

Leveraging AI in managerial decision-making: driving innovation and growth in business management

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Abstract

The study builds on the existing transformative role of Artificial Intelligence (AI) in managerial decision-making, with a focus on monetary management, accounting, and strategic business operations. By highlighting further AI integration insights in these critical fields, the study aims to enhance how AI can be further leveraged to optimize decision and strategic outcomes. Through a case studies method and examples, the study demonstrated how leveraging AI to optimize decision making processes can improve businesses' risk exposures, forecast market trends, and deployment of novel resources. As such, AI tools like predictive analytics and portfolio optimization models in managerial finance accurately help forecast optimal strategic finances and investments. In managerial accounting, it efficiently improves bookkeeping, audit, compliance tracking, and inventory management. While innovative, addressing the ethical and privacy implications regarding proprietary data, biases in financial analysis can further sustain the overall decision making and future direction.

Keywords: AI, managerial-decision, business management, business strategy

Introduction

Transformative Artificial Intelligence (AI) applications are reshaping all sectors. Particularly, it is changing overall business management, introducing advanced automation, predictive analytics, and efficient decision-making. AI in business management can support external financial strategies, including risk assessment, portfolio management, and investment decision-making (Kourkoumelis et al., 2024). Ultimately offers a deeper glimpse into fluctuations in the market, enabling companies to make the most of their investments while minimizing risks, lowering human errors and ensuring resource allocation. That has led the innovations in traditional financial decision to be a retrospective substitute analysis for proactively data driven strategy (Bahoo et al., 2024). Nevertheless, businesses nowadays have access to AI driven tools like machine learning algorithms and robotic process automation (RPA) that will lead to improved assessment. For example, AI will simplify financial accounting, automate activities such as transactions, auditing processes, compliance checks monitoring, saving overall operational costs and minimizing human errors.

The study along the strategic advantages of AI in all sectors, highlights through case studies as the method and highlight examples in business management, answering the research question related to how much AI has been worth, and how it is imperative to continue leveraging AI. The goal was to show how it is in the benefits of any sector, particularly business management, to embrace AI for strategic advantage and overall operations optimization. The rest of the paper will include a strategic literature review, methodology including case studies examples to support the study statement. The paper will also include a discussion, Implications that include AI aspects that could challenge its broader application, and finally a conclusion.

Literature Review

On one hand, AI has brought meaningful change in managerial finance, particularly in portfolio management. It optimizes investment strategies and risk assessment. Models such as the Capital Asset Pricing Model (CAPM), for example, are traditionally able to understand the relationship between expected returns and market risk (Csaszar et al., 2024). That AI comes as a new development, with more sophisticated methods. For example, machine learning techniques are applied in the case of Hierarchical Risk Parity (HRP) approach to develop diversified portfolios overcoming the existing restrictions in traditional mean-variance optimization methods. AI powered analytics helps in real time processing of large-scale data to make better risk assessment during stocks selection processes. For investors, it aids in making informed decisions, improving portfolio performance and identifying patterns to forecast market trends (Cunningham, 2025). More recent advances, like Gabelli Financial Services Opportunities ETF, have beaten the rest of traditional benchmarks, such as S&P 500, through applying the power of AI to extract the most attractive investment options in the financial services sector.

On the other hand, AI's ability to assist with loan and investment risk assessment is being leveraged in the financial risk arena, enhancing optimal accuracy; and that is possible with the emphasis on AI driven models to analyze creditworthiness, detect fraudulent activities, and predict the default sizes of financial institutions. JPMorgan Chase, for example, incorporated AI into its financial risk assessment processes, achieve security, and scalability (Dignan, 2023). The proactive approach gives institutions like JPMorgan the ability to adopt efficient risk management strategies to secure their financial stability (Davies, 2025). Another example is the Bank of England, recognizing the rising significance of AI in financial risk calculation and started its integration of in its annual stress tests to comprehend and mitigate dangers due to AI dissemination in financial sector.

As a case study example, JPMorgan Chase uses AI to improve the performance of its operations across the board, including results with clients and legal documentation (Dignan, 2023). Asset management firms are using AI to optimize investment strategies, and automating routine tasks. As a success case study and accomplishments, Clearwater Analytics, for example, has created an AI powered software platform that helps investment firms, insurance companies, and hedge funds reduce operational waste and improve client service to a larger extent (Davies, 2025). These examples highlight the vast potential of applying these examples to AI in financial risk assessment and its ability to enhance institutions' complexities by handling the complexities of the financial landscape with greater precision and certainty.

