

Parallel Programming Tutorial - Profiling tools

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MPI - Non-blocking collectives



Example; blocking collective

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
    int rank, size;
    MPI Init(&argc, &argv);
    MPI Comm rank (MPI COMM WORLD, &rank);
    MPI Comm size (MPI COMM WORLD, &size);
    double a[SIZE],b[SIZE],c[SIZE];
    srand(time(NULL));
    double sum a=0, sum b=0, sum c=0;
    double avg a=0, avg b=0, avg c=0;
    double min_a=RANGE, min_b=RANGE, min_c=RANGE;
    double max a=-1, max b=-1, max c=-1;
    for (int i = 0; i < SIZE; ++i) { // init</pre>
      a[i]=rand()%RANGE; b[i]=rand()%RANGE;
      c[i]=rand()%RANGE;
    for (int i = 0; i < SIZE; ++i) {</pre>
      sum a+=a[i]; // partial sums over array "a"
    avg_a = sum_a / SIZE;
    MPI Allreduce(&avg a, &avg a, 1, MPI DOUBLE, MPI SUM, MPI COMM WORLD);
    avg_a/=size; // aggregate the average over all processes
```



Example; blocking collective (Cont.)

```
for (int i = 0; i < SIZE; ++i) {</pre>
  b[i]*=avg a;
for (int i = 0; i < SIZE; ++i) {</pre>
  min_b=MIN(min_b, b[i]);
  max_b=MAX(max_b, b[i]);
MPI_Allreduce(&min_b, &min_b, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, MPI_MIN, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
MPI Allreduce (&max b, &max b, 1, MPI DOUBLE, MPI MAX, MPI COMM WORLD);
for (int i = 0; i < SIZE; ++i) {</pre>
    c[i]+=avg a;
    c[i] += max_b/2.0;
    c[i] += min b/2.0;
    sum c+=c[i];
avg_c = sum_c / SIZE;
MPI_Allreduce(&avg_c, &avg_c, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, MPI_SUM, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
avg c/=size;
MPI_Finalize();
return 0;
```





Example; non-blocking collective

. . .

```
. . .
 for (int i = 0; i < SIZE; ++i) {</pre>
     min b=MIN(min b, b[i]);
     max b=MAX(max b, b[i]);
 }
 MPI_Request req_min, req_max;
 double temp min = min b, temp max = max b;
 MPI Iallreduce (& temp min, & min b, 1, MPI DOUBLE, MPI MIN, MPI COMM WORLD, & req min);
 MPI_Iallreduce(&temp_max, &max_b, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, MPI_MAX, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &req_max);
 for (int i = 0; i < SIZE; ++i) c[i]+=avg_a;</pre>
 MPI Wait(&reg max, MPI STATUS IGNORE);
 for (int i = 0; i < SIZE; ++i) c[i] += max b/2.0;
 MPI Wait(&req min, MPI STATUS IGNORE);
 for (int i = 0; i < SIZE; ++i) c[i]+=min b/2.0;
 for (int i = 0; i < SIZE; ++i) sum c+=c[i];</pre>
```



mpiP; a lightweight MPI Profiling tool



mpiP; a lightweight MPI Profiling tool

- Open source; https://github.com/LLNL/mpiP
- Portable
- easy-to-use; single output file

Usage:

- Option1: add libmpip.a/.so to the link line
- Option2: set LD_PRELOAD to mpiP
- compile with -g for better accuracy

```
mpiP:
mpiP: mpiP: mpiP V3.4.2 (Build Jul 16 2019/16:35:20)
mpiP: Direct questions and errors to mpip-help@googlegroups.com
mpiP:
Time: 0.008275 seconds
Found 874 occurence(s) of string 'you'
mpiP:
mpiP: Storing mpiP output in [./search_par.2.87447.1.mpiP].
mpiP:
```



Profiling first MPI homework

```
step 1: install mpiP:
    >> git clone https://github.com/LLNL/mpiP.git
    >> cd mpiP
    >> ./configure
    >> make all
step 2: open up the Makefile and apply the following changes:
    change line# 4 to -> LDFLAGS = --lm -lrt -I ($CURDIR)$ -L<path to libmpiP.so> -lmpiP -ldl -lm -lunwind
    change line# 14 to -> CFLAGS += -g
step 3: compile your code
    >> make
step 4: run
    >> mpirun -np 3 ./student/search_par treasure_island.txt <string to search in file>
```



Output - Metadata

