```
//FIREBASE + SDWEBIMAGE IN INSTAGRAM CLONE APP
//(https://console.firebase.google.com)(https://github.com/SDWebImage/
SDWebImage)
// ViewController.swift
// SampleInstagram
Created by oppmacsom on 09/09/2019.
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//0..1..2..3..4..5..->11
import UIKit
import Firebase
//0,1 create project on googlefirebase web 0,2- register your app there
(https://console.firebase.google.com/project/sampleinstagram-a2e62/
overview), 0,3- create a pod (https://cocoapods.org) 0,4- choose
firebase SDK and write it inside pod text, 0,5- run pod on terminal so
its download sdk 0,6- run xcworkspace extension, on appdelegate.swift --
> import firebase + firebase. conficure(), 0,7- go your coding and
design, 0,8- firebase-de initilize yapilacak.. (https://
console.firebase.google.com/project/sampleinstagram-a2e62/
authentication/users))
class ViewController: UIViewController {
   @IBOutlet weak var appLabel: UILabel!
```

```
@IBOutlet weak var emailTxt: UITextField!
@IBOutlet weak var passTxt: UITextField!
```

```
override func viewDidLoad() {
    super.viewDidLoad()
```

```
//CURRENTUSER CALISMIYOR !!! GOOGLE IN ONERISI ISE YARADIIIIIIII....
(https://firebase.google.com/docs/auth/ios/manage-users)) ... ASAGIDA
---->
```

/*
//3,0.. VIEWDIDLOWAD ALTINDAKI DENEME...

