

# CSCI 2134 Assignment 4

Due date: 11:59pm, Thursday, April 10, 2024, submitted via Git

## Objectives

Extend an existing code-base and perform some basic class-level refactoring in the process.

## Preparation:

Clone the Assignment 4 repository

<https://git.cs.dal.ca/courses/2024-winter/csci-2134/assignment4/?????.git>

where ???? is your CSID.

## Problem Statement

Take an existing code-base, add required features, test it, and refactor it as necessary.

## Background

The social network friend recommender is moving on to version 2. Your boss wants you to add some new features to the program that have been requested by the customer. She has hired you to extend the code. She also mentioned that the original designer of the code did not do a great job and wondered if there was any way to improve the code. She will provide you with (i) the code-base, (ii) the existing requirements, and (iii) the specification of the additions to be made.

Your job is to (i) create a design for the additions, (ii) implement the additions, (iii) create unit tests for the additions, and (iv) identify opportunities for class-implementation and class-interface refactoring, and (v) do some refactoring where appropriate. May the source be with you!

## Task

1. Review the old specification (**specification.pdf**) in the **docs** directory. You will absolutely need to understand it and the code you are extending.
2. Review the extension specification at the end of this document, which describes all the extensions to be done.
3. Design and implement the extensions using the best-practices we discussed in class.
4. Provide a readable, professional looking UML diagram of the updated design. This should be a PDF file called **design.pdf** in the **docs** directory.
5. For each new class that you implement, you **must** provide unit tests in the form of Junit5 tests. You should design your classes and modify existing classes to facilitate the testing.
6. In a file in the **docs** directory called **refactoring.txt** list all the class-implementation and class-interface refactoring that you will do and refactoring that you would recommend.
7. Perform any class-implementation and class-interface refactoring that you promised to do.
8. **Bonus:** Research the *Factory* pattern that is used to instantiate classes derived from the same superclass or interface. E.g., when you create different types of relationships they could implement a Relationship interface or be subclasses of an abstract Relationship class and be

constructed by a new Relationship class. Implement the Factory pattern to improve the creation of Relationships or Users. Be sure to update the UML diagram and provide unit tests.

9. **Commit and push back** everything to the remote repository.

## Grading

The following grading scheme will be used:

Task	4/4	3/4	2/4	1/4	0/4
<b>Design (10%)</b>	Design is cohesive, meets all requirements, and follows SOLID principles	Design meets all requirements and mostly follows SOLID principles	Design meets most of the requirements.	Design meets few of the requirements.	No design submitted.
<b>Implementation (25%)</b>	All requirements are implemented	Most of the requirements are implemented	Some of the requirements are implemented	Few of the requirements are implemented	No implementation
<b>Testing (25%)</b>	Each new class has a set of unit tests associated with it. All requirements are tested. If implementation is incomplete, the test is still present.	Most of the new classes have an associated set of unit tests. Most requirements are tested.	Some of the new classes have an associated set of unit tests. Some requirements are tested.	Few of the new classes have an associated set of unit tests. Few requirements are tested.	No testing
<b>Refactoring Description (10%)</b>	At least 4 class level refactoring suggestions that follow SOLID principles and make sense.	At least 3 class level refactoring suggestions that follow SOLID principles and make sense.	At least 2 class level refactoring suggestions that follow SOLID principles and make sense.	At least 1 class level refactoring suggestions that follow SOLID principles and make sense.	No refactoring suggestions.
<b>Refactoring Implementation (10%)</b>	At least 2 class-level refactoring suggestions are implemented correctly.	2 class-level refactoring suggestions are implemented, with 1 being done correctly.	1 class-level refactoring suggestion is implemented correctly.	1 class-level refactoring suggestion is implemented.	No refactoring suggestions implemented.
<b>Code Clarity (10%)</b>	Code looks professional and follows style guidelines	Code looks good and mostly follows style guidelines	Code occasionally follows style guidelines	Code does not follow style guidelines	Code is illegible or not provided
<b>Document Clarity (10%)</b>	Documents look professional, include all information, and easy to read	Documents look ok. May be hard to read or missing some information.	Documents are sloppy, inconsistent, and has missing information	Documents are very sloppy with significant missing information	Documents are illegible or not provided.
<b>Bonus [10%]</b>	Factory pattern implemented and tested.	Factory pattern implemented	Factory pattern partially implemented	Factory pattern attempted.	No attempt

## Submission

All extensions and files should be committed and pushed back to the remote Git repository.

