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class - SY. MSC (Computer Science)

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subject - Machine Learning

## Assignment - 2

Q.1. What is supervised learning ML?

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- ① Supervised learning is a type of machine learning where machine are trained using a well labeled dataset.
  - ② It is like learning under guidance of a teacher. training dataset is like a teacher which is used to train the machine.
  - ③ model is trained on a pre-defined dataset before it starts making decision when given new data.

Q.2. What is difference betn classification and regression?

classification	regression
① classification Algorithm are used with discrete data	① regression Algorithm are used with continuous data
① o/p variable must be a discrete value	① o/p variable must be a continuous nature or real value



## Classification

## Regression

① Classification algorithms are used with discrete data.

② Regression Algorithms are used with continuous data.

③ O/P variable must be a discrete value.

③ O/P variable must be a continuous nature or real value.

④ A classification problem with two classification called binary more than two classes is called a multi class classification.

④ A regression problem with multiple input variable is called a multivariate regression ~~program~~ / problem.

⑤ A classification ~~problem~~ <sup>an email</sup> with two as spam or not spam is an example of classification problem.

⑤ Predicting the price of a stock over a period of time is a regression problem.

⑥ The task of the classification algorithm is to map the I/P value ( $x$ ) with the discrete O/P variable ( $y$ ).

⑥ The task of a regression algorithm is to map the I/P value ( $x$ ) with the continuous O/P variable ( $y$ ).



Q.3. What do you mean by unsupervised learning?

→ ① It is like a learning without a teacher.

② Unsupervised learning is the training of a machine using information that is neither classified nor labeled.

③ It allows the algorithm to act on that information without guidance.

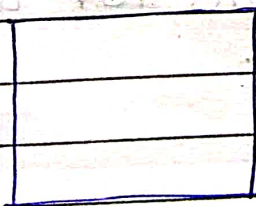
④ Unlike supervised learning no teacher is provided that no training will be given to the machine.

⑤ Algorithm has no pre-idea about the features of a I/P. But it can categorize according to similarities, patterns and differences.

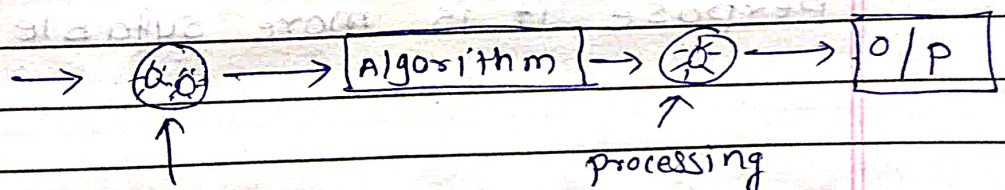
⑥ It mainly deals with unlabelled data.

⑦ A suitable machine learning algorithm will be applied which divides the data into separate groups according to the similarities and differences between the data objects.

Raw I/P data



unlabelled  
data



interpretation



Q.4. Write any four Application of Clustering.

→ ① An identification of Cancer cells :-

It divides the cancerous and non cancerous data sets into different groups.

② In Search engines :- The search result appears based on the atleast object to the search query it does. It by grouping similar data object in one group that is far from the other dismissal object.

③ Customer segmentation :- It is used in market research to segment the customer based on their choice and performance.

④ In Biology :- To classify different species of plant and animal using the image recognition technique.

⑤ In land use :- This can be very useful to find that for what purpose the particular land should be used, that means for which purpose it is more suitable.