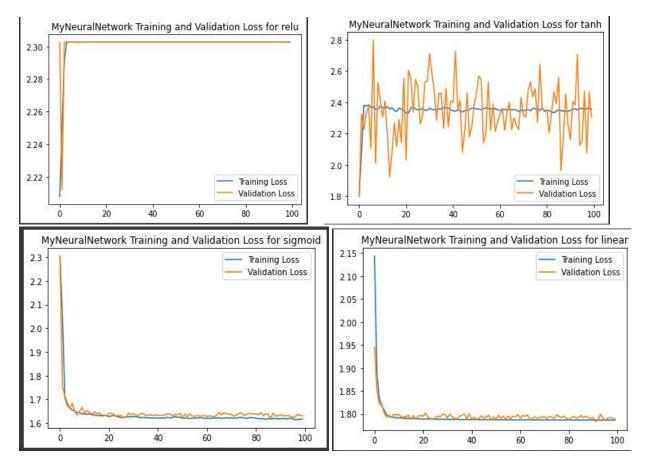
<u>Programming Question 1 – Backpropagation</u>

For part 1 to 4,

Refer to the code attached for function implementations.

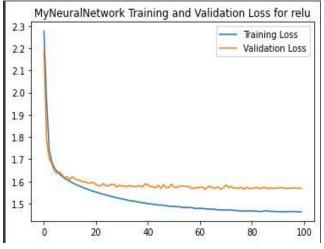
For part 5 –

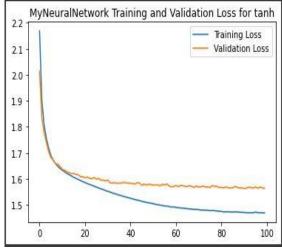
Training loss vs epoch curve and validation loss. Note that we have trained the Neural Network with linear activation with 0.001 learning rate (As it was giving nan values on 0.1 and 0.01 learning rate) and rest are trained with 0.1 learning rate and batch size = 1.

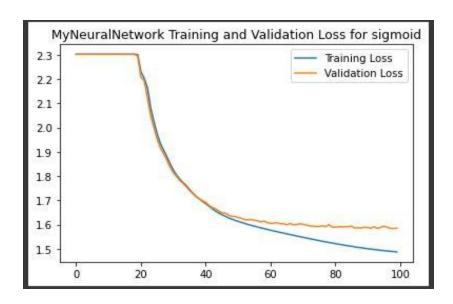


We can see tanh and relu are performing very poorly on test set, around 26% and 10% accuracy. And moreover if we look at their training vs validation loss curve, we can see that they are sort of straight line. Linear and sigmoid are performing good. One reason that I think, could be possible is due to large learning rate. Because of large learning rate relu and tanh are performing poorly.

So I decided to train the relu, tanh and sigmoid with **0.001 learning** and rate. And found the following train vs validation curves –







And following accuracy results -

```
MyNeuralNetwork Accuracy after 50 epoch for relu : 0.952
MyNeuralNetwork Accuracy after 100 epoch for relu : 0.978

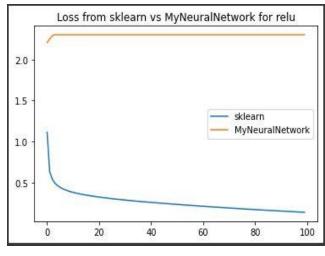
MyNeuralNetwork Accuracy after 50 epoch for sigmoid : 0.8945
MyNeuralNetwork Accuracy after 100 epoch for sigmoid : 0.969833333333333
```

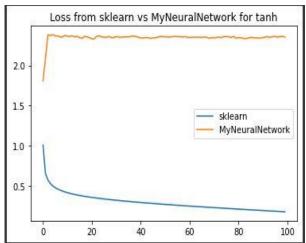
```
MyNeuralNetwork Accuracy after 50 epoch for tanh : 0.9575
MyNeuralNetwork Accuracy after 100 epoch for tanh : 0.9733333333333334
```

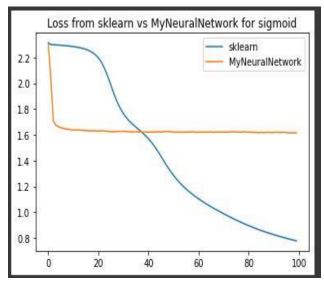
And we can see that accuracy has improved drastically for all models.

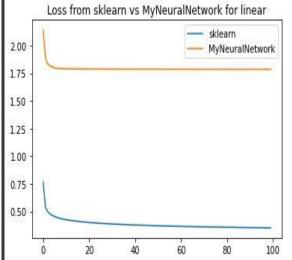
For Part 6 –

Note that these results are for batch size = 1 and 0.1 learning rate for sigmoid, relu and tanh and 0.001 for linear activation for MyNeuralNetwork. Sklearn has 0.001 learning rate and batchsize = 32 for all models.









On testing on test set we get –

Overall wise, **relu** is performing best (accuracy 94%) with **sklearrn** implementation (leaning rate = 0.001).

With my implementation with 0.1 learning rate **sigmoid** is performing best with 87.9% accuracy. However, when my model is trained with 0.001 my model is giving 97.8% accuracy with **relu.**

Because my model (learning rate = 0.001) is trained with batch size =1 it is giving better accuracy as compared to sklearn (learning rate = 0.001) with batch size = 32.

ML- Assignment - 2]

Norme - J Sagar Suman

(E) KI divergence is KI (PIIQ) = E P(Z) Log P(Z)

Assumption - 3 of we assume

P(y: In) is as m-dimensional vector for

each input, such that it is are-had enough.

Then, cross entropy loss for multicles problem is

source as KI divergence. I froof J.

H(P,Q) = H(P) + Dxi (PIIQ)

as, P(y: Ini) -> is one-had enoughed -> [0:0--1.0]

H(P(Q) = N(P) + Dxi (PIIQ)

as, P(y: Ini) -> is one-had enoughed -> [0:0--1.0]

H(P(Q) = N(P) + Dxi (PIIQ)

as, P(Y: Ini) -> is one-had enoughed -> [0:0--1.0]

H(P(Q) = N(P) + Dxi (PIIQ)

Text

and have,

So: [H(P(Q))]