

# Parallel Programming Tutorial - More on OpenMP

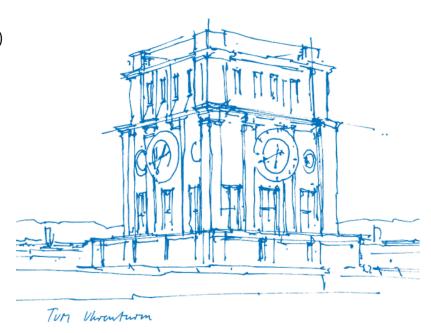
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5. Juni 2019





# Organizational

- 12. June (next Wednesday) : Lecture instead of Tutorial session. (Please check the schedule)
- 14. June (next Friday) : In class Q&A session cancelled.



#### Solution for Assignment 4



#### Assignment 4

```
#include <omp.h>
   int parallel_traverse(tree *node) {
       if (node == NULL) return 0;
       int father_iq, mother_iq;
       #pragma omp task shared(father_iq)
       father iq = parallel traverse(node->father);
       mother_iq = parallel_traverse(node->mother);
10
11
       #pragma omp taskwait
12
13
       node->IQ = compute IQ(
14
           node->data, father_iq, mother_iq
15
       ):
16
       genius[node->id] = node->IQ;
17
       return node->IQ;
19 }
```

```
int traverse(tree *node, int numThreads) {
    #pragma omp parallel num_threads(numThreads)
    {
        #pragma omp single
        parallel_traverse(node);
    }
    return node->IQ;
}
```

- Helper function for the recursion, so that we can set up the threads
- Use tasks for parallelism





### Assignment 4

```
int parallel_traverse(tree *node) {
      if (node == NULL) return 0;
      int father_iq, mother_iq;
      #pragma omp parallel sections
          #pragma omp section
          father_iq = parallel_traverse(node->father);
          #pragma omp section
          mother_iq = parallel_traverse(node->mother);
      }
13
      node->IQ = compute_IQ(node->data, father_iq, mother_iq);
14
      genius[node->id] = node->IQ;
      return node->IQ;
17 }
```

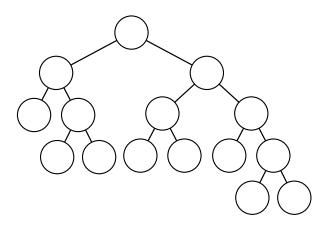
#### What about this?



### Assignment 4

```
int parallel_traverse(tree *node) {
      if (node == NULL) return 0;
      int father_iq, mother_iq;
      #pragma omp parallel sections
          #pragma omp section
          father_iq = parallel_traverse(node->father);
          #pragma omp section
          mother_iq = parallel_traverse(node->mother);
      }
13
      node->IQ = compute_IQ(node->data, father_iq, mother_iq);
      genius[node->id] = node->IQ;
      return node->IQ;
17 }
```

#### What about this?



Does not work! Tree is unbalanced.



#### Assignment 4 – Trick

```
uint64_t val = ...
for (int i = 0; i < 200000; ++i) {
   val ^= val << 13;
   val ^= val >> 7;
   val ^= val << 17;
}</pre>
```

- Expensive part of the computation
- xorshift random number generator
- Can be optimised using linear algebra!



#### Assignment 4 – Trick

```
uint64_t val = ...
for (int i = 0; i < 200000; ++i) {
   val ^= val << 13;
   val ^= val >> 7;
   val ^= val << 17;
}</pre>
```

- Expensive part of the computation
- xorshift random number generator
- Can be optimised using linear algebra!