kullaniciyi giriste hatirlama modu... yani aslinda firebaseden cikis yapmamissan yeniden sifre yazmaya gerek kalmasin.. bu da firebase auth un sundugu bir hizmet.. bunu kullan. bu kod viewdidload altinda calisiyormus eskiden ama bilahare window taniminin yapildigi yere (scene delegate veya appdelegate) calistirmak gerekiyor. burada da scene i tanimlayan yere almak lazim. xcode10.3 te bu isimde bir yer yok ben de o yuzde appdelegate.swift altinda applicationWillEnterForeground altina tasidim/olmadi geri aldim gene olmadi....

```
let currentUser = Auth.auth().currentUser
if currentUser != nil {
  self.performSegue(withIdentifier: "toFeed", sender: nil)
}
```

```
//3,0,0.. kullaniciyi giriste hatirlama modu.. yani aslinda
firebaseden cikis yapmamissan yeniden sifre yazmaya gerek kalmasin.. bu
da firebase auth un sundugu bir hizmet.. bunu kullan. bu kod viewdidload
altinda calisiyormus eskiden ama bilahare window taniminin yapildigi
yere (scene delegate veya appdelegate) calistirmak gerekiyor... yani
maksat.. current user cari ise, falan ekrandan root et, tekrar sign in
ekrani gosterme.
        //3,0,1.. XCODE 11 DE SCENE.SWIFT ALTINDKI DENEME :
         let currentUser = Auth.auth().currentUser
         if currentUser != nil {
         //3,1... view controller altinda olmadigimiz icin bu calismaz.
iptal.. self.performSegue(withIdentifier: "toFeed", sender: nil).. onun
yerine:
         //3,0,2 rootviewcontroller tanimlayacagiz
         let board = UIStoryboard(name: "Main", bundle: nil)
         let tabBar = board.instantiateViewController(withIdentifier:
"tabBar") as! UITabBarController
         window?.rootViewController = tabBar
        */
        //3...
        Auth.auth().addStateDidChangeListener { (auth, user) in
            if Auth.auth().currentUser != nil {
                self.performSegue(withIdentifier: "toFeed", sender: nil)
```

```
} else {
                // No user is signed in.
                // ...
        //3,0,0 burasi benim google-dan aparma denemem.. user kim onu
print etmeye calisiyorum
            let userInfo = Auth.auth().currentUser?.providerData
            print(" \(UserInfo.self)")
        }
    }
    @IBAction func signinButton(_ sender: Any) {
        //2,0..iptal: performSegue(withIdentifier: "toFeed", sender:
nil)
      //2,1.. auth hizmeti signin yaptiriyor bunu ayarla.. error ve
authresult isimlrini ver sadece, hata durumunda ne mesaj verilecek bunu
ayarla.. else durumunda ne yapacak bunu ayarla
        if emailTxt.text != "" && passTxt.text != "" {
            Auth.auth().signIn(withEmail: emailTxt.text!, password:
passTxt.text!) { (authdataresultat, error) in
                if error != nil {
                    self.makeAlert(titleInput: "Error", messageInput:
error?.localizedDescription ?? "Error during Auth")
```

```
} else {
                    //2,2.. hata vermediyse demekki sign in oldu artik
feed ekranina gidebiliriz
                    self.performSegue(withIdentifier: "toFeed", sender:
nil )
                }
            }
        } else {
            //2,3..
             makeAlert(titleInput: "lacking field", messageInput:
"email/pass is empty")
    }
    @IBAction func signupButton(_ sender: Any) {
    //1,1 firebase de kullanici olusturmak icin...
        if emailTxt.text != "" && passTxt.text != "" {
            Auth.auth().createUser(withEmail: emailTxt.text!, password:
passTxt.text!) { (authdataresult, error) in
               //1,4
                if error != nil {
                    self.makeAlert(titleInput: "Error", messageInput:
error?.localizedDescription ?? "Error during Auth")
                }else{
                    //1,5
                    self.performSegue(withIdentifier: "toFeed", sender:
nil )
```

```
}else{
            //1,3
         makeAlert(titleInput: "lacking field", messageInput: "email/
pass is empty")
    //1,2
    func makeAlert (titleInput : String, messageInput : String) {
        let alert = UIAlertController(title: titleInput, message:
messageInput, preferredStyle: UIAlertController.Style.alert)
        let okButton = UIAlertAction(title: "OK", style:
UIAlertAction.Style.default, handler: nil)
        alert.addAction(okButton)
        self.present(alert, animated: true, completion: nil)
    }
}
//
    UpLoadVC.swift
    SampleInstagram
//
Created by oppmacsom on 09/09/2019.
```

```
// Copyright © 2019 oppmacsom. All rights reserved.
import UIKit
//6,0.. firebase storage islemleri icin:
import Firebase
//5,2 .. picker ve navigation delegate yetkileri gelsin
class UpLoadVC: UIViewController, UIImagePickerControllerDelegate,
UINavigationControllerDelegate {
    @IBOutlet weak var imageView: UIImageView!
    @IBOutlet weak var yourSayTxt: UITextField!
    @IBOutlet weak var sendButton: UIButton!
    override func viewDidLoad() {
        super.viewDidLoad()
        //5,0 dokunakli-resim eklemek icin...
        imageView.isUserInteractionEnabled = true
        let tapGest = UITapGestureRecognizer(target: self, action:
#selector(addImage))
        imageView.addGestureRecognizer(tapGest)
    //6,8
    func warningAlert (title:String, message:String) {
        let aalert = UIAlertController (title: title, message: message,
preferredStyle: UIAlertController.Style.alert)
```

```
let okButton = UIAlertAction(title: "got it", style:
UIAlertAction.Style.default, handler: nil)
        aalert.addAction(okButton)
        self.present(aalert, animated: true, completion: nil)
    }
    //5,1
    @objc func addImage () {
            let pickImage = UIImagePickerController()
            pickImage.delegate = self
                pickImage.sourceType = .photoLibrary
                present(pickImage, animated: true, completion: nil)
    }
    //5,3 .. secim yapildi. simdi alinan image, bir info key ile
sozluge/dictionary eklensin.. ve picker kapansin.
    func imagePickerController(_ picker: UIImagePickerController,
didFinishPickingMediaWithInfo info: [UIImagePickerController.InfoKey:
Any]) {
        imageView.image = info[.originalImage] as? UIImage
        self.dismiss(animated: true, completion: nil)
    //5,4.. infoplist privacy ye photolibrary aciklamasi gir..
```

```
@IBAction func sendButtonKlikk(_ sender: Any) {
    //6,1.. sendklikk nedeniyle firebase de bir storage olusturmak lazim
        let sstorage = Storage.storage()
        //6,2 .. bu storage icinde nereye gonderecek, dosyalari, buna
referans denir..once bunu kuvve ilan edelim sonra ona fiile cevirelim..
ruh/beden, fikir/hareket, kuvve/fiil.
        let sstorageRef = sstorage.reference()
        //6,3..o beden dosya/folder/file olacak.onu da .child diyerek
yapacaz.
    let mediaFolder = sstorageRef.child("media")
        //6,4 ..resimlerimizi kaydetmek icin data-ya donusturmemiz
lazim. gallery app de oldugu gibi...
        if let imageData = imageView.image?.jpegData(compressionQuality:
0.8){}
            //6,5.. donusturme isleminden sonra onu media folder acip
icine koyalim —putdata—
            //let imageRef = mediaFolder.child("photo.jpg")
            //6.6.. fakat tum upload imagelari ayni isimle kaydedecek,
boyle olunca o yuzden onlari uuid ye gore kaydettirmeli ki ustune
yazmasin
            let uuid = UUID().uuidString
            let imageRef = mediaFolder.child("\(uuid).jpg")
            //6,7
            imageRef.putData(imageData, metadata: nil) { ( metadata,
```

```
error) in
                if error != nil {
                   //6,9
                    self.warningAlert(title: "error", message:
error?.localizedDescription ?? "error")
                    // print(error?.localizedDescription)
                }else{
                    //6,6.. kaydin nereye yapildigini alalim
                    imageRef.downloadURL(completion: { (url, error) in
                        if error == nil {
                            let imageUrl = url?.absoluteString
                            print(imageUrl as Any)
                            //7... database starts, from now on
                            let fsDatabase = Firestore.firestore()
                            var fsRef : DocumentReference? = nil
                            //7,2 asagida collection bir dictionary
gerektiriiyor oyleyse onu burda verelim yani hangi bilgleri dictionary
ye almak istiyorsak.
                            let fsPost = ["imageUrl" : imageUrl!,
"postedBy" : Auth.auth().currentUser?.email! as Any, "postComment" :
self.yourSayTxt.text!, "date" : FieldValue.serverTimestamp(), "likes" :
0 ] as [String:Any]
                            //7,1 ..database'da post adinda bir
collection acalim. data oraya kaydedilsin.
```

```
fsRef =
fsDatabase.collection("Posts").addDocument(data: fsPost, completion:
{ (error) in
                                 if error != nil {
                                     self.warningAlert(title: "Error",
message: error?.localizedDescription ?? "Error")
                                 } else {
                                     //7,3 .. islem gerceklesirse beni
feed tabina gotursun resim bos.. comment bos olsun..
                                     self.yourSayTxt.text = ""
                                     self.imageView.image =
UIImage(named: "clikk")
                                     self.tabBarController?.selectedIndex
                                 }
                            })
                    })
```

