## **Tutorial IV**

- 1. A power series with center at the origin and positive radius of convergence, has a sum f(z). If it known that  $f(\bar{z}) = \overline{f(z)}$  for all values of z within the disc of convergence, what conclusions can you draw about the power series?
- 2. Evaluate the following integrals:
  - (i)  $\int_{|z|=1} \frac{z}{(z-2)^2} dz$ ;
  - (ii)  $\int_{|z|=2} \frac{e^z}{z(z-3)} dz$ ;
  - (iii)  $\int_{|z|=2} \frac{e^z}{z(z-1)} dz;$
  - (iv)  $\int_{|z|=4} \frac{\sin z}{(z-2)^2} dz$ .
- 3. Let  $z_1, z_2 \in \mathbb{C}$ ,  $R > \max\{|z_1|, |z_2|\}$  and  $f : \mathbb{C} \to \mathbb{C}$  be a holomorphic function. Show that

$$\int_{|z|=R} \frac{f(z)}{(z-z_1)(z-z_2)} dz = 2\pi i \frac{f(z_2) - f(z_1)}{z_2 - z_1}.$$

4. Let f and g be two holomorphic functions on an open set containing a simple closed contour  $\gamma$  and its interior. If f(z) = g(z) for all z on  $\gamma$ , what can be said about f and g in the interior of  $\gamma$ ?