



IARE

INSTITUTE OF
AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(An Autonomous Institute affiliated to JNTUH, Hyderabad)

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LABORATORY WORK BOOK

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Class : IT-B Semester : 03

Course Code : ACSD11 Course Name : DS Laboratory

Name of the Course Faculty : Ms. K. Laxminarayanaamma Faculty ID : IARE 10033

Exercise Number : 05 Week Number : 05 Date : 01/10/2024

Roll Number									
2	3	9	5	1	A	1	2	G	3

S. No.	Exercise Number	EXERCISE NAME	MARKS AWARDED						
			Aim/ Preparation	Algorithm / Procedure		Source Code	Program Execution	Viva - Voce	Total
				Performance in the Lab		Calculations and Graphs	Results and Error Analysis		
			4	4	4	4	4	20	
1	5.1	Implementation of Stack							
2	5.2	Balanced parenthesis checking							
3	5.3	Evaluation of PF Expression							
4	5.4	Infix To post fix							
5	5.5	Reverse A Stack							
6			4	4	4	4	4	20	
7									
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11									
12									

Santhosh
Signature of the Student

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Signature of the Faculty

5. Stack.5.1 Implementation Of Stack :-

AIM :- Write a Program On Implementation of Stack.

PROGRAM :-

```
import java.util. Scanner;
```

```
import java.util. Stack;
```

```
class Stack {
```

```
    public static void main (String args[]) {
```

```
        Stack < Integer > Stack = new Stack < > ();
```

```
        Scanner bk = new Scanner (System.in);
```

```
        while (true) {
```

```
            System.out.println (" 1. push ");
```

```
            System.out.println (" 2. pop ");
```

```
            System.out.println (" 3. peek ");
```

```
            System.out.println (" 4. check if Empty ");
```



```
System.out.println ("5. size");
```

```
System.out.println ("6. Exit");
```

```
System.out.println ("Enter your choice");
```

```
int c = bk.nextInt();
```

```
Switch (c) {
```

```
    case 1 :
```

```
        System.out.print ("Enter element to push:");
```

```
        int e = bk.nextInt();
```

```
        Stack.push(e);
```

```
        System.out.println (e + " Pushed to Stack");
```

```
        break;
```

```
    case 2 :
```

```
        if (! Stack.isEmpty()) {
```

```
            int PE = Stack.pop();
```

```
            System.out.println (PE + " Popped from Stack");
```

```
        }
```

```
    else {
```

```
        System.out.println ("Stack is Empty");
```

```
    }
```

```
    break;
```

case 3 :

```
if (! Stack.isEmpty()) {  
    System.out.println("Top element: " + Stack.peek());  
} else {  
    System.out.println("Stack is Empty");  
}  
break;
```

case 4 :

```
System.out.println("Is Stack Empty? " + Stack.isEmpty());  
break;
```

case 5 :

```
System.out.println("Stack Size: " + Stack.size());  
break;
```

case 6 :

```
System.out.println("Exiting");
```

```
bk.close();
```

```
return;
```

default :

```
System.out.println("Invalid choice... try again");
```

```
}  
}
```


RESULT : -

INPUT : 1. push OUTPUT : Enter Element To
 2. pop Push : 7
 3. peek 7 pushed to Stack.
 4. Check if Empty
 5. Size
 6. Exit

Enter your choice : 1

5.2 Balanced Parenthesis checking :-

AIM :- Given an Expression String, Write a JAVA Program to find whether a given String has balanced Parenthesis or not.

PROGRAM :-

```
import java.util.*;

class Bp {

    public static void main (String[] args) {

        Scanner bk = new Scanner (System.in);
```

```
String g = br.readLine();
```

```
boolean isBalanced = (BP(g));
```

```
if (isBalanced) {
```

```
    System.out.println("True");
```

```
} else {
```

```
    System.out.println("False");
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
Public Static boolean GBPE(String g) {
```

```
    Stack <> stack = new Stack <> ();
```

```
    for (char ch : g.toCharArray()) {
```

```
        if (ch == '(') {
```

```
            stack.push(ch);
```

```
        } else if (ch == ')') {
```

```
            if (stack.isEmpty()) {
```

```
                return False;
```

```
            }
```

```
            stack.pop();
```

```
        }
```

```
    return stack.isEmpty(); }
```


RESULT : -

INPUT : - " { (a+b)* [c-d) } "

OUTPUT : - False

5.3 Evaluation Of Postfix Expression :-

AIM :- Given a Postfix Expression, Write a Program that the given task is evaluate the Postfix Expression.