```
@ mpiP
@ Command : ./student/search_par treasure_island.txt you
                       : 3.4.2
@ Version
@ MPIP Build date
                       : Jul 16 2019, 19:44:26
@ Start time
                      : 2019 07 16 19:46:41
@ Stop time
                    : 2019 07 16 19:46:41
@ Timer Used
                       : PMPI Wtime
@ MPIP env var
                       : [null]
                   : 0
@ Collector Rank
              : 21242
@ Collector PID
@ Final Output Dir
@ Report generation
                       : Single collector task
@ MPI Task Assignment
                       : 0 i10se1
@ MPI Task Assignment
                       : 1 i10se1
@ MPI Task Assignment
                       : 2 i10se1
```



Output - Overview

```
Q--- MPI Time (seconds) ------
              MPITime
                       MPI%
Task
      AppTime
      0.00899
             0.000998
                       11.11
  0
      0.00869
             0.00573
                       65.88
      0.00879
             0.00597
                       67.85
      0.0265
             0.0127
                       47.94
```



Output - Callsites

@--- Callsites: 10 ------ID Lev File/Address Line Parent_Funct MPI_Call 0 search_par.c 73 search text Recv 0 main.c 118 main Bcast 0 search_par.c 47 search_text Send 0 main.c 117 main Bcast 0 main.c 119 main Bcast 0 main.c 126 main Bcast 0 search_par.c 66 search_text Send 0 main.c 127 main Bcast 0 main.c 125 main Bcast 10 0 search_par.c 52 search_text Recv