}

```
}

//

// FeedUpVC.swift

// SampleInstagram

//

// Created by oppmacsom on 09/09/2019.

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```

//8,0 feedcell olusturmak

//10,0 gorselleri uygulamada goremiyoruz. firestore onu depoluyor sadece. gorselleri async olarak indirip cell icinde gostermek icin internette free hizmetler/kutuphaneler var. bunlari kullanacaz. //**** push notifications deneme dersleri de bu app uzerinden ancak bunun icin developer hesabi lazim.SECTION16/DERS 165-172

import UIKit

```
//9,1
import Firebase
//10,1.. resimleri gosterebilmek icin sdweb image pod indirdik, simdi..
import edip, resim datasini gosterecegimiz tableview ayarlarnia gidip,
sdwebimage sitesinde onerilen ayarlari yapalim.
import SDWebImage
//8,2
class FeedUpVC: UIViewController, UITableViewDelegate,
UITableViewDataSource {
    func tableView(_ tableView: UITableView, numberOfRowsInSection
section: Int) -> Int {
        //8,3
        return emailArray.count
    }
    func tableView(_ tableView: UITableView, cellForRowAt indexPath:
IndexPath) -> UITableViewCell {
        //8,4... cell, oncekiler gibi tanimlanmayacak..inspector
panelden prototype cell 1 adet sec.. sonra o cell a cocotouch/tablecell
ekle/swift nesnesi tanimla... sonra buraya gel, let cell-->deque goster.
boylece o cell icindeki nesnelere ulasip tanimlama yapabil.
        let cell = tableVIew.dequeueReusableCell(withIdentifier: "cell",
for: indexPath) as! FeedUpCell
        //8,5
        cell.commentLabel.text = commentArray[indexPath.row]
        //**israrla yukaridaki satiri gosterip index out of range hatasi
veriyor buna bakmam lazim.**
```