## Hints

1. You can get a large number of marks without writing any code.
2. Do the design first and look at refactoring as you design.
3. The extensions are intended to require minimal code.
4. Testing is as important as implementation
5. The example input in `input_tests` has been updated to match the required extensions

## Specification of Required Extensions

### Background

Our customer has requested that the social network friend recommender software accept new types of input and be more robust to user input errors. You will need to

- Extend the software to support new one-way “follows” relationships
- Handle improper input in a user-friendly way.

### Specification: Changes to Program Input

1. In addition to friending, there may be a one-directional “follows” keyword
  - For example, “Alice follows Bob” represents a one-way relationship and “Alice friends Bob” represents a two-way relationship.

### Specification: Functional Changes

1. Follows is a one-way relationship:
  - The first listed user follows the second. The second listed user does not have a relationship with the first.
  - For example, “Alice follows Bob” indicates that Alice follows Bob but Bob does not necessarily follow Alice. It is possible for two users to follow each other.
2. To simplify the task, assume users can only have one relationship
  - Follows has lower priority than a friend relationship.
  - If Alice is already friends with Bob then the input “Alice follows Bob” has no affect
  - If Alice follows Bob then the input “Alice friends Bob” replaces the follows relationship. Friends is a two-way relationship so it also replaces a Bob follows Alice relationship if one exists
3. To simplify the task, unfriending removes any relationship
  - “Alice unfriends Bob” will remove a friend relationship from Alice and Bob
  - “Alice unfriends Bob” will also remove an Alice follows Bob relationship
  - “Alice unfriends Bob” will not remove an Bob follows Alice relationship
4. Output of the recommendations must include the suggested new relationships
  - When a user makes a new friend, their friend networks should be suggested as new friends for each other, as with the current software. For example, if Alice is already friends with Bob and Bob becomes friends with Carol then a suggestion should be “Alice and Carol should be friends”
  - When a user makes a new friend, their followed users should be suggested as users to follow for the new friend. If Bob follows Alice and Bob becomes friends with Carol then a suggestion should be “Carol should follow Alice”. Similarly, any users that Carol follows and Bob does not follow should be suggested as new users for Bob to follow.

- When a user follows a user, their friends networks should be suggested to follow that user. For example, if Alice is already friends with Bob and then Bob follows Carol then a suggestion should be “Alice should follow Carol”
  - Followed users are not given recommendations based on their followers networks, only the networks of their friends.
5. The program should handle invalid input in a user-friendly way:
    - If the input is invalid the software should output “Invalid line: “ (without the quotes), followed by the invalid line of input.
    - E.g. “Invalid line: Alice friends Alice”
    - E.g. “Invalid line: Alice joins Bob ”
    - The software does **not** need to read any more input if a line is invalid
    - Only the first invalid line needs to be indicated
  6. Invalid input includes:
    - Too many tokens on one line
    - Too few tokens on one line
    - A relationship type other than friends or follows
    - The same user twice on one line

#### Specification: Nonfunctional Changes

1. The design should follow the SOLID principles
2. The customer has informed us that different kinds of relationships will be added in the near future, so the design should reflect this.

Hint: consider general properties of the friend and follow relationships and use those to design code that follows the SOLID principles

Hint: consider an error handling method that allows you to identify invalid input when it is read but respond to that input at the appropriate place in the program