Output - per Function Timing and Message Size

@ Aggregate	Time	(top two	enty, desc	ending,	milliseconds)	
Call		Site	Time	App%	MPI%	Count	COV
Bcast		9	11	41.49	86.55	2	0.00
Recv		10	0.648	2.45	5.10	2	0.48
Bcast		2	0.495	1.87	3.90	1	0.00
Send		3	0.459	1.73	3.62	2	0.00
@ Aggregate	Sent	Message	Size (top	twenty,	descending,	bytes)	
Call		Site	Count	Tot	al Avr	g Sent%	
Send		3	2	4.05e+	05 2.02e+0	5 99.96	
Bcast		9	2		80 4	0.02	
Bcast		2	1		40 4	0.01	



Output - Callsite Time statistics

@ Callsite	Time sta	 tistic 	s (all,	millised	onds): 15			
Name	Site	Rank	Count	Max	Mean	Min	App%	MPI%
Bcast	2	0	1	0.495	0.495	0.495	5.51	49.62
Bcast	2	*	1	0.495	0.495	0.495	1.87	3.90
Bcast	4	0	1	0.00436	0.00436	0.00436	0.05	0.44
Bcast	4	*	1	0.00436	0.00436	0.00436	0.02	0.03
• • • • • • •								
Send	7	1	1	0.0122	0.0122	0.0122	0.14	0.21
Send	7	2	1	0.0179	0.0179	0.0179	0.20	0.30
Send	7	*	2	0.0179	0.0151	0.0122	0.11	0.24



Output - Callsite Message statistics

Name	Site	Rank	Count	Max	Mean	Min	Sum
Bcast	2	0	1	40	40	40	40
Bcast	2	*	1	40	40	40	40
Bcast	4	0	1	4	4	4	4
Bcast	4	*	1	4	4	4	4
Send	3	0	2	2.023e+05	2.023e+05	2.023e+05	4.046e+05
Send	3	*	2	2.023e+05	2.023e+05	2.023e+05	4.046e+05
Send	7	1	1	4	4	4	4
Send	7	2	1	4	4	4	4
Send	7	*	2	4	4	4	8



mpiP options

- You can change the parameters get better results.
 - More details
 - Reduce the size of output and also overheads
 - Change the stack trace length
 - Output paths
