

PF LAB 05 TASKS

SECTION 1: Nested if-else Statements

Example 1:

SOURCE CODE

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int score;
    printf("Enter your score: ");
    scanf("%d", &score);
    if (score >= 90) {
        if (score >= 95) {
            printf("Grade: A+\n");
        }
        else {
            printf("Grade: A\n");
        }
    }
    else if (score >= 80) {
        if (score >= 85)
        {
            printf("Grade: B+\n");
        }
        else {
            printf("Grade: B\n");
        }
    }
    else {
        printf("Grade: C or lower\n");
    }
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
Enter your score: 90
Grade: A
```

Example 2:

SOURCE CODE

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int temperature;
    printf("Enter the temperature in Celsius: ");
    scanf("%d", &temperature);
    if (temperature >= 30)
    {
        if(temperature >= 40)
        {
            printf("It's very hot outside!\n");
        }
        else {
            printf("It's hot outside.\n"); }
    }
    else if (temperature >= 20) {
        printf("It's warm outside.\n");
    }
    else if (temperature >= 10) {
        printf("It's cool outside.\n");
    }
    else {
        printf("It's cold outside.\n");
    }
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
Enter the temperature in Celsius: 20
It's warm outside.
```

Problem 1: Write a program that categorizes a person's age into different life stages: Child, Teenager, Adult, and Senior, using nested if-else statements.

SOURCE CODE

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int age;
    printf("Enter your age: ");
    scanf("%d", &age);
    if (age >= 0) {
        if (age <= 12) {
            printf("You are a Child.\n");
        } else if (age <= 19) {
            printf("You are a Teenager.\n");
        } else if (age <= 59) {
            printf("You are an Adult.\n");
        } else {
            printf("You are a Senior.\n");
        }
    }
    else {
        printf("Invalid age.\n");
    }
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
Enter your age: 19
You are a Teenager.
```

Problem 2: Create a program that determines if a number is positive, negative, or zero, and if it's positive, checks if it's an even or odd number.

SOURCE CODE

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int num;
    printf("Enter an integer: ");
    scanf("%d", &num);
    if (num > 0) {
        printf("The number is positive.\n");
        if (num % 2 == 0) {
            printf("The number is even.\n");
        } else {
            printf("The number is odd.\n");
        }
    } else if (num < 0) {
        printf("The number is negative.\n");
    } else {
        printf("The number is zero.\n");
    }
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
Enter an integer: 5
The number is positive.
The number is odd.
```

SECTION 2: Logical Operators

Example 1:

SOURCE CODE

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int age = 20;
    int hasLicense = 1;
    if (age >= 18 && hasLicense)
    {
        printf("You are eligible to drive.\n");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("You are not eligible to drive.\n");
    }
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
You are eligible to drive.
```

Example 2:

SOURCE CODE

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int score1, score2, score3;
    printf("Enter three test scores: ");
    scanf("%d %d %d", &score1, &score2, &score3);
    if (score1 > 50 && score2 > 50 && score3 > 50)
    {
        printf("You passed all the tests.\n");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("You did not pass all the tests.\n");
    }
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
Enter three test scores:
50
23
76
You did not pass all the tests.
```

Problem 1: Write a program that checks if a number is divisible by both 3 and 5 using logical operators.

SOURCE CODE

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int num;
    printf("Enter a number: ");
    scanf("%d", &num);
    if ((num % 3 == 0) && (num % 5 == 0))
    {
        printf("%d is divisible by both 3 and 5.\n", num);
    }
    else
    {
        printf("%d is not divisible by both 3 and 5.\n", num);
    }
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
Enter a number: 15
15 is divisible by both 3 and 5.
```

Problem 2: Create a program that checks if a person is eligible to vote based on their age and citizenship status.

SOURCE CODE

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int age;
    char citizenship;
    printf("Enter your age: ");
    scanf("%d", &age);
    printf("Are you a citizen? (Y/N): ");
    scanf(" %c", &citizenship);
    if (age >= 18 && citizenship == 'Y') {
        printf("You are eligible to vote.\n");
    } else {
        printf("You are not eligible to vote.\n");
    }
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
Enter your age: 18
Are you a citizen? (Y/N): Y
You are eligible to vote.
```