Financial accounting processes can be easily done with AI as it can automate key processes to improve bookkeeping accuracy and enhance compliance. Manual data entry and reconciliation used in traditional bookkeeping is highly error prone due to the dependence on humans. With accounting software that is powered by AI, it can automate data entry, categorize transactions, and reconcile accounts in real time (Gümüşay et al., 2022). AI accounting solutions including Xero and QuickBooks are capable of detecting anomalies to ensure overall financial accuracy. AI can be leveraged in pertinent parts of accounting, such as auditing. Due to the big data processed during the audit, AI-driven audit tools can be easily deployed to quickly examine financial data, find inconsistencies, and flag them for potential non-compliance or fraud issues. That is because the traditional audit process involves many manual operations—sampling and cross verifying the financial documents, which is time consuming and labor costs. With AI tools such as MindBridge AI Auditor and Deloitte's Argus, we can quickly scan entire large-scale datasets and flag any potentially fraudulent activities or misalignment with compliance and regulatory standards. As such, these tools help auditors shift focus by conducting their analysis at a higher-level speed and efficiency, rather than spending time and labor costs.

AI can also be leveraged to detect fraud by analyzing historical transaction patterns and finding anomalies (Gümüşay et al., 2022; Berdiyeva et al., 2021). For example, JPMorgan Chase monitors financial transactions to reduce the amount of fraud associated and losses. Compliance tools driven by AI to track policies and monitor regulatory changes are using Natural language Processing (NLP), which is a capability driven by AI to understand the real intent or context behind textual content. That is used by IBM Watson and Compliance.ai to understand regulatory updates and verify that businesses follow industry standards (Hamilton, 2025).

Inventory and supply chain management have been improved by AI through greater real time tracking, demand forecasting, and operational optimization. Historical data plus manual tracking are the common methods in traditional inventory management, though they may be inefficient (Hood et al., 2024). AI-based supply chain solutions leverage predictive analytics, route optimization, and automated automation to automate supply chain processes (Tong, 2024). Real time inventory tracking is done through Oracle NetSuite and Acumatica AI powered tools that help businesses be aware of whether they have actual stock with them or not. AI algorithms are used by these tools to establish how the item being searched is moving around in inventory. They also help predict when a restock is needed, providing insights on how to optimize warehouse operations. A case study example is Amazon, employing AI-based inventories management systems to prevent stock shortages and promptly replenish the products.

Using machine learning algorithms, historical sales data, market trends and other external factors like weather patterns and economic conditions can be perfect ways to accurately predict future demand. The predictive capability allows businesses to balance inventory levels to minimize inventory stock levels, reduce carrying costs, and avoid stock outs. Companies with AI-based forecasting tools like Blue Yonder or SAP Integrated Business Planning can quickly coordinate their supply chain operation with consumer demand and make it more operationally efficient and profitable. In addition to Amazon case, AI is helping Walmart to better manage its supply chain planning in a way that reduces waste and shortens time to market with goods. Supply chain AI platforms like Clear Metal and Llama soft use AI to find supply chain data in real time, create AI signals, and suggest proactive solutions. Automation alone in this use case helps reduce the overall costs, minimize delays, and increase supply chain resilience.

Adding inventory management, AI driven systems give business insights on how their stock moves, which is a golden and strategic advantage to avoid overstocking or low stock of stock vital items (Ungarino, 2025). Therefore, AI-based solutions applied here help optimize demand-offer fluctuations and adjust inventory accordingly. Companies like Tesla and Nike employ AI for inventory solutions to keep the stock levels optimum, reduce excess inventory, and improve production efficiency. This helps businesses function in the best and optimal way possible, and not waste any resources, which improves overall customer satisfaction through timely product availability.

Financial planning and strategic decisions are being transformed by AI-based business decision support systems (DSS). Bringing AI into the DSS toolset involves financial systems integration with financial systems, visualization of complex financial data, tracking of key performance indicators (KPIs) and forecasting of financial trends with AI-powered DSS tool such as Tableau and Power BI. The financial executives can use these dashboards to make quick and informed decisions to optimize resource allocation as well as financial strategic insights.

The AI leverage in this case goes through historical financial data and identifies spending patterns, and from the insights learned, it efficiently predicts future financial needs. These capabilities enable businesses to have an accurate budget, effectively allocate resources, and optimize cost structure. Financial planning tools such as Adaptive Insights and Anaplan that are driven by AI, run machine learning models that suggest

budget adjustments as the base budget changes from a given current financial performance (Yi et al., 2023).

Artificial intelligence (AI) is reshaping talent and leadership development by streamlining mentorship, hiring, and workforce management. AI-driven mentorship programs are providing tailored programs that match employees to mentors based on their personal career goals, skills, and performance data (Yi et al., 2023). As a case example, platforms such as BetterUp provide technologically powered coaching programs that use AI to refine leaders' decision-making and problem-solving capabilities. Adaptive training modules in which learning modules adapt to your progress with the help of AI, platforms like LinkedIn Learning, make it possible to have continuous professional development.

