

#### MALAD KANDIVALI EDUCATION SOCIETY'S

# NAGINDAS KHANDWALA COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, ARTS & MANAGEMENT STUDIES & SHANTABEN NAGINDAS KHANDWALA COLLEGE OF SCIENCE MALAD IWI MUMBAL 64

#### MALAD [W], MUMBAI – 64 AUTONOMOUS INSTITUTION

(Affiliated To University Of Mumbai)
Reaccredited 'A' Grade by NAAC | ISO 9001:2015 Certified

#### **CERTIFICATE**

Name: SAGAR MISHRA

Date of Examination:

Roll No: <u>374</u> Programme: BSc IT/CS Semester: III

This is certified to be a bonafide record of practical works done by the above student in the college laboratory for the course **Hybrid Application Development(classcode: 2037UCSMD)** for the partial fulfilment of Third Semester of BSc IT/CS during the academic year 2020-21.

The journal work is the original study work that has been duly approved in the year 2020-21 by the undersigned.

External Examiner	Mr. Gangashankar Singh (Subject-In-Charge)

(College Stamp)

Class: S.Y. B.Sc. IT Sem- III

## Subject: Hybrid Application Development INDEX

**Roll No: 374** 

Sr. No	Date	Topic	Sign
1	27/07/2020	AngularJS Data Binding	
2	7/08/2020	AngularJS Directives	
3	14/08/2020	AngularJS Controllers	
4	25/08/2020	AngularJS Events	
5	08/09/2020	Ionic Create and Build First Project	
6	12/09/2020	Ionic Adding Cordova Android Platform	
7	19/09/2020	Ionic Create, Generate and Add Pages	
8	29/09/2020	Ionic Use Tabs Starter Template	

## **Hybrid Application Development Practicals**

## **Practical 1: AngularJS Data Binding**

#### What is Data Binding in AngularJS?

Data-binding in AngularJS apps is the automatic synchronization of data between the model and view components. While you could push values to and pull values from HTML, the application is easier to write, read, and maintain if you turn these tasks over to a binding framework. You simply declare bindings between binding sources, target HTML elements, and let the framework do the rest.

#### Code:

#### **Output:**

-Without any text

#### This is a demonstration of Data Binding

Try typing in the text box

-With text

## This is a demonstration of Data Binding

sagar mishra

sagar mishra

Try typing in the text box

## **Practical 2: AngularJS Directives**

#### What are Directives in AngularJS?

AngularJS lets you extend HTML with new attributes called Directives.

AngularJS has a set of built-in directives which offers functionality to your applications. AngularJS also lets you define your own directives.

```
<html lang="en">
<title>AngularJS Directives</title>
<div ng-app='myApp' ng-init="names=[</pre>
{name: 'Hege', country: 'Sweden'},
{name: 'Kai', country: 'Denmark'}]">
   <h2>Some built-in directives are ng-app, ng-init, ng-repeat, ng-model, ng-bind</h2>

    {{ x.name + ', ' + x.country }}
   Quantity: <input type="number" ng-model="quantity">
   Costs:      <anput type="number" ng-model="price">
   <div ng-bind="quantity" style="display:inline;"></div>
   Cost per unit:
   Total : {{ quantity * price }}$
   <h2>In addition to all the built-in AngularJS directives, you can create your own directives.</h2>
      const app = angular.module("myApp", []);
      app.directive("customDirective", function() {
             template: "This was made by a custom directived
```

```
});
  </script>
</div>
</body>
</html>
```

-Values entered

Total: 50000\$

Some built-in directives are ng-app, ng-init, ng-repeat, ng-model, ng-bind

• Jani, Norway
• Hege, Sweden
• Kai, Denmark

Quantity: 5000

Costs: 10 \$\Displays \text{Quantity: 5000}

Cost per unit: 10

In addition to all the built-in AngularJS directives, you can create your own directives.

This was made by a custom directive

### **Practical 3: AngularJS Controllers**

#### What are Controllers in AngularJS?

AngularJS applications mainly rely on controllers to control the flow of data in the application. A controller is defined using ng-controller directive. A controller is a JavaScript object that contains attributes/properties, and functions. Each controller accepts \$scope as a parameter, which refers to the application/module that the controller needs to handle.