SECTION 3: Conditional (Ternary) Operators

Example 1:

SOURCE CODE

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int number;
    printf("Enter a number: ");
    scanf("%d", &number);
    (number % 2 == 0) ? printf("Even\n") : printf("Odd\n");
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
Enter a number: 4
Even
```

Example 2:

SOURCE CODE

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int age;
    printf("Enter your age: ");
    scanf("%d", &age);
    age >= 18 ? printf("You are eligible to vote.\n") : printf("You are not eligible to vote.\n");
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
Enter your age: 19
You are eligible to vote.
```

Problem 1: Write a program using a ternary operator to find the maximum of two numbers.

SOURCE CODE

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int num1, num2, max;
    printf("Enter two numbers: ");
    scanf("%d %d", &num1, &num2);
    max = (num1 > num2) ? num1 : num2;
    printf("The maximum of %d and %d is: %d\n", num1, num2, max);
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
Enter two numbers: 3 5
The maximum of 3 and 5 is: 5
```

Problem 2: Use the ternary operator to check if a number is positive, negative, or zero.

SOURCE CODE

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int num;
    printf("Enter a number: ");
    scanf("%d", &num);
    const char* result = (num > 0) ? "Positive" : ((num < 0) ? "Negative" : "Zero");
    printf("The number is %s.\n", result);
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
Enter a number: -9
The number is Negative.
```

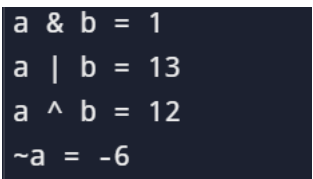
SECTION 4: Bitwise Operators

Example 1:

SOURCE CODE

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int a = 5;
    int b = 9;
    printf("a & b = %d\n", a & b);
    printf("a | b = %d\n", a | b);
    printf("a ^ b = %d\n", a ^ b);
    printf("~a = %d\n", ~a);
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT



```
a & b = 1
a | b = 13
a ^ b = 12
~a = -6
```

Example 2:

SOURCE CODE

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int a = 5;
    int result = a << 1;
    printf("Result after left shift: %d\n", result);
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
Result after left shift: 10
```

Problem 1: Write a program to swap two numbers using bitwise XOR.

SOURCE CODE

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int a, b;
    printf("Enter two numbers:\n");
    scanf("%d %d", &a, &b);
    a = a ^ b; // Step 1: a becomes a XOR b
    b = a ^ b; // Step 2: b becomes (a XOR b) XOR b = a
    a = a ^ b; // Step 3: a becomes (a XOR b) XOR a = b
    printf("After swapping: a = %d, b = %d\n", a, b);
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
Enter two numbers:
4
5
After swapping: a = 5, b = 4
```

Problem 2: Create a program that counts the number of 1s in the binary representation of a number.

SOURCE CODE

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int number, count = 0;
    printf("Enter a number: ");
    scanf("%d", &number);
    while (number > 0)
    {
        count += number & 1;
        number >>= 1;
    }
    printf("The number of 1s in the binary representation is: %d\n", count);
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
Enter a number: 7
The number of 1s in the binary representation is: 3
```


SECTION 5: Modulus Operator

Example 1:

SOURCE CODE

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int number;
    printf("Enter a number: ");
    scanf("%d", &number);
    if (number % 2 == 0)
    {
        printf("The number is even.\n");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("The number is odd.\n");
    }
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
Enter a number: 6
The number is even.
```

Example 2:

SOURCE CODE

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int num;
    printf("Enter a number: ");
    scanf("%d", &num);
    if (num % 5 == 0)
    {
        printf("The number is divisible by 5.\n");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("The number is not divisible by 5.\n");
    }
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
Enter a number: 10
The number is divisible by 5.
```

Problem 1: Write a program that checks if a year is a leap year using the modulus operator.

SOURCE CODE

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int year;
    printf("Enter a year: ");
    scanf("%d", &year);
    if ((year % 4 == 0 && year % 100 != 0) || (year % 400 == 0))
    {
        printf("%d is a leap year.\n", year);
    }
    else
    {
        printf("%d is not a leap year.\n", year);
    }
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
Enter a year: 2020
2020 is a leap year.
```

Problem 2: Create a program that calculates the sum of digits of a number until the result is a single digit (e.g., 123 -> 6).

