B.M.S. COLLEGEOF ENGINEERING, BANGALORE-19 (Autonomous Institute, Affiliated to VTU) Department Name: Computer Science & Engineering FIRST INTERNALS CourseCode: 20CS5PCUSP CourseTitle: Unix Shell & System Programming Semester: 5th A, B, C MaximumMarks: 40 Date:01/12/2020 Faculty Handling the Course: Prof. Vikranth B. M and Prof. Saritha A. N Instructions: Internal choice is provided in Part C.

PART-A

[CO-1, PO-1, BL -2]

Total 5 Marks (No choice)

| Q. | Question | Marks |
|---------|--|-------|
| No 1 | List and explain any 5 wildcards available in Shell | 5 |
| | Scheme + Solution: Any 5 - 5M An asterisk (*) – matches one or more occurrences of any character, including no character. A plus (+) 0- matches one or more occurrences of any character A dot (.) - matches a single character Question mark (?) – represents or matches a single occurrence of any character. Bracketed characters ([]) – matches any occurrence of character enclosed in the square brackets. It is possible to use different types of characters (alphanumeric characters): numbers, letters, other special characters etc. | |

PART-B [CO-2, PO-2, BL -4]

Total 15 Marks (No Choice)

| Q. No | Question | | | Marks | |
|-------|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------|---|
| 2a) | Analyze the differences between hard link and symbolic link with an | | | | 5 |
| | example | for each' | | | |
| | Scheme | + Solution - 1m *5= 5M | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | Hard link | Soft link | | |
| | | Files that are hard linked | Files that are soft linked | | |
| | | take the same inode | take a different inode | | |
| | | number. | number. | | |
| | | Hard links are not | | | |
| | | allowed for directories. | | | |
| | | (Only a superuser* can do | Soft links can be used for | | |
| | | it) | linking directories. | | |
| | | It cannot be used | It can be used | | |

| | | across file systems. | across file systems. | | | |
|-------------|--|---|-------------------------------|------------|---|--|
| | | | Soft links only point to | | | |
| | | Data present in the | the | | | |
| | | original | file name, it does not | | | |
| | | file will still be available | retain | | | |
| | | in the hard links. | data of the file. | | | |
| | | If the original file is | data of the file. | | | |
| | | removed, the link | | | | |
| | | will still work as it | If the original file is | | | |
| | | accesses the data the | removed, the link | | | |
| | | original was having access | will not work as it | | | |
| | | | doesn't access the | | | |
| | | to. | | | | |
| | | II | original file's data. | | | |
| | | Hard links are | Soft links are | | | |
| | | comparatively faster. | comparatively slower. | | | |
| 2b) | Identify | the errors in the given script a | nd rewrite the correct script | | 5 | |
| | 1.0 | | | | | |
| | read f | s | | | | |
| | t=expr \$ | | | | | |
| | read basic | | | | | |
| | da="expr basic * 10 / 100" | | | | | |
| | read ch | | | | | |
| | case \$ch | | | | | |
| | a A) vow | vel=`ex pr \$v owel + 1` | | | | |
| | Scheme: Identify errors - 2M Writing correct program -3M i. t=expr \$f - 32, backtick is missing ii. da="expr basic * 10 / 100", supposed to be backquotes iii. \$ch, should be enclosed in single quote iv. the command is expr in last line Rewrite the correct program using the above. | | | | | |
| 2c) | | the command with options, the | | sk Also | 5 | |
| 20) | - | syntax of the corresponding of | 1 | .SK. 11150 | 5 | |
| | | 1 * 5 = 5M | | | | |
| | | The command is used for pr | eparing a file for printing | But the | | |
| | | eaders and footers should not | | | | |
| | Pr -t abc.txt | | | | | |
| | ii. T | The command used for search | | in a file | | |
| | | UNIX" | 8 F | ** | | |
| | | | shell'' UNIX | | | |
| | iii. C | Command used to convert | | rcase to | | |
| | | ppercase in a file PQR | and anymores from 10 we | 200.50 | | |
| | | | '[a-z]' '[A-Z]' | | | |
| | iv. C | iv. Command to display unique content from a file ABC | | | | |
| | Uniq ABC | | | | | |
| | v. Command to sort the content of a file XYZ in reverse order | | | | | |
| | ,, (| | t-r XYZ | | | |
| | | 501 | | | | |