- You can use environment variables for changing the parameters
 - MPIP = "-c -o -k 4" (stack trace 4, include callsites)
- You can also limit the scope of profiling in the code,
 - MPI_Pcontrol(x)



Assignment 10



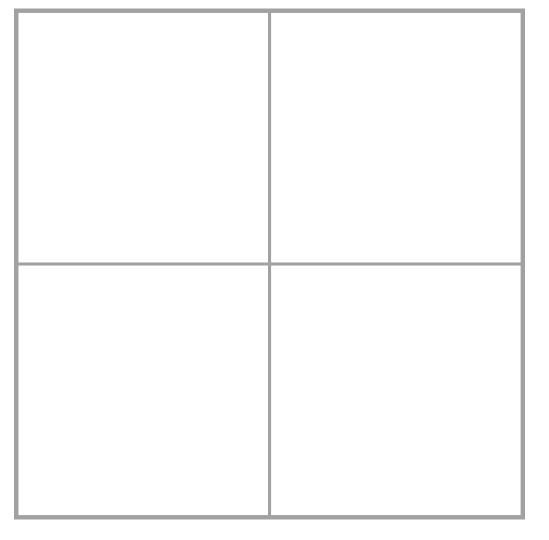
Assignment 10

Demo...

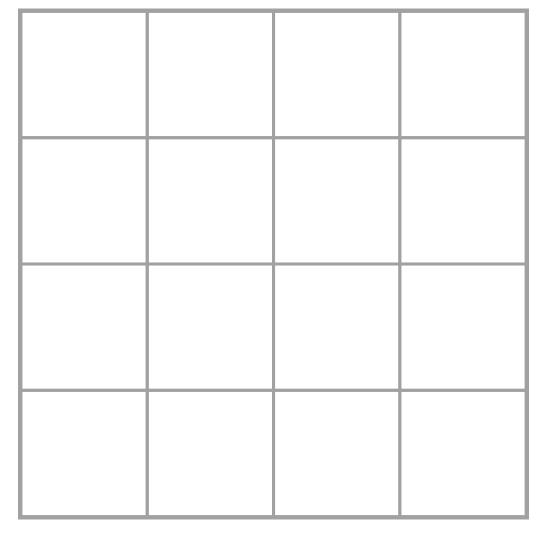


Assignment 10

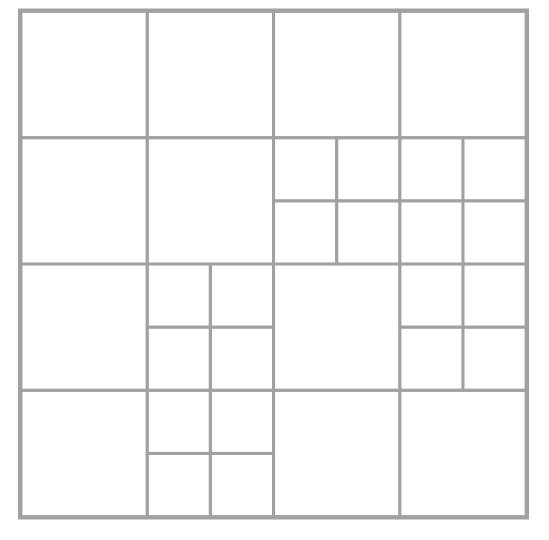
- You have to parallelise an *n*-body simulation using MPI
- Hierarchical (non-adaptive) domain decomposition (quadtree)
- Speedup \geq 12 using 31 processes
- Deadline is 24th July 08:00 !



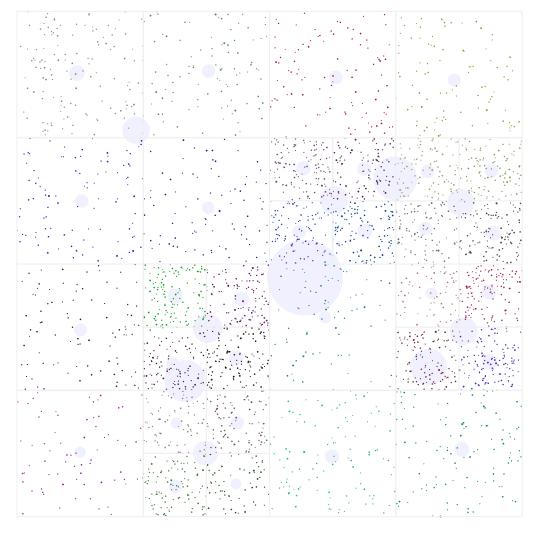




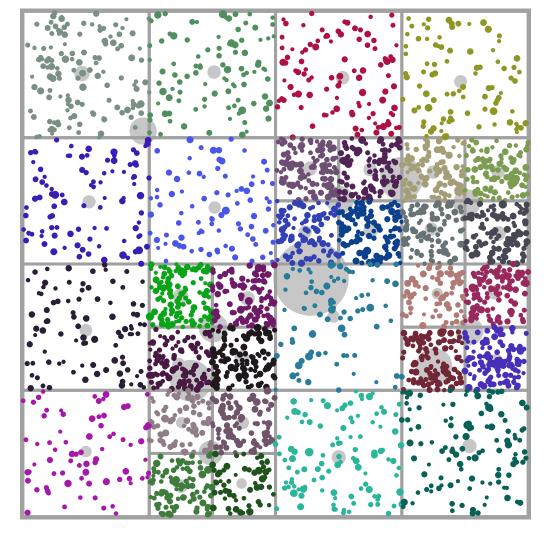




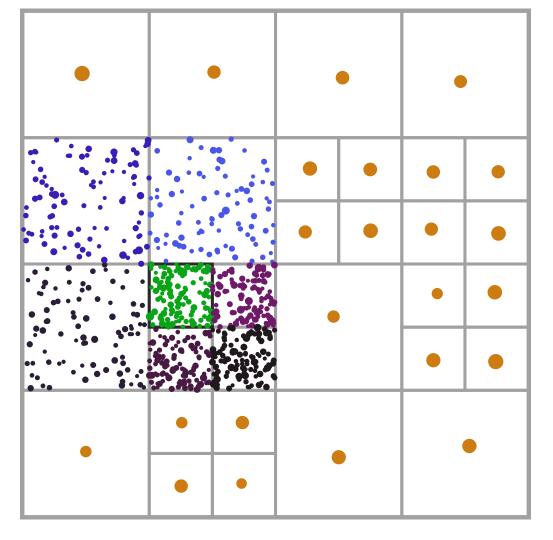
















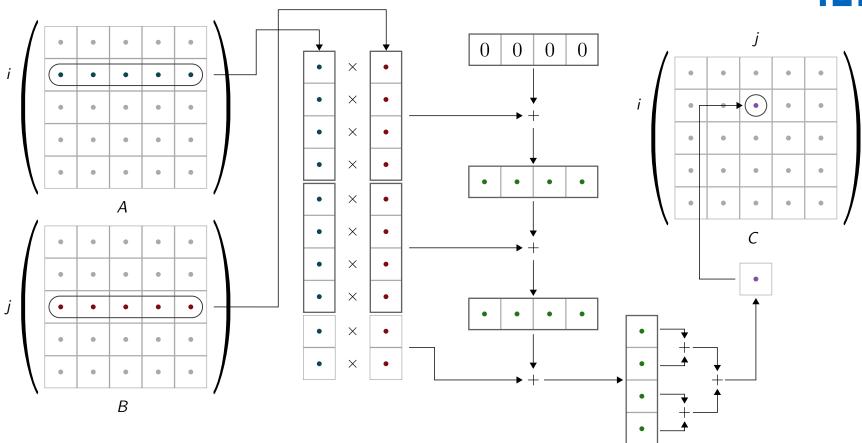
Hints

- Read the README
- You can inspect the generated SVG files to debug
 - Instead of using printf you can also call the drawing routines yourself on an intermediate state
- There is a gui as well, but it only shows rank 0
- The code uses timestamps to verify that the processed data is current
 - You may need to updated them manually for data transmitted between processes
- No need to distribute initial data, but you do need to collect it at the end
- There are precisely 31 leaves, with ids 0 to 30
- Also remember the Q&A sessions, Fr 08-10, 01.06.020



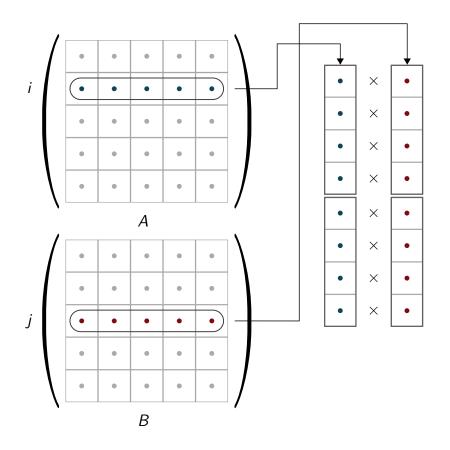
Solution for Assignment 7





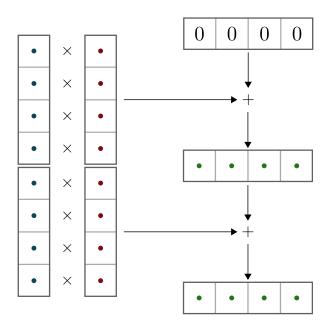