```
cell.countLabel.text = String(likeArray[indexPath.row])
        cell.feedownerLabel.text = emailArray[indexPath.row]
        //10,1..sdweb ile urlden resmi indirip gostermek
        //cell.feedImage.image = UIImage(named: "clikk")
        cell.feedImage.sd_setImage(with: URL(string:
self.imageArray[indexPath.row]))
        cell.documentIdLabel.text = docuIdArray[indexPath.row]
        return cell
    //9,9,1 cekilecek data array icinde gelecek o yuzden onlari
tableview da gostermek icin mukabil array dizileri olursuturalim
    var emailArray = [String]()
    var commentArray = [String]()
    var likeArray = [Int]()
    var imageArray = [String]()
    var dateArray = [Date]()
    //11,0 hangi document idnin like ina tiklanmissa onu 1 artitip geri
kaydedecez. bunun icin dokument id leri bir array de toplayalim,
dokument id uzerinden calisma yapabilmek icin.
    var docuIdArray = [String]()
//8,0 tableview to feed
    @IBOutlet weak var tableView: UITableView!
```

```
super.viewDidLoad()
//8,1
       tableVIew.delegate = self
        tableVIew.dataSource = self
        //9,8..
        getDataFireStorm()
    }
//9,0 veri cekmek.. firebase documents-ta da anlatiliyor..
    func getDataFireStorm () {
        //9,2
        let fsDatabase = Firestore.firestore()
        //9,3
        /* asagida enable islemi eskiden gerekiyor.. date ayari hata
veriyorumus.. bu onu duzeltmek icin kullanilir imis.... ama simdi gerek
yok cunku zaten enabled by default.
        let settings = fsDatabase.settings
        settings.areTimestampsInSnapshotsEnabled = true
        fsDatabase.settings = settings
        */
        //9,4.. evvelen olusturdugumuz collecsiyon-dan bir listener bize
data cekecek/verecek.
        //11.. order by ekliyoruz listener oncesine.noktadan sonra..
        fsDatabase.collection("Posts").order(by: "date", descending:
```

```
true).addSnapshotListener { (snapshot, error) in
            if error != nil {
                print(error!.localizedDescription)
            } else {
                //9,5 snapshot dokumani bir array yani bizim evvelen
olusturdugumuz tum anahtar ve karsiliklar verilecek bize
                //9,6.. snapshot any tipinde gorunuyor.. onun bos
olmadigindan emin olup ! yapalim
                if snapshot?.isEmpty != true {
                    //10,2.. mukerrer kayit gosteriyor.. bunlari silmek
icin ..
                    self.imageArray.removeAll(keepingCapacity: false)
                    self.commentArray.removeAll(keepingCapacity: false)
                     self.likeArray.removeAll(keepingCapacity: false)
                     self.imageArray.removeAll(keepingCapacity: false)
                     self.dateArray.removeAll(keepingCapacity: false)
                   //11,1,1
                    self.docuIdArray.removeAll(keepingCapacity: false)
                    //9,7 .. snapshot bir array verecegi icin, ordan
for .. in .. ile ayiklama yapabiliriz..
                    for document in snapshot!.documents {
                    //9,9 deneyelim bakalim istedigimiz datayi
cekebiliyor muyuz
                        let dokumentID = document.documentID
                             print(dokumentID)
```

```
//11,1,2
self.docuIdArray.append(dokumentID)
```

```
if let postedBy = document.get("postedBy") as?
String {
                            print(postedBy)
                             //9,9,2 cekilen datayi array e ekle..
                            self.emailArray.append(postedBy)
                        }
                            /* bu nasil yapilacak.. sonra bak....
                          if let date = document.get("date") as? Date {
                                 print(date)
                                 self.dateArray.append("date")
                    } */
                                 if let likes = document.get("likes") as?
Int{
                                     print(likes)
                                     self.likeArray.append(likes)
                         }
                                     if let postComment =
document.get("postComment") as? String {
                                         print(postComment)
self.commentArray.append(postComment)
                                         if let imageUrl =
document.get("imageUrl") as? String {
                                            print(imageUrl)
```

```
self.imageArray.append(imageUrl)
                        //9,9,3.. tableview ayarlari bitince tabloya
reload et..
                        self.tableVIew.reloadData()
                    }
    }
//INSTAGRAMCLONE APP
    FeedUpCell.swift
//
//
// Created by oppmacsom on 21/09/2019.
import UIKit
//11,1,4
import Firebase
```