#### Code:

```
|DOCTYPE html
<!--suppress HtmlFormInputWithoutLabel -->
<html lang="en">
<title>AngularJS Controllers</title>
<!--suppress JSUnresolvedLibraryURL -->
<script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/angularjs/1.6.9/angular.min.js"></script>
<div ng-app="myApp" ng-controller="myCtrl">
    <h2>This is a demonstration of Controllers</h2>
   First Name: <input type="text" ng-model="firstName"><br>
   Last Name: <input type="text" ng-model="lastName"><br>
   <br>
   Full Name: {{fullName()}}<br>
    <div ng-controller="index">
        <input type="button" ng-click="function1()" ng-value="variable">
<script>
    const app = angular.module('myApp', []);
   app.controller('myCtrl', function($scope) {
        $scope.firstName = "Joe";
       $scope.lastName = "Biden";
       $scope.fullName = function() {
            return $scope.firstName + " " + $scope.lastName;
        };
    });
    app.controller("index", function ($scope) {
        $scope.variable = "Call Controller";
       $scope.function1 = function() {
            alert("Controller invoked");
    });
</script>
</html>
```

#### **Output:**

-On initializing

### This is a demonstration of Controllers

First Name: osama bin
Last Name: Laden

Full Name: osama bin Laden

Call Controller

-After pressing the button



## **Practical 4: AngularJS Events**

#### What are Events in AngularJS?

AngularJS includes certain directives which can be used to provide custom behavior on various DOM events, such as click, mouseover etc. An AngularJS event will not overwrite an HTML event, both events will be executed.

You can pass the \$event object as an argument when calling the function. The \$event object contains the browser's event object.

```
| Indicates the proof of the pr
```

```
<script>
    const app = angular.module('event', []);
    // noinspection JSValidateTypes
    app.controller('eventController1', function ($scope) {
        $scope.text = "Hover the cursor over this text";
        $scope.mouseover = function() {
            $scope.text = "Cursor is over the textarea";
        $scope.mouseleft = function() {
            $scope.text = "Cursor is not over the textarea";
        $scope.showNames = false;
        $scope.show = function() {
            $scope.showNames = !$scope.showNames;
        $scope.move = function(event object) {
            $scope.x = event_object.clientX;
            $scope.y = event_object.clientY;
    });
</script>
</html>
```

-After triggering all events

#### This is a demonstration of Events

10 Increment Number

#### Cursor is not over the textarea

Toggle Division

- · Jani, Norway
- · Hege, Sweden
- Kai, Denmark

#### Move cursor over this text area

Coordinates: 249,281

## **Practical 5: Ionic Create and Build First Project**

#### What is a hybrid app?

Like native apps, run on the device, and are written with web technologies (HTML5, CSS and JavaScript). Hybrid apps run inside a native container, and leverage the device's browser engine (but not the browser) to render the HTML and process the JavaScript locally. A web-to-native abstraction layer enables access to device capabilities that are not accessible in Mobile Web applications, such as the accelerometer, camera and local storage. How to create and web app in lonic:

#### **Requirements:**

1. Node.js with npm in path

#### Steps:

- 1. Open command prompt as administrator
- 2. Run
- 3. Create a folder for your ionic project by running
- 4. Navigate to the folder by running
- 5. To create an ionic app run
- 6. Then it will ask to choose a framework so choose
- 7. Navigate to the folder by running
- 8. Then to start running the ionic web page on the server type
- 9. To access the web page, go on h ttp://localhost:8100

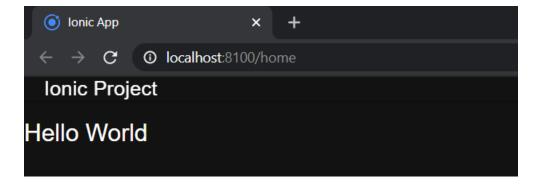
```
npm install -g ionic
md <folder_name>
cd <folder_name>
ionic start <app_name> blank
Angular JS
cd <app_name>
ionic serve
```

-Command Line (Step 8)

```
Monic serve

2 ng. and run appiserve --hostslocalhost --ports8188
(ng) dunk () a.is, 9.js.asp () 31.2 kB [rendered]
(ng) WARRING in C:\Users\sagar\hello world\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\scale\sca
```

-Browser (Step 9)



## Practical 6: Ionic Adding Cordova Android Platform

#### What is Cordova?

Apache Cordova is an open-source mobile development framework. It allows you to use standard web technologies - HTML5, CSS3, and JavaScript for cross-platform development. Applications execute within wrappers targeted to each platform, and rely on standards-compliant API bindings to access each device's capabilities such as sensors, data, network status, etc.

Cordova can be used an integration for Ionic to export Ionic web apps to Native mobile applications like an Android APK.