```
void dgemm(float* a, float* b, float* c, int n) {
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
        __m256 temp = _mm256_set1_ps(0.f);
        for (int k = 0; k + 8 <= n; k += 8) {
        __m256 a_i = _mm256_loadu_ps(a+i*n+k);
        __m256 b_j = _mm256_loadu_ps(b+j*n+k);
        __m256 t0 = _mm256_mul_ps(a_i, b_j);
        temp = _mm256_add_ps(temp, t0);
    }
}</pre>
```



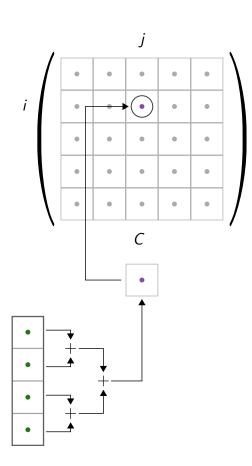


```
0
                                                     0
\times
X
X
X
\times
\times
X
\times
X
\times
```

```
void dgemm(float* a, float* b, float* c, int n) {
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
    // 11...1 n%8 times, then 00...0 8-n%8 times
    __m256i mask = _mm256_setr_epi32(
      -(0 < n\%8), -(1 < n\%8), -(2 < n\%8), -(3 < n\%8),
      -(4 < n\%8), -(5 < n\%8), -(6 < n\%8), -(7 < n\%8)
    );
    for (int j = 0; j < n; j++){
      _{m256 \text{ temp}} = _{mm256 \text{ set1}} ps(0.f);
      int k = 0;
      for (; k + 8 <= n; k += 8) { ... }
      _{m256 a_i} = _{mm256_maskload_ps(a+i*n+k, mask)};
      _{m256} b_j = _{mm256} maskload_ps(b+j*n+k, mask);
      _{m256} t0 = _{mm256} ul_{ps(a_i, b_j)};
      temp = _mm256_add_ps(temp, t0);
```



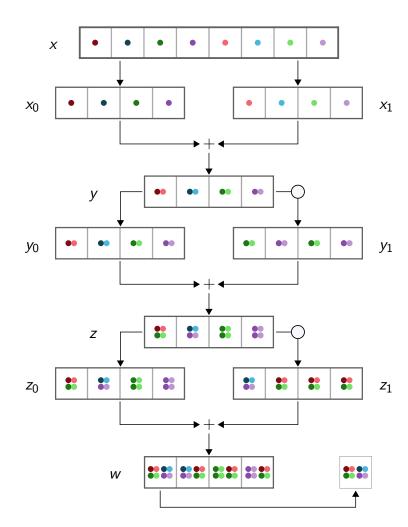




```
void dgemm(float* a, float* b, float* c, int n) {
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    ...
    for (int j = 0; j < n; j++){
        __m256 temp = ...;

        c[i*n+j] = sum8(temp);
    }
}</pre>
```







```
float sum8(__m256 x) {
    __m128 x0 = _mm256_castps256_ps128(x);
    __m128 x1 = _mm256_extractf128_ps(x, 1);
    __m128 y = _mm_add_ps(x0, x1);
    __m128 y0 = y;
    __m128 y1 = _mm_movehl_ps(y, y);
    __m128 z = _mm_add_ps(y0, y1);
    __m128 z0 = z;
    __m128 z1 = _mm_shuffle_ps(z, z, 0x1);
    __m128 w = _mm_add_ss(z0, z1);
    return _mm_cvtss_f32(w);
}
```