#### OpenMP Wrap-Up





#### Nested parallel regions revisited

```
#include <iostream>
  #include < omp.h>
  int main(){
       int num_threads=4;
       omp_set_num_threads(num_threads);
       #pragma omp parallel
10
            #pragma omp parallel for
11
            for (int i = 0; i < num_threads; i++)</pre>
12
13
                #pragma omp critical
                std::cout << "My id is: "</pre>
15
                           << omp_get_thread_num() << std::endl;
16
17
19 }
```



#### Nested parallel regions revisited

```
./example4
   #include <iostream>
   #include < omp.h>
                                                                          My id is: 0
   int main(){
                                                                          My id is: 0
                                                                          My id is: 0
        int num_threads=4;
                                                                          My id is: 0
        omp_set_num_threads(num_threads);
                                                                          My id is: 0
                                                                          My id is: 0
        #pragma omp parallel
                                                                          My id is: 0
10
            #pragma omp parallel for
11
                                                                          My id is: 0
            for (int i = 0; i < num_threads; i++)</pre>
12
                                                                          My id is: 0
13
                                                                          My id is: 0
                 #pragma omp critical
14
                                                                          My id is: 0
                 std::cout << "My id is: "
15
                             << omp_get_thread_num() << std::endl;</pre>
                                                                          My id is: 0
16
17
                                                                          My id is: 0
        }
18
                                                                          My id is: 0
19 }
                                                                          My id is: 0
                                                                          My id is: 0
```



# Nested parallel regions revisited (Cont.)

```
#include <iostream>
  #include < omp.h>
  int main(){
       int num_threads=4;
       omp_set_num_threads(num_threads);
       omp_set_nested(1);
       #pragma omp parallel
10
11
           #pragma omp parallel for
12
           for (int i = 0; i < num_threads; i++)</pre>
13
                #pragma omp critical
15
                std::cout << "My id is: "
16
                           << omp_get_thread_num() << std::endl;
17
18
20 }
```



# Nested parallel regions revisited (Cont.)

```
./example5
   #include <iostream>
   #include < omp.h>
                                                                          My id is: 1
   int main(){
                                                                          My id is: 0
                                                                          My id is: 2
        int num threads=4;
                                                                          My id is: 3
        omp_set_num_threads(num_threads);
                                                                          My id is: 1
        omp_set_nested(1);
                                                                          My id is: 2
        #pragma omp parallel
                                                                          My id is: 0
10
11
                                                                          My id is: 1
            #pragma omp parallel for
12
                                                                          My id is: 1
            for (int i = 0; i < num_threads; i++)</pre>
13
                                                                          My id is: 0
14
                                                                          My id is: 3
                 #pragma omp critical
15
                 std::cout << "My id is: "
                                                                          My id is: 2
16
                             << omp_get_thread_num() << std::endl;</pre>
17
                                                                          My id is: 3
18
                                                                          My id is: 0
                                                                          My id is: 3
20 }
                                                                          My id is: 2
```





# Quiz; What is the problem with this program?



# Quiz; What is the problem with this program?

./example

My id is: 0 My id is: 0 My id is: 3 My id is: 2



./example

#### Quiz; What is the problem with this program?

```
#include <iostream>
                                                                                        My id is: 0
#include <omp.h>
                                                                                        My id is: 0
int main(){
                                                                                        My id is: 3
                                                                                        My id is: 2
    int id;
    #pragma omp parallel num_threads(4)
                                                                                         ./example
         id = omp_get_thread_num();
         #pragma omp critical
         std::cout << "My id is: " << id << std::endl;
                                                                                        My id is: 2
                                                                                        My id is: 2
                                                                                        My id is: 0
                                                                                        My id is: 0
```



# Quiz; What is the problem with this program? (Cont.)

```
#include <iostream>
#include <omp.h>

int main(){

int id;
#pragma omp parallel num_threads(4) private(id)

id = omp_get_thread_num();
#pragma omp critical
std::cout << "My id is: " << id << std::endl;
}

13
14
}</pre>
```



