

CYBER SECURITY INTERNSHIP

Task 1: Scan Your Local Network for Open Ports

Objective: Learn to discover open ports on devices in your local network to understand network exposure.

Tools: Nmap, Wireshark.

Command used: `sudo nmap -sS -T4 --open 192.XXX.XXX.0/24`

```
(sagar@kali)-[~]
└─$ sudo nmap -sS -T4 --open 192.XXX.XXX.0/24
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-11-16 13:08 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.XXX.XXX.X
Host is up (0.00049s latency).
Not shown: 999 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT      STATE SERVICE
53/tcp    open  domain
MAC Address: 00:50:56:XX:XX:XX (VMware)

Nmap done: 256 IP addresses (4 hosts up) scanned in 12.03 seconds
(sagar@kali)-[~]
└─$
```

IP Address	Port	Service	State	MAC Vendor
192.XXX.XXX.X	53	domain	open	VMware

Summary:

- Port **53 (DNS)** is open.
- The device belongs to VMware virtual network infrastructure (MAC: 00:50:56:xx:xx:xx).
- This is likely the VMnet DHCP/DNS/NAT server used by VMware for virtual networking.

❖ Wireshark Packet Capture & Analysis

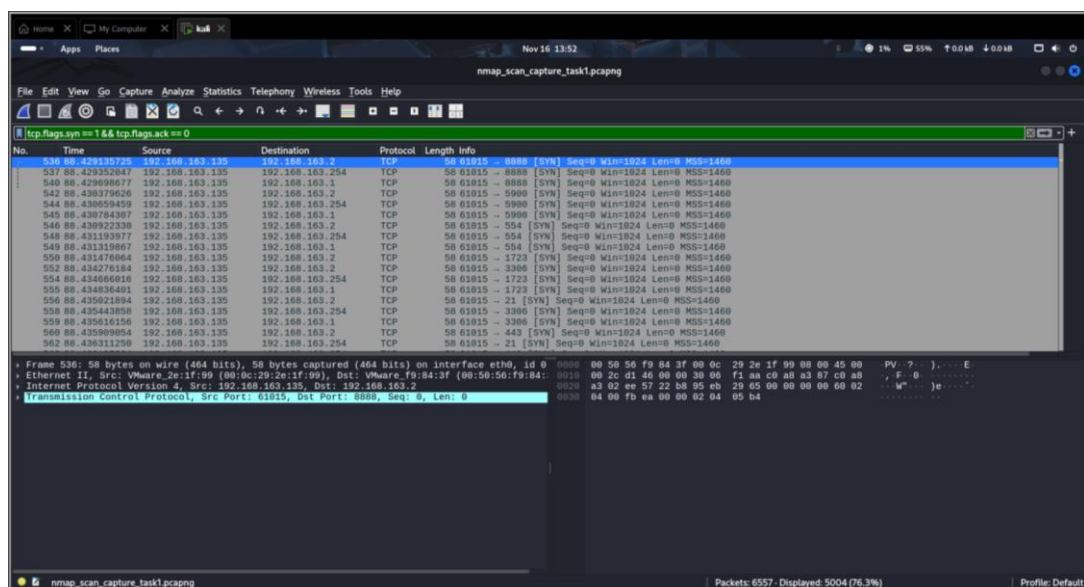
Capture Details:

- Interface used: eth0
- Capture filter: net 192.XXX.XXX.0/24
- Tool: Wireshark
- Purpose: To observe Nmap SYN scan traffic and verify open ports.

Observations:

1) SYN Scan Traffic:

Using the filter: `tcp.flags.syn == 1 && tcp.flags.ack == 0`



2) Open Port Response (Port 53):

Using the filter: `tcp.flags.syn == 1 && tcp.flags.ack == 1`