SOURCE CODE

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int number, sum, digit;
    printf("Enter a number: ");
    scanf("%d", &number);
    while (number >= 10)
    {
        sum = 0;
        while (number != 0)
        {
            digit = number % 10;
            sum += digit;
            number /= 10;
        }
        number = sum;
    }
    printf("The single-digit sum is: %d\n", number);
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
Enter a number: 234
The single-digit sum is: 9
```

PROBLEMS

1. Write a program to find the greatest of three numbers using nested if-else statements.

SOURCE CODE

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int num1, num2, num3;
    printf("Enter three numbers: \n");
    scanf("%d %d %d", &num1, &num2, &num3);
    if (num1 >= num2) {
        if (num1 >= num3)
        {
            printf("The greatest number is: %d\n", num1);
        } else {
            printf("The greatest number is: %d\n", num3);
        }
    } else {
        if (num2 >= num3) {
            printf("The greatest number is: %d\n", num2);
        } else {
            printf("The greatest number is: %d\n", num3);
        }
    }
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
Enter three numbers:
2
5
6
The greatest number is: 6
```

2. Create a program that calculates the final grade of a student based on multiple criteria, including attendance, assignment scores, and exam results, using nested decision structures.

SOURCE CODE

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    float attendance, assignment, exam, finalGrade;
    printf("Enter attendance percentage (out of 100): ");
    scanf("%f", &attendance);
    printf("Enter assignment score (out of 100): ");
    scanf("%f", &assignment);
    printf("Enter exam score (out of 100): ");
    scanf("%f", &exam);
    if (attendance >= 75) {
        if (assignment >= 50) {
            if (exam >= 50) {
                finalGrade = (attendance * 0.2) + (assignment * 0.3) + (exam * 0.5);
                printf("Final Grade: %.2f\n", finalGrade);
                if (finalGrade >= 90) {
                    printf("Letter Grade: A\n");
                } else if (finalGrade >= 80) {
                    printf("Letter Grade: B\n");
                } else if (finalGrade >= 70) {
                    printf("Letter Grade: C\n");
                } else if (finalGrade >= 60) {
                    printf("Letter Grade: D\n");
                } else {
                    printf("Letter Grade: F\n");
                }
            } else {
                printf("Failed due to insufficient exam score (below 50).\n");
            }
        } else {
            printf("Failed due to insufficient assignment score (below 50).\n");
        }
    } else {
        printf("Failed due to low attendance (below 75%%).\n");
    }
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
Enter attendance percentage (out of 100): 75
Enter assignment score (out of 100): 67
Enter exam score (out of 100): 81
Final Grade: 75.60
Letter Grade: C
```

3. Write a program that uses bitwise operators to perform encryption and decryption of a character.

SOURCE CODE

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    char ch, encryptedChar, decryptedChar;
    int key = 6;
    printf("Enter a character to encrypt: ");
    scanf("%c", &ch);
    encryptedChar = ch ^ key;
    printf("Encrypted character: %c\n", encryptedChar);
    decryptedChar = encryptedChar ^ key;
    printf("Decrypted character: %c\n", decryptedChar);
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
Enter a character to encrypt: A
Encrypted character: G
Decrypted character: A
```

4. Develop a program that uses logical operators to determine if a person is eligible for a loan based on age, income, and credit score.

SOURCE CODE

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int age;
    double income;
    int creditScore;
    printf("Enter your age: ");
    scanf("%d", &age);
    printf("Enter your annual income (in dollars): ");
    scanf("%lf", &income);
    printf("Enter your credit score: ");
    scanf("%d", &creditScore);
    if ((age >= 18 && age <= 65) && income > 25000 && creditScore >= 650) {
        printf("You are eligible for the loan.\n");
    } else {
        printf("You are not eligible for the loan.\n");
    }
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
Enter your age: 18
Enter your annual income (in dollars): 300000
Enter your credit score: 700
You are eligible for the loan.
```