## CSE 5360 AI-1 ASSIGNMENT – 7

### **ReadMe**

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Note: The following files should be kept in the same directory:

- check\_true\_false.py
- 2. logical\_expression.py
- 3. logical\_expression.cpy
- 4. wumpus\_rules.txt
- 5. additional\_kb.txt (could be any kb following correct syntax)
- 6. statement.txt (could be any statement to be checked for truth value, following correct syntax)

#### **Commandline to Run the program:**

check\_true\_false wumpus\_rules.txt [additional\_knowledge\_file] [statement\_file]

E.g.: python check true false.py wumpus rules.txt kb3.txt statement1.txt

#### **INFERENCE ENGINE:**

Note: My implementation of IE involves XOR.

Note: Programming language used: Python 2.4

Code containing Functions for all the 6 connectives used alongside the propositional logic for writing the KB and statement which is checked for truth value(entailment):

- 1. and
- 2. or
- 3. if
- 4. iff
- 5. xor
- 6. not

```
Code starts from here:
import copy
#actualModel = {}
def getSymbols(expression): # get the symbols from the wumpus rules, additional kb and statement
files
  symbols=[] #create a list
#if it is a base case(symbol)
  if expression.symbol[0]:
    symbols.append(expression.symbol[0]) #append the subsequent symbols of the logical expression
  else: #otherwise it is a subexpression
    for subexpression in expression.subexpressions:
      for symbol in getSymbols(subexpression):
        if symbol not in symbols: # if symbol in subexpression not appended
           symbols.append(symbol) # append that symbol
  return symbols
def getModel(statement): # get model for the statement's truth values
  model = \{\};
  for expression in statement.subexpressions:
    if expression.symbol[0]: # for true symbols
      model[expression.symbol[0]] = True
    elif expression.connective[0].lower() == 'not': # for false symbols
```

return model

if expression.subexpressions[0].symbol[0]:

model[expression.subexpressions[0].symbol[0]] = False

```
def extendModel(model,symbol,value): #extend the model for all the symbols
  newModel = copy.deepcopy(model)
  newModel[symbol] = value
  return newModel
def plTrue(statement,model):
  #print_expression(statement,"")
  if statement.symbol[0]:
    return model[statement.symbol[0]]
# and connective
  elif statement.connective[0].lower() == 'and':
    result = True
    for exp in statement.subexpressions:
      result = result and plTrue(exp,model)
    return result
# or connective
  elif statement.connective[0].lower() == 'or':
    result = False
    for exp in statement.subexpressions:
      result = result or plTrue(exp,model)
    return result
# xor connective
  elif statement.connective[0].lower() == 'xor':
    result = False
    for exp in statement.subexpressions:
      isExpTrue = plTrue(exp,model)
      result = (result and not isExpTrue) or (not result and isExpTrue)
    return result
```

```
# if connective
  elif statement.connective[0].lower() == 'if':
    left = statement.subexpressions[0]
    right = statement.subexpressions[1]
    isLeftTrue = plTrue(left,model)
    isRightTrue = plTrue(right,model)
    if( isLeftTrue and not isRightTrue):
      return False
    else:
      return True
# iff connective
  elif statement.connective[0].lower() == 'iff':
    left = statement.subexpressions[0]
    right = statement.subexpressions[1]
    isLeftTrue = plTrue(left,model)
    isRightTrue = plTrue(right,model)
    if(isLeftTrue == isRightTrue):
      return True
    else:
      return False
# not connective
  elif statement.connective[0].lower() == 'not':
    return not plTrue(statement.subexpressions[0],model)
# checking for truth value of the statement wrt kb
def check_true_false(knowledge_base, statement):
  model = getModel(knowledge_base)
  symbols = getSymbols(knowledge_base)
  for symbol in getSymbols(statement):
    symbols.append(symbol)
```

```
# remove symbols that are already present in the model
  for symbol in model:
    if symbol in symbols:
      symbols.remove(symbol)
  # print symbols
  truthOfStatement = TTCheckAll(knowledge_base, statement, symbols, model)
# checking the truth value of the statement and the negation of the statement
  negation = logical_expression()
  negation.connective[0] = 'not'
  negation.subexpressions.append(statement)
  truthOfNegation = TTCheckAll(knowledge_base, statement, symbols, model)
# checking the truth value of the negation of the statement
# writing the results in the results.txt file after checking the truth value for the statement and negation
of statement
  result = open("result.txt","w+")
  if truthOfStatement and not truthOfNegation:
    result.write("definitely true")
  elif not truthOfStatement and truthOfNegation:
    result.write("definitely false")
  elif not truthOfStatement and not truthOfNegation:
    result.write("possibly true, possibly false")
  elif truthOfStatement and truthOfNegation:
    result.write("both true and false")
# ttchecksall checks for the truth value of the kb, the statement and negation of the statement in all the
possible models
```

```
def TTCheckAll(KB,statement, symbols, model):
    if not symbols:
        print "truth of statement is: %s" %plTrue(statement,model)
    if plTrue(KB,model): # check for truth values of the kb
        print"Kb is true"
        return plTrue(statement,model)
    else:
        return True

else:
        p = symbols.pop(0)

return TTCheckAll(KB, statement, symbols, extend(model,p,True)) and TTCheckAll(KB, statement, symbols, extend(model,p,False))
def extend(model,symbol,value):
    model[symbol] = value
    return model
```