In hiring, applicant tracking systems (ATS), powered by AI analyses resumes, assess the applicant's suitability for a particular job role, matching the candidate to a given role. With IBM's Watson Talent, for example, AI is used to find leaders inside organizations and recommend employees for promotion based on patterns of performance. AI also helps with succession planning, predicting gaps in leadership, such as a high potential candidate in executive roles to maintain business continuity.

Thus, quality of service is improved by AI-based performance evaluation metrics that measure employee productivity, contribution, and work appreciation. AI-driven analytics are built now embedded in tool such as Workday and ADP Workforce to analyze employee performance and suggest areas of improvement, while also customizing adequate training plans (Yi et al., 2023). In addition, AI can also analyze employee email language, meetings, and feedback from surveys to help managers get to know who the disengaged employees are and increase workplace morale through other channels such as counseling services.

Methodology: Case Studies

The study applied a qualitative approach supported by thoughtful case studies that demonstrate the impact of Artificial Intelligence on managerial decision making, business transformation, and optimization. That was critical for the study to have theoretical insight, which is best for identifying patterns and conceptual frameworks. The method flexibility allowed a deep examination of the application of AI in operation in diverse organizations. Four companies—Google, Amazon, Tesla and Walmart were intentionally selected based on their efforts on: (1) AI initiatives that have been linked to measurable improvements in performance and efficiency; (2) demonstrating a significant AI integration across multiple business functions, (3) substantial body of publicly available data that document their overall AI strategies, which included reports, industry analysis, and academic research. We recognize that these organizations are not representing all firms; but their tangible efforts on AI-driven decisions served as powerful and sustainable examples.

Data collection primarily consists of documents from sources including corporate, white papers, investor reports, press releases, media coverage, and peer-reviewed literature. The data analysis step used thematic analysis that followed six processes that consisted of familiarizing ourselves with the data, generating initial codes, searching for and refining themes, defining and naming themes in a way that reflects both commonalities and nuances across cases as outlined by Braun and Clarke (2006) study. Hence, the information extracted has allowed us to have a better understanding of how these companies have used AI aiming to boost their performance and business processes.

Google's AI-Enhanced Strategic Planning

From the inception of AI strategy planning, Google has been on the forefront of AI applications in business strategic planning through machine learning and deep learning technologies to enhance business decision making and business operations planning (Chan & Abrego, 2025). Google's AI is developed using advanced algorithms that process vast amounts of user data to help advertise in the best feasible way, develop the best search page result on how to do this, and increase customer interaction. For example, DeepMind division of Google created AI models that can reduce energy consumption in data centers by up to 40%. The combination of Google's AI-driven efficiency has not only improved the company's sustainability but has also contributed to lowering operational costs. Furthermore, Google has integrated AI in its cloud-based analytics tools that let businesses make data-dependent decisions in marketing, finance, or product development.

Amazon's AI-Powered Inventory and Workforce Management

Throughout inventory and operations of the workforce, Amazon relies on AI. To predict demand, optimize warehouse storage and automate supply chain organization, the company uses machine learning algorithms (Chan & Abrego, 2025). The system also employs Amazon's AI-based demand prediction that optimizes stocking for products to avoid delays and minimize overstocking. On top of that, artificial intelligence driven robots, like those operating within Amazon fulfillment centers, help optimize the sorting, packaging, and managing of inventory to increase efficiency and decrease requirements on humans. At Amazon, AI is also a main player in workforce management. AI-driven employee tracking systems are used by the company to assign, monitor, and improve workflow efficiency. This way these systems ensure the staffing levels are best depending on the order volume processed and improve speed of order fulfillment, helping Amazon retain its reputation for fast and reliable deliveries.

Tesla's AI-Driven Automation in Business Strategy

Tesla makes extensive use of AI in the marketing of its business strategy through automation and self-driving technology (Csaszar et al., 2024). Autopilot and Full Self-Driving (FSD) systems at the company's deep neural networks analyze real-time traffic data to enable the company's AI-powered autonomous driving capabilities. The safety and performance of these models are continuously improved through machine learning, as updates are released by Tesla continuously. Tesla uses AI to improve manufacturing processes as much as it does for vehicles. Robotic operations are done with the aid of AI driven robotics which help in cutting down production costs and errors. By judicious use of AI, Gigafactories of the company optimize the production of batteries, making the process more efficient and sustainable. Thus, Tesla managed a competitive position in the electric vehicle industry through AI-driven automation.

Walmart's Customer Behavior Prediction and Inventory Optimization

AI is used by Walmart to improve customer experience and inventory management. The company uses AI-based analytics to anticipate the consumer's purchasing behavior, and these popular products are kept well stocked. Walmart can forecast seasonal trends with the help of the AI and modify its inventory accordingly. AI is also integrated in Walmart's store operations through cashier less checkout systems and auto stocking solutions. Through analysis of real-time sales, AI enables Walmart to cut down inventory shortages and waste by making the entire process more efficient and serving customers better. Walmart intricately innovates how AI will shape retail strategies to prop them up in the industry.

