Exercise 1: Analysis of data

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Task 1:

Data, which has to be saved:

- state
 - id
 - > name
 - populations
 - number of seats
 - > year of election
- Wahlkreis
 - **➢** id
 - > name
 - > state
 - populations
 - winner
 - > year of election
- party
 - **≻** id
 - > state
 - > number of Erststimmen
 - number of Zweitstimmen
 - won Wahlkreise
 - > number of seats
 - ➤ 5%-Hürde
 - > year of election
- Landesliste
 - id
 - party
 - > state
 - candidates
 - > year of election
- candidate
 - id
 - > name
 - Wahlkreis
 - > Rank on Landesliste
 - party
 - > number of Erststimmen
 - > year of election

- citizen / vote
 - ➤ id
 - Wahlkreis
 - > Erststimme
 - > Zweitstimme
 - > year of election

Task 2:

Advantages of a DBMS:

- fast and efficient access to all data of all elections
- real-time capability, which is very important for predictions etc.
- capability of managing large data sets, e.g. the votes of all electors
- reduction of manual tasks
- less redundancy
- concurrent transactions

Task 3:

The UML diagram can be found in an external file in the folder 'Abgabe'.