```
void dgemm(float* a, float* b, float* c, int n) {
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                // 11...1 n%8 times, then 00...0 8-n%8 times
                m256i mask = mm256 setr epi32(
                        -(0 < n\%8), -(1 < n\%8), -(2 < n\%8), -(3 < n\%8),
                       -(4 < n\%8), -(5 < n\%8), -(6 < n\%8), -(7 < n\%8)
                );
                for (int j = 0; j < n; j++){
                        _{m256 \text{ temp}} = _{mm256 \text{ set1}} ps(0.f);
                       int k = 0:
                       for (; k + 8 <= n; k += 8) {
                               _{m256} = _{mm256} =
                               m256 b j = mm256 loadu ps(b+j*n+k);
                               _{m256} t0 = _{mm256} ul_{ps(a_i, b_j)};
                               temp = _mm256_add_ps(temp, t0);
                       // Process remainder
                        m256 \text{ a i} = mm256 \text{ maskload ps(a+i*n+k, mask)};
                        _{m256} b_j = _{mm256} maskload_ps(b+j*n+k, mask);
                        _{m256} t0 = _{mm256} ul_{ps(a_i, b_j)};
                        temp = mm256 \text{ add ps(temp, t0)};
                       c[i * n + j] = sum8(temp);
} } }
```

```
// Compute the sum of the 8 components of the vector
float sum8( m256 x) {
  _{m128 x0} = _{mm256_castps256_ps128(x)};
  m128 x1 = mm256 extractf128 ps(x, 1);
  _{m128} y = _{mm_add_ps(x0, x1)};
  _{m128} y0 = y;
  m128 y1 = mm movehl ps(y, y);
  _{m128} z = _{mm_add_ps(y0, y1)};
  _{m128} z0 = z;
  _{m128} z1 = _{mm}shuffle_ps(z, z, 0x1);
  _{m128} w = _{mm_add_ss(z0, z1)};
  return mm cvtss f32(w);
```



Notes

- A more straightforward remainder loop and horizontal sum (sum8) are both possible
 - Only executed once per loop, not a bottleneck
- Summing up all 8 elements in each iteration is slower, but accepted with an efficient horizontal sum implementation



Solution for Assignment 8

```
/* Distribute Data */
void search text (char* text, int num lines, int line length, char* search string, int *occurences)
  int rank, num_procs;
  MPI Comm rank (MPI COMM WORLD, &rank);
 MPI Comm size (MPI COMM WORLD, &num procs);
  int num local lines = num lines / num procs + ( rank < ( num lines % num procs));</pre>
  char *lines = NULL;
  if (rank != 0)
      lines = (char* )malloc ( sizeof(char ) * num_local_lines * line_length);
    }
  // total_lines contains the number of lines already sent
  int total lines = num lines / num procs + ( 0 < (num lines % num procs));</pre>
  if (rank == 0)
      lines = text;
      // distribute data to other processes
      for (int i = 1; i < num procs; i++)</pre>
          // distribute remainder evenly
        int proc_lines = num_lines / num_procs + ( i < (num_lines % num_procs));</pre>
          MPI_Send(text + line_length * total_lines , line_length * proc_lines, MPI_CHAR, i, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
          total_lines += proc_lines;
    }
  else
      MPI_Recv(lines, num_local_lines * line_length, MPI_CHAR, 0, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
                                                                                                             36
```

```
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```

```
/* Compute and Reduce */
  int running_count = 0;
 for (int i = 0; i < num_local_lines; i++)</pre>
      running_count += count_occurences( lines + i * line_length, search_string);
    }
  int sum = 0;
  // Reduction
  if (rank != 0)
     MPI_Send( &running_count, 1, MPI_INT, 0, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
  else
      for ( int i = 1; i < num_procs; i++)</pre>
          int temp;
          MPI_Recv(&temp, 1, MPI_INT, i, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE );
          sum += temp;
  if (rank == 0)
      // add root's own count
      *occurences = sum + running_count;
    else
        free(lines);
```