#### **Requirements:**

- 1. Java 8 in path and JAVA\_HOME set
- 2. Android SDK with ANDROID\_SDK\_ROOT set
- 3. Gradle in path

#### Steps:

- 1. Install cordova resources by running npm install -g cordova-res
- 2. To add support for the Android platform run
- 3. To build a debug Android APK run ionic cordova build android
- 4. Install in your device from

ionic cordova platform add android
app-debug.apk
{project root}\platforms\android\app\build\outputs\apk\debug

#### **Output:**

```
(Step
                                                                                                               2)
-Command
                                         Line
>ionic cordova build android
Generating ES5 bundles for differential loading...
ES5 bundle generation complete.
chunk {polyfills} polyfills-es2015.js, polyfills-es2015.js.map (polyfills) 268 kB [initial] [rendered]
chunk {polyfills-es5} polyfills-es5.js, polyfills-es5.js.map (polyfills-es5) 735 kB [initial] [rendered]
chunk {0} 0-es2015.js, 0-es2015.js.map () 31.2 kB [rendered]
chunk {0} 0-es5.js, 0-es5.js.map () 37.8 kB [rendered]
chunk {8} 8-es2015.js, 8-es2015.js.map () 11.4 kB [rendered]
chunk {8} 8-es5.js, 8-es5.js.map () 14.2 kB [rendered]
chunk {2} 2-es2015.js, 2-es2015.js.map () 67.1 kB [rendered]
chunk {2} 2-es5.js, 2-es5.js.map () 92.8 kB [rendered]
chunk {4} 4-es2015.js, 4-es2015.js.map () 16.3 kB [rendered]
chunk {4} 4-es5.js, 4-es5.js.map () 20.6 kB [rendered]
chunk {3} 3-es2015.js, 3-es2015.js.map () 6.16 kB [rendered]
chunk {3} 3-es5.js, 3-es5.js.map () 8.09 kB [rendered]
chunk {7} 7-es2015.js, 7-es2015.js.map () 16.6 kB [rendered]
chunk {7} 7-es5.js, 7-es5.js.map () 19.7 kB [rendered]
chunk {1} 1-es2015.js, 1-es2015.js.map () 47.7 kB [rendered]
chunk {1} 1-es5.js, 1-es5.js.map () 56.8 kB [rendered]
chunk {6} 6-es2015.js, 6-es2015.js.map () 33.4 kB [rendered]
chunk {6} 6-es5.js, 6-es5.js.map () 37.9 kB [rendered]
chunk {5} 5-es2015.js, 5-es2015.js.map () 3.72 kB [rendered]
chunk {5} 5-es5.js, 5-es5.js.map () 5.53 kB [rendered]
chunk {10} 10-es2015.js, 10-es2015.js.map () 16.3 kB [rendered]
chunk {10} 10-es5.js, 10-es5.js.map () 20.7 kB [rendered]
chunk {9} 9-es2015.js, 9-es2015.js.map () 9.69 kB [rendered]
chunk {9} 9-es5.js, 9-es5.js.map () 11.1 kB [rendered]
chunk {13} 13-es2015.js, 13-es2015.js.map () 3.66 kB [rendered]
chunk {13} 13-es5.js, 13-es5.js.map () 5.51 kB [rendered]
chunk {12} 12-es2015.js, 12-es2015.js.map () 27.3 kB [rendered]
```

```
WARNING in C:\Users\sagar\hello world\src\test.ts is part of the TypeScript compilation but it's unused.

Add only entry points to the 'files' or 'include' properties in your tsconfig.

WARNING in C:\Users\sagar\hello world\src\environments\environment.prod.ts is part of the TypeScript compilation but it's unused.

Add only entry points to the 'files' or 'include' properties in your tsconfig.

> cordova.cmd build android

Checking Java JDK and Android SDK versions

ANDROID_SKK_ROOT=undefined (recommended setting)

ANDROID_HOME=undefined (DEPRECATED)

Using Android SDK: C:\Users\sagar\AppData\Local\Android\sdk
Subproject Path: app

Starting a Gradle Daemon, 1 incompatible and 1 stopped Daemons could not be reused, use --status for details

Deprecated Gradle features were used in this build, making it incompatible with Gradle 7.0.

Use '--warning-mode all' to show the individual deprecation warnings.

See <a href="https://docs.gradle.org/6.5/userguide/command line interface.html#sec:command line warnings">https://docs.gradle.org/6.5/userguide/command line interface.html#sec:command line warnings

BUILD SUCCESSFUL in 13s

40 actionable tasks: 40 up-to-date

Built the following apk(s):

C:\Users\sagar\hello_world\platforms\android\app\build\outputs\apk\debug\app-debug.apk
```

Android App (After Step 4):

Ionic Project

Hello World

## **Practical 7: Ionic Create, Generate and Add Pages**

#### What are Ionic Pages?

An Ionic page is just an Angular component.

The lonic Page handles registering and displaying specific pages based on URLs. It's used underneath NavController so it will never have to be interacted with directly. When a new page is pushed with NavController, the URL is updated to match the path to this page.

Unlike traditional web apps, URLs don't dictate navigation in Ionic apps. Instead, URLs help us link to specific pieces of content as a breadcrumb. The current URL gets updated as we navigate, but we use the NavController push and pop, or NavPush and NavPop to move around. This makes it much easier to handle complicated nested navigation.