# <u>Wumpus World Rules based on the description given of this specific Wumpus world problem</u> statement

```
(iff M_1_3 (and S_1_2 S_1_4 S_2_3))

(iff M_1_4 (and S_1_3 S_2_4))

(iff M_2_3 (and S_2_4 S_2_2 S_3_3 S_1_3))

(iff M_2_4 (and S_2_3 S_3_4 S_1_4))

(iff M_3_1 (and S_3_2 S_4_1 S_2_1))

(iff M_3_2 (and S_3_1 S_3_3 S_2_2 S_4_2))

(iff M_3_3 (and S_3_2 S_3_4 S_2_3 S_4_3))
```

#rule 1: monster <=> stench

(iff 
$$M_4_2$$
 (and  $S_4_1 S_4_3 S_3_2$ ))

#### #rule 2: stench <=> monster

(iff 
$$S_4_3$$
 (xor  $M_4_4 M_4_2 M_3_3$ ))

#### #rule 3: pit <=> breeze

```
(iff P_3_2 (and B_3_1 B_3_3 B_2_2 B_4_2))
(iff P_3_3 (and B_3_2 B_3_4 B_2_3 B_4_3)) (iff P_3_4 (and B_3_3 B_2_4 B_4_4))
(iff P_4_1 (and B_4_2 B_3_1))
(iff P_4_2 (and B_4_1 B_4_3 B_3_2))
(iff P_4_3 (and B_4_2 B_4_4 B_3_3))
(iff P_4_4 (and B_4_3 B_3_4))
```

#### #rule 4: breeze <=> pit

#### #rule 5: only one monster

#### #rule 6: start squares are safe

(not M\_1\_1)

```
(not M_1_2)
```

#### #rule 7: all squares can't be pits

$$(not (and P\_1\_3 P\_1\_4 P\_2\_3 P\_2\_4 P\_3\_1 P\_3\_2 P\_3\_3 P\_3\_4 P\_4\_1 P\_4\_2 P\_4\_3 P\_4\_4))\\$$

#### #rule 8: atleast one square is a pit

$$(xor\ P\_1\_3\ P\_1\_4\ P\_2\_3\ P\_2\_4\ P\_3\_1\ P\_3\_2\ P\_3\_3\ P\_3\_4\ P\_4\_1\ P\_4\_2\ P\_4\_3\ P\_4\_4)$$