# Quiz; What is the problem with this program? (Cont.)



```
int main (){
   int a =1, b =2, c =3;
   #pragma omp parallel num_threads(4) private(b) firstprivate(c)
   {
       #pragma omp critical
            a++;
       #pragma omp barrier
       if (omp_get_thread_num()==0){
            printf("a: %d\n", a);
            printf("b: %d\n", b);
            printf("c: %d\n", c);
   printf("a: %d\n", a);
   printf("b: %d\n", b);
   printf("c: %d\n", c);
   return 0;
```



```
int main (){
   int a =1, b =2, c =3;
   #pragma omp parallel num_threads(4) private(b) firstprivate(c)
   {
       #pragma omp critical
            a++; // -> shared
           b++;
       #pragma omp barrier
       if (omp_get_thread_num()==0){
            printf("a: %d\n", a);
            printf("b: %d\n", b);
           printf("c: %d\n", c);
   printf("a: %d\n", a);
   printf("b: %d\n", b);
   printf("c: %d\n", c);
   return 0;
```



```
int main (){
   int a =1, b =2, c =3;
   #pragma omp parallel num_threads(4) private(b) firstprivate(c)
   {
       #pragma omp critical
           a++; // -> shared
           b++; // -> private
           c++;
       #pragma omp barrier
       if (omp_get_thread_num()==0){
            printf("a: %d\n", a);
           printf("b: %d\n", b);
           printf("c: %d\n", c);
   printf("a: %d\n", a);
   printf("b: %d\n", b);
   printf("c: %d\n", c);
   return 0;
```



```
int main (){
   int a =1, b =2, c =3;
   #pragma omp parallel num_threads(4) private(b) firstprivate(c)
   {
       #pragma omp critical
           a++; // -> shared
           b++; // -> private
           c++; // -> firstprivate
       #pragma omp barrier
       if (omp_get_thread_num()==0){
            printf("a: %d\n", a);
           printf("b: %d\n", b);
           printf("c: %d\n", c);
   printf("a: %d\n", a);
   printf("b: %d\n", b);
   printf("c: %d\n", c);
   return 0;
```



```
./example
int main (){
   int a =1, b =2, c =3;
   #pragma omp parallel num_threads(4) private(b) firstprivate(c)
   {
                                                                                 a: 5
       #pragma omp critical
            a++; // -> shared
           b++; // -> private
           c++; // -> firstprivate
       #pragma omp barrier
       if (omp_get_thread_num()==0){
            printf("a: %d\n", a);
            printf("b: %d\n", b);
            printf("c: %d\n", c);
   printf("a: %d\n", a);
   printf("b: %d\n", b);
   printf("c: %d\n", c);
   return 0;
```