The or command uses the Angular CLI to generate features such as pages, components, directives, services, etc.

#### Steps:

- 1. Open command prompt as administrator
- 2. Create a folder for your ionic project by running md <folder name>
- 3. Navigate to the folder by running cd <folder name>
- 4. To create an ionic app run ionic start <app name> blank
- 5. Then it will ask to choose a framework so choose 'Angular JS'
- 6. Navigate to the folder by running cd <app name>
- 7. To generate and add a page run ionic g page <page name>
- 8. This will create a folder with all the components of your page in {project\_root}\src\app\{page\_name}
- 9. Then to start running the ionic web page on the server type ionic serve
- 10. To access the web page go on h ttp://localhost:8100/{page\_name}

```
<ion-header>
<ion-toolbar>
<ion-title>This is a Page</ion-title>
</ion-toolbar>
</ion-header>
</ion-content>
This was created using Ionic CLI

</ion-content>
```

-Command Line (Step 7)

```
>ionic g page page_test
> ng.cmd generate page page_test

CREATE src/app/page-test/page-test-routing.module.ts (356 bytes)

CREATE src/app/page-test/page-test.module.ts (488 bytes)

CREATE src/app/page-test/page-test.page.html (128 bytes)

CREATE src/app/page-test/page-test.page.spec.ts (662 bytes)

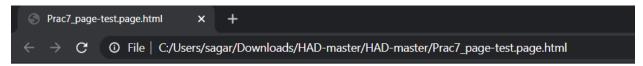
CREATE src/app/page-test/page-test.page.ts (267 bytes)

CREATE src/app/page-test/page-test.page.scss (0 bytes)

UPDATE src/app/app-routing.module.ts (622 bytes)

[OK] Generated page!
```

-Browser (Step 10)



This is a Page

This was created using Ionic CLI

## **Practical 8: Ionic Use Tabs Starter Template**

#### What are Ionic Starter Templates?

lonic Starter Templates are ready-to-go starter packs for your next lonic app. Between all project types, there are three templates available:

tabs: A tab-based layout

sidemenu: A sidemenu based layout

blank: An empty project with a single page We will be using 'tabs' in the practical

#### Steps:

- 1. Open command prompt as administrator
- 2. Create a folder for your ionic project by running
- 3. Navigate to the folder by running
- 4. To create an ionic app run
- 5. Then it will ask to choose a framework so choose
- 6. Navigate to the folder by running
- 7. Then to start running the ionic web page on the server type
- 8. To access the web page, go on h ttp://localhost:8100

md <folder\_name>
cd <folder\_name>
ionic start <app\_name> tabs
Angular JS
cd <app\_name>
ionic serve

```
clion-header [translucent]="true">
clion-toolbar>
clion-title>
    Tab 1
clion-toolbar>
clion-content [fullscreen]="true">
clion-header>
clion-header collapse="condense">
clion-header collapse="condense">
clion-toolbar>
clion-toolbar>
clion-title size="large">Tab 1</ion-title>
clion-toolbar>
clion-toolbar>
clion-toolbar>
clion-toolbar>
clion-toolbar>
clion-content
```

-Command Line (Step 4)

```
Pick a framework!

Please select the JavaScript framework to use for your new app. To bypass this prompt next time, supply a value for the --type option.

Framework: Angular

You are already in an Ionic project directory. Do you really want to start another project here? Yes

Preparing directory .\starters - done!

Downloading and extracting tabs starter - done!

Installing dependencies may take several minutes.
```

```
> npm.cmd i
npm World deprecated request§2.88.2: request has been deprecated, see <a href="https://github.com/request/request/issues/3142">https://github.com/request/request/issues/3142</a>
npm World deprecated chokidar§2.1.8: Chokidar 2 will break on node v14*. Upgrade to chokidar 3 with 15x less dependencies.
npm World deprecated har-validator§5.1.5: this library is no longer supported
npm World deprecated har-validator§5.1.5: faverets 1 will break on node v14* and could be using insecure binaries. Upgrade to fsevents 2.
npm World deprecated precated urises 1.0: Please see https://github.com/yell/initederecated
npm World deprecated resolve-url@0.2.1: <a href="https://github.com/yell/initederecated">https://github.com/yell/initederecated</a>
npm World deprecated resolve-url@0.2.1: <a href="https://github.com/yell/resolve-url@deprecated">https://github.com/yell/resolve-url@deprecated</a>
npm World deprecated resolve-url@0.2.1: <a href="https://github.com/yell/resolve-url@deprecated">https://github.com/yell/resolve-url@deprecated</a>
npm World deprecated feverated resolve-url@0.2.1: <a href="https://github.com/yell/resolve-url@deprecated">https://github.com/yell/resolve-url@deprecated</a>
npm World deprecated resolve-url@0.2.1: <a href="
```

