increasing data and traffic demands.
- •Data Backup and Recovery: Ensures data is securely backed up and can be recovered in case of failures.

#### 12. Security Features

- •Data Encryption: Protects sensitive data (e.g., violation records) using SSL/TLS.
- •User Authentication: Ensures only authorized personnel can access the system using OAuth 2.0.
- •Cybersecurity Measures: Protects the system from hacking and unauthorized access.

### 13. Simulation and Testing

- •Traffic Simulation: Uses tools like SUMO (Simulation of Urban Mobility) to test the system under various scenarios.
- •Real-World Testing: Deploys the system in pilot areas to evaluate performance and make improvements.

### 14. Public Engagement

- •Feedback Mechanism: Allows citizens to report traffic issues or suggest improvements.
- •Transparency: Provides public access to traffic data and reports.
- •Awareness Campaigns: Educates drivers and pedestrians about traffic rules and system benefits.

Name:Tapo Datta

ID:41230301560



Attendance(10)	Assessment(20)					Mid(30%)		F	inal(40%	6)
	1	2	Total		Project	Presentation	Total	Project	Report	Total

Name: Md Safayet

ID:41230301527



Attendance(10)	Asse	essment	(20)		Mid(30%)		F	inal(40%	<b>6)</b>
	1	2	Total	Project	Presentation	Total	Project	Report	Total

Name:Showrub

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Attendance(10)	Asse	ssment	(20)		Mid(30%)		F	Final(40%)			
	1	2	Total	Project	Presentation	Total	Project	Report	Total		

Name: Ashraful Islam

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Attendance(10)	Assessment(20)				Mid(30%)		F	inal(40%	<b>6)</b>
	1	2	Total	Proje		Total	Project	Report	Total

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Attendance(10)	Assessment(20)				Mid(30%)		Final(40%)			
	1	2	Total	Project	Presentation	Total	Project	Report	Total	