./example

a: 5

b: ?

```
int main (){
   int a =1, b =2, c =3;
   #pragma omp parallel num_threads(4) private(b) firstprivate(c)
   {
       #pragma omp critical
           a++; // -> shared
           b++; // -> private
           c++; // -> firstprivate
       #pragma omp barrier
       if (omp_get_thread_num()==0){
            printf("a: %d\n", a);
           printf("b: %d\n", b);
           printf("c: %d\n", c);
   printf("a: %d\n", a);
   printf("b: %d\n", b);
   printf("c: %d\n", c);
   return 0;
```



```
./example
int main (){
   int a =1, b =2, c =3;
   #pragma omp parallel num_threads(4) private(b) firstprivate(c)
   {
                                                                                  a: 5
       #pragma omp critical
                                                                                  b: ?
                                                                                  c: 4
            a++; // -> shared
           b++; // -> private
           c++; // -> firstprivate
       #pragma omp barrier
       if (omp_get_thread_num()==0){
            printf("a: %d\n", a);
            printf("b: %d\n", b);
            printf("c: %d\n", c);
   printf("a: %d\n", a);
   printf("b: %d\n", b);
   printf("c: %d\n", c);
   return 0;
```



```
./example
int main (){
   int a =1, b =2, c =3;
   #pragma omp parallel num_threads(4) private(b) firstprivate(c)
   {
                                                                                  a: 5
       #pragma omp critical
                                                                                  b: ?
                                                                                  c: 4
            a++; // -> shared
                                                                                  a: 5
           b++; // -> private
           c++; // -> firstprivate
       #pragma omp barrier
       if (omp_get_thread_num()==0){
            printf("a: %d\n", a);
            printf("b: %d\n", b);
            printf("c: %d\n", c);
   printf("a: %d\n", a);
   printf("b: %d\n", b);
   printf("c: %d\n", c);
   return 0;
```



```
./example
int main (){
    int a =1, b =2, c =3;
    #pragma omp parallel num_threads(4) private(b) firstprivate(c)
    {
                                                                                  a: 5
        #pragma omp critical
                                                                                  b: ?
                                                                                  c: 4
            a++; // -> shared
                                                                                  a: 5
            b++; // -> private
                                                                                  b: 2
            c++; // -> firstprivate
        #pragma omp barrier
        if (omp_get_thread_num()==0){
            printf("a: %d\n", a);
            printf("b: %d\n", b);
            printf("c: %d\n", c);
    printf("a: %d\n", a);
    printf("b: %d\n", b);
    printf("c: %d\n", c);
    return 0;
```



```
./example
int main (){
    int a =1, b =2, c =3;
    #pragma omp parallel num_threads(4) private(b) firstprivate(c)
    {
                                                                                  a: 5
        #pragma omp critical
                                                                                  b: ?
                                                                                  c: 4
            a++; // -> shared
                                                                                  a: 5
            b++; // -> private
            c++; // -> firstprivate
                                                                                  b: 2
                                                                                  c: 3
        #pragma omp barrier
        if (omp_get_thread_num()==0){
            printf("a: %d\n", a);
            printf("b: %d\n", b);
            printf("c: %d\n", c);
    printf("a: %d\n", a);
    printf("b: %d\n", b);
    printf("c: %d\n", c);
    return 0;
```



```
int a=1;
void parallel_function()
    int b=2, c=3;
    #pragma omp parallel shared(b)
    #pragma omp parallel private(b)
        int d=4;
        #pragma omp task
            int e=5;
            a
```



```
int a=1;
void parallel_function()
    int b=2, c=3;
    #pragma omp parallel shared(b)
    #pragma omp parallel private(b)
        int d=4;
        #pragma omp task
            int e=5;
            a // shared
```



```
int a=1;
void parallel_function()
   int b=2, c=3;
   #pragma omp parallel shared(b)
   #pragma omp parallel private(b)
       int d=4;
       #pragma omp task
           int e=5;
           a // shared -> a=1
           b
```



```
int a=1;
void parallel_function()
   int b=2, c=3;
   #pragma omp parallel shared(b)
   #pragma omp parallel private(b)
       int d=4;
       #pragma omp task
           int e=5;
           a // shared
                           -> a=1
              // firstprivate
```





```
int a=1;
void parallel_function()
   int b=2, c=3;
   #pragma omp parallel shared(b)
   #pragma omp parallel private(b)
       int d=4;
       #pragma omp task
           int e=5;
           a // shared
                           -> a=1
              // firstprivate
                                -> b=?
           С
```



```
int a=1;
void parallel_function()
   int b=2, c=3;
   #pragma omp parallel shared(b)
   #pragma omp parallel private(b)
       int d=4;
       #pragma omp task
           int e=5;
           a // shared
                           -> a=1
              // firstprivate
                                -> b=?
             // shared
```



```
int a=1;
void parallel_function()
   int b=2, c=3;
   #pragma omp parallel shared(b)
   #pragma omp parallel private(b)
       int d=4;
       #pragma omp task
           int e=5;
           a // shared
                           -> a=1
              // firstprivate -> b=?
             // shared
                               -> c=3
           С
           d
```



```
int a=1;
void parallel_function()
   int b=2, c=3;
   #pragma omp parallel shared(b)
   #pragma omp parallel private(b)
       int d=4;
       #pragma omp task
           int e=5;
           a // shared
                            -> a=1
              // firstprivate
                                -> b=?
             // shared
                                -> c=3
              // firstprivate
```