PROGRAM :-

```
import java.util.*;

class postfix {
    static int EPf (String exp) {
        Stack < Integer > Stack = new Stack < > [7];
        for ( int i=0; i < exp.length(); i++) {
            char c = exp.charAt(i);
            if (Character.isDigit(c)) {
                Stack.push(c-'0');
            }
            else {
```

```

int val1 = stack.pop();
int val2 = stack.pop();
switch (c) {
    case '+':
        stack.push (val2 + val1);
        break;
    case '-':
        stack.push (val2 - val1);
        break;
    case '/':
        stack.push (val2 / val1);
        break;
    case '*':
        stack.push (val2 * val1);
        break;
}
}
return stack.pop();
}

public static void main (String args[]) {
    Scanner bk = new Scanner (System.in);
}

```



```

System.out.print ("Enter a postfix Expression");
String exp = br.readLine();
System.out.println ("postfix evaluation: " + Epf (exp));
}
}

```

RESULT : -

INPUT : Str = " 100 200 + 2 / 5 * 7 + "

OUTPUT : 757

5.4 Infix To Postfix Expression Conversion :-

AIM :- Write a Program to Convert a given Infix Expression into Postfix Expression.

PROGRAM :-

```
import java.util.*;
```

```
class Itp {
```

```
    static int IP(char ch) {
```

```
        switch (ch) {
```

```
            case '+':
```

```
            case '-':
```

```
            return 1;
```

```
case '*':
```

```
case '/':
```

```
return 2;
```

```
case '\':
```

```
return 3;
```

```
}
```

```
return -1;
```

```
}
```

```
Static String exp (String exp) {
```

```
String Builders result = new String Builders();
```

```
Stack < Character > stack = new Stack <>();
```

```
for (int i=0; i < exp.length(); i++) {
```

```
char c = exp.charAt(i);
```

```
if (Character.isLetterOrDigit(c))
```

```
result.append(c);
```

```
else if (c == '(')
```

```
stack.push(c);
```

```
else if (c == ')') {
```

```
while (!stack.isEmpty() && stack.peek() != '(')
```

```
result.append(stack.pop());
```



```

    Stack.pop();
} else {
    while (!Stack.isEmpty() && Ip(c) <= Ip
           (Stack.peek())) {
        Result.append(Stack.pop());
    }
    Stack.push(c);
}
}

while (!Stack.isEmpty()) {
    Result.append(Stack.pop());
}

return result.toString();
}

public static void main(String args[]) {
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    String exp = sc.nextLine();
    System.out.println("Ip(exp)");
}
}

```

RESULT :- INPUT : $A + B * C + D$ OUTPUT : $ABC * + D +$

5.5

Reverse A Stack :-

AIM :- Write a Program On Reversing a Stack.

PROGRAM :-

```

import java.util.*;

class Reverse {

    static void IB (Stack < Integer > Stack, int item) {
        if (Stack.isEmpty()) {
            Stack.push(item);
            return;
        }
        int top = Stack.pop();
        IB (Stack, item);
        Stack.push(top);
    }

    static void RS (Stack < Integer > Stack) {
        if (Stack.isEmpty()) {
            return;
        }
        int top = Stack.pop();
        RS (Stack);
        IB (Stack, top);
    }
}

```



```

Public Static void main (String[] args) {
    Scanner sc = new Scanner (System.in);
    Stack <Integer> stack = new Stack <Integer>();
    System.out.print ("Enter Size of Stack:");
    int n = sc.nextInt();
    System.out.println ("Enter Elements:");
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
        stack.push (sc.nextInt());
    }
    Rs (stack);
    System.out.println ("Reversal Stack: " +
        stack);
}

```

RESULT: -

INPUT: Elements = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]

OUTPUT: Original "Stack" Stack After Reversing

5

1

4

2

3

3

2

4

1

5

VIVA VOCE :-

1) What is a Stack ?

A) A Stack is a linear data structure that stores items in a Last-In / First-Out (LIFO) or First-In / Last-Out (FILO) manner. In Stack, a new element is added at one end and an element is removed from that end only. The Insert & Delete operations are often called push and pop.

2) What are Infix and Postfix Expressions ?

A) Infix Expression :- Where the Operator is placed between Operands like "A + B".

Postfix Expression :- Where the Operator is placed after the Operands. Like "AB+".

3) What do "Bottom Insertion()" Method work as ?

A) This Method Append Element at the bottom

of the Stack and Bottom Insertion accept two values as an argument first is Stack and the second is elements, this is a Recursive method.

4) How do "Reverse()" Method will work?

A) The method is reverse elements of the Stack, this method accept Stack as an argument

Reverse() is also a Recursive() function.

Reverse() is involved BottomInsertion() method for completing the Reverse operation on the Stack.

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