PART- C

[CO-3, PO-3, BL - 6]

Total 20 marks (Answer any one question in Q.no 3 and 4)

| Question | Marks | |
|--|---|--|
| Write a shell script to read a number and to reverse a read number. Also check the number is a palindrome or not | | |
| Scheme: logic to reverse number -5M Remaining instructions -5M num=545 | | |
| # Storing the remainder s=0 | | |
| # Store number in reverse # order rev=" " | | |
| # Store original number # in another variable temp=\$num | | |
| while [\$num -gt 0] do | | |
| # Get Remainder s=\$((\$num % 10)) | | |
| # Get next digit num=\$((\$num / 10)) | | |
| # Store previous number and # current digit in reverse rev=\$(echo \${rev}\${s}) | | |
| if [\$temp -eq \$rev]; | | |
| echo "Number is palindrome" else | | |
| fi | | |
| OR | | |
| Write a shell script to find sum of digits of a given number | | |
| Scheme: read a static no + calculating sum of digits = remaining instructions | | |
| = 1 +5 =4 | | |
| # Static input of the | | |
| | | |
| | Write a shell script to read a number and to reverse a read number. Also check the number is a palindrome or not Scheme: logic to reverse number -5M Remaining instructions -5M num=545 # Storing the remainder s=0 # Store number in reverse # order rev=" " # Store original number # in another variable temp=\$num while [\$num -gt 0] do # Get Remainder s=\$((\$num % 10)) # Get next digit num=\$((\$num / 10)) # Store previous number and # current digit in reverse rev=\$(echo \${rev}\${s}) done if [\$temp -eq \$rev]; then | |

```
g=$Num
     # store the sum of
     # digits
     s=0
     # use while loop to
     # calculate the sum
     # of all digits
     while [ $Num -gt 0 ]
     do
            # get Remainder
            k=$(( $Num % 10 ))
            # get next digit
            Num=$(( $Num / 10 ))
            # calculate sum of
            # digit
            s=\$((\$s + \$k))
     done
    echo "sum of digits of $g is: $s"
                                                                                           10
4a
    Write a shell script to print the following patterns using for loop
```

```
Scheme: 5 + 5
(a) *
  * * *
  * * * * *
rows=4
for((i=1; i<=rows; i++))
do
 for((j=1; j<=i; j++))
  echo -n "* "
 done
 echo
done
(b) 1
    2 3
7 8 9 10
rows=4
num=1
for((i=1; i<=row;i++)
```

```
do
      for((j=1; j < row-i; j++))
      do
      echo -n " "
      for((j=1;j<=2*i-1;j++)
        echo -n "*"
      done
      echo
      done
     done
                                             OR
4b
       Write a Shell Script to replace the word engineering with gnireenigne for each
                                                                                             10
      occurrence the word engineering that appears in the file Systems.txt. Replace all
      occurrences of the word engineering using for loop.
                                          Systems.txt
                             There are many engineering colleges in
                             Bangalore.
                                          B.M.S
                                                    College
                             engineering is one of the
                                                             Top
                            engineering college in the private
                             sector in Bangalore.
     Scheme: 6 + 4
     #!/bin/sh
     Echo "Enter a Filename"
     read file
                   //file read is Systems.txt
     k="engineering"
     r= "gnireenigne"
     for file1 in `cat $file`
     do
        If [$file1 == $k]
        Then
        Echo $r
        Fi
     Done
     Cat $file1
```