# Quiz; Task data scoping

```
int a=1;
void parallel_function()
   int b=2, c=3;
   #pragma omp parallel shared(b)
   #pragma omp parallel private(b)
       int d=4;
       #pragma omp task
           int e=5;
           a // shared
                           -> a=1
              // firstprivate -> b=?
             // shared
                        -> c=3
              // firstprivate
                               -> d=4
           е
```



# Quiz; Task data scoping

```
int a=1;
void parallel_function()
   int b=2, c=3;
   #pragma omp parallel shared(b)
   #pragma omp parallel private(b)
       int d=4;
       #pragma omp task
           int e=5;
           a // shared
                           -> a=1
             // firstprivate -> b=?
             // shared -> c=3
              // firstprivate
                               -> d=4
             // private
```



# Quiz; Task data scoping

```
int a=1;
void parallel_function()
   int b=2, c=3;
   #pragma omp parallel shared(b)
   #pragma omp parallel private(b)
       int d=4;
       #pragma omp task
           int e=5;
           a // shared
                            -> a=1
              // firstprivate
                                -> b=?
             // shared -> c=3
              // firstprivate
                                \rightarrow d=4
             // private
                                -> e=5
```



# Quiz; Coarse-grained parallelization

```
1 #define N 10000
2 #define ITER 100
3 double A[N + 2][N + 2];
5 int main(int argc, char **argv)
      for (int i = 0; i < N + 2; i++) // Initialization
          for (int j = 0; j < N + 2; j++)
              A[i][i] = 0.0;
      for (int i = 0; i < N + 2; i++){ // Boundary conditions
          A[i][0] = 1.0; A[i][N + 2] = 1.0;
13
      for (int n = 0; n < 100; n++){ // Main iteration loop
17
          for (int i = 1; i < N + 1; i++)
              for (int j = 1; j < N + 1; j++)
                  A[i][j] = (A[i+1][j+1] + A[i-1][j-1] + A[i+1][j-1] + A[i-1][j+1])/4;
      return 0;
23 }
```



# Quiz; Coarse-grained parallelization

```
1 #define N 10000
2 #define ITER 100
3 double A[N + 2][N + 2];
5 int main(int argc, char **argv)
      for (int i = 0; i < N + 2; i++) // Initialization
          for (int j = 0; j < N + 2; j++)
              A[i][i] = 0.0;
      for (int i = 0; i < N + 2; i++){ // Boundary conditions
          A[i][0] = 1.0; A[i][N + 2] = 1.0;
13
      for (int n = 0; n < 100; n++){ // Main iteration loop
          #pragma omp parallel for
                                // Coarse-grained parallelization
17
          for (int i = 1; i < N + 1; i++)
              for (int j = 1; j < N + 1; j++)
                  A[i][j] = (A[i+1][j+1] + A[i-1][j-1] + A[i+1][j-1] + A[i-1][j+1])/4;
      return 0;
23
```



# Quiz; Coarse-grained parallelization

23

```
1 #define N 10000
2 #define ITER 100
3 double A[N + 2][N + 2];
5 int main(int argc, char **argv)
                            // First touch
      #pragma omp parallel for
      for (int i = 0; i < N + 2; i++) // Initialization
          for (int j = 0; j < N + 2; j++)
              A[i][i] = 0.0;
      for (int i = 0; i < N + 2; i++){ // Boundary conditions
          A[i][0] = 1.0; A[i][N + 2] = 1.0;
13
      for (int n = 0; n < 100; n++){ // Main iteration loop
          #pragma omp parallel for
                               // Coarse-grained parallelization
17
          for (int i = 1; i < N + 1; i++)
              for (int j = 1; j < N + 1; j++)
                 A[i][j] = (A[i+1][j+1] + A[i-1][j-1] + A[i+1][j-1] + A[i-1][j+1])/4;
      return 0;
```