```
class FeedUpCell: UITableViewCell {
    @IBOutlet weak var commentLabel: UILabel!
    @IBOutlet weak var feedownerLabel: UILabel!
    @IBOutlet weak var likeButton: UIButton!
    @IBOutlet weak var countLabel: UILabel!
    @IBOutlet weak var feedImage: UIImageView!
   //11,1,3
    @IBOutlet weak var documentIdLabel: UILabel!
    override func awakeFromNib() {
        super.awakeFromNib()
        // Initialization code
    }
    override func setSelected(_ selected: Bool, animated: Bool) {
        super.setSelected(selected, animated: animated)
        // Configure the view for the selected state
    }
    @IBAction func likeClikk(_ sender: Any) {
    print("like button clicked")
        //11,5
        let fsDataBase = Firestore.firestore()
        if let likeCount = Int(countLabel.text!) {
```

```
//guncelleme yapabilmek icin string to any olarak cast etmek
gerekiyorud
            let likeStore = ["likes" : likeCount + 1] as [String : Any]
fsDataBase.collection("Posts").document(documentIdLabel.text!).setData(1
ikeStore, merge: true)
        }
    }
}
//
    AppDelegate.swift
//
//
    SampleInstagram
//
    Created by oppmacsom on 09/09/2019.
//
    Copyright © 2019 oppmacsom. All rights reserved.
//
import UIKit
```

```
import Firebase
@UIApplicationMain
class AppDelegate: UIResponder, UIApplicationDelegate {
    var window: UTWindow?
    func application(_ application: UIApplication,
didFinishLaunchingWithOptions launchOptions:
[UIApplication.LaunchOptionsKey: Any]?) -> Bool {
        // Override point for customization after application launch.
        FirebaseApp.configure()
        return true
    }
    func applicationWillResignActive(_ application: UIApplication) {
        // Sent when the application is about to move from active to
```

// Sent when the application is about to move from active to inactive state. This can occur for certain types of temporary interruptions (such as an incoming phone call or SMS message) or when the user quits the application and it begins the transition to the background state.

// Use this method to pause ongoing tasks, disable timers, and invalidate graphics rendering callbacks. Games should use this method to

pause the game.

}

// If your application supports background execution, this
method is called instead of applicationWillTerminate: when the user
quits.

}

func applicationWillEnterForeground(_ application: UIApplication) {
 // Called as part of the transition from the background to the
 active state; here you can undo many of the changes made on entering the
 background.

```
func applicationDidBecomeActive(_ application: UIApplication) {
        // Restart any tasks that were paused (or not yet started) while
the application was inactive. If the application was previously in the
background, optionally refresh the user interface.
    }
    func applicationWillTerminate(_ application: UIApplication) {
        // Called when the application is about to terminate. Save data
if appropriate. See also applicationDidEnterBackground:.
    }
```

```
SettingsVC.swift
   SampleInstagram
//
   Created by oppmacsom on 09/09/2019.
//
   Copyright © 2019 oppmacsom. All rights reserved.
import UIKit
//4,1.. fairebase den de logout olmak icin.. bu controllerda firebase
import edecez
import Firebase
class SettingsVC: UIViewController {
    override func viewDidLoad() {
        super.viewDidLoad()
        // Do any additional setup after loading the view.
   @IBAction func LogOutButton(_ sender: Any) {
        //4,0... harbiden logout olmak istiiyoruz o yuzden bu iptal..
performSegue(withIdentifier: "toVC", sender: nil)
        //4,2.. log out olmak = signout.. buna da throw istiyor.. o
yuzden DTC yapacaz
        do {
```

```
try Auth.auth().signOut()
            self.performSegue(withIdentifier: "toVC", sender: nil)
        } catch {
            print("signout dtc error")
        }
    }
      PODFILE
# Uncomment the next line to define a global platform for your project
# platform :ios, '9.0'
target 'SampleInstagram' do
  # Comment the next line if you don't want to use dynamic frameworks
  use_frameworks!
pod 'Firebase/Analytics'
pod 'Firebase/Auth'
pod 'Firebase/Firestore'
pod 'Firebase/Storage'
pod 'Firebase/Core'
```

pod 'SDWebImage'

Pods for SampleInstagram

end