Solution for Assignment 9

```
/* Define arrays for Scatterv */
void simulate(int height, int width, int grid[height][width], int num_iterations)
  int rank, num procs;
 MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &rank);
  MPI Comm size (MPI COMM WORLD, &num procs);
  int real height = height - 2;
  // equally distribute rows; + 2 for halo rows
  int local_rows = real_height / num_procs + ( rank < (real_height % num_procs ) ) + 2;</pre>
  // define local grid buffers - includes halo rows
  int (*local_grid)[width] = malloc(sizeof(int[local_rows][width]));
  // prepare arrays for Scatterv
  int *sendcounts = malloc(sizeof(int) * num procs);
  int *displs = malloc(sizeof(int) * num_procs);
```

int num_rows = (height - 2) / num_procs + (i < ((height - 2) % num_procs));</pre>

int sum = 0;

for (int i = 0; i < num_procs; i++)</pre>

displs[i] = sum; sum += sendcounts[i];

sendcounts[i] = num_rows * width;



```
/* Distribute Data */
  //int MPI Scatterv(const void *sendbuf, const int *sendcounts, const int *displs,
  //
                      MPI_Datatype sendtype, void *recvbuf, int recvcount,
  //
                      MPI Datatype recvtype, int root, MPI Comm comm)
  MPI Scatterv( &(grid[1][0]), sendcounts, displs,
                MPI_INT, &(local_grid[1][0]), sendcounts[rank],
                MPI INT, O, MPI COMM WORLD);
  // define neighbouring ranks
  int top, bottom;
 top = rank - 1;
  bottom = rank + 1;
  if (rank == 0)
      top = num procs - 1;
  if (rank == num procs - 1)
      bottom = 0:
  // allocate space for top and bottom halo rows
  int *top halo = malloc(sizeof(int[width]));
  int *bottom_halo = malloc(sizeof(int[width]));
  // temporary data storage
  int (*temp)[width] = malloc(sizeof(int[local_rows][width]));
  // In each iteration
  // 1. make local rows periodic
  // 2. fix halo rows
  // 3. send recv data
  // 4. compute
```



```
/* Compute */
 for (int i = 0; i < num iterations; i++)</pre>
     // 1.
     make local rows periodic(local rows, width, local grid);
     // 2.
     prepare_halo_rows(local_rows, width, local_grid, top_halo, bottom_halo);
     //int MPI_Sendrecv(const void *sendbuf, int sendcount, MPI_Datatype sendtype,
     //
                         int dest, int sendtag,
     //
                         void *recvbuf, int recvcount, MPI Datatype recvtype,
      //
                         int source, int recvtag,
      11
                         MPI Comm comm, MPI Status *status)
     // 3. send to top process
     MPI_Sendrecv( top_halo, width, MPI_INT,
                    top, 0,
                    &(local_grid[local_rows-1][0]), width, MPI_INT,
                    bottom, 0,
                    MPI_COMM_WORLD, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
      // send to bottom process
      MPI Sendrecv (bottom halo, width, MPI INT,
                    bottom, 0,
                    &(local grid[0][0]), width, MPI INT,
                    top, 0,
                    MPI_COMM_WORLD, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
     // 4.
      evolve_inner(local_rows, width, local_grid, temp);
      if (global_show_gui) gui_draw(local_rows, width, local_grid[0]);
    }
```







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```

```
/*Convenience functions*/
void prepare_halo_rows(int height, int width,
int grid[height][width], int top[width],
int bottom[width])
  // copy inner part
 for( int j = 1; j < width - 1; j++)</pre>
      // first row
      top[j] = grid[1][j];
      // last row
      bottom[j] = grid[height-2][j];
  // handle edge values:
  // top
 top[0] = grid[1][width-2];
 top[width-1] = grid[1][1];
  //bottom
  bottom[0] = grid[height-2][width-2];
  bottom[width-1] = grid[height-2][1];
```

```
void make_local_rows_periodic(int height,
    ^^lint width, int grid[height][width])
{
    /*
        Make rows at each process periodic.
    */
    for (int i = 1; i < height - 1; i++)
        {
            // first column same as second last grid[i][0] = grid[i][width-2];
           // last column same as second grid[i][width-1] = grid[i][1];
      }
}</pre>
```