# ТИП

# Quiz; Coarse-grained parallelization

#define N 10000

return 0;

23

```
#define ITER 100
  double A[N + 2][N + 2];
  int main(int argc, char **argv)
                                            // First touch
      #pragma omp parallel for
      for (int i = 0; i < N + 2; i++)
                                           // Initialization
                                                                   (i.e., dual-socket) Intel Xeon processor.
          for (int j = 0; j < N + 2; j++)
              A[i][i] = 0.0;
      for (int i = 0; i < N + 2; i++){ // Boundary conditions
12
          A[i][0] = 1.0; A[i][N + 2] = 1.0;
13
      for (int n = 0; n < 100; n++){ // Main iteration loop
          #pragma omp parallel for
                                  // Coarse-grained parallelization
17
          for (int i = 1; i < N + 1; i++)
               for (int j = 1; j < N + 1; j++)
                   A[i][j] = (A[i+1][j+1] + A[i-1][j-1] + A[i+1][j-1] + A[i-1][j+1])/4;
```

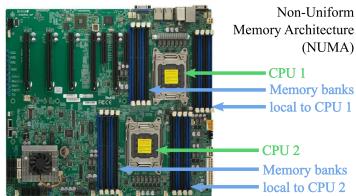


Figure: Example of a NUMA architecture: server board of our SXP8600 workstation based on a two-way (i.e., dual-socket) Intel Xeon processor.

From: Vladimirov, A., Asai, R., & Karpusenko, V. (2019). Parallel programming and optimization with Intel Xeon Phi coprocessors: Handbook on the development and optimization of parallel applications for Intel Xeon processors and Intel Xeon Phi coprocessors. Retrieved June 4, 2019, from https://colfaxresearch.com/secondedition-of-parallel-programming-and-optimization-with-intel-xeon-phi-coprocessors/



### Typical patterns that come up in parallel programming

- Loop parallelization (Worksharing)
  - Parallelize the for loops that are time consuming in the code
  - Make sure the loops are parallelizable (dependency analysis)
  - Put the pragmas and take care of the data attributes

#### • Example:



# Typical patterns that come up in parallel programming (Cont.)

- Divide and conquer and unstructured parallelism (Tasking)
  - Split the problem into subproblems
  - Solve the subproblems in parallel
  - Fits the Tasking in OpenMP (v3 and later)

#### • Example:

5

10

12

13

15

```
struct node
                                                           // main
                                                           #pragma omp parallel
    struct node* left;
    struct node* right;
};
                                                               #pragma omp single
                                                               traverse(root);
void traverse( struct node*p ) {
    if(p->left)
        #pragma omp task
        traverse(p->left);
    if(p->right)
        #pragma omp task
        traverse(p->right);
    process(p);
```



#### Assignment 5 - Laplace 2D



### Assignment 5 - Laplace 2D

- 2d Laplace equation with fixed boundaries
- Problem domain is unit square with uniform mesh
- Finite differences are used for the discretization
- We use Jacobi iterative method to solve the equation
- Look into the code and find the bottlenecks
- Use OpenMP to parallelize the solver
- You need to get a speedup of 16 on our server with 32 logical cores
- The server has 2 NUMA nodes each with 8 cores
- Pay attention to data locality on the cores



#### Assignment 5 - Laplace 2D - Provided Files

- Makefile
  - contains rules to build executables
  - available targets: parallel, sequential, unit\_test, all (default), clean
  - 'mode=debug make [target]' to build debug version, use 'make clean' before
- main.c
  - main function argument handling + call initialization of arrays and main iteration loop
- laplace.h
  - Header and definitions for the arrays
- laplace\_seq.h
  - Sequential version of time step().
- student/laplace\_par.h
  - Implement the parallel version in this file
- unit\_test.c
  - The unit tests that execute both the serial and parallel version to compare results.