Discussion & Implications

Business management has drastically changed with the use of AI to make decisions. AI systems can process massive amounts of data that provide insights into strategy but may not have human intuition or context. Tempting as it is to blindly follow AI generated recommendations, especially when faced by unpredictable market dynamics, it can still fetch you flawed decisions (Kourkoumelis et al., 2024). For instance, when the market saw volatility during the 2010 Flash Crash, high frequency trading algorithms contributed to extreme market trading that caused rapid stock market drop in minutes. To prevent crises like this, businesses need to walk the line between AI automation and human expertise. In addition, the predictive models of AI are only as good as the data that they are trained on. If external factors such as economic downturns, political shifts, and unforeseen crises are not covered in the data, then AI-driven decisions may direct organizations to incorrect strategies. But to be balanced, all that means is that you need to integrate AI with human judgment.

Business management is realizing the growing problem of AI bias. With the help of AI models, these historical data are learned and may also contain their own biases. Since biased AI algorithms can result in unfair lending practices, discriminatory hiring, or skewed investment recommendations, in financial and managerial analysis, this is something to be watched out for (Bahoo et al., 2024). For instance, a 2019 study showed that an AI used by a major financial institution to approve or deny loans relies disproportionately on minority applicants, even if they have similar finances to approved candidates.

To mitigate them, companies need fairness audits and frameworks to detect bias. The governance framework and the use of AI Principles, such as in Google's AI Principles, provide guidelines for AI applications in the sense that transparency, accountability, and fairness are stressed. In addition, training data should be diversified. Organizations should regularly check for bias in their models and always use rigorous testing before deploying AI models.

AI applications will be rapid in the future of AI in managerial decision making, especially in finance and business management. Next generation AI tools will be used in the financial sector to make more accurate predictions, better risk management, and more efficient capital allocation (Cunningham, 2025). For example, the application of AI in the analysis of enormous databases and extraction of patterns helps it to make faster and more accurate decisions than traditional approaches. More will be done in asset management, identifying market trends and predicting future price movements within extremely high accuracy with AI-driven platforms (Davies, 2025). At the same time, AI and blockchain technology can be integrated to improve transaction transparency and security in the financial services industry.

Though AI already has applications in business management operations, these will further drift towards strategic decision making. Managers are going to get assistance from AI-powered tools to find out new market opportunities, guess customer behavior, and better price strategy (Gümüşay et al., 2022). The customer data for this will be fed into machine learning algorithms that will analyze and process them, then provide companies with more personalized marketing solutions and a customer relationship management system (CRM). Companies will be able to simulate different business scenarios and determine their potential risk and reward before making critical decisions. In the coming months, companies that seek a competitive edge will fully realize the benefits of AI based platforms, such as Salesforce's Einstein or IBM's Watson for Business to help gain deep insights into running operations and finance to drive data driven decisions.

AI is not about replacing human decision-makers but rather collaborating with them to provide data-driven insights, patterns, and predictions. AI tools will support managers in combining analytical precision with

human creativity, intuition, and decision-making skills. In monetary management, AI will help CFOs predict revenues, estimate cash flow, and assess the risk of investments and acquisitions (Hamilton, 2025). However, final decisions and long-term decisions will still be made by human experience.

AI tools will also help financial executives and business leaders streamline operations and enhance choices. They will receive high-end forecasting tools to allow more accurate budgeting, scenario analysis, and financial analysis. AI will also help businesses manage financial risk by anticipating economic shifts, monitoring market changes, and assessing financial conditions. AI will also improve business operations across the spectrum, such as supply chain management, customer care, and product development. It will drive innovation by analyzing current trends, predicting future needs, and openings in growth areas. As companies accumulate and scrutinize vast amounts of information, AI will enable business leaders to make legitimate choices that align with client's desires and business objectives.

Conclusion

The study highlights how leveraging is proven to revolutionize decision-making, managerial accounting, and enhance overall efficiency, resource allocation, and financial performance of operations. With AI leveraged, the key functions including bookkeeping, auditing, compliance accuracy are improved, reducing overhead operational costs. Furthermore, its integration helps redefine strategic thinking and operational efficiency. While innovative, AI reliance on data, addressing the ethical and privacy implications regarding proprietary data, biases in the financial analysis can further sustain the overall decision making and future direction. Executives and stakeholders must ensure that AI does not replace critical judgment and complements critical judgment and leadership skills in strategic decision-making. Future transformative AI-driven business management also invests not only in solutions that align with long-term business goals but prioritize data security and ethical considerations.

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